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# ARMY

GAZETTE OF THE  
REGULAR

AUG 13 1917

VOLUME LIV. NUMBER 281.  
WHOLE NUMBER 281.



# JOURNAL.

# NAVY

AND VOLUNTEER  
FORCES

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 11, 1917.

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## NAVY

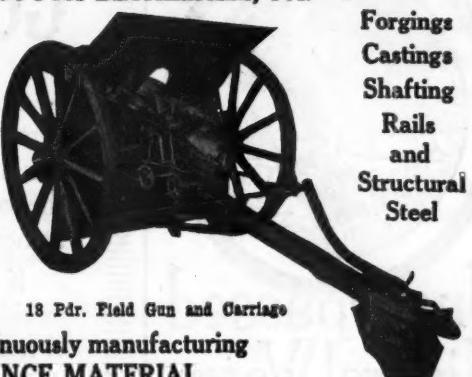
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## THE NAVY.

### MAIL ADDRESSES, VESSELS OF U. S. NAVY.

For the convenience of those wishing to address mail to the vessels of the United States Navy, we publish the following official list giving post office addresses. Mail addressed "U.S.S. —, care of Postmaster," etc., as noted, will be forwarded by the Post Office Department. Address mail for the Scorpion "in care of the Navy Department, Washington, D.C."

Care of Postmaster, New York City.

Alabama, Albany, Alcedo, Allen, Ammen, Amphitrite, Annapolis, Aphrodite, Arethusa, Arizona, Arkansas, Atlantic II, Aylwin.

Bagley, Bailey, Balch, Baltimore, Barbarossa, Bath, Beale, Benham, Biddle, Birmingham, Blakely, Bridge, Burrows, Bushnell.

Cesar, Carola IV, Cassin, Castine, Celtic, Charleston, Chattanooga, Chester, Chicago, Christabel, Cleveland, Columbia, Connecticut, Conyngham, Corona, Covington, Culgoa, Cumberland, Cummings, Cushing, Cyclops.

Dahlgren, Davis, Delaware, De Kalb, De Long, Denver, Des Moines, Dixie, Dolphin, Don Juan de Austria, Dorothea, Downey, Drayton, Dubuque, Duncan, Dupont.

Eagle, Emeline, Ericsson.

Fanning, Farragut, Florida, Foote, Flusser, Frederick, Friedrich der Grosse, Fulton.

Georgia, Glacier, Gorgona, Grosser Kurfurst, Guinevere.

Hancock, Hannibal, Hartford, Harvard, Henderson, Henley, Hopkins, Houston, Hull, Huntington.

Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Isla de Luzon.

Jarvis, Jason, Jenkins, Jacob Jones, Jouett, Jupiter.

Kanawha, Kanawha II, Kansas, Kearns, Kentucky, Kit-tery, Kronprinzessin Cecilia.

Lamson, Lawrence, Lebanon, Leonidas, Louisiana.

Macdonough, Machias, Maine, Marietta, Massachusetts, Mamee, Mayflower, McCall, McDougal, McEvile, Michigan, Minneapolis, Minnesota, Missouri, Monaghan, Montana, Montgomery, Morris.

Nashville, Nebraska, Neptune, Nereus, Nero, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Newport News, New York, Nicholson, Noma, North Carolina, North Dakota.

O'Brien, Ohio, Oklahoma, Olympia, Ontario, Orion, Osceola, Ozark.

Paducah, Panther, Parker, Patapsco, Patterson, Patuxent, Paulding, Paul Jones, Pennsylvania, Peoria, Perkins, Perry, Petrel, Pittsburgh, Pocahontas, Porter, Potomac, Prairie, Preble, President Grant, President Lincoln, Preston, Princess Irene, Prometheus, Proteus, Pueblo.

Raleigh, Reid, Remlik, Rhode Island, Roe, Rowan.

Sacramento, Salem, Sampson, San Diego, San Francisco, Seattle, Shaw, Shubrick, Smith, Solace, Sonoma, South Caro-



## TO YOU AMERICANS GOING INTO ACTION

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If it's express service—you can send parcels back through our Foreign Department or have them sent to you.

If it's personal service—the American Express Company is ready to execute personal commissions or make purchases and shipments for individuals.

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Uncas, Utah.  
Vaterland, Vedette, Vermont, Vestal, Vesuvius, Virginia, Vixen, Von Steuben, Vulcan.  
Wadsworth, Wainwright, Wakiva II, Walke, Wanderer, Wando, Warrington, Wheeling, Whipple, Wilkes, Winslow, Wisconsin, Worden, Wyoming.  
C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, C-5, D-1, D-2, D-3, E-1, G-1, G-2, G-3, G-4 K-1, K-2, K-3, K-4, L-1, L-2, L-3, L-4, L-19, L-10, L-11.  
*Pacific Station, via San Francisco, Cal.*  
Alert.  
Brutus, Buffalo.  
Cheyenne, Cuyama.  
Fortune.  
Intrepid, Iroquois.  
Marblehead, Mars.  
Nanshan, New Orleans.  
Oregon.  
Patrol, Philadelphia.  
Saturn, Sofi, Supply.  
Vicksburg.  
Yorktown.  
F-1, F-2, F-3, H-1, H-2, K-3, K-4, K-7, K-8.  
*Asiatic Station, via San Francisco, Cal.*  
Abaréndra, Ajax.  
Bainbridge, Barry, Brooklyn.  
Chaucey, Cincinnati.  
Dale, Decatur.  
Elicano.  
Galveston.  
Helena.  
Mohican, Monadnock, Monocacy, Monterey.  
Palos, Pampanga, Piscataqua.  
Quirós.  
Samar.  
Villalobos.  
Wilmington, Wompatuck.  
A-2, A-3, A-4, A-5, A-6, A-7, B-1, B-2, B-3.

American troops now landing in France have received a more careful and prolonged training than could possibly be given the most of the regiments hurriedly raised during the Civil War. The story goes that a raw battalion of rough backwoodsmen, who had "volunteered," once joined General Grant. He admired their fine physique, but distrusted the capacity of their uncouth commander to handle troops promptly and efficiently in the field, so he said, "Colonel, I want to see your men at work; call them to attention, and order them to march with shouldered arms in close column to the left flank."

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Without a moment's hesitation the colonel yelled to his fellow-ruffians: "Boys, look wild thar! Make ready to thicken and go left endways! Tote yer guns! Git!" The maneuver proved a brilliant success, and the self-elected colonel was forthwith officially commissioned.—*Manchester Guardian*.

## COURSE FOR CITIZEN SOLDIERS.

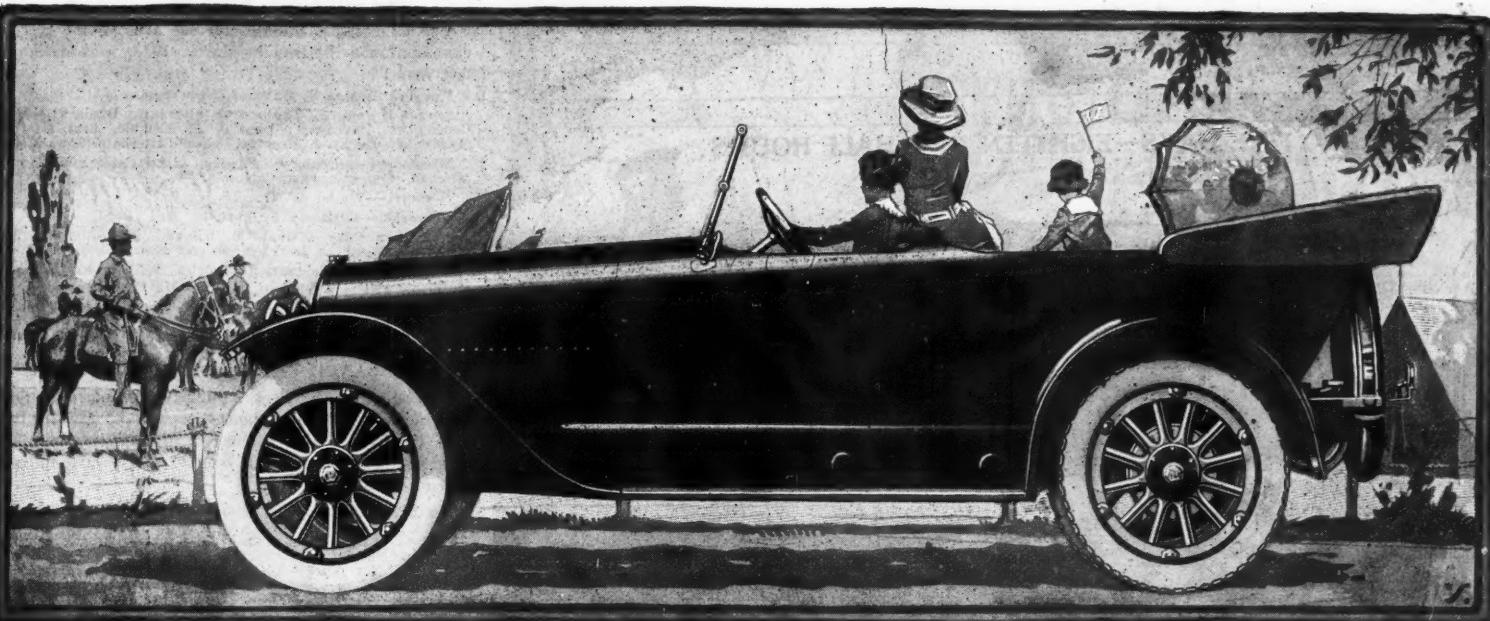
The War Department will issue a series of thirty articles for newspaper publication, beginning Monday, Aug. 13, as a course of preliminary instruction for the men who have been selected for service in the National Army. The general title will be "Home Reading Course for Citizen Soldiers," and the articles will be in simple, non-technical language, that does not presuppose any military knowledge on the part of the reader. They were formulated by the War Department in response to an apparently general demand for such information, and, while designed primarily to prepare the selected soldiers for the intensive training ahead of them this fall, they are expected to prove almost equally interesting to the other hundreds of thousands who will probably be called to the colors later, and to relatives and friends of men now enrolled, or likely to be enrolled in the Army. Here is a list of the subjects covered:

1. Your Post of Honor. 2. Making Good as a Soldier. 3. Nine Soldierly Qualities. 4. Getting Ready for Camp. 5. First Days in Camp. 6. Cleanliness in Camp. 7. Your Health. 8. Marching and Care of Feet. 9. Your Equipment and Arms. 10. Recreation in Camp.

11. Playing the Game. 12. Team Work in the Army. 13. Grouping Men into Teams. 14. The Team Leaders. 15. Fighting Arms of the Service. 16. Staff Branches of the Service—I. 17. Staff Branches of the Service—II. 18. Army Insignia. 19. The Army System of Training. 20. Close Order Drill.

21. Extended Order Drill. 22. Guard Duty. 23. Getting Ahead in the Army. 24. Army Courtesy. 25. Discipline and Respect for the Colors. 26. Some Army Traditions. 27. The Spirit of the Service. 28. Why We Fight. 29. The War in Europe. 30. The Soldier in Battle.

The reading course is being supplied to all daily newspapers with the request that one lesson be published each week day during the five weeks following the date of the first release. The Government reserves the right to reprint in pamphlet form.



## Margins of Safety Doubled Built for Exceptional Service

John W. Bate, the efficiency engineer, has built for the Mitchell a model plant. A 45-acre plant, designed and equipped to produce a fine car at minimum factory cost.

We build the whole car—chassis and body—under these efficiency methods. And the factory saving is an enormous item.

We spend this saving to create a better car. The latest Mitchells have 31 features which nearly all cars omit. In luxury and beauty they excel the average fine car by at least 25 per cent.

But the chief distinction, to our idea, lies in the Mitchell's exceptional endurance.

### 100% Over-Strength

In the past three years we have doubled our margins of safety. Instead of 50 per cent, our standard is now 100 per cent over-strength.

It means some added weight, but not much. We use toughened steel in 440 parts. We use Chrome-Vanadium in many important parts. Our safety parts are all built oversize.

We have learned the needs by watching 70,000 cars in use. Also by putting test cars to unusual strains.

To prove that parts meet our extreme requirements, we use radical factory tests. Gears, for instance, are tested for 50,000 pounds per tooth.

One marvelous example of this over-strength lies in our Bate cantilever springs. We have used these springs for two years now—a shock-absorbing type. With two years' use on many thousand cars, not a single spring has broken. That is a record, we believe, which never a spring has met.

### A Lifetime Car

The object of this over-strength is to offer a lifetime car. Two Mitchells have already run over 200,000 miles each. That means 40 years of ordinary service.

Another object is low cost of upkeep. The average repair cost has been reduced some 75 per cent.

This is the car for hard service. No comparable car in this respect is sold at anywhere near our price. Careful inspection will prove this. Dozens of famous engineers have bought the Mitchell for their own use, because of these strength standards. Every Mitchell dealer has a list of them.

We include a power tire pump, reversible headlights, a dashboard engine primer, a tonneau light, a locked compartment and shock-absorbing springs. Also many other features usually omitted.

The latest Mitchells combine all the attractions our experts found in 257 show models.

**SIXES**

**TWO SIZES**

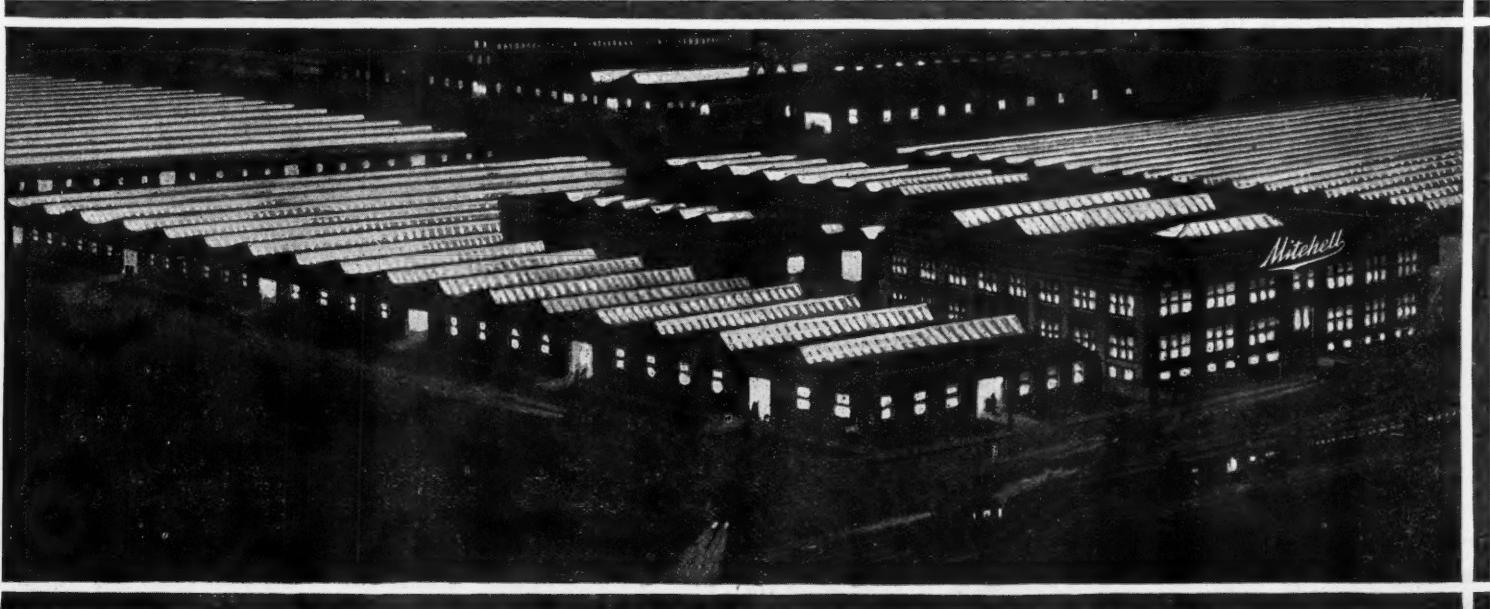
**Mitchell** — a roomy 7-passenger Six, with 127-inch wheelbase and a highly developed 48-horsepower motor . . . **\$1525**

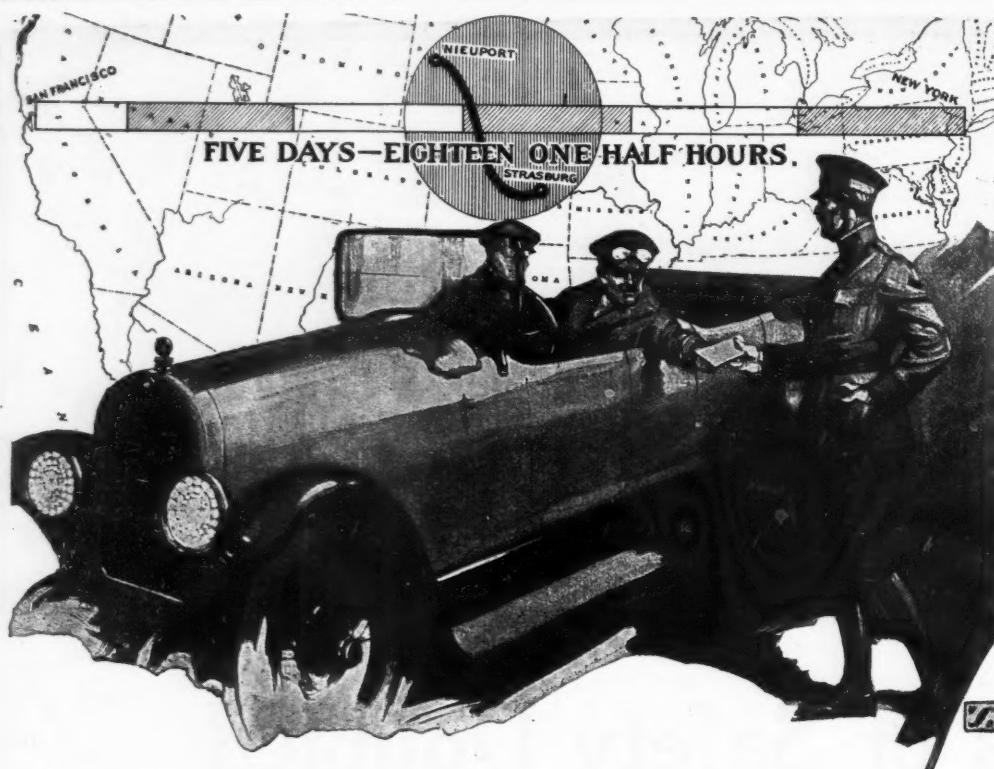
Four-Passenger Roadster, \$1560. Sedan, \$2240. Cabriolet, \$1960. Coupe, \$2060. Also Town Car and Limousine.

**Mitchell Junior** — a 5-passenger Six on similar lines, with 120-inch wheelbase and a 40-horsepower motor. **\$1250**

All Prices f. o. b. Racine.

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## The MILITARY Meaning of the Marmon's Record

**From Coast to Coast  
in 5 Days, 18½ Hours**

In the summer of 1916, when preparedness was under wide discussion, a Marmon 34 left New York shortly after midnight on the morning of July 24th. In his pocket the driver carried a sealed dispatch from Major General Leonard Wood of the Dept. of the East to the Military Commander in California.

Five days, eighteen and one-half hours later this same Marmon car reached Third and Market Streets in San Francisco—a record-breaking run of 3476 miles.

"It has demonstrated the possibility of transcontinental mobilization of troops independently of railroads," wired the American Defense Society when informed of the completion of this trip.

S. B. Stevens, chairman of the motor reserve division of the American Defense Society, planned and conducted the trip. He established a record for speed and endurance that never had been equalled in a coast to coast motor test.

*The average speed of this five*

*days' run would send the Marmon 34 from end to end of the battle line in France in less than 24 hours.*

Just as it rushed up the steep slopes of the continental divide—as it dashed through the muddy country roads of Utah—as it hurried over the sandy, trackless deserts of Nevada—so is the Marmon ready for even more difficult feats in the performance of military service overseas.

High powered, speedy, easy to handle, simple to care for, long, low and large—the Marmon 34, with its low center of gravity and full clearance, has the maximum of ability in the face of any traveling conditions and in the performance of any duty.

**NORDYKE & MARMON COMPANY**

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### CANDIDATES FOR WEST POINT.

The following candidates for the West Point entrance examination to be held in March, 1918, were designated last week:

Florida.—Nester R. Guiteras, Key West.

Iowa.—Harold G. Laub, first alternate, Denison; Leo E. Concannon, Davenport; Charles A. Kemble, first alternate, Muscatine; Henry J. Prentiss, second alternate, Iowa City.

Mississippi.—Archie F. Fairley, Hattiesburg; William M. Mitchell, first alternate, Columbia.

Missouri.—Waller W. Graves, jr., Butler.

Nebraska.—Raymond E. Turnure, Red Cloud.

New Hampshire.—Donald B. Kimball, first alternate, Hopkinton; Edward D. Reardon, second alternate, Concord.

North Carolina.—Stuart L. Cowles, Wilkesboro; Harry W. Hargis, Hamlet; Frank L. Grier, Statesville.

Pennsylvania.—Stuart S. Zimmerman, first alternate, 500 South avenue, Pittsburgh.

### AMBULANCE UNITS FOR FOREIGN DUTY.

According to the Post Exchange, the official publication of the U.S.A. Ambulance Corps Camp at Allentown, Pa., twenty units of the corps in training there have been selected for immediate overseas duty. The units are given as follows:

No. 39, Amherst.—Lieut. Henry L. Bibby, Lieut. Robert W. Smith.

No. 85, Yale.—Lieut. James F. Wharton, Sergt. Henry W. Johnstone.

No. 46, New York.—Lieut. Thomas G. Killeen, Sergt. Craig S. Robbins.

No. 23, Princeton.—Lieut. Darwin Lyons, Sergt. Sydney J. Repplier.

No. 10, Harvard.—Lieut. Rufus H. Van Voast, Sergt. John R. Abbott.

No. 12, Harvard.—Lieut. Edward K. Moore, Sergt. George Demeter.

No. 1, Stonemen's Fellowship.—Lieut. John P. Bethel, Sergt. Lloyd Kripps.

No. 4, U. of Pennsylvania.—Lieut. George S. Woodward, Sergt. John J. Scherwing.

No. 9, Packard.—Lieut. Charles K. Berle, Sergt. David T. Fleming.

No. 25, Cornell.—Lieut. George H. Clapp, Sergt. Alexander Chalfant.

No. 17, U. of Virginia.—Lieut. Thomas D. Hurley, Sergt. John H. Bocock.

No. 58, U. of the South.—Lieut. Theodore C. Croft, Sergt. Ansel C. Gurry.

No. 91, U. of Michigan.—Lieut. Ralph W. Ellis, Sergt. Charles A. La Marre.

No. 86, U. of California.—Lieut. John F. Edwards, Sergt. Kenneth L. Blanchard.

No. 51, Fordham U.—Lieut. Percy E. Hopkins, Sergt. McDonald Painton.

No. 52, Fordham U.—Lieut. George R. Dagg, Sergt. Glenn Bellinger.

No. 53, Fordham U.—Lieut. Asa C. McCurdy, Sergt. William James.

No. 92, New York U.—Lieut. Roscoe F. Mauser, Sergt. Lawrence G. McGinley.

No. 93, New York U.—Lieut. Albert E. Small, Sergt. George W. Coombe.

No. 94, New York U.—Lieutenant Fox, Sergt. Wilfred L. Trietyl.

Major Henry M. Hall will be in command, assisted by Capts. Shaler Berry, Joseph E. Donnell and Chester F. S. Whitney.

### PASSENGERS ON THE PACIFIC.

Following is a list of a recent sailing for Pacific stations:

First class for Honolulu—Capt. N. E. Williamson, M.R.C., wife and four children; Asst. Surg. F. H. Rodenbaugh, U.S.N.; Asst. Surg. Dunleigh Corey, U.S.N.R.F.; Mary L. Ahorn and Mary E. Kieffer, Army Nurse Corps; Mrs. Joseph Bell, mother-in-law of Paymr. George F. Dyer, U.S.N.; Tyree Rivers Horn, son of Lieut. Col. Horn, 1st F.A.; Mrs. Leslie C. Clark and two children, family of Asst. Prof. Clark, College of Hawaii; Mrs. W. McLean and six children; Mrs. Olav Johnson, wife of Chief Mach. Johnson, Navy; David T. Fullaway, employee, Honolulu; Mrs. White and two daughters; Milton Birnham, W. W. Copley, J. H. Healey, J. T. Kelly, T. J. Lacy, F. J. Mulcahy and L. Sims, employees, Navy Dept.; Herbert L. Thompson, clerk, Navy Dept.; Mrs. H. B. Nelson and two children, family of Major Nelson, 25th Inf.; Mrs. T. A. Baldwin and three children, family of Captain Baldwin, 2d Inf.

First class for Guam—Lieut. Hugh Shippey, Marine Corps; Miss Amy M. Evans, fiancée of A. E. Sanderson, subinspector, Navy; Mrs. J. A. Anderson, mother of A. E. Anderson, sub-inspector, Navy.

First class for Manila—Brig. Gen. R. K. Evans, U.S.A., and wife; Brig. Gen. C. P. Townsley, U.S.A., wife and two daughters; Lieut. Col. F. H. Sargent, 31st Inf.; 1st Lieut. Herbert R. Corbin, C.A.C. (aide-de-camp) to Brig. Gen. Townsley; Lieut. Robert B. McBride, C.A.C.; Lieut. Eugene C. Mitchell, U.S.N.R.F., wife and daughter; Asst. Surg. Thomas B. Dunn, U.S.N.R.F.; Act. Chaplain Arthur E. Torrance, U.S.N., wife and sister-in-law, Evelyn M. Torrance; Miss Hero, daughter of Major Hero, C.A.C.; Mrs. Morris J. Herbert, wife of Lieut. Herbert, P.S.; Arthur E. Cohen, Army field clerk; Jesse F. Gregg, Army field clerk, wife and five children; William L. Heinen, Army field clerk, wife and four children; Hugh M. Johnson, Army field clerk; Jean E. Sellman, Army field clerk, wife and three children; Seth C. Williams, Army field clerk, wife and three children; John F. Bodenstein, armament machinist; Mrs. Grant L. Graham and three children, family of Field Clerk G. I. Graham, Q.M.C.; William A. Connor, Jr., and Harry T. Edwards, insular employees; R. B. Gibson, insular employee, and wife; H. A. Lee, insular employee, and wife; George L. Logan, insular employee; George H. Seaver, insular employee, wife, three children, and mother-in-law, Mrs. L. Van Cleave; A. E. Harris, clerk, Ord. Dept.

Second class for Honolulu—Mrs. Hattie C. Barnes, wife of Sergt. S. C. Barnes, 25th Inf.; Mrs. Laura Buchanan, fiancée of Musn. 1st Class F. B. Kalina, 9th F.A.; Mrs. Evalinde E. Earl and two children, family of Ord. Sergt. A. Beck, retired; J. R. Murry, painter, Q.M.C.; Mrs. Nicholas Novak and child, family of Asst. Band Leader Novak, 2d Inf.; Mrs. Mary W. Rubin, wife of Sergt. C. Rubin, 4th Cav.; Mrs. Homer H. Spratling and three daughters, family of Sergt. H. H. Spratling, 25th Inf.; Harry F. Cossage, John A. Harding, Walter C. Hardman, Cyril L. Holbrook and Clement L. McCoy, all U.S. Navy; T. Sinsil, Harry K. Alfrey, A. E. Percy and G. Robson, employees, Guam naval radio tower contractor.

Second class for Manila—Sergt. 1st Class Charles D. Lancaster, Q.M.C., wife and child; Alejandra Padua, servant, formerly employed by Lieut. E. C. Wright, retired; Mrs. Lina M. Price, wife of Corp. A. H. Price; Mrs. M. E. Eason and daughter, wife and daughter of M. E. Eason, chief electrician, U.S.N.; Miss Anna Hamblin, governess, family of Lieutenant Mitchell, Navy; Mrs. George Warren and daughter, family of 1st Sergt. Warren, 9th Cav.

The aviation "ground schools," where preliminaries to instruction in actual flying are taught, are now turning out classes each week. After their courses in these "ground schools," the men go to a flying school where the reward of successful work is a commission. The following are the universities that have "ground" schools of military aeronautics where classes have recently been graduated: Cornell University, Ithaca, N.Y.; U. of California, Berkeley, Cal.; U. of Texas, Austin, Texas;

Mass. Institute of Technology, Cambridge, Mass.; U. of Illinois, Urbana, Ill.; Ohio State U., Columbus, Ohio.

## ARMY NOMINATIONS.

Nominations received by the Senate Aug. 1, 1917.

## PROVISIONAL LIEUTENANTS TO BE FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

The Senate on Aug. 1 received the nominations for promotions of about 800 provisional second lieutenants of the Army to be provisional first lieutenants. This list covers all provisional second lieutenants appointed and commissioned up to June 8, whose assignments were published in our issues of July 14 and 21, pages 1503 and 1562. The majority of these officers are now at the Service Schools taking a three months' course.

The nominations below appear in the order in which they are given in the Congressional Record, where they are arranged linearly in each arm in each class according to dates of original commission in the Service. The nominees include a few provisional lieutenants of the class examined August, 1916, and include all down to the last man commissioned June 8, 1917.

Note.—This entire list was confirmed Aug. 6.

## PROVISIONAL APPOINTMENT BY PROMOTION.

## Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants.

Promoted vice first lieutenants detailed, transferred, detached or promoted; dates of rank as indicated; read down each column.

## CAVALRY ARM.

Nov. 30, 1916:  
Ion C. Holm, v. B. Q. Jones T. F. Limbocker, v. A. H. Jones  
Carl C. Krueger, v. Burch C. M. Daly, v. Stevenson  
G. M. Herringshaw, v. Lohman

Dec. 1, 3, 25, 1916:  
R. B. Trimble, v. Hazeltine F. L. Whittaker, v. Watson  
A. S. Harrington, v. Chapin

Jan. 16, 23, 28, 25:  
Philip H. Sherwood, v. Rush A. E. Pickard, v. Coldwell  
R. S. La Motte, v. Robins J. E. Dewhurst, v. Walmsley  
George M. Gillet, v. Geary

Jan. 26, 29, 30, 30, 30:  
D. S. Perry, v. McConkey F. R. Lafferty, v. Millar  
Thomas S. Poole, v. Spencer Carl H. Strong, v. Simpson  
E. G. Rosenberg, v. Pierson

Jan. 31, 31, Feb. 1, 2, 3:  
Robert L. Beall, v. Kennedy David W. Craig, v. Spaulding  
Meade Frierson, v. Heard Edmund M. Barnum, v. Bane  
Arthur T. Lacey, v. Chandler Thomas A. Dobyns, v. Lang

Feb. 6, 10, 10, 14, March 3, 24:  
John T. Minton, v. Kimball E. F. Shaffer, v. Snyder  
W. T. Haldeman, v. Boone Athel B. Ellis, v. Wadsworth  
Edward S. Bassett, v. Moose G. M. Peabody, v. Christy

March 31:  
Harrie K. Dalbey, v. Littlejohn Rinaldo L. Coe, v. Henry  
J. W. McDonald, v. Schofield Harold J. Duffey, v. Patten  
Victor Kerney, v. Collins J. K. Colwell, v. Robertson  
D. H. Blakelock, v. McChord

April 8, 9, 12, 13, 20, May 3:  
A. C. Cotchett, v. Naiden Alan B. Edson, v. Wynne  
Otis Porter, v. Cheney Emory M. Mace, v. McIntosh  
A. C. D. Anderson, v. Anderson Harry H. Dunn, v. Ryan

## FIELD ARTILLERY ARM.

Nov. 30, Jan. 19, 26:  
Oliver L. Haines, v. Dickinson Gerald E. Brower, v. Stewart  
Oscar I. Gates, v. A. M. Jones, declined

Feb. 3, 3, 20, 20, 20, 21:  
William J. Jones, v. Lucas C. B. Thomas, v. Heimick  
Yarrow D. Vesley, v. Hayden Oliver J. Bond, v. L. E. Jones  
W. B. Dunwoody, v. Clarkson Robert H. Ennis, v. Morrow

Feb. 25:  
Benjamin E. Carter, v. Scott Edmund B. Edwards, v. Polk  
Henry B. Parker, v. Hauser Oscar L. Gruhn, v. Houghton  
Francis Fielding-Reid, v. Burr Theodore W. Wrenn, v. Nance  
H. Ristine, v. Anderson

Feb. 26, 27, March 21, April 6:  
Harold W. Rehm, v. Kennedy Clifford H. Tate, v. Ahern  
John B. Pitney, v. Johnson Ottomar O'Donnell, v. Harold

## INFANTRY ARM.

First Lieutenant from May 28, 1917, original vacancy.  
Second Lieutenant, Madison Pearson, 58th Inf.

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 3, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

John M. Boon William R. Dwyer Carleton Moore  
Roger Hilsman Harmon F. Cobs Edward P. Sheppard  
Holmes E. Dager William E. Fenstess Henry J. Matchett  
James E. Allison Ralph Hall John H. Strickland  
Harry E. Fischer Mahlon G. Frost Vincent S. Burton  
Thos. L. Alexander Benj. H. Hensley Griffith Wight  
Charles E. Ravens Haworth C. Gray Curtis P. Miller  
Charles H. Jones, D. J. Neumüller William Ernst  
Roger Williams, Jr. Orlando S. O'Neal John W. Bulger  
H. D. Hildebrand Otto Kramer Roy W. Voegel  
William Hanes, Jr. George D. Ramsey Taylor M. Uhler  
John J. Bethurum Jerome Pickett Roy G. Gordon  
John L. Coote Lebbeus M. Cornish Vernon L. Burge  
Albert C. Anderson Leon F. Stevens Simon Fostik  
William H. Joiner Wm. S. Rumbough Edwin L. Dittmar  
Hugh P. Schiveley George A. Murray Crosby N. Elliott  
John D. Joansdy Joseph E. Young Ernest R. Marvel  
Gilmer M. Bell H. T. J. Weishaar Frank M. Child  
Manley Lawton Chas. S. Lawrence Raymond L. Price  
Roy Sloan Cyrus A. Hay Frederic M. Lee  
Bryce F. Martin Benj. J. Holt, Jr. Hurley E. Fuller  
Harold C. Hoopes N. D. Hathaway Larry McHale  
Henley Schuck Byron W. Fulley Arthur M. O'Connor  
Glenn D. Huford John E. Stullken John P. Horan  
Paul R. Hudson Herman H. Meyer James H. S. Wells.

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 4, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

A. B. O'Connell Thos. L. McMurray Paul E. Jackson.

Charles C. Fitzhugh Hiram G. Fry

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 5, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

Richard W. Cooksey Claude J. Hayden H. G. Hodgkins, Jr.

Homer S. Young Saml. D. Bedinger Samuel R. Ward

Edwin W. Grimmer A. E. W. Harrison Vincent F. Rousseau

William H. Clark Malcolm V. Fortier March H. Houser

Frank E. Haskell Outram W. Sherman Lamont Davis

Lloyd D. Brown Ivan N. Waldron James C. Golden

Roy C. Hilton John H. Atkinson Edwin B. Banister

Raymond E. O'Neill E. C. Allworth Wilfrid R. Higgins

J. S. Hemenway R. W. Whitman Eldon P. King

William A. Shely Julian R. Orton Fred. S. Matthews

Corwin C. Smith R. N. Hamilton Arthur P. Sibold

John E. McKenney Jno. W. Nicholson F. M. Lasseigne

John U. Ayotte Thomas A. Young Walter Hellemers

C. H. Barnwell, Jr. Charles H. Lee Jessie P. Green

Henry A. Schwarz Ray B. Conner Howard W. Turner

Edward G. Herlihy James S. Moore, Jr. William A. Taber

Arnold J. Funk Franklin H. Woody P. B. Peyton, Jr.

George M. Ferris Herbert L. Landolt Henry G. Sebastian

Edwin L. MacLean S. W. Sowerbutts Wesley C. Brigham

Norman Minus Will Van S. Parks Wm. M. Goldston

Ernest N. Stanton Charles B. Kelly Cyrus H. Scarcey

Thos. G. O'Malley Malcolm M. Maner Theodore Kelly

Newell R. Fiske John L. McKee Leon E. Norris

Philip B. Harrigan Glenn L. Allen David M. Hunter

John D. Hill Charles R. Jones J. H. Fleischhauer

Frank W. Gano Willard S. Paul Tasso W. Swartz

John W. Pierce Robert A. R. Roth E. W. McCaskey

Donald K. Mason Robert H. Chance

Lowell W. Rooks Claude W. Shelton

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## Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 14, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

## Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 15, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

E. S. Pegram, Jr. Stanley G. Saulnier Will H. Gordon  
Roger Sturgis M. R. M. Gwilliam Walter Tracey

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 16, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

Wm. F. Stromeyer H. W. Farnam, Jr. Henry E. Kyburg

Dudley B. Howard Arthur C. Kinsley William B. Tuttle

## INFANTRY ARM.

## Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 16, 1917, to fill casual vacancies.

Charles H. Parker, v. O'Brien Alan W. Jones, v. Hobson  
Ashley S. Le Gette, v. Hayes F. L. Johnson, v. McGrath

John L. Riddell, v. Buckner William W. Sanders, v. Ditto

Joseph B. Wiener, v. Barker Charles S. Brodhead, v. Rows

Wallace H. Gillett, v. Bailey Arthur R. Rockwood, v. Jones

Benjamin W. Wood, v. Whitley Wynne B. Cave, v. Parker

Courtney P. Young, v. Hobley Stanley A. Thomson, v. Wilson

Aly F. Stetson, v. Hanlon Emery Williamson, v. Scowden

C. V. Newton, v. Desobry Charles R. Russell, v. Smith

F. L. Philbrook, v. Cutrer Ira N. Downer, v. Davies

John A. Whitson, v. Cross William B. Wilson, v. Leonard

George R. Owens, v. Glover Lloyd W. Mason, v. Dunlop

Gerald A. Shannon, v. Phelps Carroll L. Ellis, v. Reinhardt

Henry Y. Lyon, v. Wainer S. Y. Kennedy, v. Browne

Joseph A. Cistero, v. Kennedy David F. McCall, v. Hardin

T. W. Freeman, v. Harris H. A. Montgomery, v. Byars

Lawrence F. Braine, v. Tinker Thomas H. Shea, v. Sloane

Paxton S. Campbell, v. French Franklin T. Lord, v. Hartlie

Maxwell Miller, v. Koehler William W. Dean, v. Vestal

Roy L. Schuyler, v. Wood John W. Stewart, v. Palmer

L. D. Hutson, v. Burdett A. G. Schroeder, v. Lackland

Gustav L. Karow, v. Fooks Royden K. Fisher, v. Gray

Harold D. Sites, v. Rudolph Marlin C. Martin, v. Peake

Loren P. Stewart, v. Lathrop David L. Hooper, v. Carlock

N. L. Simmonds, v. Partridge W. L. Morrison, v. McCormick

John C. Colwell, v. Catron O. E. G. Trechter, v. Hicks

H. D. Kimball, v. Emmons E. F. Farnham, v. Shekerian

J. W. B. Thompson, v. Krogstad Charles S. Reilly, v. Drolling

W. F. O'Donoghue, v. Denison David W. Barton, v. Clay

T. J. Moroney, v. Underwood James T. Brazelton, v. Evans

William Luth, v. Pullman John L. Autrey, v. Patch

W. C. Williams, v. Mitchell Edwin H. Haskins, v. Hoffman

## CAVALRY ARM.

## Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from May 15, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

Renn Lawrence John L. Rice John N. Steele

Fred H. Clark Nelson M. Imboden Eugene M. Dwyer

Jos. A. Covington Randolph Dickins Wharton G. Ingram

Charles E. DeLew W. A. Hollyer Arthur R. Jernberg

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Bars  
Chocolate Pineapple Fruit  
Bars

Chocolate Fruit Cakes  
Chocolate Roasted Peanut  
Bars  
Chocolate Marshmallow  
Bars  
Milk Chocolate Cakes  
Chocolate Almond Bars  
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Bars

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Chocolate Cream Puffs  
Chocolate Molasses Kisses  
Chocolate Nut Brittle  
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Bars

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George H. Carruth Thomas M. Cockrell Henry D. Jay  
Robert M. Carswell Delmore S. Wood Ray L. Burnell  
Walter C. Merkel Arthur Vollmer Arthur W. Hartman  
Joseph M. Hurt, jr. Otto B. Trigg John W. Berry  
George I. Speer G. W. L. Prettyman Joseph N. Marx  
Charles B. Duncan Thomas M. Turner George Sawtelle  
Ferris M. Angevine Horace L. Hudson Folsome R. Parker  
Ferris M. Angevine to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 3, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

Guy H. Dosher W. F. Hamilton Charles A. Ellis  
Cecil R. Neal Frank Nelson Demas L. Sears  
Myer S. Silver Wm. E. McMinn B. E. Mattox, Jr.  
Wm. H. Symington Edmund M. Crump Frank H. Barnhart  
Philip B. Fryer Herman F. Rathjen John A. Moschner  
Donald C. Hawley Daniel J. Keane George E. Harrigan  
Vernon L. Padgett Milo J. Warner Wesley J. White  
Jay W. Mackelvie LeRoy Davis Alton W. Howard  
Francis T. Bonsteel A. J. Tittinger Nolan Ferguson  
William E. Barott Max D. Holmes

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 4, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

Richard W. Carter Kenneth Rowntree George A. King

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 5, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

James B. Lockwood James J. Cecil Heywood S. Dodd  
Lionel L. Meyer James M. Shelton Kent C. Lambert  
Fred. H. L. Ryder Albert R. Kuschke Geo. E. Huthsteiner  
W. W. Crawford George A. Moore Richard B. Lloyd  
Theodore B. Apgar George W. Gay Maurice Morgan  
Jefferson B. Osborn Forsyth Bacon Gilbert E. Bixby  
M. H. Christian Ralph L. Joyner Eugene Burnet  
M. R. Monsarratt Roscoe S. Parker Chas. F. Houghton  
Fabius B. Shipp

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 14, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

James E. Slack M. S. Williamson Edmund J. Engel  
Culver S. Mitcham Evans W. Opie John E. Grant  
William O. Johnson Frank P. Stretton Jack M. Reardon  
Harold B. Gibson Paul Hurlburt George D. Coleman  
John D. Hood Aaron Y. Hardy Lewis Mesherry  
William E. Kepner Earl B. Wilson

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 14, 1917, to fill casual vacancies.

Lewis A. Weiss, v. Cummings William T. Hamilton, v. Logan  
Francis E. Cheney, v. James Richard C. Boyan, v. Aplington  
R. P. Mortimer, v. Rogers Edward K. Jones, v. Surles  
Lee T. Victor, v. Groninger Harry P. Shaw, v. Kieffer  
Henry C. Caron, v. Newman Frederick F. Duggan, v. Blunt  
W. W. Powell, v. Williams Merl J. Flatt, v. Wall  
T. P. Cheatham, v. Cullum Harry H. Baird, v. Brady  
Robert E. Merkel, v. Erwin Francis H. Waters, v. Grimes  
G. F. Bloomquist, v. McNeill William T. Bauske, v. Smith  
Carroll A. Powell, v. Kobbe C. B. Cox, v. Wheeler-Nicholson  
F. C. DeLangton, v. Gardiner Walter L. Bishop, v. Johnson  
Oscar B. Abbott, v. Hunt Donald R. McComas, v. Jones  
C. R. McLennan, v. Patton L. B. Chambers, v. O'Connor  
Frederick Gearing, v. Stearns John W. Burke, v. Lutz  
Geoffrey Galway, v. Hill C. W. Jacobson, v. Murphy  
L. G. Gibney, v. Munnikhuysen Edgar R. Garlick, v. Eastham  
William D. Adkins, v. McGee Henry P. Ames, v. Yancey  
J. B. Hartman, v. Plasmeyer Richard F. Leahy, v. Herwig  
Harry C. Jones, v. Taulbee Howard C. Okie, v. McQuillin  
J. E. Simpson, v. Waterman William L. Gibson, v. Morton  
Aaron T. Bates, v. Haeverkamp James L. Franciscus, v. Flint  
Charles J. Booth, v. Aleshire Eddie J. Lee, v. Grissell

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 16, 1917, to fill casual vacancies.

Elmer P. Gosnell, v. O'Neill Donald A. Stroh, v. Heard  
R. D. Adolph, v. Richards

### FIELD ARTILLERY ARM.

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from May 15, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

Oliver P. Echols William Jackson David M. Pope  
Clement Ripley Joseph A. Sheridan Harry B. Weston  
Edward M. Smith Hugh C. Minton E. H. Willenbacher  
John O. Hosking Chas. W. Gallaher Louis C. Arthur, Jr.  
William Clarke L. V. Houston John F. Hubbard  
Albert R. Ives Stacy Knopf F. M. Davison  
Arthur Brigham, jr. James M. Garrett W. E. Shepherd, Jr.  
To be First Lieutenant, with rank from June 2, 1917, to fill an original vacancy.

Second Lieut. Frank Langham, Field Art.

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 3, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

William F. Maher John V. D. Hume George R. Redd  
Walter F. Wright W. W. Woodbridge Gilbert P. Kearns  
Sidney F. Dunn Gervas S. Taylor Van R. Vestal  
Louis W. Hassock J. G. Pennypacker John H. Carricker  
Breckinridge A. Day Richard H. Schubert Peter P. Michalek  
Paul C. Harper Edward F. J. Marx William G. Gough  
Joseph Kennedy John W. Weeks Jos. A. Mulherrin  
George D. Shen Wilbur C. Carlan Axel W. McNeal  
Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 4, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

Wm. B. Wright, jr. V. H. Bridgeman, jr. Wendell L. Bevan  
Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 5, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

Henry J. Macpeake D. L. Coleman L. A. Daugherty  
Frank W. Lykes George P. Winton Walter G. Witt  
Richard T. Guthrie Robt. N. Getty, Jr. Joseph E. Takken  
Ittai A. Luke George J. Downing R. J. Watrous  
Roger Griswold Christianity Pickett J. J. Waters, Jr.  
Henry Lockwood, jr. Rush H. Rogers Thos. G. Hanson, Jr.  
Alan L. Campbell John C. Adams Bertram N. Rock  
Oscar B. Ralls, Jr. Arthur C. Waters Alex. S. Quintard  
John H. Larkin Ernest T. Barco

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 14, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

Marcus A. S. Ming Dominic J. Sabini David S. Doggett  
Lewis E. Goodrich Herman Feldman Arthur D. Ruppel  
Victor R. Woodruff Chas. M. Stephens Ralph M. Balliette  
Robert W. Yates Oscar T. Yates David H. Trevor  
Dana C. Schmalz A. C. Stanhope William C. Pfeiffer  
Wilbur G. Dockum John H. Fysa Walter C. Lattimore  
Clinton M. Lucas J. T. A. Doolittle Albert A. Fleming  
Harry B. Berry Charles R. Lehner Russell H. Dixon  
Samuel G. Fairchild James V. Palmer Everett M. Graves  
Ray S. Perrin Jas. F. Brittingham William W. Thomas  
Ben M. Sawbridge Gordon Grant Leo M. Daly  
Warren D. Davis Ernest A. McGovern Francis R. Mann

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 14, 1917, to fill casual vacancies.

Stephen H. Cordill, v. Beere Moe Neufeld, v. Griffith  
N. E. McCluer, v. Erlenkotter Carlos W. Bonham, v. Devers  
Tom W. Stewart, v. Watson Sidney J. Cutler, v. Turner  
F. E. Sternberger, v. Minear W. R. Holcomb, v. Seaman  
Harry E. Webber, v. Rogers Harry Hollander, v. Gay

To be First Lieutenant, June 15, 1917, casual vacancy.

Second Lieut. Arthur O. Walsh, Field Art., vice Hayes, pro.

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 16, 1917, to fill casual vacancies.

E. C. Fleming, v. McDowell H. S. Herbine, v. McConkey  
Virgil L. Minear, v. Lee C. T. McAleer, v. Anderson  
Charles E. Boyle, v. Austin Walter A. Noyes, v. Cole  
Karl J. Howe, v. Odell Paul R. Wing, v. Vanderveen  
Edwin A. Henn, v. Dawley Edward J. Roe, v. Arnemann  
Homer H. Dodd, v. Peyton Myron W. Tupper, v. Lang  
L. H. Wadsworth, v. Magruder Harry L. Calvin, v. Spalding  
J. W. L. Sutherland, v. Conolly Charles R. Doran, v. Malony  
Alfred M. Goldman, v. Franke William W. Bolcher, v. Hyatt  
Arthur A. Dearing, v. Larned John R. Williams, v. Arnold  
James W. Stewart, v. Byrne G. R. Middleton, v. Hochwalt  
Francis C. Le Gette, v. Batson W. H. Hayes, v. Armstrong  
B. S. Dowd, v. Sandeford R. F. Blodgett, v. Templeton  
John M. Poince, v. Wyche J. F. Lynch, v. Frankenberger  
Miles M. Elder, v. Hobbs Carl C. Carney, v. Parker  
F. C. Austin, v. Oliphant R. A. Gordon, v. Gruber  
George F. Kite, v. Miller

To be First Lieutenant, with rank from July 9, 1917, to fill a casual vacancy.

Second Lieut. William B. B. Wilson, F.A., vice Spencer.

### COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

To be First Lieutenants, June 3, 1917, original vacancies.

Second Lieut. James L. Keane and John A. Messerschmidt.

To be First Lieutenant, June 4, 1917, original vacancy.

Second Lieut. Benjamin Bowering, C.A.C.

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 5, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

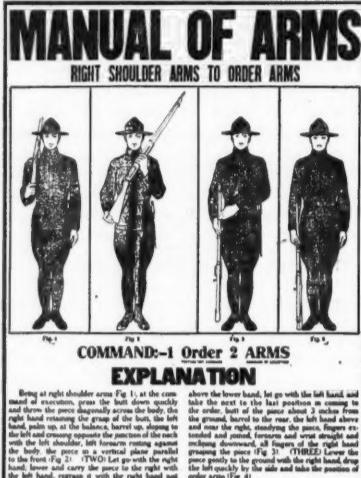
Henry F. Grimm, Jr. Arthur N. Harrigan Stuart W. Griffin  
Henry Linsert Percy C. Hamilton Joseph W. Hazell  
Donald L. Dutton Robert A. Laird John B. Day  
Leland A. Miller Porter P. Lowry

Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 14, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

Nelson Dingley, 3d Ernest L. Bigham Henry B. Frost  
Carl R. Adams Raymond H. Schutte Roy D. Burdick  
Edward C. Lohr Carl R. Crosby Franklin A. Green  
Byron T. Ipock Charles T. Haltiert H. J. Rechtsteiner  
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### EXPLANATION

Being at right shoulder arms (Fig. 1), at the command of execution, press the butt down quickly and sharply, then bring the gun up, holding it firmly, point up, the barrel up, placing it firmly on the ground, heel to the rear, the left hand above and near the right, holding the gun firmly, fingers encircling the barrel, all fingers of the right hand being straight, the left hand being held straight, drop the gun to the ground with the right hand, drop the left hand to the side, bring the piece to the right, drop the left hand quickly to the ground with the left hand, bring the piece to the side and take the position of order arms (Fig. 4).

By Captain Henry P. Fry, Graduate, Virginia Military Institute; edited by Captain George S. Simonds, U.S.A.; examined and approved by General Leonard Wood. Attractively printed, heavy paper, well bound, adapted to individual or class instruction (25 sheets, 24 by 36 inches). Complete discussion Army rifle, directions for its care, sights and targets, entire manual of arms. Used in government training camps, universities, colleges, rifle clubs, home defense leagues, cadet corps, and other military organizations.

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Second Lieutenants to be First Lieutenants, with rank from June 16, 1917, to fill original vacancies.

Willard W. Irvine Albert M. Jackson Fred. L. Topping  
William D. Evans Lyle B. Chapman Thomas R. Phillips  
William C. Byrd Joseph P. Kohn Chas. S. Erswell, Jr.  
Clarence N. Winston R. J. Van Burkirk Lewis Merriam, Jr.

### COMPILATION OF ORDERS.

CHANGES 3, JUNE 27, 1917, WAR DEPT.

Pars. 7, 61, 110, 118, 171, and 247, Compilation of Orders, 1881-1915, are changed as follows:

7. (Page 38.) Chaplains.—Rescinded, the matter being covered by Special Regulations, No. 3, "Appointment of Chaplains in the Regular Army and the National Army of the United States." (C.C. of O., No. 3, June 27, 1917.)

61. (Page 156.) Reports of desertion, escape and apprehension, with the center heading "Deserters and general prisoners,"—Rescinded, the matter being covered by Pars. 119, 125 and 126 1/2, Army Regulations. (C.C. of O., No. 3, June 27, 1917.)

110. (Page 230.) Debts due company found by deserter.—The provision of Sec. 4818, U.S. Revised Statutes, setting apart toward the support of the Soldiers' Home, "all forfeitures on account of desertion," has been construed as applying only to such balance of pay and allowances in the case of a soldier who has deserted, as may remain after the

deduction of authorized stoppages in favor of the United States and such Government agencies as post exchange, company fund, etc. Stoppages authorized in favor of company fund are limited by regulations to amounts due company tailor for work on uniform clothing (Par. 279, A.R.), and as prescribed in Par. 1828, Manual for the Q.M. Corps, 1916. Accordingly, in such cases where the regulations authorize stoppages against the pay of a soldier in favor of company fund or other Government agency, deductions should be made from the pay of a soldier who has deserted in the order provided by Par. 1870, Army Regulations. (C.C. of O., No. 3, June 27, 1917.)

118. (Page 237.) Subparagraph 10 is changed to read as follows:

10. Officers who have been examined for promotion, except for promotion to the grade of first lieutenant, and graduates of any of the service schools, will be exempt from the garrison school course in subjects successfully completed by them. Officers who have successfully completed the special three months' course for provisional officers and who hold certificates of proficiency in Manual of Interior Guard Duty and in Drill Regulations will be exempt from the garrison school course in those subjects. (C.C. of O., No. 3, June 27, 1917.)

171. (Page 395.) Identification records.—Rescinded, the matter being covered by the pamphlet "Instructions for the Preparation of Identification Record Cards."

Note (on page 397).—Rescinded.

(C.C. of O., No. 3, June 27, 1917.)

247. (Page 494.) Canvas bags for use of recruits in carrying their effects en route to stations.—The barrack bag will, as soon as the stock of recruit clothing bags becomes exhausted, be used hereafter in carrying the effects of recruits from recruit depots to their first stations, and will be kept on hand by the Q.M. Corps for issue. Upon arrival of the recruits at their destinations these bags will be collected and returned to the recruit depots from which issued. (C.C. of O., No. 3, June 27, 1917.)

By order of the Secretary of War:

TASKER H. BLISS,  
Major General, Acting Chief of Staff.

#### INFANTRY PROMOTIONS AND ASSIGNMENTS.

The following promotions and assignments of officers of Infantry, recently promoted, were announced in S.O. 173, July 27, 1917, War Dept. All were first lieutenants and were promoted to captains with rank from May 15, 1917. Assignments to regiments follow the colon. The star indicates attachment to a regiment.

O. R. Meredith, D.O.L.: 40th G. M. Parker, Jr., 21st: 21st J. C. Williams, D.O.L.: 48th James I. Muir, D.O.L.: 31st Robert E. O'Brien, 5th: 5th Daniel H. Torrey, D.O.L.: — Edward S. Hayes, 15th: 15th J. R. Emory, Jr., D.O.L.: 29th S. B. Buckner, Jr., 27th: 27th D. S. Wilson, 13th: 13th C. H. Bonesteel, D.O.L.: — Parker C. Kalloch, Jr., — R. H. Fletcher, Jr., D.O.L.: — M. D. Weltz, D.O.L.: 36th F. A. Barker, 60th: 60th Joseph E. Carberry, S.C.: — Agard H. Bailey, 26th: 26th F. F. Scowden, 35th: 38th George C. Bowen, D.O.L.: 51st E. W. Smith, 18th: 18th John H. Hester, D.O.L.: 52d H. E. Marshburn, D.O.L.: 47th F. L. Whitley, 9th: 9th T. S. Bridges, D.O.L.: 54th Alfred H. Hobley, 2d: 2d Walter H. Frank, D.O.L.: 34th Arthur J. Hanlon, 64th: 64th F. B. Carrithers, D.O.L.: 40th Olin O. Ellis, D.O.L.: 17th Frederick E. Uhl, D.O.L.: — Elmer C. Desbroy, 27th: 27th H. H. Fletcher, D.O.L.: 5th Emilie V. Cutrer, 8th: 8th Jasper A. Davies, 55th: 55th Harry B. Crea, 15th: 15th John F. Landis, D.O.L.: — R. C. Cotton, Inf., S.C.: — J. S. Leonard, 15th: 15th G. B. Glover, Jr., 32d: 32d Walter Moore, D.O.L.: 19th Henry J. Weeks, D.O.L.: 31st O. W. Griswold, D.O.L.: 15th\* Roy A. Hill, D.O.L.: 46th Robert H. Dunlop, 15th: 5th Arthur E. Bouton, 9th: 9th John R. Walker, D.O.L.: 62d Enoch B. Garey, D.O.L.: 52d John E. Beller, D.O.L.: 45th L. H. Drennan, D.O.L.: 10th Emil F. Reinhardt, 8th: 8th C. K. Nulsen, D.O.L.: 15th H. C. Browne, 16th: 16th J. H. Muncester, 58th: 58th J. G. Thornell, D.O.L.: 41st T. K. Spencer, 7th: 7th William A. Beach, D.O.L.: — Charles D. Hartman, 3d: 3d J. A. Stevens, D.O.L.: 47th Edgar S. Miller, 29th: 29th E. W. Savage, D.O.L.: 26th T. C. Lonergan, 13th: 13th Albert L. Sneed, 7th: 7th David O. Byars, 64th: 64th Lester D. Baker, D.O.L.: 2d Frank A. Sloan, 10th: 10th George A. Melde, 26th: 26th Russell P. Hartle, 43d: 43d W. R. Weaver, D.O.L.: 7th O. H. Saunders, D.O.L.: 45th Alva Lee, D.O.L.: 34th Spencer B. Akin, D.O.L.: 49th Roy W. Winton, 14th: 14th R. G. Sherrard, D.O.L.: 46th F. C. Phelps, 12th: 12th Horace G. Ball, D.O.L.: 40th James L. Frink, D.O.L.: 36th M. P. Vestal, 63d: 63d Edmund R. Andrews, S.C.: — F. R. Palmer, 43d: 43d Henry J. Damm, Inf., S.C.: — A. Wilson, D.O.L.: 36th Max R. Wainer, 23th: — Frank D. Lackland, 22d: 22d Charles E. Coates, S.C.: — Mason W. Gray, 47th: 47th C. M. Schallenberger, D.O.L.: — Albert S. Peake, 6th: 6th W. B. Loughborough, D.O.L.: 19th Floyd D. Carlock, 17th: 17th A. Boettcher, D.O.L.: 56th Fred L. Walker, D.O.L.: 17th Oral E. Clark, D.O.L.: 61st A. C. Gillen, Jr., D.O.L.: 62d Robert Coker, 60th: 60th Rapp Brush, D.O.L.: — Bert M. Atkinson, S.C.: — John H. Stutesman, S.C.: — E. G. McCormick, 18th: 34th W. G. Langwill, D.O.L.: 41st William A. Reed, D.O.L.: 19th J. A. Sarratt, D.O.L.: 51st F. M. Kennedy, Avia. Sec., S.C.: —

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E. F. Harding, D.O.L.: 10th J. C. Morrow, Jr., Avia. Sec., S.C.: —

J. R. Underwood, 64th: 64th Robert Sears, D.O.L.: 32d

A. R. Bluemel, D.O.L.: 22d

W. H. Moss, D.O.L.: 19th

John Pullman, 62d: 62d

M. C. Mitchell, 24th: 24th

W. H. Simpson, D.O.L.: 34th

C. G. Stokely, D.O.L.: 62d

Louis P. Ford, D.O.L.: —

Ford Richardson, 19th: 19th

I. M. Wheeler, D.O.L.: 64th

Eugene W. Fries, D.O.L.: 63d

John T. Rhett, 53d: 53d

Livingston Watrous, 42d: 42d

Walker E. Hobson, 9th: 9th

Vernon G. Olsmison, D.O.L.: —

Ralph E. Jones, D.O.L.: 55th

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Rollo C. Ditto, 42d: 42d

C. M. McMurray, D.O.L.: 69d

Guy I. Rowe, 21st: 21st

Charles M. Everitt, D.O.L.: —

Robert E. Jones, 13th: 13th

A. W. Clery, D.O.L.: 81st

H. McAlpine, D.O.L.: 83d

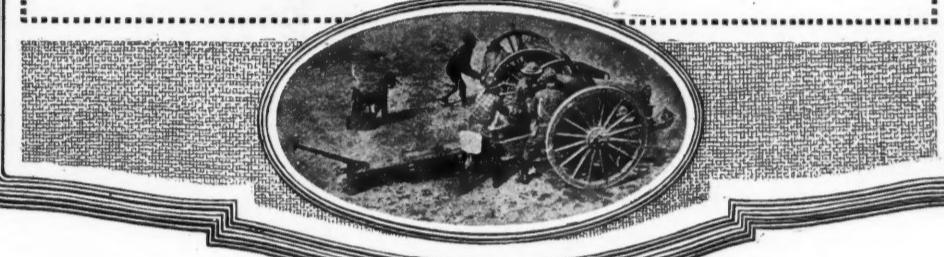
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W. R. Schmidt, D.O.L.: 12th Willis J. Tack, 28th: 28th G. L. Hardin, D.O.L.: 51st Floyd R. Waltz, D.O.L.: 59th Otis K. Sadtler, D.O.L.: — Weldon W. Doe, 26th: 7th W. H. Jones, Jr., D.O.L.: 12th Carl Spatz, S.C.: — John E. Ardrey, 32d: 6th Harold R. Bull, D.O.L.: 30th David B. Falk, Jr., 22d: 7th Charles M. Milliken, S.C.: — H. P. Perrine, Jr., 14th: 14th James F. Byrom, 21st: 44th D. E. McCunniff, 53d: 53d W. G. Jones, 36th: 36th Henry B. Lewis, D.O.L.: 41st Paul C. Paschal, 30th: 30th H. B. Cheadle, D.O.L.: 7th J. L. Parkinson, 20th: 20th S. A. Gibson, D.O.L.: 12th R. G. Whitten, 38th: 38th P. W. Newgarden, 21st: 21st Louis T. Byrne, 33d: \*33d H. B. Bullock, D.O.L.: 9th Francis R. Kerr, D.O.L.: — Charles A. King, Jr., D.O.L.: — F. M. Brannan, D.O.L.: 64th Dana Palmer, S.C.: — W. R. Orion, 16th: 16th A. M. Patch, Jr., 18th: 18th Francis H. Forbes, 33d: 9th C. B. Lyman, D.O.L.: 12th R. S. Bratton, 20th: 20th R. L. Spragins, D.O.L.: — Thomas G. Lanphier, 33d: 7th G. W. Krapf, Av. Sec., S.C.: — J. R. Davenport, 33d: \*5th Charles H. Corlett, S.C.: — Benjamin G. Weir, S.C.: — H. R. W. Herwig, D.O.L.: 6th Ralph Royce, S.C.: — H. C. Davidson, S.C.: — Harry M. Brown, S.C.: — W. L. Roberts, D.O.L.: 11th T. H. Monroe, 54th: 54th W. A. McCulloch, D.O.L.: 11th R. B. Harrison, D.O.L.: 7th W. A. Rafferty, 19th: 57th C. W. Lewis, 33d: 45th Lathe B. Row, D.O.L.: 51st G. J. Mathews, 37th: 57th F. B. Jordan, 31st: \*31st H. P. Milligan, 25th: 25th Alfred E. Sawkins, 22d: 9th F. W. Milburn, 5th: \*5th Roy M. Smith, 4th: 4th J. W. Weissheimer, 56th: 56th C. H. Bandholz, D.O.L.: — Isaac Gill, Jr., 47th: 47th Fritz P. Lindh, 23d: 23d Walter C. Gullion, D.O.L.: 42d Harry C. Ingles, S.C.: — H. Huston, D.O.L.: 44th James L. Bradley, 57th: 57th

Each of the officers named, unless subject to other orders, will join the regiment to which assigned or attached.

#### FIELD ARTILLERY PROMOTIONS AND ASSIGNMENTS.

The following promotions and assignments of officers of the Field Artillery, all to take rank from May 15, 1917, are announced in S.O. 174, July 28, War Dept. Assignments to regiments follow the colon. The star indicates attachment to a regiment.

Majors to be Lieutenant Colonels.

R. H. McMaster, D.O.L.: \*4th C. R. Lloyd, D.O.L.: 11th John E. Stephens, 14th O. L. Spaulding, Jr., 2d: 2d Thomas E. Merrill, 15th C. H. Lanza, D.O.L.: 13th Fox Conner, I.G.: — Henry B. Farrar, 3d: 3d Henry W. Butler, 9th Ralph S. Granger, G.M.C.: — L. H. Newbold, D.O.L.: 17th Dan T. Moore, G.S.: — E. D. Scott, D.O.L.: 12th G. V. H. Moseley, 5th: 5th Louis R. Holbrook, 7th: 7th Frank E. Hopkins, 16th: 16th Harrison Hall, 4th: 4th Fred T. Austin, 18th: 21st Wright Smith, 13th: 20th Charles C. Pulis, 6th: 6th Alfred A. Starbird, I.G.D.: — Charles M. Bundel, 10th: 10th

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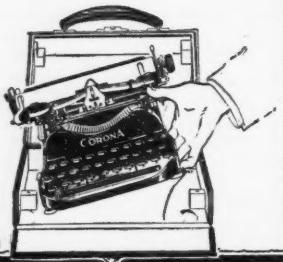
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Robert C. Foy, 9th: 1st W. McK. Lambdin, 8th: 8th

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W. I. Westervelt, 17th: — W. S. Browning, 17th: 17th  
Upton Birnie, Jr., 6th: 6th Joseph F. Barnes, 16th: 16th.  
C. Deems, Jr., D.O.L.: — William P. Ennis, D.O.L.: —  
Fred C. Doyle, Q.M.C.: — Dennis H. Currie, 1st: 1st  
J. P. Robinson, 7th: 7th Beverly F. Browne, 5th: 5th  
A. McIntyre, 1st: 1st Raymond S. Pratt, 9th: 9th  
George R. Greene, D.O.L.: — Alden F. Brewster, 4th: 4th  
R. W. Briggs, Q.M.C.: — E. H. DeArmond, G.S.: —  
Charles M. Bunker, 3d: 3d Norton E. Wood, 18th: 18th  
Francis W. Griffin, 11th: 11th Albert S. Fugger, 15th: 13th  
R. S. Welsh, D.O.L.: 3d William N. Michel, 21st: 21st  
Tilmart Campbell, Q.M.C.: — Ernest S. Wheeler, 15th: 19th  
Daniel F. Craig, G.S.: — T. W. Hollyday, 12th: 12th  
A. B. Warfield, Q.M.C.: — John B. W. Corey, 9th: 14th  
Howard L. Lander, 7th: 7th M. Churchill, D.O.L.: —  
William H. Burt, D.O.L.: 21st William F. Jones, 3d: 17th  
Clarence N. Jones, 12th: 14th C. G. Mortimer, 3d: 18th  
F. B. Hennessy, 12th: \*12th Nelson E. Margetts, G.S.: —  
Laurin L. Lawson, 4th: 4th Robert Davis, 5th: 5th  
Morris E. Locke, 8th: 8th Joseph E. Myers, 11th: 10th  
J. W. Kilbrath, Jr., 9th: 9th William S. Wood, 6th: 6th  
James H. Bryson, 16th: 16th S. Frankenberger, 19th: 19th  
Roger O. Mason, 15th: 15th

Each officer, unless subject to other orders, will join regiment to which assigned or attached.

Additional Army orders appear on the usual Army pages in this issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, and on pages 1683-1686.

### FINANCIAL FACILITIES ABROAD.

American Express Company, New York, Aug. 6, 1917.

To THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

An article recently appeared in a Washington paper containing complaints that officers and soldiers abroad were at a loss to know where their salary vouchers and personal checks could be cashed. This was brought to our attention, because of the aid we had been to the Red Cross and Ambulance units in regard to their financial transactions abroad.

Knowing that your periodical is published in the interests of the military activities of the country, we are enclosing a general letter which we sent out to a list of the nearest of kin of the soldiers. The information may be of interest. We are not attempting to commercialize the present crisis.

DOUGLAS MALCOLM, Manager.

The circular letter outlines services which the American Express Company can render to those at the front or to their relatives. Its organization here and in Europe can send money abroad by money order, draft, or by cable; or to training camps in this country. The Y.M.C.A. secretaries at camps and bases of American troops in Europe are provided with its money orders, and through them soldiers may send money back home or

start savings accounts at the Paris offices. The company's foreign offices will cash salary checks drawn upon the Government.

Checking accounts may be opened in the company's banking departments at Paris or London, where salary checks will be received as deposits, or remittances from home. Savings accounts may be started, three per cent. interest. Parcels can be sent containing comforts or necessities to men at the front; or they may forward back shipments. Storage facilities for baggage and other goods are maintained at the Paris and London offices. The company maintains a travel department, from which railway or steamship accommodations or travel information can be secured. At the Paris and London offices there are writing rooms, American newspapers, and other conveniences.

### FOR A PHARMACEUTICAL CORPS.

The insistent pleas of the pharmacists for proper recognition by Congress and the War Department have resulted in the introduction of the following bill in the House:

H.R. 5531, Mr. Edmonds.—To increase the efficiency of the Medical Department of the Army, to provide a Pharmaceutical Corps in that department, and to improve the status and efficiency of the pharmacists in the Army.

Be it enacted, etc., That hereafter there shall be attached to the Medical Department of the Army a Pharmaceutical Corps, composed of citizens of the U.S., to perform the duties defined in this act and such related duties as may be prescribed, from time to time, by the Surgeon General.

Sec. 2. The Army Pharmaceutical Corps shall consist of one pharmacist director, rank of major, who shall be chief of Pharmaceutical Corps, five deputy pharmacist directors, rank of captain, and such number of pharmacists, rank of lieutenant, and of pharmacist apprentices, as may be needed for the service.

Sec. 3. Defines the duties of the Army Pharmaceutical Corps as to procurement, selection, care and dispensing of pharmaceutical, hospital, surgical and medical supplies; \* \* \* to co-operate with other branches of the department in rendering first aid and wound dressing and in making of diagnostic and chemical tests; to establish and maintain a systematic course of study and training, including advances made in medicine, pharmacy and sciences allied thereto, to be pursued by members of Army Pharmaceutical Corps seeking promotion in corps.

Sec. 4. The pharmacist director shall be a graduate of a reputable school of pharmacy, have had not less than five years of pharmaceutical experience, and have established a creditable record in pharmacy. He shall have supervision over the Army Pharmaceutical Corps; \* \* \* co-operate in the professional examinations of applicants for enlistment in the pharmaceutical service, or for promotion within the corps; recommend transfer of members of Pharmaceutical Corps and promotion for service or special recognition for distinguished service. He shall outline a course of instruction for pharmacists if an Army pharmacist training school is established.

In the absence of the pharmacist director a deputy pharmacist director shall be named as acting pharmacist director. Deputy pharmacist directors shall be pharmacists of unquestioned professional repute who are graduates of reputable schools of pharmacy and have had not less than five years pharmaceutical experience.

Any American citizen, graduate of a reputable school of pharmacy, of good moral character and between 21 and 45 years of age, both inclusive, who can pass usual physical examination required for appointment in Medical Corps and professional examinations, which shall include tests of skill in practical pharmacy and of proficiency in usual subjects of a standard school of pharmacy course, may be appointed as a pharmacist in the Pharmaceutical Corps.

An original appointment as pharmacist under this act shall entitle appointee to rank and commission of second lieutenant. After expiration of the first five years of service, with honorable discharge, the pharmacist may re-enlist at any time within six months from date of expiration of such prior service, and he may then apply for examination for promotion, and if his physical examination and professional examination in subjects of advanced pharmaceutical education are satisfactory, he shall be eligible for promotion to rank and commission as first lieutenant, Pharmaceutical Corps. After fifteen years of service in Pharmaceutical Corps a pharmacist with rank of first lieutenant, P.C., may apply for examination for promotion. If he successfully passes necessary examination in postgraduate pharmaceutical studies, and if in opinion of pharmaceutical director such promotion is merited, he shall be promoted to rank and commission of captain, P.C.

Any citizen of U.S. between 17 and 35 years of age, both inclusive, who can pass necessary physical and preliminary educational examination prescribed by Secretary of War may enlist as a pharmacist apprentice. Pharmacist apprentices shall act as assistants to pharmacists and to Hospital Corps. After serving for one year in this capacity the pharmacist apprentice may, with approval of pharmacist or surgeon under whom he has served, apply for examination for promotion; and if he passes examination in preliminary education and elementary pharmaceutical branches he shall be promoted to grade of pharmacist apprentice, first class, with rank as sergeant. After five years of service, with honorable discharge, pharmacist apprentice may re-enlist and may apply for examination and promotion to grade of pharmacist with commission as second lieutenant: Provided, That after two years of service Secretary of War, upon recommendation of pharmacist director, may grant to a pharmacist apprentice sufficient leave from service to permit apprentice attending a school of pharmacy to fit himself for advanced rank in Pharmaceutical Corps. Such leave shall be without pay, but shall not be deducted in computing length of service.

The Secretary of War is authorized to appoint boards of three examiners to conduct professional examinations herein provided: Provided, That at least one member of each of boards so appointed shall be a pharmacist.

Whereas there are now in the service of War Department a number of pharmacists and druggists ranking as master hospital sergeants, hospital sergeants, sergeants first class, and sergeants, all such shall be eligible to transfer to Pharmaceutical Corps created by this act and to service, rank, pay and promotion in rank as provided herein, and that time already spent as pharmacists in War Department shall be computed as part of their service in Pharmaceutical Corps.

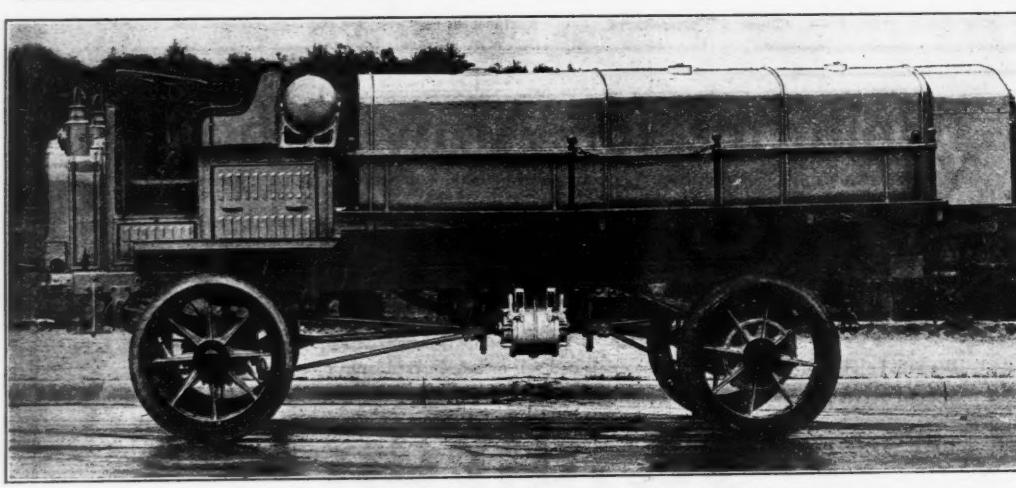
In emergencies the pharmacist director, upon recommendation of Surgeon General and with approval of Secretary of War, may appoint as many contract pharmacists as may be necessary, at compensation not exceeding \$150 each per month, and provided that age limit and professional examination may be waived in case of any contract pharmacist whose character, experience and professional education is deemed by pharmacist director to be satisfactory. Temporary appointment of a contract pharmacist shall not carry commission or right of retirement in accordance with Army Regulations.

Sec. 5. All appointees authorized by this act shall take rank and precedence in same manner in all respects as in case of appointees to Medical Corps of Army, and shall not exercise command over persons other than those in Pharmaceutical Corps and such enlisted men as may be detailed to assist them by competent authority.

All officers of Pharmaceutical Corps shall receive same pay, awards and allowances as officers of corresponding rank and length of service in Medical Corps of Army and shall be eligible to retirement in same manner and under same conditions.

Pay of pharmacist apprentice shall be \$33 per month and that of pharmacist apprentice first class, rank of sergeant, \$37 per month, and for each re-enlistment in this service they shall receive usual increase allowed in Army for honorable discharge and re-enlistment.

Sec. 6. All laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.



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## ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

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**Box 558, NEW YORK, NOTING THAT THE LAST WORD**  
**IN OUR TITLE IS JOURNAL.**

*Readers of the Army and Navy Journal who are in the habit of obtaining their papers from newsdealers should leave an order in advance with the dealer through whom they purchase, as owing to the high price of paper, dealers are no longer supplied with papers to meet transient orders.*

**THE PROGRESS OF THE DRAFT.**

The striking features of the progress of the work of the exemption boards that have begun the task of examining the men called to the colors under the Selective Service Act are the general orderliness of the proceedings, the cheerful spirit of patriotism exhibited by the young men, and the fair average of physical condition exhibited by them under the tests of the examining surgeons. Thus far the only section of the country where any violent opposition to the workings of the law has shown itself is in five counties in Oklahoma, where there has been rioting and some fatalities have occurred as the result of armed resistance to the law. In North Carolina and Georgia there was some slight vocal agitation against the law, but in each case the governors of the states were firm in their stand with the government on the side of the law. Provost Marshal General Crowder issued a statement after these outbreaks in which he pointed out that all that was being done up to the present in carrying out the Selective Service law was to register men. When the men selected from those registered were called into military service then only, and not until then, would they be subject to military discipline and laws. His statement added: "From this point on they will be under the swift and summary procedure of courts-martial. Failure to report for military duty when ordered to do so constitutes desertion. Desertion in time of war is a capital offense \*\*\* Demonstrations against local boards are simply futile strokes in the air \*\*\* If resistance is attempted later, when the Army seeks to apprehend deserters, it will instantly encounter troops of the Federal Government."

The Government, it thus appears, is ready to handle the question of resistance to the law. The physical condition of the men to be called to the colors is a matter of more immediate concern necessarily, for the modern tendency of people of all industrial nations to move from agricultural districts into urban centers has had the effect of weakening the stamina of these people, both men and women. Nor has the modern cult of athletics quite made up for the rugged stamina that was lost to the farmer become townsmen. Germany has gone through this experience in recent years as the result of her development as an industrial nation. In Price Collier's "Germany and the Germans" some statistics are given along this line showing that "out of every 100 recruits that presented themselves to the First Army in 1902, of those from the country 72.76 passed as fit, while of those from the towns only 63.88 passed as fit." By 1910 these proportions had fallen to 67.24 in the case of the countrymen and 53.66 in the case of the townsmen, the average of the whole Empire showing that of the men from the towns going up to join the colors, 53.52 per cent. passed in 1902 while only 47.87 passed in 1910. Recruits for the 18th Army Corps (who come from the coal mining region of Frankfort) showed a similar decline in physical fitness, falling from 60.46 out of every 100 in 1902 to 46.58 in 1910. These figures bear out in themselves Collier's statement that "the German recruit, especially from the towns, is losing vigor and stamina."

It has been Army experience in the Civil and Spanish-

American wars that the city-bred volunteer could march longer, fight harder, and maintain greater cheerfulness of spirits than his brother-in-arms from the rural districts. Nervous force had much to do with the city man's higher morale. But that quality is not to be relied upon too strongly in the present war owing to the greatly increased strain induced by the enormous increase of artillery fire and the peculiar conditions of trench warfare which make for added drains on the nervous system. A sound body with its generally consequent equable mind inclining toward prompt obedience, is the best equipment for recruits. That we have a fair proportion of such is shown by the progress of the draft operations. One day's work of fifty-nine district boards in New York city, for example, showed that out of 5,415 men examined 3,588 were found by the doctors fit to serve with the colors. And this was at the crest of a hot spell when the vitality of the men had been materially affected. Up to Aug. 5 incomplete returns indicated to the authorities in Washington that fully seventy-five per cent. of the men within the conscription age would be disqualified for various reasons, but judging by previous estimates regarding the working out of this law this estimate will probably be found too high when the reports are all in and tabulated.

The cost of drafting America's first National Army—from registration to enrollment—was placed by Secretary Baker, on Aug. 3, at \$8,660,480, in his estimates to Congress. This amount includes all overhead expense of registration, examination and selection. It is based on registration of ten million, examination of approximately five million, and enrollment of 1,187,000. "On a tentative estimate that the generous system of exemptions and discharges will result in a necessity for examining four registrants to produce one soldier," said Secretary Baker, "it is apparent the system must be capable of examining five million men during the year. For this task the organization includes a personnel of more than eighteen thousand persons."

**NAVAL LOSSES OF THE WAR.**

In the three years of the great war up to and including July 31, 1917, the losses of warships of all classes, among all belligerents, so far as official and authentic records show, reach the total of 525. The actual losses undoubtedly exceed this, especially as Germany, Austria and Turkey have not made their losses known as candidly as have the Allies. From a recapitulation of the known losses, gathered only from official and reliable information, we find that Germany has lost 194 ships; Great Britain, 151; France, 45; Turkey, 42; Austria, 31; Italy, 23; Russia, 23; and Japan, 10. The United States has lost one converted yacht and five light draft gunboats by being interned. The Allies and the United States have lost a total of 258 warships, while Germany and her allies have lost 267.

That the gun is still supreme is shown by a tabulation of the causes of the various losses. By gun fire, 146 warships, all told, have been destroyed. The submarines have the next largest toll to their credit, having sent 138 warships to the bottom; and the mines have the third largest number of victims, viz., 66. When it comes to actual engagements where gunfire is the deciding factor, Germany suffered the great loss of 91 ships by gunfire, while Great Britain lost only 32; Germany's loss was nearly twice that of Great Britain from this cause. By submarines, however, Great Britain lost 44 warships against 15 by Germany, almost three times Germany's loss. Great Britain has lost 36 warships by mines, and Germany 6.

Of the total of 24 war vessels lost by capture during the war, Italy and Russia have lost one each, Germany 20, and Austria and Turkey one each. Among the losses from uncertain causes, Germany heads the list with 12, and Great Britain is second with 10. Germany and Austria have each lost three warships by airplane attack, and Turkey one. The only other vessel sunk by air or sea-launched was one in the Russian navy. Of the 24 vessels lost by being captured, Germany heads the list at 20, Austria and Turkey one each, and Italy and Russia one each. Losses recapitulated were as follows:

Losses by Great Britain and her Allies: By gunfire, 40; by submarines, 90; by mines, 53; wrecked, 14; by internal explosions, 9; by airplanes, 1; rammed, 1; by collision, 14; blown up by crew to avoid capture, 5; unknown causes, 20; torpedoed by warships other than submarines, 5; interned, 6; total, 258.

Losses by Germany and her allies: By gunfire, 106; by submarines, 49; by mines, 13; wrecked, 6; by internal explosion, 1; by airplane, 7; rammed, 7; by collision, 1; blown up by crew to avoid capture, 12; interned, 18; captured, 22; unknown causes, 19; torpedoed by warships other than submarines, 4; sold, 2; total, 267.

The agreement reached by the British and German delegates at their recent conference at The Hague regarding the exchange of and treatment of civil and military prisoners has been ratified by both governments, according to a statement made by James Fitzalan Hope in the British House of Commons on July 27. The agreement provides that direct repatriation shall be resumed, that the qualifications on medical grounds for repatriation or internment in neutral countries be made more lenient, and that the more seriously ill and wounded now interned in Switzerland shall be returned to their own countries to make room for others. In addition to those sent to Switzerland, Holland has agreed to accept 7,500 persons, while all commissioned and non-commissioned officers, whether in health or not, who have been in cap-

tivity eighteen months or longer will be eligible for interment in neutral countries. Holland has agreed to accept 6,500 of these. The Dutch government will provide also for 2,000 civilian prisoners, invalids being given the preference. Punishments for attempts to escape and for other offenses have been regulated, while reprisals against individuals have been cancelled.

A number of the young officers of the Regular Army still on duty on the border are beginning to feel very pessimistic, according to letters we receive from there, and are seeking information as to what will happen to them on the formation of the National Army. "The persistent rumor," writes one, "is to the effect that each regiment of the National Army will have but three officers, a colonel, a major and an adjutant from the Regular Service. That will mean that the adjutant with anywhere from five to eighteen years' military training will be directly under three officers who have had but three months or less of experience." As we have heretofore noted, both the General Staff and Secretary of War are disposed to appoint as many experienced Regular officers as possible to the new regiments, and it is understood that more than three Regular officers may be assigned to a National Army Regiment, that number being proposed only as a minimum. Our correspondent on the border expressed the fear that Regular officers of training and experience may not receive due consideration because they have "no friends at court," and that politics may affect appointments. Why, he asks, should a West Point graduate of ten or fifteen years' standing, with an excellent efficiency record, "continue to command a company, when another man with three months' training is to command a battalion?" The West Pointer will know more about every single branch of his profession than any political appointee. His judgment on all matters military will be far better. In any military test that could be devised the U.S.M.A. graduate would easily come out far inferior. Why then does he not have the job? We are a hard working, long suffering lot. Above all we want to all 'get together' in this supreme test that has come to us. But appointment for any condition except merit and experience is not fair, just or reasonable. It will hurt us individually and collectively. It will hurt the Army and the nation more. The ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL is read and respected by every officer of the Army, and should take up this matter."

In an effort to prevent the War Department from establishing the contemplated proving ground on Kent Island, the 3,000 people living on that attractive Maryland island are fighting the plan in a manner that can scarcely be called either patriotic at this time or fair at any time. We learn from the Manufacturers' Record of Baltimore that "Kent Islanders have issued an advertisement which is a direct and deliberate insult to the U.S. Army, for in it they make this statement: 'Kent Island folk believe that the real demand for Kent Island comes from Army officers who are seeking a place that is healthy and at the same time offers excellent hunting, fishing and bathing, with the additional advantage of being very close to a metropolis that can provide other forms of diversion. These delightful conditions have been a source of continual demand in Army circles.'" To this the editor of the Record adds: "If there is a body of patriotic men in the world more unselfishly patriotic than the Army officers of the United States, no one has ever yet been able to discover the fact. These men have ingrained in their very souls from boyhood days the love of country, and they are ready at any moment to die for their country; but these Kent Island people—good, clever people as they are—have been so grievously misled as to permit themselves to offer this slur and insult to the Army officers. If the conditions had been such that the nation could have yielded its safety to the wishes of Kent Island people and not taken their land for testing purposes, this slur upon the Army officers of the country would have justified the nation refusing to consider any appeal from Kent Island."

Provost Marshal General Crowder fixed the status of those who would shirk service under the draft by sending, on Aug. 2, a telegram to the governors of all states in which he says that the law "does not require discharges in all cases of technical legal dependency, but only permits discharges where in view of dependency a discharge is advisable. Local boards may well hold that a marriage hastily performed recently and especially one contracted by a person after he had been called to present himself for examination to determine his fitness for military service, does not create a status of dependency in which it is advisable to grant a discharge." Local boards are expected to exercise full discretion in cases where they are convinced unscrupulous persons have violated the principles of the law in the hope of escaping a duty that is rightly theirs and of passing that duty on to someone else.

To arouse the people to a realization of the meanings of the war the National Security League is promoting a speech-making campaign that "is being actively prosecuted in twenty-four states." We would respectfully suggest to the Security League that it could save a great deal of effort by centering this campaign on the one place in the United States where it is most needed, in the Senate Chamber in Washington.

August 11, 1917.

Pursuing its advocacy of the plan to stretch a great steel net across the North Sea by the Entente Allies to prevent the egress of German submarines from the Baltic bases, the Scientific American declares the job to be one for civil engineers, adding: "Not until the British navy and our own realize that the building of a net across the North Sea is a civil engineer's job, will there be much hope of getting this great work done." The article continues: "The reluctance of naval men, both in our own and the British navy, to net the North Sea is confined chiefly to the older officers. The younger men believe the thing can be done and that the job should be put in hand forthwith. This reluctance is due to lack of experience on this kind of work, and even more to that hesitation to stake one's professional reputation upon something new and untried, which has acted and is to-day acting as a drag upon the daring and vigorous prosecution of this great war. The training and experience of our naval officers does not fit them for such a giant's task as netting the North Sea. Their experience in ground tackle and mooring operations is confined mainly to dropping their 'mud hook' in a roadstead, or making fast to a navy yard dock. We would look for a more intelligent and less pessimistic estimate of the problem from the staff of the Coast and Geodetic Survey or of the Lighthouse Service, or from the resourceful and highly experienced officers of one of our maritime wrecking companies. Let such men as these foregather with the American Steel and Wire Company, and two or three eminent civil engineers, and the thing might be decided upon, and set in motion in a single morning's session." Netting technique for combating U-boats may not have come often within the experience of our Navy officers. But judging from the success attendant on the placing of nets in three of the harbors on the Atlantic coast the criticism of our naval officers quoted above does not seem well grounded.

The training camp exchange of Fort Benjamin Harrison has prepared and issued a handsome booklet entitled, "Souvenir, 8th and 9th Provisional Regiments, Citizens' Training Camps, Fort Benjamin Harrison, 1917," that will be a real keepsake for every member of the two training regiments and their families and friends. Capt. George J. Holden, U.S.A., the exchange officer, is responsible for the arrangement of the booklet which he says was intended "to present a brief description and history of Fort Benjamin Harrison, which at this time is playing a very important part in the world war, in the way of training men as officers, and in expanding the 10th U.S. Infantry into the three regiments, the 10th, 45th and 46th." A photograph of Brig. Gen. E. F. Glenn, U.S.A., in command at the fort, serves as the frontispiece to the souvenir, and General Glenn must have been in high good humor when the photograph was taken, judging by his expansive smile. Major L. T. Richardson, U.S.A., senior instructor at the camp, has written a foreword, and Col. Russell B. Harrison has written a historical sketch of the fort that is the background for what this souvenir is concerned with. There is a complete roster of all the Army officers attached to the post and also of all the candidates for the O.R.C. receiving instruction there. The many photographs of scenes in and around the fort are excellent.

Chief Naval Constr. Washington L. Capps, in his capacity as manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, told a group of producers of Southern pine limber in Washington on Aug. 1 that the Government's shipbuilding program, as it will be carried out by the reorganized shipping board, provides for as many wooden ships as the country can build. The lumbermen were called to Washington for a conference with the idea of speeding up their output of ship timber, and Chief Constructor Capps told them that "war demands require every vessel, wood and steel, that American yards can turn out." The Shipping Board may abandon the plan of General Goethals for constructing two Government-owned ship yards to build fabricated steel ships. Ships will be fabricated but the work may be done in private yards to be commandeered. Requisitioning of tonnage now under construction will not be attempted until the probable cost is ascertained. Of Chief Constructor Capps's appointment Shipping Illustrated, for July 28, says: "The Denman-Goethals controversy has brought to the post of manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation a trained naval constructor who is, therefore, in a position personally to weigh the merits of constructional schemes presented by new concerns in the shipbuilding industry."

Howard E. Coffin, chairman of the Aircraft Production Board, Council of National Defense, appeared before the Senate Committee on Military Affairs on Aug. 4 and urged favorable action on the Sheppard bill giving that board a legal status. A provision was originally inserted in the \$640,000,000 Aviation bill to accomplish the same purpose, but was stricken out. The War Department has recommended the enactment of this provision, which would greatly facilitate the development of the aviation program. The bill provides for a board, consisting of the Chief Signal Officer of the Army, the Chief Constructor of the Navy and "not more than seven other members of recognized capacity and achievement along industrial lines to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate." Provision is made for the board to choose one of its civilian members as President. The tenure of members of the board would be at the pleasure of the President, but not longer than six months after the close of the present war. Civilian members would serve without compensation.

At the request of the U.S. Government five French artillery officers have been sent to this country to act as instructors in the serving of heavy modern ordnance, with particular reference to both forms of "barrage" fire, at the School of Fire, Fort Sill, Okla. The officers are Major Reille and Captains Durette, Trives, Pierret and Monroe. No limit has been placed on the time they will remain at the School of Fire.

Major J. E. Goldthwait, Med. Corps, U.S.A., who is an orthopaedic surgeon, returned from abroad this week and is quoted in an Associated Press dispatch as saying that out of one detail of 1,350 wounded men sent for special treatment to a London hospital suffering from crushed and broken bones, 1,000 were able to return to active duty at the front. Major Goldthwait is one of twenty American medical officers who have been in France and England observing and studying new methods of treating wounded. He said he returned to the

United States to recruit surgeons who could be given the advantage of similar study in order that the American Army, when it got into action, might have the benefit of modern treatment of wounds from its own surgeons. Major Goldthwait added that were it not for the successful methods of treating wounded now practiced, it would be better to let some of them die, rather than to allow them to recover and continue through life the cripples they would be under other conditions.

No definite date can be set for the parade of the troops formerly of the National Guard in New York city, until date for its departure for Spartanburg, S.C., is made known by the War Department. Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, commanding the troops, issued the following statement on Aug. 2, concerning the parade: "Route of parade will be down Fifth avenue from 110th street and vicinity to Washington Arch. Owing to the great number of people who will wish to see the parade, a march of this length is essential to avoid congesting the spectators in a shorter march area. The route selected was determined upon because the broad sidewalk between 110th and Fifty-ninth streets, bordering the park, will afford more space than the sidewalk of any other route. Governor Whitman will review the parade from the Union League Club. It is understood that the governor is to invite Major General Bell, Mayor Mitchel and the mayors of other cities represented in the parade to constitute the reviewing party with him."

Pressed by various journals of the country for his views with regard to the pessimistic reports of the war situation. Mr. Hoover gave the following statement of reasons for confidence in the outcome of the war: "No one can rightly be gloomy over the outcome for the American people in this war. Success in this war is a question of resources, and the will and ability of the people to organize themselves to use their resources rightly and to endure. Many thinking people, in America, and throughout the whole world, have been watching anxiously the last four months in the fear that Democratic America could not organize to meet autocratic Germany. Germany has been confident that it could not be done. Contrary proof is immediately at our door. Aside from the remarkable assemblage of our Army and financial resources, our people have already demonstrated their ability to mobilize, organize, endure, and prepare voluntarily and efficiently in many directions and upon a mere word of inspiration."

This friendly word comes to us with a renewal of subscription: "I am the daughter of an Army officer as well as a granddaughter, also the wife of a Navy officer. Everywhere I have been we have always passed on JOURNALS to others, and of all periodicals published on the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL is by far the most popular. I am delighted to see we can, by your special arrangement, send on papers to our men in France; for what a God-send it is, complete with all the news of interest and most dear to their hearts." This refers to the notice appearing on first page that when readers have finished reading this paper they may attach a one-cent stamp and hand it to any postal employee, and it will be placed in the hands of our soldiers or sailors at the front.

As a further step towards "advertising the Services" the motion picture industry has been mobilized to cooperate with the Committee on Public Information. The movies' assistance to the Government will be ably handled by Mr. William A. Brady of New York, one of the prominent producers and theatrical managers of the country. Various sub-committees have been appointed to "cover" the activities of the War and Navy Departments, the Food Commission, training camps, Red Cross and all the Government bureaus and departments. David W. Griffith, of New York, as chairman of the War Co-Operation Committee of the National Association of the Motion Picture Industry, will be an ex-officio member of all the committees.

Modification in the specifications of the cloth used by the United States in uniforms, overcoats and blankets for the new National Army means that the country must conserve its rags to help the shoddy manufacturers in supplying the enormous quantities of goods needed. This announcement, says the New York World, was made in New York city on Aug. 7 by Samuel Kaplan, a representative of the Council of National Defense, who was presiding at a conference there of the wholesale rag gathers and shoddy manufacturers. Until recently the Army's specifications were drawn in such a way as to shut out the use of shoddy.

A plan to safeguard American ships from submarine attack has been worked out by the Naval Consulting Board and a special committee appointed by Major Gen. George W. Goethals, U.S.A., and W. L. Sanders, chairman of the board, has advised war relief societies to adopt as a safeguard for their ships this system, the details of which were not made public. Mr. Saunders was quoted on Aug. 3 as saying that the plans have been approved by the Federal authorities who are now putting into effect through the war risk insurance bureau a lower insurance premium on ships equipped according to its provisions.

From the U.S. Naval Station, New Orleans, La., Lieut. R. S. Manley, U.S.N.R.F., writes under date of Aug. 3: "Will you please give publicity to the fact that a United States Naval Academy class ring, apparently Class of 1911, has been found and turned over to me. This ring was manufactured by Bailey, Banks and Biddle, Philadelphia, and has an almandine (?) garnet setting. It was found in New Orleans about July 15. The officers of the New Orleans Naval Station are in the Godchaux building in that city."

The Congress of the Republic of Liberia, on Aug. 4, unanimously passed a joint resolution declaring war on Germany. Liberia has about 350 miles of coast line between the British African colony of Sierra Leone and the French colony of the Ivory coast. Its total area is about 40,000 square miles and its population is estimated at between 1,500,000 and 2,000,000, all of the African race. The country is wealthy in natural resources, but entirely undeveloped.

#### HOSPITAL PLANS FOR ARMY.

Provisions for caring for the health of the soldiers now being made by the Medical Department of the Army include the construction of thirty-two hospitals at National Army and National Guard camps, the enlargement of thirty hospitals used in connection with Reserve Officers' training camps, taking over or construction of at least two general hospitals at ports, increasing the size of two other general hospitals behind these, and the building or taking over of a number of general hospitals to be used for special treatment work. Plans for this phase of the work are not complete. Endeavor is being made to secure hospital buildings ready built, but some will probably have to be constructed. A number of sites have been offered already. A further step to be worked out is the provision of reconstruction hospitals where artificial limbs will be made, repair surgery done, artificial limbs fitted to patients and re-education of cripples begun, to enable them to use the artificial limbs provided and again become useful members of society. The aim of the Medical Department is to have hospital provisions for five per cent. of the enlisted force by fall, and then to proceed to extend that to ten per cent. Abroad facilities for twenty per cent. of the American Expeditionary Force will be provided.

At cantonments hospital provision will be made for three per cent. of the troops at each camp. A complete modern hospital will be constructed at each, containing at least 1,000 beds. With the space reserved for extensions, each hospital and its auxiliary buildings will require fifty acres. Hospitals at National Army camps will cost approximately \$500,000 each, and at National Guard camps, where heating is not required, construction is lighter and sewer-connected plumbing not to be used, about \$400,000. This will bring the total cost of the thirty-two hospitals to about \$14,500,000. Each hospital will have equipment equal to that of the best institutions in the country, although the construction of the buildings will be of much cheaper quality. One type is being used for all the hospital construction work done by the Army. All the buildings are twenty-four feet wide, the length varying to meet the needs. The wards are usually 157 feet long, which is the size needed for thirty-two beds. There will be a diet kitchen for each ward, a porch on one side and end of each ward, and a corridor connecting with the buildings on either side which will be covered in the case of the northern cantonments.

About seventy buildings will be comprised in each cantonment hospital on the 1,000 bed basis. In some cases two wards are joined, thus reducing the actual number of separate buildings, but the number of buildings will reach about seventy, counting each ward as a building. Each hospital will have a well equipped laboratory where bacteriological and pathological work can be done which any well equipped hospital could handle. Some special blood tests will be made at the department hospitals, which will take care of any work that the divisional hospitals at the camps cannot attend to. There will also be an infirmary for each regiment which will fulfill the functions usually performed by such institutions. The men not needing to be confined in hospital will report, when any condition appears which demands watching. The vaccination will be done and the typhoid and para-typhoid preventive treatments administered. Every man in the new armies will have the equivalent of six or more examinations by specialists, in addition to the regular examinations as to general health and condition. Leading specialists of the country are now working out plans and personnel for doing this special examination work at each hospital. Every man will be examined for tuberculosis, affections of the heart, foot trouble, ear, throat and nose diseases, hookworm and other intestinal infections and for typhoid, para-typhoid and other disease carriers which are sometimes present and communicable to others when the person himself is in good health. The staffs of specialists for this work are being selected to remain permanently at the hospitals.

#### VALUE OF CAVALRY IN THE WAR.

From an American in the service of the French government who has lived many years in France an officer of U.S. Cavalry has received an interesting letter, from which we are permitted to make the following extracts. The writer has been in France almost constantly since the war began. He says:

"I was so interested to hear what you had to say about abandoning cavalry for aviation; if you attend flying school in France rather than in the United States—the climate in the south of France is more favorable to green flying than any weather we have—you will have ample time to learn French perfectly before you go to the front. Personally I have always held a stubborn little opinion of my own about the potential value of cavalry in this war, which I dare say would not meet with the esteem of professional soldiers. I know that in France cavalrymen have deserted to aviation in very large numbers. My opinion, however, is that it may be found in the last few terrible days, if they ever come after some gigantic artillery and infantry attack, that the commander who had an exceedingly large mass of good cavalry may win the day—and the war."

French officers returning from Russia have said that the Germans used cavalry to great effect in their great advance after the Mackensen attack in Galicia—one movement effected by a very large body—the French estimated it at 130,000 sabers—having had a telling effect in the pushing of the retreat to such a distance that the Russians were unable to recover their ground, as we have seen now for so many months. In France, after the battle of the Marne, the French could not push the defeat which they had unquestionably inflicted upon the German armies because the French cavalry had been worn out by riding all the way to Belgium and back again. The German retreat was only to the Aisne, which was insignificant, and since then the French have not been able to break them up and get them started in retreat again. I have heard French officers say also that if the German command had brought more of its best cavalry to the west instead of sending so much of it to Russia at the very outbreak of the war it could have spread out to the west of the general advancing line to such a distance that the first battle of the Yser, after the Marne, would have been made impossible, and that the cavalry force might have been able to again turn the French and English flank well to the west of Paris, which might have been permitted of another German advance from the Aisne southward. I remember seeing the excellent officer, Colonel —, in Paris during and after the battle of the Marne, and he gave me the impression that either side might have made the battle decisive with large bodies of cavalry.

"I feel strongly that cavalry will have its day again

before the end, and I trust that our own excellent horsemen will have their part in it."

#### THE SERVICE MONTHLIES.

The Military Surgeon for August contains the following original articles by officers of the Medical Corps, U.S.A.: "The Coat of Arms of the Medical Corps of the Army," by Lieut. Col. Champe C. McCulloch, Jr.; "The Lobar Pneumonia Problem," by Major Henry J. Nichols; "Latrines and Kitchen Incinerators," by Major R. H. Pierson; "First Aid and Dressing Stations in Battle on the Eastern Front," by Lieut. Col. J. H. Ford; and Part IV. of Lieut. Col. E. L. Munson's study of the outbreak of measles at Camp Wilson last year. Capt. Arthur S. Jones, M.O.R.C., contributes a paper on "Making the Feet for Military Service"; and Col. T. H. Goodwin, of the British medical corps, describes "The Retreat from Mons."

Comdr. Yates Stirling, U.S.N., describes "The Submarine" in the U.S. Naval Institute Proceedings for July; H. C. Washburn contributes a paper on "The War with Spain: A Study of Past Performance"; Naval Constr. Elliot Snow, U.S.N., has written a paper on "The Value of Voice Pipes for Fire Control Communication"; Edgar Stanton Macay adds some "New Details of the Randolph-Yarmouth Naval Battle"; there is another installment of "Our Navy and the West Indian Pirates," by Rear Admiral Caspar F. Goodrich, U.S.N.; and Lieut. (J.G.) V. N. Beig, U.S.N., asks the question, "What Can Be Done to Improve Engineering in Our Navy Today?" and answers it in an interesting article.

Articles by officers of the corps in The Marine Corps Gazette for June include: "Photography from Aircraft," by Col. Dion Williams; "Leadership," by Lieut. Col. George Van Orden; "The Last Stitch," by Brig. Gen. P. C. Pope; "The Growth of a Hundred Years," by Capt. Frank E. Evans; and a continuation of the "Discussion on Marine Corps War College," by Lieut. Col. R. C. Berkeley. Capt. John J. Dooley, of the Marine Corps Reserve, has a study of the "Characteristics of Machine Guns," and Capt. S. R. Wason, of the Royal Field Artillery, contributes a paper entitled "Enfilade vs. Frontal."

"Observation Balloons for Field Artillery," by Capt. Clarence Deems, Jr., U.S.F.A., is the leading service article in the April-June issue of The Field Artillery Journal. Another article by an officer of the Field Artillery arm of the U.S. Army is "How to Record Firing Data," by Capt. William E. Dunn. Col. Henry J. Reilly, 1st Illinois Field Art., describes "Fontanebleau in War Time," and Lieut. Jewett B. Newton, F.A.R., contributes a paper on "Buzzed Tests." There are also anonymous articles on "Care of Guns in Operation" and "Organization and Training of the New Armies." This issue contains the formal announcement of the retirement of Lieut. Col. Dwight E. Aultman as editor of the Journal, while the title page bears the name of Capt. Clarence Deems, Jr., U.S.A., as editor.

#### RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

A "Complete U.S. Infantry Guide" for officers and non-commissioned officers is published by the J. B. Lippincott Company, of Philadelphia, the purpose being to bring together in one volume all War Department publications pertaining to this arm of the Service for the use of the Army and the National Guard. In this volume, running to 2,074 pages, including the excellent index, are reprints of Government publications relating to the Infantry. The exact text is given without comment, complete where essential and selected extracts where the remainder of the War Department publication is not essential to the purpose of the volume. Army Regulations including Changes 55; Infantry Drill Regulations including Changes 18; and Manual of Interior Guard Duty including Changes 1, are given complete. Publications from which the essential text is selected include Manual of Physical Training; Personal Hygiene and First Aid; General Orders; Circulars and Bulletins of the War Department; Engineer Field Manual; Field Firing; Tables of Organization; Rules of Land Warfare; and Infantry Unit Accountability. Other complete texts included are the Regulations for Field Organization; Army Ration Issue; Automatic Pistol; Care and Repair of Small Arms; United States Rifle, Model 1903; Instructions for Assembling the Infantry Equipment; Small-Arms Firing Manual to Changes 16; Manual of Courts-Martial; Field Service Regulations to Changes 5; Uniform Regulations to Changes 18; Automatic Machine Rifle to Changes 1; Field Firing; Model Remarks for Muster Rolls; and Manual of the Bayonet. It will be seen that the volume is a dictionary of information for the Infantryman. The size and weight of the volume might be an objection to it except for use in permanent quarters, but this book is intended to take the place of a number of other publications that as a whole would bulk larger, and for Infantry officers engaged in desk work and for adjutants and others it will undoubtedly prove a great convenience, since it is a whole Infantry library in itself so far as Government publications are concerned.

"Infantry Company Commander's Manual," prepared by the Non-Commissioned Officers' Training School of the 14th and 44th U.S. Infantry at Vancouver Barracks, Washington, has just been issued, and is a valuable little book, of seventy-six pages, handy pocket size. The manual was prepared by direction of Col. Henry D. Styler, 14th U.S. Inf., commandant of the training school, and under supervision of 1st Lieut. Roy W. Winton, 14th U.S. Inf., instructor. It will be of especial value to commanders of companies now organizing, and will readily answer numerous questions as to what is needed to equip a company, where the equipment is to be procured, and how to procure it. The manual is intended to cover only the supply of Infantry companies in battalion. Organizations in other arms, and the non-littered Infantry companies have not been considered. The manual, in addition, presents a scheme for recruit instruction in the duties of an Infantry soldier, and a scheme for recruit instruction in rifle firing, which have been given a practical test in Companies F and G, 14th U.S. Infantry. "These schemes," as the instructor of the manual says, "have nothing novel in them except the brevity of the courses outlined in them. They are by no means schemes for the complete instruction of the Infantry soldier, which, as every military man knows, requires long and intense training. They are designed to turn the recruit to duty as a private with the least possible loss of time. Menus constructed upon various rations, with itemized cost, and an accounting system to cover are also included. These menus have in several

instances been tested, and the accounting system is now in use in some organizations of the 15th U.S. Infantry." The manual is for sale by the Post Exchange at Vancouver Barracks, Wash.

Modeled after their very useful "Plattsburg Manual," Capts. E. B. Garey and O. O. Ellis, U.S.A., have prepared "The Junior Plattsburg Manual" (The Century Company), the text and illustrations of which are designed not only to aid a boy in learning the duties and obligations of a soldier, but also to prepare him physically and mentally toward that end. Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, commanding the 27th Division, U.S.A., has written a foreword to the book.

Letters written seventy years ago by Capt. E. Kirby Smith, U.S.A., have been gathered together, prepared for the press by his daughter, Emma Jerome Blackwood, and published by the Harvard University Press, under the title "To Mexico with Scott." The letters begin on Aug. 28, 1845, when Captain Smith was "fourteen miles from Cincinnati," traveling under orders with his company to the front by the Ohio Canal; and continue until Aug. 22, 1847, on which date he wrote from Tacubaya, Mexico, his letter continuing in diary form until Sept. 7. At the end of this entry he wrote: "To-morrow will be a day of slaughter. \* \* \* I am thankful you do not know the peril we are in." Captain Smith was mortally wounded early the next morning. The letters give graphic and spirited descriptions of the country, tell of the ignorance of the Mexican people, and particularly of the shortcomings of a volunteer army of the kind that went to Mexico with Scott, and combine to make an unusually interesting book of adventure as well as of military history.

"Red, White and Blue," by Lieut. Robert G. Schaefer (John C. Rankin Company; New York), is a series of essays on military subjects written from the viewpoint of the preparedness arguments of recent years. The twenty-nine chapters in the book cover such topics as we have just indicated as well as the law the author miscalls "The Hay Bill"; such modern weapons as "The Tanks," aircraft and submarines. The text seems to have been hastily prepared, as may be noted in describing Major Gen. Leonard Wood as "recently ordered to the newly created Southern Department" and in other instances.

#### A DAY'S ADVENTURES OF A REGULAR.

Place: New York city, New York.

Time: Present.

**Victim:** A Regular Army officer with over twenty years' service in the United States, Cuba, Philippine Islands, Alaska, Honolulu and Mexico. Wears the following campaign medals: Spanish-American War, Army of Cuban Occupation, Philippine Insurrection, Army of Cuban Pacification. Graduate of Army School of the Line and Staff Class, Army Service Schools, Fort Leavenworth, Kas., etc., etc.

The following is compiled from the duly authenticated adventures of an officer who was obliged to delay in New York city pending further orders. At seven a.m. the alarm clock raised the above-mentioned officer who was peacefully making up much needed sleep, having turned in at 2:30 a.m. after sixteen hours hard and tiresome labor assisting in the introducing to real military duties the several organizations to which he had been assigned. At eight a.m. he was selecting his breakfast with due care as to cost, as he had been on D.S. for some time and was therefore obliged to carefully foster his finances.

He glanced over his morning paper and noticed the following headlines: "Reserves May Outrank Many Old Captains." The more he read the less he felt like eating any breakfast. As he passed out of the dining room he noticed several officers in uniform, all of them majors, U.S.R. Their table was covered with the best the house could furnish. He compared his breakfast of one egg, toast and coffee. He was informed that the officers were Major X, son of Congressman X; Major Y, son of multi-millionaire Y; Major Z, brother of Ambassador Z; and Lieut. Col. A. He remembered Colonel A as a former enlisted man of the — Infantry who had failed twice to pass the preliminary examination for a commission in the Regulars and at the outbreak of the war had purchased his discharge and been commissioned in one of the overseas battalions of a sister nation; had served two years without having once seen the battlefield in France; resigned from foreign service and, "because of extensive field service," had been commissioned a lieutenant colonel and assigned to instruct in trench warfare at one of the Reserve training camps. All of these officers, he was informed, were preparing to leave immediately for France.

Proceeding he boarded the subway and counted forty men of enlistment age seated in one car. He glanced up and down for a really truly American face. None was observed. Everyone stared at him as if he was a strange animal. The Regular "beat it" for the Governors Island ferry. It had started to rain and he buttoned up his rain coat tight, and with the crowd of other officers took a seat in the officers' cabin which was soon filled. He observed one of the officer's (Regular) wives standing up, gave her his seat and went out on the deck where the air was clear to think and think and think.

"Service?" He turned and discovered an officer with bright new leather leggings, etc., etc., facing him. "Yes," he answered and started away to find some quiet spot where he could let his feelings hold sway without showing it. The visitor followed and said:

"Noticed that you appeared rather quiet and assumed that you were reporting for the first time. I have been here for some time. One of the first appointed. Some job, believe me. Gave up a twenty dollar a week job to take this at fifty. Expect to get promotion as soon as matters are fixed. What is your rank?"

"Captain." "Well, don't worry, you will get something better soon. We all are merely captains until the Army is organized and then—watch out. Did you see the piece in the papers this morning? That will surely take the 'crimp' out of some of these stuck-up Regulars who expect to walk over the shoulders of the men who have served three months at Plattsburg." The "Powers-that-be" have discovered at last that if they want the military force to amount to anything they will be obliged to admit into the Service men of experience in outside civilian life. It is the People's Army and not the army of a few specially selected "Cocks of the Walk" who do nothing but wear gold braid and strut around with U.S. on their collars. And, by the way, have you heard that we all will soon wear the U.S.? There will be no more distinction between the U.S.R. and the U.S."

Just about this time an officer appeared who walked with an air of military training, whose shoulders were square and whose back was straight. In his eye was the far away look of one who was thinking very seriously.

He saluted the Regular and said: "Good morning, Captain. When did you get back from the Islands? Just got my commission as second lieutenant in the National Army. Did not like to leave the old outfit, but the increased pay and having a few years more to serve before retirement, decided the question. It does surely seem good to see an officer with a U.S., a Regular, on this craft."

The "One of the first appointed" looked in amazement at the Regular and then at the second lieutenant and said: "Thought you were in the Reserves."

"No, thanks; Army. I suppose you made the mistake because I had my rain coat buttoned up. Doesn't make any difference anyway, if what you say is true. You see, I have been most of my time serving my country away from the 'Bright Lights' and am not familiar with the new state of affairs. But let me be understood thoroughly when I say that I have worked hard and undergone many personal sacrifices to get where I am. I have been most heartily in favor of the scheme of instruction now being conducted in the various training camps and also willingly offered my services as instructor at the training camps of 1915 and 1916. I believe that the scheme now in force is the only logical one that will meet with success in the reorganization of the military force of this country. But understand, I do not intend to let any three-month-old officer dictate to me 'where I get off at.'"

The Regular arrived at the Island, completed his business and took the boat back to New York city. He met an officer of the National Guard on duty in the city. This officer expressed himself very emphatically on matters pertaining to the methods and ways of the Reserves. "I have served fifteen years as an officer in the New York Guard," he said, "and all because I liked to do my bit. I gave up my business to offer my services to the Government when they called me. I am not getting one quarter the salary in the Service that I got in my personal business, but I am willing to stand it. You will find that my sentiments are those of all the men of the New York Guard. This N.Y. means as much to me as the U.S. does to you. This number on my cross-guns represents over a hundred years of service as an organization. We hate to give it up but we all consider that circumstances are such as to warrant it and willingly obey our instructions."

The Regular held out his hand and said, "Shake. It does me good to talk with you. You have cut your teeth. We Regulars know and appreciate."

Walking around town for an hour or so the Regular noticed that he received very few salutes from enlisted men passing him, especially the men wearing the Navy uniform. He arrived at the conclusion that maybe the enlisted men had become imbued with the Russian spirit of all being equal and did not consider it necessary to salute their superior officers. Just as he was entering his house, a man wearing a regulation uniform of an enlisted man and a red hat-cord, passed. The man looked him "up and down" but made no attempt to salute. The Regular called to him and said, "Do you not understand the usual saluting obligations when passing an officer?" The man replied: "I do not have to salute."

The Regular was startled. Did it mean that salutes were a thing of the past? So he asked: "What do you mean? Are you not wearing the uniform of an enlisted man of the Army?"

"Yes, I am, but I am not an enlisted man. I am a member of the Training Corps on Governors Island, and we have received instructions not to salute any officers other than on Governors Island and the ferry to New York. I am a civilian and I do not have to salute you."

"I see," said the Regular, "you are merely an imitation soldier. You want to impress the general public that you are doing your bit. When you wear the uniform of the United States Army you must conduct yourself as if you really belonged to it."

The Regular's wife met him at the door with the information that a notice had been received from the life insurance company that the yearly payment was due; that the school where his two children were being educated had notified them of an increase in the yearly charge for tuition; and that orders had been received directing him to proceed to Training Camp for duty as instructor. After figuring up the bank account he discovers that he can just about meet the life insurance, but they will be obliged to move the children to a cheaper school. As he will not be allowed commutation of quarters, etc., at camp he will be obliged to rent quarters for his wife at a cheaper place until something is done to rectify matters.

Trying to cheer up under the latest good (?) news they go down to dinner only to find their table already occupied by a very important individual who immediately commences conversation after observing the Regular uniform, with the following:

"I think that it is a shame, the way they are making the appointments in the Army now." The Regular manages to gulp out "Yes—why?" "They do not recognize ability. You are in the Regulars, aren't you? I attended the Plattsburg Camp in 1915 and 1916. Passed an A No. 1 examination for commission as a major of Infantry. Thought I had everything sewed up tight, when lo and behold I get word that I am too old. I am only forty-eight. I know my business and can handle any battalion in the Army. Ought to, after two camps at Plattsburg. And now they turn me down cold. Isn't right. Going to get my Congressman to look into the way they run affairs in Washington. I am a taxpayer and I help support the military establishment and therefore am entitled to some consideration and will demand that I get it."

Regular remarks, "Tough luck. Maybe things will take a turn for the better later. Why don't you try for some National Guard organization?" Self-appointed major just about explodes and when able to speak, says, "Tried to get a commission as major in new outfit. Wouldn't have me as a major. Full up."

Regular. "Why don't you enlist in something?"

S.A.M. "Enlist? What do you mean? Do you think that I would enlist after having been trained at Plattsburg? You have a wrong idea. I couldn't enlist and hold my self respect."

Regular (Breaking point nearly reached). "It is almost as hard for you to enlist and hold your self-respect as it is for me to listen and hold mine." Both remain silent for the remainder of the meal, to the great satisfaction of the Regular's wife, who is beginning to see signs of trouble on the brow of her better-half.

After dinner, the time until ten o'clock was spent in figuring up expense accounts, cutting here and there, deciding to make a three-year-old O.D. last another year because of the increased expense in wool and the changes in the buttons. With heads full of figures and worries, the happy pair turn in for some rest. The Regular lies awake thinking over the past fifteen years of service here and there, the troubles which both have shared together and the plans that they had made for their future and the future of the children. The hopes they had had of an early promotion when the National Army was organized, so that they could put away a little some-

thing to meet expenses of their old age. Everything wiped out. No promotion—possible separation in the near future—service in France with possibility of not returning—what the Mrs. and the "kiddies" will do if he didn't come back, etc., etc. Nature soon came to his rescue and he fell asleep.

Out of the wildest of nightmares, there comes to his ears the sound of music and he sees himself with a body of soldiers dressed in the O.D. and whose faces are strangely familiar. They are the men of his old company, passing down a long street lined with people cheering and waving flags. The cry comes to his ears, "Here are the real soldiers. Here are the Regulars." Everyone seems glad to see him, everyone wants to shake him by the hand, everyone appreciates the efforts he has put forth during the past twenty years and everyone knows him for what he is.

A change and he sees another body of men wearing the same O.D., the same cheering crowd, the same glad welcome for someone else who is bright and new and who wears his leggings wrong side, too, hat cord with knots on side of hat, and the eagle of a colonel on his shoulders. He rubs his eyes. It can't be that the Regulars are forgotten, the long years of faithful service gone for nothing, the people unappreciative. Far in the distance music is heard. The band seems to have the old familiar strain of the post band at Fort Blank. But what are they playing—it is something new and still strangely familiar. At last he recognizes the music. It is "The Lord help the poor Regular in a storm like this."

Someone in the crowd is punching him in the ribs and yelling at him. He draws back his fist—blood is in his eye; he has stood enough during the past twenty-four hours. He will assert himself. He smashes his right just as he does, hears a well-known voice crying: "Do you want to break the whole bed down? What is the matter with you?" He looks around, rubs his eyes and says: "How long have you been up? Suppose that we will have to arrange to move the 'kiddies' to-day, from school as we planned last night."

"Wake up, man, you're still asleep. Here is a letter from the Island in the morning mail. Hope it is good news. I have been dreading a separation from you and do not see how I could stand it. The Regular looks at her and then pinches himself to see if he really and truly is awake.

"Where are my orders for the—training camp which I got last night and the news that the Regulars would not get any promotion in the National Army? Where is the letter from the life insurance company, and the school about the increase in tuition?"

His wife looked at him with widening eyes. "What tommy-rot are you talking? You have been dreaming. There is a piece in the paper this morning stating that the Regulars would receive the positions of higher rank in the National Army and that none of the Reserves would be promoted to a rank higher than captain for the Line or would be used for Staff positions with rank higher than captain. Wake up. Don't worry to-day about your dreaming. Just wait, everything will come out O.K. The authorities in Washington are not going to deprive an officer of twenty years faithful service of any of the honors due him. Everything will solve itself in due time."

The Regular went down to breakfast and everyone seemed glad to see him. The man who had wanted the majority in the Reserves had enlisted in the National Guard. The training camp boy had really joined the Army and was the first to tell him about it.

When he got back to his room, he looked at his wife, looked outside at the sunlight, stretched himself and said: "It might have all been a dream, but thank the Lord who helps the poor Regular in a storm like this. One dream like that is enough for me."

#### A REGULAR.

#### SCHOOL FOR Q.M. NON-COMS.

A school of instruction for non-commissioned officers of the Quartermaster Corps of the Army has been established in the Q.M. Office at the post of Fort Leavenworth, Kas., under the direction of Col. William A. Shunk, Cav.

The first period of instruction will cover from Aug. 1 to 31, 1917, and following instructors are announced:

Senior instructor in charge, Major A. B. Warfield, Q.M.C.; assistant instructor, Capt. Louis T. Nathan, Q.M.C.; depot Q.M. work and papers, O.R.C.; instructor in correspondence and general Q.M. paper work and office organization, W. J. Mathews, chief clerk, Q.M.C.; instructor in Q.M. property and property accountability, H. Nichols, chief clerk, Q.M.C.; instructor in contracts, leases, bonds, papers pertaining to barracks and quarters, C. Dougherty, clerk, Q.M.C., instructor in transportation work and papers, S. E. Pateman, clerk, Q.M.C.; instructor in subsistence supplies and papers, George Pulsifer, post commissary sergeant, retired; instructor in clothing, requisitions, issues and supplies, Vorne C. Carr, Q.M. sergeant, Q.M.C.; instructor in general military information, deportment, military courtesies, etc., John Lightburn, sergeant overseer, Q.M.C.

The following are announced as students:

Sergt. 1st class clerks, John Hawley, E.R.C., Arthur T. Giesing, Q.M.C., James H. Locker, Louis L. Menne and Thomas H. Brading, E.R.C.; Sergt. Clerks Edward P. Barry, Walter C. Armbruster, Erl C. Henning, Francis S. Kelly, John M. Buckley, E.R.C., Perry H. Cuffel, Max Agor, George D. Westergard, Charles B. Edwards and Jay Allen Fox, Q.M.C.; Sergt. Overseers Otto W. Coffelt and William Huser, Q.M.C.; Corp. Clerks, Roy Mosher, Danielson and John M. Hackett; Corp. Farrier Harvey T. Adams; Pvts. Byron M. Abbott, James T. Logan, Alexander Etreibig, Donald S. Hudson, James Conway, Avery C. Justus, Fernand M. Lefevre, Homer Bogges, Hiram Gorman, Harry Hafz, Arlin D. Jent, Arthur Mash, Roy Brown.

#### U.S. SEAMEN LOST ON MOTANO.

The loss of the American steamer Motano, with sixteen members of her crew and eight seamen of the U.S. Navy armed guard on board, was reported to the State Department on Aug. 4. The vessel was torpedoed without warning on July 31, sinking in one minute, according to the official report. The Navy Department made public the following list of those saved and missing of the Navy guard's roster:

**Saved:** Columbus Ray Garrison, chief boatswain's mate, Cincinnati, Ohio; Charles Luther Beckwith, gunner's mate, second class, Martinsburg, W. Va.; Harold Curtis Holcomb, seaman, second class, Redlands, Cal.; Jesse Gregory Hanley, seaman, second class, Neptune, Tenn.; Clyde Julian Hamner, seaman, second class, Nettleton, Ark.

**Missing:** Albert Henry Vogel, seaman, second class,

Baltimore, Md.; Don Walton Barmore, seaman, New York, N.Y.; Joseph Frank Carlin, coxswain, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Andrew Lawrence, Maltby, Pa.; Cornelius Oliver Torjusen, Pascagoula, Miss.; James Anthony Sokel, Chatswood, Ill.; William Whelan, Orangeburg, N.Y.; Sidney Horwig, New York, N.Y.; all seamen, second class.

#### MEDICAL NON-COMS. AND RESERVISTS.

"It has been observed with growing concern that many men are being enlisted in the Enlisted Reserve Corps in the grades of sergeant, sergeant, first class, and master hospital sergeant, receiving pay and allowances corresponding to the same grades in the Regular establishment," writes a non-commissioned officer of long service in the Army Medical Department. "For example, a young man from civil life, formerly a pharmacist in a National Soldier's Home, was enlisted in the grade of master hospital sergeant. He is later transferred to the Regular establishment, making his status permanent. He is a master hospital sergeant; the ranking non-commissioned officer in his particular arm and one of the highest ranking non-coms. in the Army. Upon investigation it develops that the only thing he can do is to work in the dispensary of the hospital. He receives \$75 per month with quarters and other allowances, while other less fortunate men who are engaged in the same work are receiving \$18 per month. Yet he is absolutely ignorant of the Service and its customs, and the regulations which govern it. How is it possible for this man intelligently to perform the various duties incident to his position when he has had absolutely no preliminary training, unless perchance he has been in the Service before?

"This is a gross injustice to the older men of the Service. It is contrary to the spirit of fair play, a tradition cherished by the Army for these many years. As conditions exist at present it would seem that good men, men who have attained their position by hard work and faithful service, and long years of service and training, are no longer desired. I know another man in the Medical Department (enlisted) who possesses a degree from the U. of P. (M.D.). He enlisted as a private and after seven months of hard grind was promoted to private, first-class, with an increase, making his salary \$18 plus the added increase now allowed during the period of emergency. On the other hand, we have a master hospital sergeant, fresh from civil life, without even the seven months training, with a base pay of \$75 plus the increase, and he gets this for the same class of work. The extremes are noticeable, indeed.

"The Medical Department as well as the other departments of the Service are woefully in need of trained and efficient men but this offers no logical reason why pharmacists and the like should be enlisted in senior grades without even a preliminary examination, where the Regular must undergo a stringent examination and then his chances for the senior grade are small. Is it not evident that the old sergeant, first-class, is not getting a square deal, when a novice comes into the Service two grades his senior, and enjoys privileges that were formerly his, and even makes him withdraw from quarters he occupies, with probably a family to care for? I would suggest that men enlisted in the Reserve Corps be enlisted in the junior grades, unless their fitness can be demonstrated in a practical way. Surely such men should serve an apprenticeship before assuming the graver responsibilities of a master hospital sergeant, which, in my opinion, is a big job."

#### A PHILIPPINE SCOUT CORPS.

To THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

At the present time when Regular Army men are so badly needed in the United States for organizing, equipping and training our increased Army, the following suggestion is offered for consideration:

Organize a Philippine Scout Quartermaster Corps in the Philippine Islands to replace the present American Q.M. Corps men so that these will be available for duty in the United States. There are at the present time sergeants major, band leaders, supply sergeants, first sergeants, company clerks and artificers in the Scout organizations performing the same duties as the same grades in the American organizations. It would seem that men of the Scouts could also be found who would be able to do the same work as quartermaster sergeants, sergeants, corporals, and privates of the present Q.M. Corps on duty in Scout posts.

There are among the Philippine Scout soldiers many good clerks, storekeepers, checkers, carpenters, bakers, painters, teamsters, etc., who I believe could easily do the work and would be glad of the opportunity to enter a Philippine Scout Q.M. Corps. It would also be cheaper, as the Scout enlisted man can be obtained for the same pay in Philippine currency as the American can be obtained for in United States currency, or one-half of the present cost.

QUARTERMASTER SERGEANT, Q.M. CORPS.

#### TRAINING FOR MEDICAL NON-COMS.

To THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

In a recent number of the JOURNAL an article appeared in reference to the establishment of the new Sanitary Corps in connection with the Medical Department of the Army. This seems a step in the right direction and together with the training now being received by the Medical Reserve Corps should give to the Army an additional number of trained officers to assist in the administration of the Medical Department at the mobilization camps.

But in spite of this there seems to me to be a crying need of experienced non-commissioned officers which is not being filled. If it is hard to get physicians it is going to be harder to secure trained members of the Hospital Corps, because in the latter case it is usually necessary to give them all their training after enlistment. I speak feelingly because I appreciate how easily a M.R.C. officer can carry on the routine of his detachment if he has a trained office force. If a training camp were established for non-commissioned officers of the Medical Department Reserve, it would be possible to recruit for such a camp a number of high grade men, who, given the same course of training as is now being given to physicians, would be as well trained in Drill and Army Regulations, Manual of the Medical Department, mess management, clerical work and accounts, as will be the majority of the members of the M.R.C. In addition they could have a fairly satisfactory course in first-aid, materia medica, nursing and operating room technique. Given a staff well trained in administration work the medical officer could devote most of his time to the

care of the sick and in instruction in the more strictly medical duties.

This is not a plea to relieve the medical officer of a complete understanding of his duties or responsibilities, but to relieve him of a vast amount of work necessary to correct mistakes by partially trained office help and to allow him to devote more time to sanitation and care of the sick. I have applications made to me daily by pharmacists, bacteriologists, chemists and others, many of them college graduates, who would gladly enlist in the E.R.C. if such a school were established. For the benefit of members of the medical profession, who are making sacrifices to give their services to the Army, some attempt should be made to give them, in so far as it is possible, a trained force of office assistants.

A. C. BURNHAM,  
1st Lieut., M.R.C.

#### RETURN OF CHAPEL FUND SUBSCRIPTION.

Fort Rosecrans, Cal.

To THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

During 1913, while in the Philippine Islands, I applied for permission to build a chapel at Fort McKinley and collected funds for this purpose. The project was met with very strong approval and was favorably indorsed by the post commander and by the district commander, but was disapproved by the department commander and by the War Department.

On being ordered to a home station, I took measures to return the money to the donors, most of whom resided in the United States. When I informed my commanding officer of what I intended to do, he advised against it very strongly and suggested that the money be used here for a similar purpose and that I apply for permission to build a chapel in the coast defenses of San Francisco. I then applied for permission to build a chapel at Fort Scott, Cal. The application was favorably indorsed by the coast defense commander, by the department commander, and by the War Department. A site was selected by the coast defense commander, at Fort Scott, and approved by the Artillery Engineer; and plans for the building were drawn by a Mr. Polk, of San Francisco, who also furnished copies of plans and specifications, without any charge, and agreed to give the matter his personal attention until the building was finished.

After the arrival of a new department commander, the matter was again taken up with the War Department; the project had to be abandoned and the money which had been collected was ordered returned. Most of the money was received from civilians. Some amounts came from enlisted men and officers of the Army. I am now engaged in the work of returning this money. If your paper will kindly publish this letter, it will acquaint those who were interested in the matter of the reasons why the chapel money was never used for the building of a chapel and must be returned and will also assist me to find all of the donors.

Therefore, through your paper, I request that if there be any members of the Army who have changed station or been transferred to other organizations, since the time of their contribution, to furnish me with information as to their present station, as soon as convenient, that I may return their respective donation immediately.

EDWARD F. BROPHY, Chaplain, U.S.A.

#### SANITARY CORPS COMMISSIONS.

To THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

There has been much unofficial talk concerning a contemplated Sanitary Corps of the Medical Department, to be officiated by commission from the enlisted men, Medical Department. Although no official announcement has been made of such a plan, many medical officers advised non-commissioned officers who intended accepting commissions in the National Guard and others studying for Regular commissions, to withdraw such intentions, as their own department would see that they were given something better. While no specific mention was made of commissions, a large majority withdrew their applications and are now looking to the Medical Department to reward them for their faithfulness in sticking to it.

If the Sanitary Corps is a reality and the non-commissioned officers of experience and ability are commissioned in it with duties as executive or supply officers, commanders of ambulance companies, charge of medical stores, etc., where an officer would have to lay aside his medical library and take up his Army Regulations and the manuals, the Service would be at an advantage. Doctors would be practicing medicine and surgery all the time instead of taking so much time for other duties.

The Medical Department and other non-coms., speaking for the majority, are at the top of efficiency, and that is what will count in the present crisis. Take, for example, the non-coms. recently commissioned in the Q.M. Corps, from their own department; every man is experienced and the Service has profited tenfold. The same would apply to the Medical Department; the non-coms., although not doctors, know enough of medicine and surgery to render necessary aid in the absence of a doctor, and still more, they must know the clerical work of the Army. Would not these men—if commissioned in the Medical Department—relieve medical officers of work which deprives them of the practice of medicine sometimes for years?

Take other work off our medical officers' hands and it will tend to improve their professional work. If the Sanitary Corps or whatever it may be called is not a reality, it should be. A better and more efficient Medical Corps and Medical Department would result.

SULLY.

The cantonment of the 13th Division, National Army, at Des Moines, Iowa, and known as Camp Dodge, covers a tract about two and one half miles wide and five and one half miles long, with an artillery range extending six miles with a width of about one half mile. Most of it has been used for farming purposes. Several thousand workmen are engaged in clearing ground, erecting buildings, etc., so as to have it ready by Sept. 1. Major M. A. Butler, Q.M.O.R.C., is in charge of construction for the Government, assisted by Capt. J. C. Kay, Q.M. Corps, U.S.A., and a number of subordinate officers and men. Camp plans call for 243 company barracks. Other buildings to be erected include from fifteen to twenty supply depots; officers' quarters; five or ten airplane hangars; stables for more than 5,000 horses and mules, and various other minor establishments. There will be eleven miles of paved street within the camp, connecting with county roads and city streets which are being improved. The local street railway company says it will have adequate facilities to handle the passengers between the camp and Des Moines, and freight will be handled principally from Granger, a small town five miles beyond the camp.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR IN EUROPE.  
(Summarized from reports Aug. 3-9).

## THE WESTERN THEATER OF WAR.

After a week of delay caused by the heavy rainfall that followed the attack of July 31, the French and British have renewed their latest offensive in the region of Ypres, while the Canadian contingent before Lens, by a series of local advances in the outskirts of that city, have notably advanced the operations for its capture.

The chief turn to military events last week was given by the weather, a factor with which the warfare of the day has not yet found the means to deal, yet which, on account of the unprecedented incumbrance of matériel that marks the operations in the West, is constantly liable to exert a paralyzing influence on operations at critical moments. The country beyond Ypres, the plain of Flanders, lies in a great part so flat as to retard the drainage of a heavy rainfall. The wet weather that set in on the day after the initial assaults of last week persisted during the first four days of August. Its effect promised to be comparable to that of the downpour that preceded the battle of Waterloo, and caused a fatal delay in the plans of Napoleon. The ground was too soft for the ready movement of guns and ammunition supplies needed to keep pace with the French and British frontal gains. The existing trenches were in great part flooded, according to dispatches; the difficulty of constructing or repairing shelter for the troops holding the new allied front left the lines particularly open to attack. All serious attempt at further advance, following the capture of Steenstraete, Hollebeke and St. Julien yielded place to the pre-occupation as to how to hold the territory already gained against counter-attacks.

Crown Prince Rupprecht's men, after their recapture of St. Julien and their advance along the Ypres-Roulers railway, recounted in last week's review, failed to press their counter-attacks with the required vigor. It is not unlikely that the same conditions of ground which checked their opponents interfered with the Germans' own offensive plans. They endeavored to mass a body of infantry on Aug. 2 for a further effort along this railway, but gave up the attempt under a bitter fire from the British guns. At the same time the British forced their way back into St. Julien village, while farther west, the French and British at their point of junction advanced slightly in the locality of the Kortekker Inn and the French pushed forward between Steenstraete and Woumen villages. Only on Aug. 5 were the German troops ready to develop further counter-attacks. Early in the morning they struck on the right of the British attacking front, well south of Ypres. Attacking on both sides of the Ypres-Comines Canal they took some territory from the British and fought their way into Hollebeke. In neither case were they able to hold the ground gained against the prompt counter-attacks of the British. Hollebeke returned into British possession. Again, in the night of Aug. 5, they tried to break into the British lines at Hollebeke and at Westhoek, failing in both places. At Westhoek they developed an artillery fire of great intensity, without, however, obtaining the necessary fire superiority over the British guns that had been massed in this part of the front during the preceding weeks. On Aug. 5 the Allied airplanes, thanks to an improvement in the weather, were able to resume their work of fire direction and reconnaissance. The British and French during the following day resumed the steady pounding of the Ypres front. The cannonade again rose to such intensity that the vibration, as in the closing days of July, could be felt in London. The German artillery responded, chiefly in the neighborhood of Westhoek and of the Ypres-Staden railway, where the Germans had seemingly concentrated their efforts to create an artillery defense. Staden and more particularly Roulers, at the German rear, are thought to constitute the vital point in the defensive system between the Lys river and the Flemish coast.

The effort to protect these points by the defensive use of artillery is a notable development in German defensive tactics in the West, and contrasts with the employment of heavy forces of infantry, which characterized the German stand west of Arras in June, on the Scarpe river. As the infantry method proved successful at that time, in checking the British advance on Cambrai, the question naturally arises why the main reliance should not again have been placed on infantry to hold back the Allies in the Flanders offensive. At no point in the latest operation, indeed, do the Entente reports tell of encountering any such great masses of troops as were engaged by the British on the Arras-Cambrai road. The fact suggests the possibility that the German forces, in point of numbers may have proved inadequate to deal with the offensive by infantry tactics on the extended offensive front, without such withdrawals of men as would seriously compromise the German plans at other points.

On Aug. 7 and 8 heavy artillery fire and reconnaissances from Lombartzide furnished the preliminaries to a possible British effort to regain the strip of coast at the mouth of the Yser, opposite Nieuport, where the British were ejected on July 10.

The renewed progress of the Canadians at Lens supplies evidence of some numerical insufficiency on the German side at that point at least. On Aug. 4, after a two weeks' interval of relative quiet, the Canadian outpost line west of Lens, at the Côte du Moulin, was suddenly thrown forward for 200 yards on a front of three-quarters of a mile without encountering heavy resistance. The new line thus established passed within 1,000 yards of the center of the city of Lens. No German counter-attack followed the success, and on the 6th the Canadian troops were able to make a similar advance of equal depth on a front of 600 yards, adjoining the previous advance on the right. Save for a small attack, driving the Canadians out of an advanced crater position, the Lens force confined its efforts to an intensified artillery fire. On the night of Aug. 8 the Canadians, without attempting any general attack, again thrust forth their raiding parties feeling their way to slight gains on the southern and western outskirts.

On the Aisne front and the Champagne heights the stubborn offensives of the Germans have been relaxed. During the first eight days of August no attack was made on the French line upon the Chemin des Dames ridge, in particular, that could compare in violence with those of the several preceding weeks. At Cerny on Aug. 2, according to Berlin, the Germans regained the southern entrance of the tunnel which had formerly constituted an important element of their defensive position, but Paris reports that the attack in this locality was completely repulsed. Two further attacks, east of Cerny, on Aug. 4 were repulsed by the French barrage fire. In Champagne the French resumed the offensive on Aug. 6, raiding the opposing trenches at three points, while the Germans restricted their activity to artillery fire. The French carried out a surprise attack in the Argonne region, where the situation has been quiet for many weeks. Apart from scattered minor attacks, the German

forces in eastern France attempted no operation except on the Verdun front. Here they again attacked the French positions in the region of Avocourt and Hill 304 on Aug. 3 and 6 without success. On the night of Aug. 7 German detachments again made inadequate attempts to reach the Chemin des Dames position east of Vauxillon and west of the Calonne Plateau.

## THE RUSSIAN THEATER OF WAR.

The Teuton pursuit of the Russian armies of Galicia has halted at the Russian border along the Zbrocz river, but farther south in Bukowina and in Moldavia Teuton forces are advancing, and threatens to overrun the part of Moldavia lying west of the River Sereth. While a more warlike attitude is displayed by the Russian forces on the Zbrocz, who have halted their retreat, the improvement seems largely due to the fact that the Teutons have ceased to pursue. In Bukowina and Moldavia the Russians have as yet failed to check their opponents and continue to withdraw while fighting rear guard engagements.

The halt of the Teutons on the Zbrocz river may be explained on political grounds, in part. The policy of Germany has been to seek peace with the new Russian government on the basis of "no annexation." In driving the Russians out of Galicia the Teutons were simply recovering territory which their adversaries had conquered. To occupy Russian territory at a new point on the Galician frontier would be to rouse the Russians to a new ardor of national defense, which in turn would be contrary to the German intention to seek peace on the eastern front. The military objects to be gained by the advance would not apparently be such as greatly to alter the strategic situation on the eastern front since the Russians would have ample territory in which to fall back without yielding any places of essential importance. On reaching the Zbrocz the Teuton advance troops crossed the river without serious opposition last week at several points between Hutsynt and the river's mouth. In the first few days of August, however, those advanced detachments were drawn back to the Galician bank of the stream. Petrograd, Aug. 4, announced that the entire Russian bank of the Zbrocz had been cleared of Teutons, and treated the event as a military success. The Russians, however, announced the capture of only forty-three prisoners in the operation, and the smallness of the captures indicates that the Teuton retirement was voluntary rather than forced.

In the meantime the Russian retirement in Bukowina continued its previous course, parallel to the south bank of the Dniester river. On Aug. 3 the Russians abandoned Czernowitz, the eastermost of the larger cities of the province, blowing up the bridge across the Pruth river. In the meantime, on the mountain border of Bukowina and Moldavia, south of the area of retirement, another Teuton force came into action south of the headwaters of the Sereth. Advancing eastward in the Sereth valley, this force drove the opposing Russians back eastward in the direction of Kimpolung in a series of partial engagements.

While the Teutons were thus establishing themselves on the upper Sereth Mackensen's army in lower Moldavia, more than 100 miles to the south, started a northward movement from the neighborhood of Focani, captured in the previous winter. Advancing from Focani up the left bank of the lower Sereth this force threatened to close in upon General Averescu's Rumanian force from one side, while the Teutons on the upper portion of the river approached him from the other. The Rumanian troops meantime engaged in fruitless efforts to follow up their success of the previous week on the Carpathian frontier. Their attacks on Kasinului were beaten off and their position west of the middle Sereth was seriously menaced.

On Aug. 8 the Russian statement on the Zbrocz river reported a farther gain of ground at the river's confluence with the Dniester. The advance was reported as the result of an energetic Russian attack, which yielded about 300 prisoners and put the Russians in possession of the villages of Basychkovoy and Wygoda. The change of position seems to have been part of the German plan, already noted to halt for the present on the Galician border. Between Brody and Zbaraz, to the north of the recent Galician battleground, the Russian front till includes a strip of Austrian territory some thirty miles long and somewhat over five miles broad at the widest point. Near Brody and Zbaraz the Teutons delivered local attacks on Aug. 7, which were repulsed, according to Petrograd.

## ITALY, SERBIA, TURKEY.

Apart from an attack on an Italian post on Mt. Rombon in the Julian Alps (Italian northeastern front) on Aug. 3 and an attack at the same date on Vertoiba (Carso front) the lines along the Italian border were quiet, so far as infantry action was concerned. The Italian command has not struck any blow that might serve as a division in the Russians' favor by creating a need for Austrian forces otherwise available on the Galician and Rumanian fronts. The Italians contended themselves with a counter-attack neutralizing the Austrian stroke at Mt. Rombon, and with two aerial raids on the Austrian naval base of Pola. The airplanes flew over Pola on the nights of Aug. 2 and 3, each dropping eight bombs and causing a number of fires among the structures about Pola arsenal.

In Macedonia the hostile activity on both sides was virtually suspended.

A report has reached Italy of German preparations in progress for an expedition to recover Bagdad from the British in the coming autumn. The report states that General von Falkenhayn is now in Constantinople and has command of the force now forming, to be composed of Turkish troops lately in Dobrudja and Thrace with Austrian heavy field artillery and German officers.

## NOTES OF THE WAR.

The Japanese Admiralty on Aug. 6 denied Japan would take further steps to co-operate with the Allies in the Mediterranean. Further Japanese assistance is not needed, it was stated.

The Canadian Conscription bill passed the third reading in the Senate at Ottawa on Aug. 8, and will become law after the formalities of royal assent and Government proclamation. The date on which the first class (single men between the ages of twenty and thirty-two years) will be called is to be fixed as soon as tribunals are created to pass upon application for exemption. The authorities expect to have the 100,000 men sought by the bill in training this autumn.

The weekly statement of the British Admiralty concerning losses of merchantment issued Aug. 8 reads: "For the week ending Aug. 5: Arrivals of all nationalities over 100 tons, 2,673; sailings, 2,796. British merchantmen sunk by mine or submarine, over 1,600 tons, twenty-one, including two the week ending July 29; under 1,600 tons, two. Fishing vessels sunk, none. British vessels unsuccessfully attacked, 13, including one

the week ending July 22 and two the week ending July 29."

The weekly official report of French shipping losses issued Aug. 9 shows that four vessels of 1,600 tons or more were sunk and two vessels of less. Six merchantmen were attacked unsuccessfully by submarines. During the week 948 vessels of all nationalities entered the French ports and 934 sailed. Italian losses comprised two steamers and one small sailing vessel. In the week 487 vessels of a gross tonnage of 355,175 entered Italian ports and 422 vessels of 337,130 tons sailed.

That the latest German U-boats carry two 5.9-inch long-range rifles mounted permanently on deck is a statement made by the Scientific American. It adds, "they are heavily coated with grease and no attempt is made to slide them down into a hatch-covered recess before submerging." It would appear, if this is true, that the rifling of the guns would not "stand up" very long under such treatment.

Nothing has been heard for some months of the several German sea raiders which managed to slip past the British blockade as disguised merchantmen, in 1916 and early in 1917, and destroyed shipping on the high seas. It is believed that all of the raiders have either been sunk or captured, especially as the German Admiralty has not announced the return home of any raider, as they proudly did when the Moewe returned safely to a German port from her cruise. That there is good reason to believe that the others of the raiders have been destroyed is shown by the statement made in the House of Commons on Aug. 8 by Thomas J. MacNamara, Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty. In reply to a question he stated that the British Admiralty was "not without knowledge of the movements or fate of these vessels." Mr. MacNamara emphasized the word "fate," but said it was obvious that to disclose what was known or unknown would be valuable to the enemy. It was not considered in the public interest, therefore, to reply more fully.

## ARMY ITEMS.

Col. James B. Houston, Q.M.C., has reported at San Francisco, Cal., for duty as quartermaster of the Western Division.

The 8th U.S. Infantry, Col. Benjamin A. Poore, has been ordered from the Philippines to the United States. The regiment will, it is expected, be in the United States in September.

While student officers from the training camp at Fort McPherson, Ga., were practicing with field pieces using service charges at Marietta, on Aug. 8, one of the shells struck the side of Mount Kennesaw, then ricocheted, killing three persons and wounding two. Mrs. Seth Harris, white, about fifty-five years old, and the fifteen-year-old son of Jim Holloman, a negro, were also killed. Jim Holloman had both legs torn from body, one arm severed, and was badly cut about face and head; Jim Coleman was badly cut about body, but has a chance to recover. The squad in charge of the gun was located on the north side of the mountain and it was believed was entirely out of range of any inhabitants of this section. It was some time after the shell, which was of the compression type shrapnel, had been fired before it was known that a fatal accident had occurred. The students then rendered every assistance in their power to the injured.

Harry C. Gilbert, of Washington, D.C., the first man to be accepted for the National Army under the draft registration, will not be a member of that organization, as his nomination for appointment in the Regular Army as a provisional second lieutenant of Cavalry, as a result of the examination of last April, went to the Senate on Aug. 1, as announced in this paper Aug. 4.

Temporary second lieutenants of Cavalry, Peter Lang, James C. Ward and Harry W. Joyce, having been ordered to Madison Barracks, N.Y., are assigned to duty with Troop No. 1, 3d Provisional Training Regiment. They will be rated by a board according to their qualifications and recommended for the staff duties for which the board deems them best suited.

The following temporary second lieutenants of Field Artillery, recently appointed from non-commissioned officers of the Regular Army, are assigned to duty at the Reserve Officers training camp at Madison Barracks, N.Y.: William H. Platt, appointed from battalion S.M.; John E. McGlothan, appointed from color sergeant; Arthur B. Fleming, appointed from sergeant headquarters company; George M. Cale, appointed from sergeant; Van H. Parker, appointed from battalion S.M. As far as practicable these officers have been selected according to their apparent qualifications for appointment in the National Army as regimental staff officers (regimental or battalion adjutants or supply officers) machine-gun experts or company officers.

The Engineer depot at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, has been furnished with a supply of night visible marching compasses, which are to replace the old style watch compasses heretofore issued to troops provided with unit accountability equipment.

A saddler's chest has been added to all pack outfits for the Maxim automatic machine guns and the Benét-Mercier machine rifles for the purpose of carrying the set of saddlers' tools in the pack outfit referred to. This chest is to be furnished so that the tools in question can be properly cared for, and is to be carried in the combat wagon pertaining to the machine gun companies or troops mentioned.

One spare mule will be supplied by the Quartermaster Corps of the Army for each eight pack mules, and major fraction thereof, issued to organizations of the Army. Spare pack mules equipped by the Ordnance Department will be supplied with aparejo, corona, crupper, sobrejaima, halter bridle, saddle blanket and aparejo cincha.

The American Lake camp has its first "newspaper." It is called "The Spiker" and is published by the enlisted men of the 8th Reserve Engineers, commanded by Col. J. B. Cavanaugh, U.S.A. In an editorial announcement it is stated that the staff aims to produce four numbers before the regiment leaves American Lake to make enough money thereby to "purchase the smallest, not the largest newspaper printing plant ever assembled. It will consist of a multigraph machine and a typewriter. We thus, circumstances permitting, hope to continue the publication abroad."

Major J. E. Goldthwait, Med. Res. Corps, U.S.A., has returned to the United States from England. Major Goldthwait had been chiefly in London and other big cities where there are base hospitals, instructing younger surgeons in treating injured bones. An average of 1,000 out of every 1,350 wounded men recover, he said, and are capable of resuming their duties at the front as efficiently as if they had not been injured.

## PROMOTIONS AND RETIREMENTS.

Col. James M. Arrasmith, 50th U.S. Inf., was retired on July 28, 1917, upon his own application, after more than forty-two years service. He was born in Iowa, Dec. 10, 1855, and entered the Army as a private in Co. B, 4th Cav., May 3, 1872, and rose to the rank of corporal and sergeant on his first enlistment. He enlisted again on July 22, 1880, as a private in the 7th Cavalry, and was commissioned a second lieutenant in the 2d Infantry on July 3, 1883. He was promoted a first lieutenant in the 8th Infantry in 1891, and the same year was transferred to the 2d Infantry. He was promoted to captain in 1898, in which capacity he served with the 13th and 18th Infantry. He was promoted major, 15th Infantry, in 1906, lieutenant colonel in 1912, and the same year he was assigned to the 6th Infantry. He was transferred to the 8th Infantry in 1915. He was promoted colonel in June, 1916. Colonel Arrasmith, during the war with Spain, served as major and chief commissary of Volunteers. He is a graduate of the Infantry and Cavalry School.

Lieut. Col. Charles Young, 10th U.S. Cav., a colored officer and a graduate of the U.S.M.A., Class of 1889, having been examined for promotion and found physically disqualified for the duties of a colonel by reason of disability incident to the Service, his retirement as a colonel was announced on July 30, to date from June 22, 1917, the date upon which he would have been promoted to that grade by reason of seniority if found qualified. He was the first colored officer to reach the rank of major in the Army. He was born in Kentucky in 1863, was appointed to the U.S.M.A. in 1884, was graduated in August, 1889, and was assigned as an additional 2d lieutenant to the 10th Cavalry. He was later transferred to the 25th Infantry and 9th Cavalry. He was promoted to first lieutenant and assigned to the 7th Cavalry in 1894. He was again transferred to the 9th Cavalry in 1897. At the outbreak of the war with Spain he was appointed a major in the 9th Ohio Colored Infantry, where he served until January, 1899. He was promoted to captain in 1901, major in 1912, and lieutenant colonel in 1916. Colonel Young has been mostly attached to colored regiments. He was military attaché at the American Legation at Port au Prince, Haiti, and served for some time at the American Legation at Monrovia, Liberia. At the request of the Liberian government he was permitted to assist in the organization and instruction of the army of that country. While he was on duty in Liberia he subdued wild tribes in the interior for the Liberian government. During this campaign he was wounded in the arm.

Chaplain Halsey C. Gavit, 1st U.S. Cav., was retired from active service on Aug. 1, 1917. He was born in Ohio Aug. 1, 1853, and entered the Army as a post chaplain, March 2, 1898.

## RECENT DEATHS.

We mentioned briefly in our last issue just before going to press, the death of Major Gen. John F. Weston, U.S.A., retired, who died at Ossining Hospital, near his residence, Briarcliff Manor, N.Y., on Aug. 3, 1917. General Weston had a distinguished record of service, which began in the Civil War in November, 1861, when he was appointed a first lieutenant, 4th Kentucky Cavalry. He was awarded a medal of honor for gallantry at Wetumpka, Ala., in 1865, while serving as a major of the 4th Kentucky Cavalry. General Weston was born in Kentucky, November 13, 1845, and entered the Army as a second Lieutenant of the 7th Cavalry Aug. 9, 1867. He was appointed captain and commissary of subsistence in 1875, and rose to the rank of brigadier general and commissary general in 1898. He was appointed major general in 1905, and was retired in 1909 for age. During the war with Spain General Weston served as a brigadier general of Volunteers. While at Lebanon, Tenn., in May, 1862, his horse was shot under him, but he mounted another and continued the pursuit of General Morgan's command to the Cumberland river. In April, 1864, while in command of 200 cavalry, he forced a crossing of the Coosa river. He had a number of engagements between the Coosa and Tallapoosa rivers. He captured a small fleet of steamers loaded with Confederate supplies for General Forrest's command, which he took to Montgomery, Ala. General Weston was with General Sully's expedition, south of the Arkansas river, in October and November, 1868, and he was in Sheridan's expedition against the Cheyennes in the Indian Territory in December, 1868, and January, 1869. He was also with Custer's expedition against the Cheyennes in 1869. From 1884 until 1888 he was with Generals Crook and Miles in the expeditions into old Mexico, and the campaigns against the Apaches under Geronimo in New Mexico and Arizona. General Weston, when he was appointed a major general in 1915, was placed in command of the Northern Division, with headquarters at St. Louis. Later he was placed in command of the Department of Luzon, in the Philippines, and succeeded Major Gen. Leonard Wood in command of the Philippines Division in 1907. General Weston married Miss Sally Garvin, of Louisville. Mrs. Weston and two daughters, the Misses Kathleen and Marie, survive him.

Col. Frederick Grady Hodgson, U.S.A., retired, died at Washington, D.C., Aug. 5, 1917. For some years past, Colonel Hodgson had been a patient sufferer from a serious affection of the heart; yet, when war was declared he promptly offered his services and was placed on duty with one of the important committees operating under the Council of National Defense. His death at this time is one of the sacrifices of war quite as much as if he had been called beyond from the firing line in France. Colonel Hodgson entered the Military Academy at West Point from Georgia and was graduated with the class of 1881. He was assigned to the 6th Cavalry and joined the regiment then in the field against Apaches in Arizona. He continued with that regiment during the Geronimo campaign on the Mexican border and was adjutant of the regiment during the Pine Ridge outbreak on the northern plains, the last of our Indians wars. He was appointed a captain in the Quartermaster Department in 1894 and rose to the grade of colonel prior to his retirement in 1913 for disability in the line of duty. He leaves a widow, Ida Cotrell Hodgson, sister of the wife of General Thomas Cruse, Q.M. Corps. "He was a self-respecting, dignified and modest man of acknowledged worth," writes an old friend, "who always had the confidence of those associated with him whether as superiors or inferiors in

rank. His passing will leave a void in the lives of those surviving who were honored with his friendship."

Col. John W. Donnellan, U.S.V., a veteran of the Civil War, who had reached his 76th year, died July 26, 1917, in Sacramento, Cal., after a lingering illness. He had been a resident of Sacramento for the past fourteen years, and had many friends in the Army. He was a member of the Ohio Commandery of the M.O.L.L.U.S. A wife, Mrs. Marion J. Donnellan, and two sons, John T. and Kenneth, two daughters, Olive Donnellan and Mrs. M. N. Falls, wife of Major Moor N. Falls, U.S. Inf., now in France, survive him. During the Civil War Colonel Donnellan rose from the rank of a private in the Ohio Volunteers to that of a lieutenant colonel. He was once treasurer of the territory of Wyoming, and also engaged in the banking business at Laramie, and later followed the same work at Salt Lake City, where he also acted as chancellor of the University of Utah for a time. He once served as department commander of the Grand Army of the Republic for the department of Colorado and Wyoming.

The funeral of Chaplain Albert J. Bader, U.S.A., retired, who died in New York city Aug. 2, 1917, from the effects of the heat, was held on Aug. 4 in the Church of the Immaculate Conception, 155th street and Melrose avenue. His brother, the Rev. Father Francis X. Bader, rector of the church, was celebrant of the solemn high requiem mass. Hundreds of persons viewed the body, which lay in state in the rectory. As Father Bader had served as chaplain in the 12th N.Y. Infantry, in 1898-99, a guard composed of members of Company L, under command of Capt. John J. Dean, marched to the church and accompanied the body to Calvary Cemetery. They were followed in the procession by a delegation of Manhattan Camp Spanish-American war veterans, commanded by Lieut. Col. William E. Downs, of the 12th N.Y. Several monsignors, two bishops, and forty-two priests, were among those present. Chaplain Bader, who was most highly esteemed, was born in New York Sept. 24, 1859. He served in the 12th N.Y. from Sept. 17, 1898 to April 20, 1899, and accepted a chaplaincy in the U.S. Army in May, 1901. He served with the 8th Cavalry and 9th Infantry, and was retired for disability in the line of duty Sept. 16, 1912.

Major William Hoffman, U.S.A., retired, shot and killed his wife and himself on Aug. 4, 1917, in the Hoffman home in the Mattapan section of Boston, Mass. Police officials were unable to determine the reason for the act. Mrs. Hoffman was a second wife. Friends of the two said that Major Hoffman had been in ill health recently, and being of German parentage, he became greatly depressed when the United States was forced to take up arms against Germany. Two notes written by Major Hoffman were found in the house. One was addressed to a brother in the Signal Corps at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, and read: "Wife and I go together. She has no one else and could not live." The other requested a brother in Maine to take charge of the house. Major Hoffman, who was born in Maine Feb. 18, 1839, was a veteran of the Civil War. He served in the 5th and 13th N.Y. Volunteers, and entered the U.S. Army as a second lieutenant, 11th Infantry, May 11, 1866. He later served in the 29th and 11th Infantry and was retired as a captain June 8, 1894, for disability in the line of duty. He was advanced to major on the retired list in 1904.

Ex-Major George F. Demarest, of the 22d N.Y.N.G., died in his home, at Sound Beach, Conn., Aug. 8, 1917, after an illness of one year. Major Demarest was born in New York city seventy years ago and was graduated from City College in 1870. He enlisted in Company A, 22d Inf., N.Y.N.G. He leaves his wife, two sons and three daughters.

Roy B. Staver died at Roosevelt Hospital, New York, on July 31, 1917, at the age of thirty-four, following an operation. He was born in Wisconsin, and was graduated from West Point No. 25 in the Class of 1917. He served as second and first Lieutenant, 1st and 5th United States Field Artillery until July 24, 1910, when his resignation was accepted. He served in the Illinois Field Artillery from August 1911, to November, 1913. He organized and commanded the 3d Squadron, 1st Illinois Cavalry from November, 1913, to June, 1915. He organized and commanded Battery "C," 1st Illinois Field Art., from June, 1915, to July, 1916. He served as captain and Regimental Adjutant of the First Illinois Field Artillery in the Federal service from June 9, 1916, to Oct. 31, 1916, on the Mexican border. He resigned from the Illinois National Guard on Nov. 18, 1916. At the time of his death he was serving as 1st Sergeant in Company 4, New York Division, Plattsburgh Reserve Officers' training camp, Plattsburgh, N.Y. For several weeks he had suffered from the trouble which caused his death, but resolutely refused to abandon his work. His regimental commander, when apprised of his death, said: "Staver was a thoroughly trained officer ready now to efficiently command a battery, battalion, or regiment. He didn't have to come. He might, by staying at home, have lived many years." Mr. Staver leaves a widow and daughter ten months old. In announcing the death of Captain Staver, Col. Henry J. Reilly, 1st Ill. Field Art., under date of Aug. 3, 1917, in general orders, says, in part: "At the time of his death, he was just about to complete the course at the officers' training camp at Plattsburgh, N.Y. Captain Staver leaves a wife and daughter to whom the regiment extends its most sincere sympathy, while at the same time expressing its great regret that the Army should lose the services of such an officer, particularly at this time."

Mrs. Pamela Woolverton Usher, widow of Mr. Nathaniel Usher, of Vincennes, Ind., and mother of Rear Admiral Nathaniel R. Usher, U.S.N., commandant of the New York navy yard, died on Aug. 7, 1917, in the Admiral's quarters, of infirmities incident to age. Had she lived she would have been ninety-four years old on Aug. 15. Besides the rear admiral Mrs. Usher left another son, Mr. Edwin M. Usher.

The death of Mrs. Helen Moore Sloan, wife of Lieut. John E. Sloan, U.S.A., was reported at Washington, D.C., on July 29, 1917.

Charles Fleischmann, son of Julius Fleischmann, ex-Major of Cincinnati, and Harry Witts, builders of the firm of Crofts and Witts, builders of hydro-airplanes at Bay Shore, Long Island, N.Y., fell into a shallow part of Great South Bay off Bay Shore, Aug. 2, 1917, while flying at an altitude of 200 feet in one of Witts' machines and were killed. Mr. Fleischmann was a member of the 1st Battalion, Aviation Corps, at the Naval air station at Bay Shore, but had left that station, after finishing his studies in the afternoon, to make a flight with Witts. It was the first time Mr. Fleischmann had been up in the hydro-airplane. He and Witts were crushed to death in the wreckage. According to Lieut. A. C. Reed, in command at the Naval air station, Mr. Witts, who was driving, either lost control of his machine or some part of the mechanism collapsed.

Mrs. Marie J. Field, widow of Capt. Francis A. Field, U.S.A., died Aug. 6, 1917, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. R. H. Strother, 289 Grove street, Montclair, N.J.

Mrs. Field's death was due to infirmities of age. Besides the daughter, a son, W. F. Field, who is in the Government service at Washington, survives. Interment will be in the Arlington National Cemetery at Washington, where the body of Captain Field is interred. Captain Field died in 1900.

Mrs. Fannie Eliot De Loffre, widow of Major A. A. De Loffre, died at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo., on Aug. 5, 1917.

Mrs. Mary Beardsley Underwood, widow of Major Edmund Underwood, U.S.A., and mother of Commodore E. B. Underwood, U.S.N., died suddenly at Oswego, N.Y., Aug. 9, 1917.

Mrs. William B. De Baun, sister of Lieut. Col. James G. Harbord, Gen. Staff, U.S.A., and mother of Midshipman G. H. De Baun, Third Class, U.S. Naval Academy, died at Emporia, Kas., on June 3, 1917.

## STEPHEN BLEECKER LUCE.

## TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

In the death of Rear Admiral Stephen Bleecker Luce, U.S.N., who not long ago had reached the age of ninety years, in perfect vigor of mind, there passed away an officer who from early days to the close of his life had proved himself a leader of consummate skill in the development of the personnel of the Navy. A writer equal to the task may well take up betimes the work of giving to his countrymen a complete story of the character, and of the great achievements, of Admiral Luce. May I be permitted to say here just a word in regard to one noble quality of his, that made for the lasting good of the service. A quality so conspicuous was it, and so rare, that its fruits are to be held in lasting remembrance. I mean the felicity with which he practiced the art of not growing old. In him there was the wisdom of years, free from every one of its infirmities.

To young men the Admiral was singularly charming. They all liked him. He understood perfectly their viewpoints. A rare gift this, the ability to conceive just exactly what the young and venturesome officer is going to think of this or that situation. Luce's genuine sympathy with beginners in the profession, his abounding good sense and exquisite tact, stood him most happily in his labor, year after year, for the building up of a well-rounded body of officers. His standard work on seamanship, and the gratifying success that attended his efforts in creating and strengthening the Training School, and the Naval War College, was largely to be accounted for by the presence of this admirable quality. When the biography of Stephen Bleecker Luce is written, the world will gladly learn to what extent the talent here spoken of has blessed the United States Navy.

The words are often used, but seldom are they more befitting than in the present instance—"Well done, good and faithful servant!"

FRANK WARREN HACKETT.

Of the late Rear Admiral Stephen B. Luce, U.S.N., Rear Admiral Caspar F. Goodrich, U.S.N., writes: "His greatest service to the Navy and the Nation was that he founded the Naval War College—a monument to his memory which shall last even longer than his seaman's 'Bible.' The value of that institution is simply beyond estimate. Although it now counts many imitators in foreign lands, it was the first to undertake what Luce justly held to be of supremest importance 'the study of naval war.' The obstacles he encountered and surmounted were many and formidable. None but a man of his earnestness, energy and logic could have succeeded in accomplishing that self-imposed and (for a long time) thankless task."

## SERVICE WEDDINGS.

Announcement was made Aug. 1 of the engagement of Miss Lila McDonald, daughter of Col. and Mrs. J. B. McDonald, U.S. Cav., and Gordon McPherson, of Manila. The announcement was made at a pretty tea at the McDonald home on Pacific avenue, San Francisco, in compliment to Miss Jane Caldwell. Among those asked to the tea were Mrs. Robert Coleman, Jr., Misses Betty Folger, Gertrude Hunt, Floyd Meiere, Gladys Bowen, Coralia Mejia, Julia Van Fleet, Dorothy Caldwell, Elena Folger, Jane Caldwell, Marita Rossi, Alice Claire Smith, Vida Dodge, Gretchen von Phul, Emilie Bertsch. The wedding will probably take place in September.

Miss Beatrice Walworth Griswold and Capt. Sherman Montrose Craiger, U.S.R., were married at New York city on July 30, 1917.

Mr. and Mrs. John Smith Ballou announce the marriage of their daughter, Florrie Mary, to Lieut. of Engrs. Webb Cudworth Maglathlin, U.S.C.G., on Wednesday, July 18, 1917, at Seattle, Wash.

Lieut. Robert Parvin Williams, Med. Corps, U.S.A., and Miss Barbara Rebecca Murray were married at Douglas, Ariz., on July 21, 1917.

Mrs. Thomas McCabe Hyman announces the marriage of her daughter, Marie de La Villebeuve, to Ensign Powell McClellan Rhea, U.S.N., July 16, 1917, at New Orleans, La.

Miss Irene Boubel and Army Field Clerk Robert E. Essing were married at St. Mary's Church, San Antonio, Texas, on Aug. 4, 1917.

Col. and Mrs. Ralph Harrison, U.S.A., announce the marriage of their daughter, Ruth Harrison, to Major Carl Spatz, Aviation Section, Signal Corps, U.S.A., on July 26, 1917, at Floresville, Texas.

Major Joshua Fry Bullitt announces the marriage of his daughter, Julie, to Lieut. Willis Richardson Slaughter, U.S.A., on July 21, 1917, at New York city. At home 23d Regiment, U.S. Inf., Syracuse, N.Y.

Miss Helen Marie Jonas, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Jonas, of Hollywood, near Los Angeles, Cal., and Lieut. James Steinberg, Med. Res., U.S.A., were married at 1499 West Adams street, Los Angeles, July 29, 1917, leaving immediately for a honeymoon trip to Coronado. They will make their home in Los Angeles.

The wedding of Miss Vera Henshaw and Capt. William E. R. Covell, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., was solemnized at St. Clement's Church, Honolulu, H.T., on the morning of July 18, 1917. Miss Henshaw was attended by her sister-in-law, Mrs. Robert Henshaw, as matron of honor, and Capt. Paul S. Reinecke, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., acted as best man. After the ceremony Capt. and Mrs. Covell left for a brief honeymoon on the other side of the island, and returned in time to sail for the mainland on the transport Sherman.

Mr. and Mrs. Christian Mathis Newman announce the marriage of their daughter, Natalie Augusta, to Lieut.

Arie Alverdo Corwin, U.S.N., on July 18, 1917, at New Orleans, La.

Lieut. Clarence McKee, Med. Res. Corps, U.S.N., and Miss Edna Stiles were married Aug. 4, 1917, at New York city in the Little Church Around the Corner, by the Rev. George C. Houghton. The bride has been taking a post-graduate course in nursing at Bellevue and will complete her course and then probably will join the Red Cross.

Capt. Charles L. Poor, U.S.N.V., and Miss Martha Cleveland, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel B. Cleveland, were married at New Orleans, La., Aug. 6, 1917, at her parents' home. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. William Alexander Barr. The bride was attended by her sister, Mrs. Enos Throop Geer, of New York; Misses Charlotte Sessions, Marie Celeste Villere and Adele Flower. The best man was Comdr. William Wait, U.S.N.V. Capt. and Mrs. Poor started for Asheville, N.C., but will be at home in New Orleans after Aug. 15. Captain Poor is the son of Mrs. Charles H. Poor, of Washington, D.C., and a grandson of the late Rear Admiral Charles H. Poor, U.S.N. He was at one time in the Navy. He is a member of the New York Yacht Club, Metropolitan Club of Washington, and various suburban clubs. His sisters are the wives of Brig. Gen. Marian P. Mau, U.S.A., and Comdr. Roscoe C. Bulmer, U.S.N. Captain Poor was formerly in command of the 1st Battalion of New York Naval Militia, but resigned to enter the Naval Volunteers.

Capt. Frederick S. Skinner, 5th Engrs., U.S.A., and Miss Mary Waterman Comstock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Jay Comstock, of Providence and Narragansett, R.I., Aug. 4, 1917, by Rev. Walter H. B. Allen, rector of the church, before a fashionable assemblage that completely filled the church. It was the largest society event of the season. The church was decorated in a color scheme of pink and white on a green background by the use of many pink gladioli and dahlias, while the altar flowers were white lilies in glass vases. The pillars and pews were decorated with greens, with bunches of dahlias and gladioli standing out prominently. The guests were ushered to their seats by Lieut. Duncan Langdon and Gordon Macleod, both members of Battery A, of Providence. The ushers were in service uniform as well as the bridegroom and best man. The bridal party was headed by the ushers and matron of honor, Mrs. Conklin, wife of Capt. John French Conklin, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., and followed by the bride on the arm of her father, marched up the aisle. They were met at the altar by the bridegroom and best man, Capt. Cleveland H. Bandholz, Inf., U.S.A., now stationed at Sandy Hook. The bride's gown was of white satin charmeuse, the bodice being ornamented with white crystals. A long court train fell from the shoulders and the skirt was draped. Her bridal veil of tulle was fastened by orange blossoms, and she carried an arm bouquet of white bridal roses and lilies of the valley. The bride's only ornament was a beautiful diamond pin, the gift of her uncle, Louis Hall Comstock, of Providence. The matron of honor wore a gown of pink crêpe de chine with a girdle of lavender, a large picture hat of pink Georgette crêpe ornamented with pink flowers. She carried a bouquet of pink and lavender sweet peas. The mother of the bride wore a gown of ecru voile ornamented with filet lace and her hat was of lavender Georgette crêpe trimmed with violet. A fine program of wedding music was rendered. A reception was held at the Nutshell, the home of the bride's parents, on Chestnut street, which the younger set attended. Late in the afternoon the couple left for a wedding tour and later will go to Corpus Christi, Texas, where Captain Skinner will be stationed. Mrs. Conklin, who acted as matron, will be remembered as Miss Margaret Heard, daughter of Col. John W. Heard, U.S.A., and Mrs. Heard, who last year before her marriage spent nearly the entire summer as Miss Comstock's guest.

A pretty wedding at Honolulu, H.T., July 7, 1917, was that at Schofield Barracks, of Capt. Eugene Robinson, 25th U.S. Inf., and Miss Serena Maddux, formerly of Santa Rosa, Cal. The altar of the chapel was decorated with lilies and pink begonias. A back-ground of lace fern adorned the chapel. The bride entered the church, leaning on Mr. Stanton Wyatt's arm, who gave her in marriage. The bride wore a dress of handsome heavy ivory-toned liberty satin, beautifully trimmed in rose point lace. The long court train was suspended from her shoulders. Her tulle veil, which was held to her head with an heirloom, a lace cap of exquisite pattern and shape, formed a second train. Orange blossom buds held the veil and cap to the head. Mrs. Stanton Wyatt was matron of honor. Capt. John W. Simons, Jr., U.S.A., was best man. Lieut. Edward F. Witsell, U.S.A., was usher. Leaving the church the party motored to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dana Wright, where a reception was held. The bride cut her wedding cake with her husband's saber and in the cake Miss Crumpton found the ring. A chest of flat silver came as an appropriate gift from Captain Robinson's sister, and the regiment presented them with a handsome silver serving tray, monogrammed. All of the guests at the reception attended the dance at the Country Club. Among the guests were Col. and Mrs. Carnahan, Miss Carnahan, Col. and Mrs. Albright, Major H. B. Nelson, Capt. and Mrs. Cecil, Capt. and Mrs. J. M. Loud, Capt. and Mrs. Truesdell, Capt. and Mrs. Corby, Capt. and Mrs. Spalding, Capt. and Mrs. Wyman, Capt. and Mrs. Rice, Capt. and Mrs. Holliday, Capt. and Mrs. Chaney, Lieut. and Mrs. Frank, Lieut. and Mrs. Bally, Lieut. and Mrs. Bratton, Lieut. and Mrs. Crooks, Lieutenant Hinton, Lieutenant Havercamp, Major and Mrs. Eames, Lieutenant Witsell, Captain Simons and Lieutenant Milligan.

The marriage of Miss Etta Louise Runkle, eldest daughter of Capt. and Mrs. F. C. Runkle, of the National Military Home at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., to Lieut. Frank Lawrence Whitaker, 16th U.S. Cav., of Pontiac, R.I., was celebrated on Aug. 6, 1917, at the Runkle quarters in the presence of about fifty friends. In compliment to the Cavalry branch of the Service, the decorations of the quarters were in yellow, great masses of blooms adorning the rooms of the reception suite. The vows were exchanged before an improvised altar formed of palms flanked on either side with tall gold baskets filled with golden glow and yellow asters, having a background of a mammoth flag. Garrison flags were also used in the decorations. The Soldiers' Home orchestra played the wedding music. Miss Elizabeth Runkle, sister of the bride, was maid of honor and was followed by the bride and her father, Captain Runkle, who later gave her in marriage. They were met at the altar by the groom and his best man, Lieut. Leon E. Ryder, 10th U.S. Cav., and the officiating clergyman, Rev. Stephen Butcher, pastor of the Congregational Church, of Leavenworth. The bride wore a wedding gown of white crêpe de chine, with Georgette crêpe and white lace. The skirt was fashioned short length and had large side plaitings of lace. The bodice was of lace and the long sleeves were of Georgette crêpe. She wore a broad brimmed hat of white Georgette crêpe embroidered in silk and her arm bouquet was of bride roses and lilies of the valley tied with a bow of white tulle. The maid of honor was in a gown of white

net, the skirt made of tiny ruffles edged with satin bands. The bodice was of white satin with elbow sleeves. A large picture hat of white tulle and pink satin ribbon completed the attractive costume and she carried a bouquet of pink roses. After congratulations and a buffet supper Lieut. and Mrs. Whitaker left for Mercedes, Texas, where Lieutenant Whitaker is stationed. Mrs. Whitaker traveled in a stylish gown of tan covert cloth trimmed in dark brown, her hat was of tan felt and traveling coat of green.

The marriage of Capt. Hammer Huston, Inf., U.S.A., and Miss Josephine Gerard, of Detroit, Mich., took place at Seattle, Wash., Aug. 10, 1917.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Tyler, of Arundel-on-the-Bay, announce the engagement of their daughter, Mary Katherine, to Lieut. Roy Drake, attached to the 16th U.S. Cav.

Major and Mrs. Howard Hapgood Kipp have issued invitations to the marriage of their sister, Dorothy, to Mr. Miles Radley Vernon, on Thursday afternoon, Aug. 23, 1917, at 4:30 o'clock, at 75 South Highland avenue, Ossining-on-Hudson, N.Y.

Mr. and Mrs. George C. Haebeler, of Niagara Falls, N.Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Dorothy, to Capt. W. D. Styer, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., son of Col. and Mrs. H. D. Styer, U.S.A.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Eben Swift, U.S.A., of Fort Leavenworth, have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Katherine Palmer, to Capt. Carl Fish McKinney, U.S. Inf., on Aug. 22 at eight o'clock at the post chapel, Leavenworth.

#### PERSONALS.

(Contributions to this column are always welcome.)

Mrs. Parker, wife of Lieut. Ralph Chandler Parker, U.S.N., is writing for the Vigilantes.

Mrs. Walter K. Wilson has joined Captain Wilson, U.S.A., in Washington, after a visit at Sea Gate, L.I.

Col. and Mrs. Henry Jersey, U.S.A., will move into their quarters at Washington Barracks, D.C., next week.

Mrs. Leigh C. Palmer has joined Rear Admiral Palmer, U.S.N., in Washington, after a visit at Greenwich, Conn.

Mrs. John Downs joined Commander Downs, U.S.N., at Annapolis, Md., last week, after a stay at Jamestown, R.I.

Lieut. Comdr. Frank Taylor Evans, U.S.N., has returned to Newport, R.I., from the naval hospital in Boston.

Mrs. Edward J. Foy, wife of Lieutenant Foy, U.S.N., has been the guest of Miss Margaret McChord in Washington, D.C.

Surg. Gen. William C. Gorgas, U.S.A., is on a motor trip through New England with a party of French and American officers.

Major Gen. and Mrs. W. W. Wotherspoon, U.S.A., have opened their summer home at Jamestown, R.I., for the month of August.

Miss Elizabeth Fecheler, daughter of Rear Admiral Augustus F. Fecheler, U.S.N., is the guest of Miss Ernestine Coleman at Saranac, N.Y.

The President and Mrs. Wilson, accompanied by Med. Dir. and Mrs. Cary T. Grayson, U.S.N., occupied a box at Keith's Theater, Washington, on Aug. 7.

Capt. and Mrs. Charles E. T. Lull, U.S.A., who recently arrived in Washington from Fort Grant, Canal Zone, have taken an apartment at 1800 I street.

Mrs. M. E. Gotwals and Miss Gotwals have returned to their home near Philadelphia, after a visit in Washington, to be with Capt. John C. Gotwals, U.S.A.

Col. and Mrs. John R. Williams, U.S.A., have joined their daughters, Mrs. William F. McCombs and Mrs. J. O. H. Pitney, at Edgewater, Beverly Farms, Mass.

Miss Pauline Bradford, daughter of the late Captain Bradford, U.S.N., who has been spending some time in Colorado, is back at her home in Portsmouth, N.H., for the summer.

Major Gen. and Mrs. James B. Aleshire, U.S.A., have taken possession of their new apartment at 1868 Columbia road, Washington. Miss Marjorie Aleshire is at the Forest Hill Hotel, Franconia, Bretton Woods, New Hampshire.

Mrs. French E. Chadwick, wife of Rear Admiral Chadwick, U.S.N., made an address at the residence of Bishop Darlington in Newport, R.I., on Aug. 3. Mrs. Chadwick is president of the Newport branch of the Alliance Francaise.

Mrs. Edwin H. Tillman, wife of Commander Tillman, U.S.N., will open her cottage at Jamestown, R.I., next week, when she will be joined by her daughters, Mrs. L. S. Fraser, of Nashville, Tenn., and Miss Margherita Tillman, and her son, Midshipman Edwin H. Tillman, Jr.

The Commandant of the Marine Corps and Mrs. George Barnett are giving a series of dances on Saturday nights at the marine barracks, Washington, for the marine officers in camp at Quantico, Va. Major Gen. and Mrs. Barnett have also given the use of their quarters as a Marine Officers' Club.

Mrs. Oliver W. Bagby and infant son have left the Champernowne, Kittery Point, Me., for Portsmouth, N.H., to be near Ensign Bagby, U.S.N., who is attached to the U.S.S. San Francisco. Mrs. David Ade and Miss Lucy Ade, of Washington, D.C., have joined Mrs. Graham Montrose Ade, wife of Paymaster Ade, U.S.N., at the Champernowne.

Brig. Gen. Joseph T. Dickman, U.S.A., gave a luncheon on July 31 at his home at Fort Ethan Allen, in honor of Brig. Gen. C. R. Edwards, U.S.A., following the latter's inspection of the regiments. Those who attended were Gen. T. S. Peck and Elias Lyman, of Burlington, Vt.; Col. and Mrs. Rivers, Mrs. Smedberg, Col. and Mrs. Howze, Major and Mrs. Romeyn and Mr. Edwards.

Mrs. George A. Nugent, wife of Major Nugent, U.S.A., was a luncheon hostess at the Army and Navy Club, Washington, on Aug. 2. Her guests included Mrs. William Smith, wife of Major Smith, U.S.A.; Mrs. Frank Clark; Mrs. James Crain, wife of Captain Crain, U.S.A.; Mrs. Chauncey Fenton, wife of Captain Fenton, U.S.A.; Mrs. C. N. McArthur, and Mrs. Conrad, wife of Captain Conrad, U.S.A.

Lieut. Col. William Mitchell, U.S.A., head of the American aeronautic mission to France, was officially received at the Aero Club of France in Paris on Aug. 2. Speeches were made by Henry Deutsch de la Meurthe, president of the club; Daniel Vincent, Under Secretary of Aviation, and Senator Gaston Menier. Colonel Mitchell warmly thanked the speakers in the name of American aviators and spoke highly of the perfect co-operation he had found in official, military and private aviation circles. President Deutsch de la Meurthe presented a silver plaque to Colonel Mitchell.

Capt. and Mrs. Charles E. T. Lull, U.S.A., have taken an apartment at 1800 I street, Washington.

Mrs. White, wife of Capt. E. H. White, U.S. Inf., has taken an apartment at The Dresden, Washington, D.C.

Capt. James H. Berry, Q.M.O.R.C., has been ordered to take charge of the School for Cooks, at the canteen at Rockford, Ill.

A daughter, Frances Lyon Devers, was born to Lieut. and Mrs. Jacob L. Devers, U.S.A., at Schofield Barracks, H.I., on July 20, 1917.

A son, Ralph Robert Nix, jr., was born to Capt. and Mrs. Nix, Ord. Dept., U.S.A., at Springfield Armory, Mass., on July 6, 1917.

Rear Admiral Caspar F. Goodrich, U.S.N., and Mrs. Goodrich have been spending some time at Little Boar's Head, New Hampshire.

A daughter, Claude Fay Austin, was born to Capt. and Mrs. Jason McVay Austin, 8th Field Art., U.S.A., at Washington, D.C. on Aug. 5, 1917.

Flora Louise Lewis, weight, nine pounds, arrived at the Presidio, San Francisco, July 23, to the great joy of her parents, Capt. and Mrs. George Chase Lewis.

Capt. Roger S. Parrott, General Staff, U.S.A., has rented the old Lightfoot Place on the Ridge Road, Washington, and has been joined by Mrs. Parrott and children.

Mrs. Robert C. Williams and daughter are spending August at "The Tremont," Sea Girt, N.J. Lieutenant Colonel Williams, U.S. Cav., is stationed at Harrisburg, Pa.

Mrs. W. Douglas LaMont (Katharyne M. Filkins), wife of Lieut. W. Douglas LaMont, U.S.N., gave birth to a daughter at the Brooklyn City Hospital on Aug. 4, 1917.

Miss Evelyn Williams, daughter of Comdr. and Mrs. Y. S. Williams, U.S.N., is visiting Lieut. and Mrs. M. L. Morrell at their home, No. 216 Pequot avenue, New London, Conn.

Capt. and Mrs. J. A. Pearson, 11th U.S. Cav., are guests at the Merrimack Valley Country Club, Lawrence, Mass., while Captain Pearson has charge of the recruiting in Lowell, Lawrence and Haverhill.

Col. and Mrs. Adam Slaker, U.S.A., retired, after Aug. 1 will live in quarters at Fort Washington, Md., where Colonel Slaker has been ordered to command the Coast Artillery Defenses of the Potomac.

Mrs. P. H. Uberroth, wife of Capt. P. H. Uberroth, U.S. Coast Guard, arrived at Asbury Park, N.J., from Mare Island, Cal., on June 15, and is occupying a cottage on Deal Lake which she has leased for the season.

Col. W. H. Derclie, of the French army, with Surgeon General Gorgas, U.S.A., inspected the student officers' camp at Madison Barracks, Aug. 3. Colonel Derclie is in this country on a tour of military training camps.

Mrs. Rogers, widow of Paymr. Byron D. Rogers, U.S.N., has taken up the business of raising Sealyhams and Cairns. The dogs from her kennels at Port Washington have taken many prizes at New York and Long Island dog shows.

Mrs. Heiberg, widow of Major E. R. Heiberg, U.S.A., late military attaché at Rome, with her daughter and younger son, has gone to Lake Placid for the month of August. Mr. Harrison Heiberg is a members of the plebe class at West Point.

Gen. Henry DeWitt Hamilton, a former Adjutant General of New York, is suffering from a broken leg and arm, which he received in an automobile accident. He is at the New York Hospital, New York city, and his friends hope for his speedy recovery.

Mrs. Kirby Barnes Crittenden, wife of Lieutenant Commander Crittenden, U.S.N., accompanied by her sister, Maude Fay, who is summering at the picturesque old Fay home in Ross, Cal., enjoyed an interesting motor trip through Southern California in July.

After a pleasant three months' stay at Fort Kamehameha, H.T., where they have been the guests of Capt. and Mrs. William W. Hicks and Lieut. and Mrs. John A. Baird, Major and Mrs. William Baird, U.S.A., decided to return to their home in Washington, D.C.

Mrs. William Taylor Smith, wife of Lieut. William Taylor Smith, U.S.N., with her little daughter, Lucy Randolph Smith, after spending the month of July at Old Point Comfort at the Chamberlin and Norfolk, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. H. H. Walker, Fredericksburg, Va.

Col. David L. Brainard, U.S.A., who has been in the Walter Reed Hospital for the last six weeks, as the result of a minor operation, is now convalescing at his home, The Dresden Apts., Washington, D.C., and expects to return to his duties in the War Department in about two weeks.

Under the caption "Boss of the American Guns" the Boston Transcript of Aug. 6 prints a photograph of Brig. Gen. Peyton C. March, U.S.A., explaining to its readers that General March will have under his command every type of ordnance capable of being used in mobile operations, from the heaviest siege guns to the smallest cannon."

Mrs. Thomas H. Logan, widow of Major Logan, U.S.A., and the Misses Logan, who have been spending the summer at the Chestnut apartment, Long Beach, Cal., will return to their home in El Paso the latter part of August, after an enjoyable visit at the sea-side resort. Miss Grace V. Logan will resume her work as secretary of the El Paso Red Cross Chapter.

Second Lieut. Paul H. Weyrauch, U.S.A., ret., who had recently been on recruiting duty at Aberdeen, S.D., has been appointed Major of Field Artillery of the National Guard of Washington, and is now organizing a battalion of Field Artillery in Walla Walla, Washington. Major Weyrauch has been connected with the National Guard for several years, and has served as commander of a company organized by him in 1910, and also as quartermaster of the 2d Washington Infantry. He is one of the prominent business men of the State of Washington, being connected with large fruit interests.

In an article on the work of the Alaska Road Commission the Railway and Marine News of Seattle, says in its August number: "The War Department in 1900 began the great work of laying the cable and constructing the telegraph lines. Later it built Army posts at Eagle, Fort Gibbon, St. Michael, Valdez and Haines, Lieutenant Richardson taking an active and prominent part in these important enterprises. So, when the road commission was created it was but natural that the War Department, which had followed the trail of the Yukon pioneers into the wilderness, should take over the work and that the officer in charge should have been selected to head the board and outline its work. The Lieutenant is now Col. W. P. Richardson, U.S.A., known from Ketchikan to the Arctic, and after a full decade the Department has reason to take great pride in the constructive work accomplished."

Mrs. Robert G. Heiner, wife of Surgeon Heiner, U.S.N., left Annapolis, Md., on Aug. 4 for Boston.

Lieut. Raymond A. Deming, U.S.N., has arrived at Seattle, Wash., for duty.

Mrs. Alvin C. Voris, wife of Capt. Voris, U.S.N., is spending the summer at the Windsor Hotel, Cape May, N.J.

Rear Admiral Willard H. Brownson, U.S.N., has returned to the White Mountains, after a visit to Southampton, Long Island.

A son, Leon Abbott Oakes, was born to Lieut. and Mrs. Frederick K. Oakes, C.A.C., at Fort Andrews, Mass., on Aug. 8, 1917.

Mrs. Leonard Wood is visiting friends at Mattapoisett, Mass., where Major General Wood, U.S.A., joined her for several days last week.

A son, Milton H. Anderson, jr., was born to Lieut. Milton H. Anderson, U.S.N., and Mrs. Anderson at Staten Island, N.Y., Aug. 7.

A daughter, Elizabeth Lammers, was born to Lieut. and Mrs. H. M. Lammers, U.S.N., at the Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa., on Aug. 7, 1917.

Lieut. and Mrs. Radford Moses, U.S.N., were dinner hosts at Newport, R.I., on Aug. 2, entertaining in honor of Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. H. E. Kays, U.S.N.

Capt. and Mrs. John M. McDowell, U.S.A., have taken a house at 420 Marshall street, Syracuse, N.Y., where Captain McDowell is with the 15th Field Artillery.

Mrs. William H. Johnston is seriously ill in St. Louis, Mo., following an operation. Colonel Johnston, U.S.A., has been sent for from Washington, where he is on duty.

Mrs. Robert Henderson, wife of Commander Henderson, U.S.N., and young daughter, Carol, are spending the summer months at the Crestmont Inn, Eaglesmere, Pa.

Mrs. Frederick R. Harris and little daughter, Florence, are registered at the New Monmouth Hotel, Spring Lake, N.J., where Rear Admiral Harris will join them later.

Mrs. Charles C. Marsh, wife of Captain Marsh, U.S.N., made an address at the Channing Memorial Church, New York, on July 26 on conditions as she found them in the French hospitals.

Mrs. Ernest M. Cronin, of Los Angeles, Cal., who has been visiting Mrs. W. B. Gardiner, Murray Hill, Annapolis, left this week to join her husband, Paymaster Cronin, U.S.N., at Charleston, S.C.

Mrs. James G. Field, wife of Medical Director Field, U.S.N., and daughter, Laura Katherine, left Annapolis, Md., last week for Buena Vista Hotel, Buena Vista Springs, Pa., where they will remain until September.

The Navy Relief Society, Rear Admiral Charles O'Neil, U.S.N., president, and Edward T. Stotesbury, of Philadelphia, Pa., treasurer, has issued an appeal for funds to meet expenses owing to the greatly increased personnel of the Navy.

Miss Caroline Constance Hart, a prominent and popular society leader of San Francisco, Cal., who has spent a number of years in Paris, is devoting a portion of several afternoons a week to giving French lessons to the officers on duty at Army headquarters in San Francisco. The class is doing splendidly.

Mrs. M. C. Butler, widow of Lieut. Col. Matthew C. Butler, jr., U.S.A., and her little son, M. C. Butler, 3d, are spending the summer at Beersheba Springs, Tenn., and will be this winter with her mother, Mrs. W. B. Howell, at No. 2, the Polk, Nashville, Tenn. It was not Mrs. Butler, widow of Colonel Butler, who has taken a house in Washington, D.C., for the winter, as recently reported, but Mrs. M. C. Butler, widow of General Butler.

Lieut. J. M. Ashley, U.S.N., district communication superintendent at San Diego, Cal., since June, 1916, has been detached from his duties here," says the San Diego Times of Aug. 3, "and ordered to more important position. Before coming to San Diego, Lieutenant Ashley was on duty on the U.S.S. Utah as radio officer of his division. Lieut. Ellery W. Stone, U.S.N., who has been appointed to succeed Lieutenant Ashley as district communication superintendent, has been attached to the radio station at San Diego for the last four months, coming here from San Francisco, where he was examining offices and inspector in the radio service for the Sixth District. Lieutenant Stone has been engaged in radio engineering work for the last nine years. In 1915 he was detailed to the Panama-Pacific International Exposition as radio representative of the United States Department of Commerce. He has contributed several technical papers to the Institute of Radio Engineers of which he is a member."

Governor Whitman, of New York, has ordered the formation of a New York Guard to take the place of National Guard organizations in Federal service, and has authorized a three weeks recruiting campaign to begin immediately. The basis of the organization of the New York Guard will be the depot organizations of the old National Guard. The new organization will retain the name and title of the old National Guard organizations. They will be composed of men between the ages of eighteen and forty-five, some of them will be needed to perform state service at once, replacing the Guard now in Federal service. The New York Guard will be called upon to guard all important points in New York state, with the exception of the main line railroads, which are to be guarded by the 15th Infantry (negro), now in Federal service. The 10th Infantry, which is not among the troops ordered South, will be split up between Pennsylvania and Washington. Arms and equipment for the New York Guard will be furnished by the state of New York. The organization is being directed by Governor Whitman through the defense and security division of the New York State Defense Council. The chief of the division is Brig. Gen. George R. Dyer and his assistants are Major H. R. Winthrop and Capt. James A. Blair, jr. The New York Guard will be organized solely for duty within the state of New York at the call of the Governor.

Army officers detailed to the United States Military Academy, but who have been on duty with troops during the summer furlough of the cadets, have been ordered to report to West Point on Aug. 28. On that date the instructors in field work at the Academy will return to their regiments.

Mrs. Rush, wife of Capt. William R. Rush, U.S.N., and who is in charge of the knitting service of the Navy League, makes the following report for the four northern states of New England: Since March 23, Mrs. Rush has received at the Charlestown Navy Yard, from the women of New England, 34,586 articles of various kinds for distribution to the sailors of the Navy and the Naval Reserve. In the same period she has distributed 32,334

articles, so that up to the first of August only 2,243 articles remained undistributed, and calls for supplies are being constantly received. The larger proportion of these articles are knitted garments, including sweaters, helmets, socks, mufflers, wristlets and mittens, but the list also includes comfort bags and sewing kits with their equipment, wash cloths, undergarments, rubber boots, oil skins, watch caps, handkerchiefs, felt slippers, blankets and writing and smoking materials. Mrs. Rush, with the aid of a secretary and two sailors detailed for the duty, is outfitting from twenty to sixty men daily at the distributing station at the navy yard. All supplies are given out on requisitions secured by the men at the enrolling office, or on direct application from ships for complete equipment for the crews.

#### APPOINTMENTS FROM TRAINING CAMPS.

The War Department issued on Aug. 9 the first list of appointments to the Officers' Reserve Corps and to the National Army, from the Reserve Officers' Training Camps. About 40,000 men have been in training and about 16,000 will be commissioned as officers. All the appointments date from Aug. 15, 1917, but the announcement of those commissioned will be spread over a week. The first list, announced on Aug. 9, was that of students at the training camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., which includes men from Kentucky and Indiana. A second list, of the New England Plattsburgh Camp, was announced Aug. 10. The lists to be announced on Saturday, Aug. 11, and during the following week, include the appointments from the Reserve Officers' Training Camps at Fort Myer, Va.; Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.; Plattsburgh, N.Y. (New York camp); Leon Springs, Texas; Presidio of San Francisco, Cal.

The lists show the grades to which the students are to be appointed. Some are made majors, others captains, and others first and second lieutenants. Most of them are officers of Infantry and Artillery, but a few go to the Cavalry. Some men are appointed officers in the "Infantry Section of the Officers' Reserve Corps." Others are appointed officers of Infantry in the National Army. The War Department issued this explanation of the distinction:

"Officers graduated from the training camps are appointed to the Officers' Reserve Corps because they will thus become available for call into service after the present war. They will be detailed from the Reserve Corps to command units in the National Army or Regular Army, but at the conclusion of hostilities will be retained in the Reserve Corps and returned to the inactive list. Those officers appointed directly from the training camps to the National Army will be mustered out after the war and will not be automatically available in the event of any subsequent need."

"The War Department has, therefore, adopted the policy of appointing to the Officers' Reserve Corps all men whose age permits and who are otherwise satisfactory. The maximum age limits for appointment to the Officers' Reserve Corps are: For major, 45; for captain, 40; for first lieutenant, 36; for second lieutenant, 32. There is no age limit for appointment of officers to the National Army."

#### FORT BENJAMIN HARRISON CAMP.

The first list, of nearly 1,800 officers appointed from the Army, the National Guard and civil life, to the National Army and to the Officers' Reserve Corps as a result of examinations of the students at the training camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., was announced on Aug. 9. We note the following appointees from the Regular Army to the offices indicated:

#### National Army.

To be captains, Field Artillery, National Army: Alfred M. Allen, Oliver Thelmos.

First lieutenants, Field Artillery, National Army: Edgar Crocker, George P. Cumming, Joseph E. Shaw.

Captains of Infantry, National Army: Andrew Desmond, second Lieutenant; John Griffith, Frank A. Heffner, Ernest John, Edward King, August F. Luedke, Parish P. Nixon, John Smith, James O. Thornton.

First lieutenants of Infantry, National Army: Gustav J. Alt, Walter H. Blauvelt, William E. Buck, Michael Burke, M. J. Butler, David J. Conwill, Guy H. Crain, Andrew Desmond, Arthur Harris, Edward J. Houck, George F. Johnson, Hyman King, Wilbert McDonald, George Newmiller, E. W. T. Richter, Thomas E. Riley, Arthur Swann, William R. Tate, James A. Walsh.

Second lieutenant, Quartermaster Corps, National Army: Hans C. Johanson.

#### Officers' Reserve Corps.

Captain, Field Artillery, Officers' Reserve Corps: John A. Fitzpatrick.

First lieutenant, Field Artillery, Officers' Reserve Corps: Fred V. Johnson, Leonard G. Montieth.

Captains, Infantry, Officers' Reserve Corps: James P. Bennett, John Justice, George Kaiser.

First lieutenants, Infantry, Officers' Reserve Corps: Frank J. Dietrich, Edward Johnson, Christopher J. Maden, John M. Stephens.

#### PLATTSBURG NEW ENGLAND CAMP.

A second list, of those appointed from the New England camp at Plattsburgh, N.Y., was announced on the afternoon of Aug. 10. It included the following appointees from the Regular Army, to the offices indicated:

#### National Army.

To be first lieutenants, Cavalry, National Army: John H. Scully, Louis Stone.

First lieutenants, Field Artillery, National Army: William A. Garfield, Clinton Hayward, Jethro Manly, Charles S. Russell, Aubrey S. Smith.

Captain, Infantry, National Army: Alexander Smart.

First lieutenants, Infantry, National Army: William J. Brennan, Isaac Butz, Clyde W. Cairns, Shelby V. Gamble, Pearl D. Hill, Robert McCormack, Ernest McEachlin, John Schweitzer, William Timm.

Second lieutenants, Infantry, National Army: James A. Harvey, John J. Moran, William A. Thompson.

#### Officers' Reserve Corps.

Captain, Cavalry, Officers' Reserve Corps: Harry S. Holcombe.

First lieutenant of Cavalry, Officers' Reserve Corps: Walter Amacher, Angus G. Walden.

First lieutenants, Field Artillery, Officers' Reserve Corps: Alexander Anderson, Walter Christenson, Paul H. Cologne, John T. Darcy, Albert M. Gambier, Walter Z. Hester, William D. June, Green L. McComas, John P. Mies, George Moore, Edmund D. Russ, John E. Stein-

brenner, Allen G. Steingardt, Charles J. Sweeny, Samuel Weiner, Claude H. Whitcomb.

First lieutenants, Infantry, Officers' Reserve Corps: Theodore Bundy, Fred E. Coy, Harley Goodman, Mark Heathman, Jacob Henderson, James Holcomb, Wayland Jones, Raymond Lambert, William L. McDaniels, Charles R. Sinclair, Arthur Williamson.

#### CEASE BUILDING SUBMARINE CHASERS

Following the recommendation of the General Board Secretary Daniels announced on Aug. 6 that the Navy Department had decided to place no more contracts for submarine chasers, but to build every destroyer possible. He added that the present contracts for submarine chasers would be carried out in their entirety and stated that the Bureau of Construction and Repair was of the same opinion as the General Board in recommending the discontinuance of building this type of craft. The Washington correspondent of the New York World says of this decision: "While it is impossible to state the precise reasons prompting the department, it is believed that Vice Admiral Sims has reported that the method now followed by the British navy will never dispose of the submarines and that the General Board agreed with his recommendations." Yet this statement does not seem to be borne out by the subsequent report, printed on Aug. 7, after the decision of the Navy Department became known, that: "Intimations came from diplomatic quarters that naval experts of the Allies probably would undertake to demonstrate to the American Navy Department the wisdom of continuing on an extensive scale the building of submarine chasers. Operations near shore of fleet little craft such as the 110-footers that American boat builders now are turning out in large numbers, have been most successful in the war zone, and the Navy Department's policy of limiting the output of chasers here is not looked upon with favor by the Allied sea strategists."

It will be recalled that the Navy Department, when it began the building of the fleet of 300 submarine chasers now under contract, realized the eighty-foot type of boat used by the British navy could be improved on, from the viewpoints of ability to keep the sea and greater steadiness as a gun platform, by slightly larger dimensions and consequently we adopted 110 feet as our standard length overall. It is expected now that all of the 300 submarine chasers will be launched, gunned and manned before the end of the year. Of course as harbor and river patrol boats these craft will serve admirably, but the General Board is convinced, it appears, that no type of ship smaller than a destroyer can be depended on to keep the sea in all weathers and fight the submarines as well. A striking economic factor resulting from this decision is that the abandonment of future submarine chaser building would release hundreds of skilled ship carpenters who could be used to greater advantage in the construction of merchantmen as required by the U.S. Shipping Board.

The abandonment of the extensive submarine chaser program will enable the Navy Department to concentrate all the facilities allotted to these craft, wherever practicable, upon the completion of destroyers. Only in the cases where contracts for the smaller craft were given to navy yards or the larger shipbuilding concerns will it be possible, of course, to augment the destroyer program. The Department is now able to figure confidently upon the launching of a destroyer in not more than ten months after the keel is laid. This compares with the eighteen to twenty months required prior to 1914. Secretary Daniels has stated that he is prepared to let contracts to any firm that can guarantee rapid and efficient construction.

The failure of the submarine chaser to achieve the high results hoped for is attributed by Navy officers to the development of larger, faster, and more heavily armed type of enemy submarine. The destroyer has always been held to be the logical "reply" to the under-sea offensive arm. Not only is the destroyer more capable of running down the submarine, because of more staunch construction and wider area of operations, but it is the first requisite in the plans of the Navy that have to do with the maintaining the 3,000-mile line of communication between our Atlantic seaboard and Europe. Much nonsense has been written about the size and power of the latest types of U-boats. Reports of 5,000-ton submarines being sighted are not regarded seriously by officers who have made a special study of these craft. The largest submarines reported with any official authenticity to date were of the 1,200-ton type, armed with two five-inch guns. These seem to have been allotted the North Atlantic and the waters off the Irish coast as their special field. Information on file at the Navy Department would indicate that the number of submarines in active service also has been grossly overestimated. Instead of the 300 vessels reported by the former German ambassador, there is good reason for believing that only 200 are on the German naval list.

#### NATIONAL ARMY CALLED ON SEPT. 1.

The Federal Government has completed its plans for the first call of men to the colors for the National Army to be formed under the auspices of the Selective Service law. The Governors of the states have been notified that each state will be called upon to furnish one-third of its quota on Sept. 1. Each of the 4,557 local districts will be expected to furnish one-third of that district's quota on Sept. 1, and they will be mobilized at training camps between Sept. 1 and 5. The rest of each district's quota will be mobilized later in September. Regulations governing the plans for the mobilization of 687,000 drafted men were issued by President Wilson on Aug. 9 through the office of Brig. Gen. Enoch H. Crowder, U.S.A., the Provost Marshal General. These regulations direct the local and district boards in minute detail how to proceed in designating the men to be entrained in the first call to the colors. The regulations provide for the listing of the men to be called, for the posting and notification of those called, for their assembly, lodging, subsistence, entrainment and transportation to the mobilization camps. General Crowder will specify the number of men to be mobilized at each camp. The local boards are expected to entrain men for these camps at the times specified.

On the same day Major Gen. William C. Gorgas, Surgeon General, U.S.A., at the direction of General Crowder, issued new rules modifying, to some extent, physical requirements for men called to the colors with the National Army. The new regulations grant an underweight allowance of from five to six pounds for men between sixty-four and sixty-seven inches in height, seven to eight pounds between sixty-seven and sixty-nine inches, nine to ten pounds above seventy-five inches. The effect of the

instructions is to reduce the normal weight requirements for tall men. An additional half-inch allowance on chest expansion also is made to men above sixty-eight inches in height where there is no sign of disease. A punctured eardrum is found to be no barrier, provided the hearing is half normal. Modifications are made also in sight requirements, which will give physicians wider latitude in accepting men despite some defects of vision.

Among the responsibilities put upon the Corps of Engineers of the U.S. Army by the presence of the American Expeditionary Force in France is that of the purchase of all the equipment that must be shipped to the front, including trenching tools in vast quantities, railroad materials, machinery for water supply, and for building wharves, piers and storehouses. It must construct at harbors in the United States wharves, piers and warehouses of sufficient capacity to handle all materials and supplies shipped to France and in that country itself see to it that not only the same three units are grouped in harbors but also that the railway accommodations for shipping materials to the American camps are ample. As France is depending to a considerable extent on canals for transportation and many of the canals have been seriously damaged by shell fire, the Corps of Engineers will have to provide for the repair of such of these waterways as are used by American forces. The Engineers are responsible for the construction of all the buildings for the housing of troops, hospitals, refrigerating plants, machine shops and other structures. They will be in charge of all the camouflage that is done, having enlisted the services of artists to direct the work and sign painters and soldiers trained in the work to carry it out. They will have to do battle-map making on a large scale; and provide and handle all such modern battle devices as search and trench lights, flares, star bombs and rifle grenades. Special mining companies have to be provided for the intricate work of modern trench building and warfare for which expert miners will be enlisted. They must construct bridges as well as railroads and keep the highways up that are used by the troops and destroyed by enemy shells. Electric lighting for dugouts in the trenches will have to be provided which entails the construction of power stations that will be "dug in" for the sake of protection against heavy shells. All the railroad material will be shipped from this country for the ordinary railway and for the countless lines of "light" roads used to carry munitions and supplies up to the front. The lumber used, however, will be cut in the French forests by specially trained regiments of woodsmen equipped with sawmills of American make.

Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, commanding the federalized New York troops, issued a pamphlet on Aug. 7, to the 37,000 men of his command, warning them against drink and other evils. The pamphlet which was in reality a personal letter, contains excellent advice, and also some advice from Lieut. Col. W. H. Steers, Med. Corps. The advice of the latter regarding diseases is in very plain language, so plain that numerous civilians have been as greedy for the pamphlet as they are after hot cakes when they are hungry. The doctor evidently believed that plain talk would excite the interest of the soldiers, and he is correct.

## THE ARMY.

*Additional orders to officers of the Regular Army and to Reserve Corps officers, and General Orders and Bulletins of the War Department, appear this week on pages 1653-1656 and on pages 1683-1686.*

*A long list of appointments of Reserve Corps officers appears on pages 1679-1683.*

### ARMY CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate on Aug. 6 confirmed all the Army nominations appearing on page 1624, Aug. 4; also all the nominations for promotion of provisional second lieutenants to first lieutenant, appearing on pages 1653-4, this issue, and the promotion in the Coast Artillery Corps of the following provisional second lieutenants to be first lieutenants:

Rank Nov. 30, 1916.—Otis A. Wallace, v. Gage.

March 22, 1917.—James M. Evans, v. Acheson; Cedric F. Maguire, v. Zerbee; Edward E. Murphy, v. Douglas; Marshall M. Williams, v. Ford; Henry R. Behrens, v. Stanford; Edward C. Seeds, v. Eikel; Edison A. Lynn, v. Cole; Milton P. Morrill, v. Brereton; Guy H. Drewry, v. Murphy; Raphael S. Chavin, v. Buell; John L. Scott, v. Austin; Alva F. Englehart, v. Armstrong.

The same day, Aug. 6, the Senate confirmed the nominations, to be provisional second lieutenants, of all the members of the classes for provisional lieutenant passed in April, as announced on pages 1588, 1596, July 28, and pages 1613, 1614, 1644, 1645, Aug. 4.

### ARMY NOMINATIONS.

*Nominations received by the Senate Aug. 6, 1917.*

### PROVISIONAL APPOINTMENT AS SECOND LIEUTENANT IN THE ARMY.

PORTO RICO REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.

Enrique C. Roque, of Illinois.

### PROMOTIONS IN THE ARMY.

FIELD ARTILLERY.

Captains to be Majors, May 15, 1917.

Lewis S. Ryan (original); William F. Morrison, D.O.L., vice Hopkins, promoted.

*First Lieutenants to be Captains, May 15, 1917, original vacancies.*

Ronald D. Johnson, Robert S. Donaldson, Horace H. Fuller, Belton O.N. Kennedy, Francis H. Miles, Jr., Herbert A. Dargue, Avery J. French, William C. Harrison, Byron Q. Jones, Robert N. Bodine, Stephen M. Walmsley, John K. Boles, Richard B. Barnitz, Paul D. Carlisle.

*First Lieutenants to be Captains, May 15, 1917 (casual).*

Casey H. Hayes, vice Thummel; Harvey B. S. Burwell, vice Doniat; Alfred E. Larabee, vice Stanton; Guyler L. Clark, vice Andrews; John H. Woodberry, vice Brereton; William A. Robertson, vice Bradley.

Joseph B. Treat, vice Oberly; Sylvester D. Downs, vice Ferron; Orlando Ward, vice Maxwell; John S. MacLaggan, vice Jones; William S. T. Halcomb, vice Lawson; Walter W. Haas, vice Locke; Thomas J. Brady, vice Kilbreth; Herbert R. Corbin, vice Bryson.

Joseph D. Coughlan, vice Mason; Harry A. Harvey, vice Browning; Norman J. Boots, vice Barnes; Hugh P. Avent, vice Currie; Leo A. Walton, vice Pratt; Arthur A. White, vice Brewster; Frederick J. Williams, vice Frankenberger; James A. Pickering, vice Morrison.

### COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

Captains to be Majors, dates 1917.

July 3—Clifford G. Carson, vice Jewell.

July 17—George T. Perkins, vice Mitchell; John B. Murphy, vice Zollars.

July 18—Jairus A. Moore, vice Carpenter.

July 24—Frank B. Edwards, vice Morgan; Henry C. Merriam, vice Stopford; Harry W. McCauley, vice Merriam; Robert W. Collins, vice Johnston.

*First Lieutenants to be Captains, dates 1917.*

May 19—William C. Washington, vice Robinson.

May 24—Alfred B. Quinton, Jr., vice Musgrave.

June 4—Harold A. Strauss, vice Roberts; Cyril A. Dawson, vice Maybach; Walter O. Rawls, vice Lull; Francis A. Englehardt, vice Fenton; William A. Copthorne, vice Wildrick.

June 15—Solby H. Frank, vice Dunsworth; Robert H. Van Volkenburgh, vice Frank.

June 27—Frederick G. Dillman, vice Sunderland; Junius W. Jones, vice McElgin; Manning M. Kimmel, vice Prentice; Vera S. Furnell, vice Geiger; Robert M. Perkins, vice Vaughan; Lawrence B. Weeks, vice Muller.

July 17—William C. Foote, vice Perkins; Stewart C. Giffin, vice Murphy; Ward E. Duval, vice Moore.

July 24—James B. Gillespie, vice McCauley; Francis J. Tooley, vice Collins.

### TRANSFER TO THE ACTIVE LIST OF THE ARMY.

#### INFANTRY ARM.

Capt. Ira L. Reeves, U.S.A., retired, to grade of major of Infantry, with rank from July 1, 1916.

#### RETIRED LIST OF ARMY.

Chaplain Halsey C. Gavitt, 1st Cav., rank of lieutenant colonel from Aug. 1, 1917.

#### Nomination received by the Senate Aug. 8, 1917.

#### APPOINTMENT.

Rev. Clarence R. Rice, of Ohio, to be a chaplain, rank first lieutenant, from Aug. 6, 1917, original vacancy.

#### Nominations received by the Senate Aug. 10, 1917.

Majors to be lieutenant colonels, Engrs.: Lewis H. Rand, Thomas H. Jackson, Edward M. Markham, George B. Pillsbury.

Captain to be major of Engineers: George R. Goethals.

Capt. Charles T. Harris, Jr., C.A.C., to be captain, Field Art. Second Lieut. Francis M. Brennan, 3d Inf., to be first lieutenant, Inf.

#### S.O. 181, AUG. 6, 1917, WAR DEPT.

Provisional 2d Lieut. Charles W. Jacobson assigned to 22d Cavalry.

Major Llewellyn P. Williamson, M.C., to Fort Sill, Okla.

Capt. Daniel D. Pullen from Military Academy to 7th Engrs.

Capt. A. Richard Hedstrom assigned to 1st Engineers, Washington.

Following officers, General Staff, to Sandy Hook Proving Ground, witnessing demonstration of Field Artillery material: Lieut. Col. Dan T. Moore, Major Daniel F. Craig and Major Edward D. Dearmond.

Temporary 2d Lieut. George F. Young assigned to 6th Engineers.

About 300 officers, M.R.C., to Fort Oglethorpe for instruction.

#### G.O. 79, JUNE 29, 1917, WAR DEPT.

Publishes the proceedings of the G.C.M. in the case of Capt. Albert S. Horton, 2d Texas Inf., found guilty of violating the 62d A.W. He was sentenced to dismissal, which was approved by President Wilson.

#### COMMISSIONS IN AMERICAN RED CROSS.

#### G.O. 82, JULY 5, 1917, WAR DEPT.

1. The President, having been directed to employ all the resources of the Government in the prosecution of the war, the existence of which was recognized by the joint resolution of April 6, 1917, has accepted the co-operation and assistance of the American National Red Cross with the land and naval forces of U.S. under provisions of Act of April 24, 1912, and also the extension by the American National Red Cross of its humanitarian services to the armed and civilian population of countries now at war with the Imperial German Government.

2. To facilitate discharge of their authorized functions, duly qualified members other than units, sections and individuals accepted for service by the War Department and incorporated in commissioned or enlisted strength of Medical Department of Army (Pars. 6-8, Regulations Governing Employment of American Red Cross, Dec. 18, 1916) are recognized by titles with assimilated rank and for appropriate duties, as shown in following table: [We give only title and assimilated ranks.]

Chairman of central committee and chairman of war council—major generals; members of war council and vice chairman—central committee—brigadier generals; director general—colonel; assistant director general and commissioner—lieutenant colonels; director—major; assistant directors—captain and first lieutenant; secretary—sergeant major; Red Cross master hospital sergeant to private and laborer assimilated rank same grades in Army.

3. \* \* \* These commissions confer no military authority, obligation or other incident attached to rank or office, nor any right to pay or allowances of similarly described grades in U.S.A. They serve as certificates of identity and indicate to members of land and naval forces that officials of assimilated rank indicated in commissions are persons in whom the Commander-in-Chief and the American National Red Cross have confidence and for whom above authorities enjoin co-operation in discharge of their functions and that courtesy and respect due to persons designated for such important duties to humanity.

4. \* \* \* Same restrictions upon military authority, obligations, pay, allowances, etc., described in Par. 3 as applicable to commissions, apply to warrants and certificates of identity.

5. To avoid presence in European theaters of war of persons who may not be acceptable to authorities of any foreign government or in whose loyalty there may not be placed undoubted confidence by the Government of the U.S. as well as of such governments, name, residence and former employment of each member of American National Red Cross below grade 7 (first lieutenant) who is to be sent abroad will be furnished to The Adjutant General of the Army for transmission to the Chief, War College Division of General Staff Corps. If employed abroad, similar information will be furnished commanding general, U.S. forces in France.

6. The American National Red Cross members are permitted to wear their prescribed uniforms; in this case, the uniform of the U.S. Army, or such other uniform as may be recommended by the American National Red Cross and approved by the Secretary of War.

7. Prescribes the insignia of title and assimilated rank.

8. Uniform and insignia will be supplied by the American National Red Cross.

9. Use of military titles, rank and uniform is authorized only for American National Red Cross representatives actually in foreign countries constituting the theater of active war.

#### REPORTING OF OFFICERS ABROAD.

#### G.O. 83, JULY 6, 1917, WAR DEPT.

To the end that information concerning the organizations and individuals serving in connection with the United States military forces operating against Germany may be in possession of the commanding general of such forces and the War Department, the following orders are promulgated:

1. All officers of the Armies of the United States, of every kind and character, and of the Marine Corps attached to the Army, who are now or may hereafter be on duty in France, England, or elsewhere, in connection with the United States military operations in western Europe and whose status is not reported on organization returns, will report by letter to the commanding general, United States forces, at Paris, France, on the last day of each month, giving duties on which engaged, or status and address. Those hereafter ordered to duty in countries of western Europe will report by letter to said commanding general immediately upon their arrival in any of the countries specified.

2. One copy of the monthly return of each organization will be furnished to the immediate superior commander as pre-

scribed by Army Regulations and instructions on the blank forms. One copy of the monthly return of each organization or unit, including base hospitals, not forming part of a brigade, division, Army corps, or Army, will be furnished to the commanding general, United States forces, at Paris. All officers not accounted for on organization returns will be accounted for on the returns of the headquarters, United States forces, at Paris.

3. Officers in France or England, or hereafter going to those countries, who for any reason desire or find it necessary to apply for information from the French or English war office will submit their applications or requests to the commanding general, United States forces, at Paris, who alone is authorized to present such requests on behalf of officers in the countries named to the Governments of France and England.

By order of the Secretary of War:

TASKER H. BLISS, Major Gen., Acting Chief of Staff.

#### G.O. 84, JULY 6, 1917, WAR DEPT.

Publishes the proceedings of the G.C.M. in the case of 1st Lieut. William C. Jones, Field Art., Virginia N.G. He was found guilty of violating the 61st, 20th and 24th A.W., and was sentenced to be dismissed.

President Wilson, in view of the strongly mitigating circumstances which induced the court and the judge advocate to recommend clemency, commuted the sentence to forfeiture of \$50 of his pay per month for three months and confinement to the limits of his regimental camp for the same period.

#### G.O. 88, JULY 11, 1917, WAR DEPT.

Announces that the three parts of the Army of the United States referred to in the Act of Congress approved May 18, 1917, are designated the Regular Army, the National Guard and the National Army. The regiments, brigades and divisions of each arm of the above three groups will be numbered in a separate series, and the first number of each series will be as indicated in the table published in our issue of July 21, 1917, page 1557.

#### BAKERY COMPANIES.

#### G.O. 91, JULY 13, 1917, WAR DEPT.

1. The President directs that there be organized for the period of the existing emergency the enlisted strength being raised and maintained by voluntary enlistment or draft, forty bakery companies, each of the following personnel:

Commissioned—First lieutenant, 1.

Enlisted—Quartermaster sergeant, Q.M.C., 1; sergeants, Q.M.C., 23; corporals, Q.M.C., 15; cooks, Q.M.C., 2; privates, first class, Q.M.C., 45; privates, Q.M.C., 15; enlisted total, 101.

2. Officers for these companies will be provided as authorized by the third paragraph of Sec. 1 and Sec. 9 of the Act of Congress approved May 18, 1917.

3. Enlisted men of the Q.M. Corps and members of the Q.M. Enlisted Reserve Corps selected for these companies will be transferred thereto under authority of this order. Department commanders may transfer to these companies privates of the line who are graduate bakers of a school for bakers and cooks. Notation of transfer, and in the case of non-commissioned officers of continuance of warrant, will be made on the individual records of all enlisted men transferred.

4. The places at which these companies are to be organized will be designated by the Q.M. General.

5. Regulations governing the organization, administration and equipment of bakery companies will be published in special regulations of the War Department.

#### G.O. 96, JULY 20, 1917, WAR DEPT.

Amends Par. 191, Army Regulations, so as to exempt from the control of department commanders all that pertains to the administration, instruction, training and discipline of the organized divisions of the National Guard and the National Army. After the arrival at divisional camps the supply of these divisions will be affected as follows:

Department commanders will establish a camp supply depot at each camp, within limits of their department. These depots will include supplies from all departments for the camp at which located. The personnel will include a camp quartermaster, camp ordnance officer, etc. These depots will be filled from the general depots, or direct from contractors.

#### BULLETIN 39, JULY 7, 1917, WAR DEPT.

Publishes the act of Congress making appropriations to supply urgent deficiencies in appropriations for the Military and Naval Establishments on account of war expenses for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and for other purposes.

#### G.O. 9, JULY 26, 1917, SOUTHEASTERN DEPT.

In this order Major Gen. Leonard Wood, the department commander, pending the issue of orders by the War Department, gives instructions governing the training and discipline of mobile troops in the Southeastern Department.

The order deals with the following subjects: Object of training; organization; classes of training; schedules of instruction; instruction of manuals and orders; preliminary training; physical training; field training; special training; marches; field artillery; engineer troops; signal, sanitary and supply troops; responsibility of commanders; hours of training; attendance; administration; mess; diary of training. In conclusion, under the head of Leadership, General Wood says: "Victory in war requires disciplined, seasoned, well-trained troops, efficiently supplied and ably led. True discipline is founded on ability to perform and willingness to carry out the orders of the commander. Troops cannot be seasoned and well-trained except by constant, arduous and intelligent work on the part of their officers. The battle efficiency of any organization reflects, in proportion to the time he has commanded it, the character of its leader."

#### G.O. 10, JULY 31, 1917, SOUTHEASTERN DEPT.

The Reserve Auto Truck Companies will be organized with designations and stations as follows:

Reserve Auto Truck Co. No. 71, at National Army Cantonment at Little Rock, Ark.

Reserve Auto Truck Co. No. 72, at National Army Cantonment at Little Rock, Ark.

Reserve Auto Truck Co. No. 73, at National Guard Camp at Spartanburg, S.C.

Reserve Auto Truck Co. No. 74, at National Guard Camp at Augusta, Ga.

The enlisted personnel of each of the above-mentioned Reserve Auto Truck Companies will consist of thirty-four chauffeurs and one cook, in accordance with instructions contained in letter from the Quartermaster General's Office, dated May 10, 1917.

#### G.O. 45, JULY 19, 1917, SOUTHERN DEPT.

I.—It is thought that individual acts of disloyalty and violence may occur throughout the country in the present situation. Officers are instructed that all such overt acts of violence are to be sternly repressed and dealt with. At once upon the occurrence of any such incident a prompt and vigorous assertion of the Federal power should be made. Evidence of the intention of the government so to act will both prevent a spread of trouble and discourage similar incident. Commanders will, of course, issue such proper instructions to subordinates as will safeguard as far as possible the danger of mistaking ordinary offenses against the law for acts committed with seditious or disloyal intent. The former class should be left to the civil authorities.

II.—Capt. Paul L. Ferron, junior military aviator, Signal Corps, is hereby announced as aeronautical officer of the Southern Department, to date from May 31, 1917.

By command of Brigadier General Parker:

MALVERN-HILL BARNUM, Col. G.S., Chief of Staff.

#### G.O. 46, JULY 24, 1917, SOUTHERN DEPT.

This order relates to the court-martial of enlisted men, and gives instructions for a proper handling of the cases. General Parker, in the opening of the order, says:

"At this time when the Army is engaged in enlisting and training large numbers of recruits, the formation of many new organizations, and in expansion on an unprecedented scale, the guarding of and caring for men in confinement is a serious burden, and arrest and confinement of soldiers must be limited

to the strictest necessities of the case, and then only after summary disciplinary punishment, for minor offenses, by the commanding officer has been resorted to and failed in its purpose. Punishment is imposed as a deterrent, and it should be remembered that its efficacy does not depend so much upon its severity as upon its sureness and the promptness with which it follows the offense. All commanding officers are required to take an active personal interest in the discipline and the administration of corrective punishment within their commands. With this end in view, they are directed to see that Paras. 333 to 336, Manual for Courts-Martial, 1917, are understood and effectively used within their jurisdiction.

## GENERAL OFFICERS.

Brig. Gen. Clarence P. Townsley from duty in the Philippine Department and by the first available transport to United States and report by telegraph to The A.G. of Army for further orders. (Aug. 4, War D.)

## QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. HENRY G. SHARPE, Q.M.G.

Capt. C. E. Hathaway, Q.M.C., to San Francisco for duty in charge of Schools for Bakers and Cooks and of the bakery companies of the Western Dept., relieving Capt. Edward Wolbert, Q.M.O.R.C., who will go to American Lake, Wash., cantonment to take charge of School for Bakers and Cooks. (Aug. 3, War D.)

Q.M. Sergt. Cleveland H. Ostrander, Q.M.C. (appointed July 30, 1917, from sergeant, Q.M.C.), Fort Keogh, assigned duty at present station. (Aug. 4, War D.)

## MEDICAL CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. W. C. GORGAS, S.G.

Major Charles Y. Brownlee, M.C., to Governors Island, N.Y., for duty as assistant to Dept. surgeon. (Aug. 3, War D.)

First Lieut. Robert E. Parrish, M.C., to station and duty at Fort Slocum, N.Y. (Aug. 3, War D.)

## DENTAL CORPS.

First Lieut. Arthur J. Hart, D.C., to Army Medical School, Washington, for duty. (Aug. 3, War D.)

## SANITARY CORPS.

Major Bradley Dewey, San. C., to New York, N.Y., 543 Greenwich street, New York, N.Y., for superintending manufacture, purchase and inspection of gas masks and other defensive apparatus. (July 28, War D.)

Major Walter T. Fishleigh, Sanitary Corps, to duty at Washington in office of Surgeon General. (Aug. 4, War D.)

## SERGEANTS, MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Sergt. 1st Class Enoch Cavanaugh, Med. Dept., Henry Barracks, P.R., assigned duty at that post. (Aug. 4, War D.)

## CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

BRIG. GEN. W. M. BLACK, C.E.

Temporary second lieutenants of Engineers, recently appointed, rank June 25, 1917, assigned Engineer training camp, Washington Bks., D.C., and will join: George E. Miville and James T. Murphy. (Aug. 4, War D.)

Temporary 2d Lieut. Arnie S. McClay, recently appointed, rank June 25, 1917, assigned to 5th Engineers, Corpus Christi, Texas, and will join. (Aug. 4, War D.)

The following appointments have been made in the Corps of Engineers: To be master engineers, junior grade—Asa W. De La Vergne, 1st Engrs., rank from Aug. 3, 1917, assigned to 1st Engrs.; Clay C. Boswell, 4th Engrs. Train, rank from July 17, 1917, assigned to 4th Engrs. Train. (Aug. 6, C. of E.)

## FIELD ARTILLERY.

14TH FIELD ARTILLERY.—COL. A. S. FLEMING.

Major John B. W. Corey, 14th Field Art., from assignment to that regiment to United States and report by telegraph to The A.G. of Army for orders. (Aug. 4, War D.)

## ORDERED TO FORT SILL.

Following officers of Field Artillery are relieved from present duties and will proceed not later than Aug. 15, 1917, to Fort Sill, Okla., School of Fire for Field Artillery, as members of school staff: Major Augustine McIntyre, 1st F.A.; Major John W. Kilbreh, Jr., 9th F.A.; Major Dennis H. Currie, 1st F.A.; Capt. Edmund L. Gruber, F.A., D.O.L.; Capt. William H. Rucker, Capt. Onorio Moretti and 1st Lieut. Cliff Andrus, F.A., D.O.L. (Aug. 3, War D.)

## FIELD ARTILLERY, UNASSIGNED.

Second Lieut. John A. Darcy, Field Art., unassigned, Chicago, to Fort Sheridan, Ill., for treatment. (July 23, C.D.)

## FIELD ARTILLERY, DETACHED OFFICERS' LIST.

Capt. George R. Allin, F.A., D.O.L., to Fort Sill, Okla., as member of school staff. (Aug. 3, War D.)

## COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. E. M. WEAVER, CHIEF OF COAST ART.

Each of the following radio sergeants, C.A.C. (appointed July 18, 1917, from company indicated), is assigned to duty in coast defenses designated: Christian E. Pfautz from 6th Co., Fort H. G. Wright, to Long Island Sound; Roy Butler from 4th Co., Fort Worden, to Puget Sound; Lucian G. Ogles from 8th Co., Fort Winfield Scott, Cal., to S.F. (Aug. 3, War D.)

Capt. E. W. Putney, C.A.C., now at Milford, Conn., having relinquished the unexpired portion of his sick leave, to Fort Adams, R.I., 7th Provisional Regiment, for duty. (July 28, S.E.D.)

Par. 111, S.O. 173, July 27, War D., relating to Col. Arthur W. Chase, C.A.C., is amended, to take effect not later than Aug. 25. (Aug. 4, War D.)

Master Electr. Max Felgentreff, C.A.C., will be placed upon retired list at Fort Worden, Wash., Aug. 15, 1917. (Aug. 4, War D.)

## COAST ARTILLERY PROMOTIONS.

The following promotions of officers of the Coast Artillery Corps are announced in S.O. 179, Aug. 3, 1917, War D. All officers take rank from May 15, 1917:

## MAJORS TO BE LIEUTENANT COLONELS.

Robt. S. Abernethy Earl D. Pearce Thomas Q. Ashburn  
Edwin O. Sarratt Arthur S. Conklin Sam F. Bottoms  
Lawrence S. Miller James F. Brady Harold E. Cloke  
Mervyn C. Buckley R. L. Carmichael Samuel C. Vestal  
Fred E. Johnston Andrew Moses Philip R. Ward

## CAPTAINS TO BE MAJORS.

Harry C. Barnes Philip S. Golderman Francis W. Ralston  
Stephen H. Mould Charles L. Lanham Adna G. Clarke  
Louis S. Chaplear George F. Connolly Samuel G. Sharlie  
Granville Sevier John S. Johnston Michael H. Barry  
Robert F. Woods Joseph S. Hardin Clarence G. Bunker  
A. C. Thompson Louis E. Bennett William H. Tobin  
Ellison L. Gilmer Geo. L. Hicks, Jr. Harry J. Watson  
John McBride, Jr. Lynn S. Edwards Wm. H. Raymond  
Richard K. Cravens Hugh K. Taylor Jacob E. Wyke  
George O. Hubbard Alden Trotter Charles O. Zollars  
James M. Wheeler Frank S. Long John Stork  
Harrison S. Kerrick John P. Spurr Robert B. McBride  
Frank J. Miller

<sup>1</sup>D.O.L.; <sup>2</sup>A.G.D.; <sup>3</sup>det. G.S.C.; <sup>4</sup>Q.M.C.  
Officers named, except as hereinafter indicated, remain on duty at present station.

Lieutenant Colonel Buckey comply with recent orders assigning him to duty military attaché, American Embassy, Rome.

Major Barnes join 6th Provisional Regiment, C.A.C.

Major Gilmer remain duty in Coast Defenses Narragansett Bay instead of complying with Par. 16, S.O. 66, Hqrs. N.E. Dept., 1917.

Major McBride from present duty and report to C.O., Coast Defenses Eastern New York, for duty.

Major Golderman remain present duties for further orders.

Major Taylor from present duty and report to C.O., Coast Defenses Puget Sound, for duty.

Major Spurr from present duty and report to C.O., Coast Defenses Portland, for duty.

Major Ralston to Fort Constitution, N.H., for duty.

## INFANTRY.

2D INFANTRY.—COL. J. A. IRONS.

Cook Bert Dunlap, Co. I, 2d Inf., is placed upon the retired list at Fort Shafter, H.T., and to home. (Aug. 3, War D.)

5TH INFANTRY.—COL. E. M. JOHNSON.

Mess Sgtt. Wesley W. Smith, Co. C, 5th Inf., is placed upon the retired list at Camp Empire, C.Z., and to home. (Aug. 4, War D.)

## INFANTRY UNASSIGNED.

Majors George D. Arrowsmith and James M. Graham, Inf., are detailed for service and to fill vacancies in I.G.D. (Aug. 3, War D.)

Lieut. Col. Wilson Chase, Inf., having reported, will report to C.O., Fort Sam Houston, Texas, for duty. (July 1, S.D.)

Major William A. Phillips, Inf., now serving in O.D., is detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in the grade of lieutenant colonel in that department. (Aug. 4, War D.)

## PLACED ON DETACHED OFFICERS' LIST.

Majors George D. Arrowsmith and James M. Graham, Inf., are detailed for service and to fill vacancies in I.G.D. (Aug. 3, War D.)

Lieut. Col. Wilson Chase, Inf., having reported, will report to C.O., Fort Sam Houston, Texas, for duty. (July 1, S.D.)

Major William A. Phillips, Inf., now serving in O.D., is detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in the grade of lieutenant colonel in that department. (Aug. 4, War D.)

## PHILIPPINE SCOUTS.

The names of the following majors of Infantry are placed on the Detached Officers' List: Patrick A. Connolly, 45th; John B. Schoeffel, 17th; Englebert G. Ovenshine, 1st; Robert J. Maxey, 18th; Benjamin P. Nicklin, 51st; John W. French, 28th; Cromwell Stacey, 40th; William A. Cavanaugh, 19th; Frank D. Wickham, 12th; Bryan Conrad, 17th; Austin F. Prescott, 49th; Moor N. Falls, 28th; James M. Graham, Inf.; Charles F. Humphrey, Jr., 8th; Benjamin J. Tillman, 51st; George J. Holden, 24th; John J. Toffey, Jr., 10th; Carl A. Martin, 56th; Mark Wheeler, 64th; Ivers W. Leonard, 54th; Pearl M. Shaffer, 6th; Laurence A. Curtis, 45th; William H. Jordan, Jr., 14th; Easton R. Gibson, Inf.; Adolph H. Huguet, 5th; Raymond Sheldon, Inf.; James D. Taylor, Inf.; Frank Halstead, 1st; Harry E. Knight, 35th; Archie J. Harris, 14th; Alexander J. Macnab, 25th; Ralph B. Parrott, 57th; G. de Grasse Catlin, 9th; Frederick G. Knabenshue, 62d; Martin L. Crimmins, 35th; Paul H. McCook, 32d; Frederick S. L. Price, 55th; George B. Pond, 47th; Eleutherios H. Cooke, 54th; Thomas J. Powers, 23d. (Aug. 3, War D.)

## RETIRED OFFICERS.

Major Robert S. Woodson, retired, from Fort Douglas, Utah, to home. (Aug. 4, War D.)

## TO DUTY AT FORT SILL.

Second Lieut. Charles A. Easterbrook, P.S., recently appointed from captain, I.O.R.C., from July 12, 1917, to Manila and sail from S.F. about Sept. 5. (Aug. 3, War D.)

Second Lieut. Ernest Esser, P.S., recently appointed with rank from July 13, 1917, to general supply depot, New York, N.Y., for temporary duty. He will proceed to San Francisco in time to sail about Sept. 5 for Manila for duty. (Aug. 3, War D.)

## ENLISTED INSTRUCTORS.

Following officers to Fort Sill, Okla., to duty as instructors at the School of Musketry: Major Grosvenor L. Townsend, Inf.; Major Llewellyn P. Williams, M.C.; Capts. Kenyon A. Joyce, Cav., D.O.L.; Creed F. Cox, Inf.; Charles F. Thompson, Inf.; Melvin G. Faris, 35th Inf.; Herbert M. Pool, 45th Inf.; William L. Moose, Jr., 15th Cav.; Andrew J. Dougherty, Inf.; Jesse C. Drain, Inf.; Albert E. Phillips, 10th Cav.; George M. Parker, Jr., 21st Inf.; Robert Conrad, M.R.C., and Frank Suggs, M.R.C.; 1st Lieut. Spencer B. Aiken, Inf., and Temporary 2d Lieut. H. A. Crunk. (Aug. 4, War D.)

## ENLISTED INSTRUCTORS.

Following officers to Fort Sill, Okla., to duty as instructors at the School of Musketry: Major Grosvenor L. Townsend, Inf.; Major Llewellyn P. Williams, M.C.; Capts. Kenyon A. Joyce, Cav., D.O.L.; Creed F. Cox, Inf.; Charles F. Thompson, Inf.; Melvin G. Faris, 35th Inf.; Herbert M. Pool, 45th Inf.; William L. Moose, Jr., 15th Cav.; Andrew J. Dougherty, Inf.; Jesse C. Drain, Inf.; Albert E. Phillips, 10th Cav.; George M. Parker, Jr., 21st Inf.; Robert Conrad, M.R.C., and Frank Suggs, M.R.C.; 1st Lieut. Spencer B. Aiken, Inf., and Temporary 2d Lieut. H. A. Crunk. (Aug. 4, War D.)

## NATIONAL GUARD.

Major John P. Hill, J.A.G.D., Maryland N.G., is called into the Federal service and to Washington, D.C. (Aug. 3, War D.)

Capt. Lester S. Hill, Jr., Q.M.C., Rhode Island N.G., called into Federal service to mobilization camp, Quonset Point, R.I., as camp Q.M. (Aug. 3, N.E.D.)

First Lieut. Nathaniel S. Simpkins, Jr., 1st Regiment, Massachusetts F.A., N.G., detailed on duty as acting aid to Brig. Gen. Clarence R. Edwards. (Aug. 2, N.E.D.)

## RESERVE CORPS ORDERS.

For additional orders see pages 1685-1686.

## JUDGE ADVOCATES.

Major Edward S. Bailey, J.A.G.O.R.C., to duty in office of J.A.G. of Army. (Aug. 3, War D.)

## QUARTERMASTERS.

The following captains in Q.M.O.R.C. to duty as follows: Capt. Hugh J. Bowen to Fort Leavenworth; Capt. Walter B. Hopping to Washington, D.C.; Capt. J. M. Schwerin to New York, N.Y.; Capt. John A. Berry to Fort Des Moines, Iowa; Capt. James A. Massa to United States and upon arrival at San Francisco report by wire to Q.M.G. of Army for further instructions; Capt. August Euler to Syracuse, N.Y. (Aug. 3, War D.)

Capt. Alex E. A. Harrison, Q.M.O.R.C., to report to commanding general, S.D., for duty as C.O. of one of the bakery companies being organized.

Resignation of Capt. M. W. Colcock, Jr., Q.M.O.R.C., is accepted.

Capt. Edward Wolbert, Q.M.O.R.C., to report in person to commanding general, Western Dept., as officer in charge of bakery companies and schools in that department.

Capt. Joseph H. Hickey, Q.M.O.R.C., from duty as Q.M., Base Hospital No. 19. (July 28, War D.)

Q.M. Sergt. T. J. Beckett, Q.M.C. (appointed July 24, 1917, from corporal, Q.M.C.), Madison Bks., N.Y., to Fort Jay, N.Y., for duty. (July 28, War D.)

Second Lieut. Stephen R. Beard, Q.M.C., from Fort Worden to S.F. for duty. (July 28, War D.)

Capt. Jacob H. Spangler, Q.M.O.R.C., to duty Washington. (Aug. 4, War D.)

Captains of Q.M.R.C. to duty as follows: Harry G. Palmer to Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga.; William J. Cooper to Camp Greene, Charlotte, N.C.; Hugh B. Holman and Harry D. Frisbie to Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S.C.; Samuel A. Martin to Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala.; Lewis E. Moore to Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss.; Daniel B. Kimball to Camp Sevier, Greenville, S.C.; Edwin L. Springman to Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala., and Hugh J. Bowen to Camp Greene, Charlotte, N.C. (July 31, S.E.D.)

Capt. Washington Platt, Q.M.O.R.C., to command of Bakery Co. No. 11, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., relieving Capt. Walter H. Smith, Q.M.C., of command. (July 30, S.E.D.)

## MEDICAL RESERVE CORPS.

First Lieut. Peter G. Fagone, M.R.C., to duty at New York, N.Y., Transport Service. (Aug. 3, War D.)

First Lieut. Glenn L. Coan, M.R.C., relieved duty with 6th Engrs., N.A., and to Fort Benjamin Harrison and report to C.O., medical officers' training camp, for a course of instruction. (Aug. 3, War D.)

First Lieut. Glenn B. Carpenter, M.R.C., to duty with 6th Engrs., N.A., for duty. (Aug. 3, War D.)

So much of Par. 42, S.O. 168, July 21, 1917, War D., as relates to Capt. Samuel E. Lambert, M.R.C., is revoked. (Aug. 3, War D.)

Capt. Timothy L. Barber, M.R.C., to duty at Charleston, W.Va., enlisting personnel, Red Cross Ambulance Co. No. 22. (Aug. 3, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to report by telegraph to commanding general, Western Dept., for assignment to duty: Majors H. R. Oliver and A. Weeks; Capts. R. C. Howe, B. O. Adams, S. M. Alter, W. L. Dunn, J. B. Frankheimer and W. H. Morse; 1st Lieuts. C. B. Adams, C. B. Alexander, O. Anderson, W. O. Baker, N. P. Barbour, I. B. Bartle, C. J. Bartlett, C. Billington, J. Boyer, A. L. Brown, W. D. Butler, A. Betts, W. H. Boone, D. G. Brunjes, H. McD. Cameron, F. H. Collins, W. H. Daniel, F. J. Delaney, B. F. DeVore, S. B. Dickinson, R. B. Dillement, R. G. Duffey, H. Ehlers, W. L. Ellis, S. Q. Elmore,

W. Everly, F. Falk, W. W. Fenton, H. M. Fine, O. P. Floreth, C. M. Frazer, C. H. Freeman, L. J. E. Gougelet, E. D. Hatch, M. A. Heffelfinger, W. E. Hempstead, H. H. Hemstreet, R. Hendricks, O. H. Hoag, C. D. Hopper, W. R. Johnson, C. W. Jones, J. P. Kane, K. H. Kelloog, A. N. Kerr, E. Kester, W. C. Kintner, T. S. Long, C. L. McCloud, A. D. S. McCoy, S. J. Mann, E. F. Mertz, H. L. Miller, P. A. Mix, A. L. Munger, W. M. O'Shea, O. E. Patterson, W. H. Payne, J. S. Purdy, C. O. Reed, W. A. Reed, E. F. Ristine, L. J. Schermerhorn, F. M. Seibert, R. H. Shippey and B. R. Simpson. (Aug. 3, War D.)

Officers of M.R.C. to report by telegraph to the commanding general, S.D., for assignment to duty: Major T. S. Howe; Capts. C. H. Bowker, N. H. Bowman, T. C. Brooks, W. W. Lynch and E. H. Racer; 1st Lieuts. D. Allison, H. T. Allison, E. M. Arnold, W. L. Barber, F. M. Bailey, W. R. Barry, F. T. Bow, E. B. Bruton, R. E. Cuthlou, W. Auda Vee Cash, G. H. Clulow, S. E. Collins, M. C. Connor, P. J. Connor, C. C. Cooke, H. O. Darnall, J. L. Day, F. F. Fowler, E. L. Grimes, E. H. Hamilton, R. E. Hearn, C. H. Hendry, J. W. Henry, H. K. Hinde, J. P. Howser, G. Hunter, D. C. Hyder, C. M. Kent, G. McA. Liddell, R. C. McCreary, H. B. McFarland, H. McQuown, E. H. Mathewson, E. G. Mathis, A. B. Montgomery, G. S. Murphy, A. J. Myatt, C. Nichols, H. D. Nitong, E. E. Nunnery, G. A. Nylund, E. McR. Outlaw, C. R. Ozias, J. L. Patterson, H. W. Pickett, T. A. Pressly, C. Puckett, T. F. Renfrow, H. C. Rick, S. P. Roaten, F. H. Shaw, J. J. Tribble and S. W. Wilson. (Aug. 3, War D.)

Capt. James E. Daniels, M.R.C., to duty at Greenville, S.C., enlisting personnel of Red Cross Amb. Co. No. 32. (Aug. 3, War D.)

These officers of M.R.C. proceed to places noted for enlisting personnel in the Red Cross ambulances named: Capt. Walter R. T. Sharpe to Memphis, Tenn., No. 45; Capt. Hugh D. Sprague to Salt Lake City, Utah, No. 27; Capt. Walter H. Winchester to Flint, Mich., No. 21; Capt. F. A. Roberts to Flint, Mich., No. 42; Capt. Ernest W. Cavanes to Kansas City, Mo., No. 24; Capt. Thomas M. Hopkins to Denver, Colo., No. 30; Capt. Griffith A. Thomas to Detroit, Mich., No. 28; Capt. N. Stewart to Vicksburg, Miss., No. 39; 1st Lieut. W. Stickney to Rutland, Vt., No. 25; 1st Lieut. W. S. Horn to Fort Worth, Texas, No. 40; 1st Lieut. M. B. Light to Pittsfield, N.Y., No. 18; 1st Lieut. Harry E. Tait to Pittsfield, N.Y., No. 37; and Capt. Walter H. Tait to Minneapolis, Minn., No. 37. (Aug. 3, War D.)

First Lieutenants, M.R.C., to Fort Des Moines, Iowa, for duty: G. W. Bugg, J. D. Carr, V. J. Davis, De Haven Hinkson, R. S. Vass, W. Wallace,

F. C. Anderson; 1st Lieuts. W. E. Darrow, F. H. Wisewell, Jr., P. B. Hoge and W. F. Howe. (Aug. 4, War D.)

First Lieutenant, Wilfred Lewis, E.O.R.C., to duty American Lake, Wash. (Aug. 4, War D.)

Officers of E.O.R.C. to active duty at camps below named: In the vicinity of Washington, D.C.—First Lieuts. James H. Reidy and Henry S. McGee, and 2d Lieut. Douglas B. Wright. At Fort Leavenworth, Kas.—Capt. David McD. Shearer; 1st Lieuts. Robert N. Winslow, Fred T. Whiting, Charles L. Broas, Ralph W. Baker; 2d Lieuts. Perry C. Satterthwaite and Wayne O. Axtell. (Aug. 4, War D.)

Second Lieut. James R. Rosenfeld, E.O.R.C., to duty Washington. (Aug. 4, War D.)

#### SIGNAL OFFICERS.

Capt. Edward Ward, S.O.R.C., to duty in the grade of first lieutenant and to Fort Leavenworth training camp for duty. (Aug. 3, War D.)

First lieutenants of Av. Sec., S.O.R.C., to duty as follows: Franklin K. Lane, Jr., to Rantoul, Ill.; Charles F. Littlejohn to Mineola, N.Y.; Brackett O. Watkins to Mineola, N.Y. (Aug. 3, War D.)

Officers of S.O.R.C. to duty as follows: Capt. Thomas W. Wylie to Washington; 1st Lieut. R. A. Klock to New York, N.Y., and 1st Lieut. T. R. Parrish to Washington. (Aug. 3, War D.)

First lieutenants of S.O.R.C. to duty as noted below: Lieuts. E. B. Oldham, H. W. Kirby, F. Grove, S. H. Shultz and J. A. Burton, Jr., to Leon Springs, Texas; Lieuts. J. Greevy, E. M. Brown, C. O. Van Der Vort, D. H. Stambaugh, C. F. Kunsmiller, Jr., O. S. Imes, A. D. McLay, C. D. Shriver, L. E. McCardle, P. R. Williams, H. E. Reinhold, T. E. Rosser, F. L. Pond, D. M. Shryer, A. S. Blattnerman and R. L. Taylor to Fort Leavenworth; Lieuts. C. Barrett, A. W. Gough, S. E. Karigan, G. D. Beaumont, E. C. Latchem, L. R. Moses, W. F. J. Weitzenberg, J. E. Monnacir, H. E. Segur, I. H. Treest, C. R. Parkinson and S. I. Weill to the Presidio of Monterey, Cal.; Lieuts. A. C. Lietz, B. H. Ingalls, H. Slater, St. E. E. Brookings, S. E. Kent, J. L. Williams, F. E. Muller and T. J. Crowley to Monmouth Park, N.J.; Lieut. I. Hamilton to report to officer in charge, Washington-Alaska Military Cable and Telegraph System, Seattle, Wash.; Lieut. J. P. Morris to 2d Telegraph Battalion, Fort Bliss, Texas; Lieut. C. D. Cuny to Leon Springs, Texas, 10th Telegraph Battalion. (Aug. 3, War D.)

#### 6TH TELEGRAPH BATTALION, S.R.C.

The 6th Telegraph Battalion, S.R.C., with officers and enlisted men, is ordered to active duty as follows: All officers of the battalion now on active duty will report to Major John R. Turner, S.C.U.S.R., battalion commander, at 212 West Washington street, Chicago, Ill.; the enlisted personnel, Headquarters Detachment and Co. D will report to the battalion commander, at 1521 West Harrison street, Chicago; 1st Lieuts. Daniel E. Moore and Harry E. Wighman, S.C. U.S.R., from Chicago, Ill., to Milwaukee, Wis., for organizing Co. E and conducting it to Chicago, which, upon being organized, will proceed to Chicago; upon being organized the battalion will proceed from Chicago, Ill., to Fort Leavenworth. (July 19, G.D.)

#### 7TH TELEGRAPH BATTALION, S.R.C.

The following officers are assigned to 7th Telegraph Battalion, S.R.C.: Major Fred W. McDougall, S.C.U.S.R., commanding adjutant supply officer; Co. D, Capt. A. A. Gieriet, 1st Lieuts. Fred B. Butt and A. W. Huntzinger, S.C.U.S.R.; Co. E, Capt. P. F. Bunce, 1st Lieuts. P. M. McCullough and W. C. Hutchinson, S.C.U.S.R. (July 17, C.D.)

#### ORDNANCE OFFICERS.

Capt. Frederick E. Wright, O.O.R.C., to report by letter to the C.O., War Dept., for duty. (Aug. 4, War D.)

First Lieut. R. C. Manning, O.O.R.C., to Fort Hancock, N.J., for duty.

First Lieut. Alfred C. Gunsaulus, O.O.R.C., to duty at Fort Hancock, N.J.

First Lieut. Boyd V. Evans, O.O.R.C., to duty at Fort Hancock, N.J. (July 28, War D.)

#### CAVALRY, OFFICERS' RESERVE CORPS.

Second Lieut. A. C. Rothwell, C.O.R.C., to duty for aviation training. (July 28, War D.)

#### DEFENSE ACT AMENDMENTS.

Mr. Dent, chairman of the House Military Committee, on July 1 introduced another bill, drawn on the lines of S. 1786, for the amendment of certain sections of the National Defense Act and for other purposes, in H.R. 5607. Its first section seeks to amend sections five, nine, ten, twelve, thirteen, twenty-two, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-eight, thirty-eight, sixty-nine, and 125 of the National Defense Act of June 3, 1916.

#### AMENDMENT OF PRESENT LAWS.

The following proposed amendments of the National Defense Act constitute Section 1 of this bill, H.R. 5607: General Staff Corps.—The bill would amend Section 5, N.D. Act, so that

The General Staff Corps shall consist of one Chief of Staff, general officer of line, take rank and precedence over all other officers of Army; two Assistant Chiefs of Staff, general officers of line; 10 colonels, 12 lieutenant colonels, 32 majors, and 34 captains, detailed from corresponding grades in Army. Officers detailed in G.S. Corps shall be detailed therein four years, unless sooner relieved; while serving in G.S.C. may be temporarily assigned to duty any branch of Army; upon relief duty G.S.C. shall return to branch in which held permanent commissions, and no officer shall be eligible for further detail in G.S.C. until served two years with branch of Army in which commissioned, except in time of actual or threatened hostilities. Sec. 27, Act of Feb. 2, 1901, shall apply to each position vacated by officers below general detailed G.S.C. All officers detailed in said corps shall be employed study of military problems, preparation of plans national defense, and utilization of military forces in time of war, in investigating and reporting efficiency and preparedness such forces for service in peace or war or on G.S. duties connection troops, including National Guard, or as military attachés in foreign countries, or on other duties not of an administrative nature on which they can be lawfully and properly employed. Provided, No officer shall be detailed member G.S.C. other than Chief of Staff and general officers herein provided for as Assistant Chiefs, except from recommendation board of five general officers of line, selected by Secretary of War, not more than two members from General Staff. Provided further, Army War College shall remain fully subject to supervising, co-ordinating and informing powers conferred by law upon General Staff, and instructors, students and attachés of said college may be detailed freely from said corps: And provided further, The organization heretofore existing connection office Chief of Staff under designation Coast Artillery Division is abolished and shall not be re-established; business of said division, except such as comes within general power or conferred upon G.S. Corps by organic Act of Feb. 14, 1903, is transferred to office Chief of Coast Artillery, and Chief of C.A. shall be an additional member of G.S. Corps and shall also be advisor to and informant of Chief of Staff in respect to business under his charge. And provided further, If any officer detailed in G.S. Corps, or as an officer of any staff corps or department of Army, shall be promoted to next higher grade while so serving he may be permitted to serve out period of his detail as additional number in organization and grade; but whole number of officers detailed to said organization shall at no time exceed aggregate of numbers allowed the several grades thereof by law other than this proviso.

Quartermaster Corps.—The bill would amend Section 9, N.D. Act, so that

The Quartermaster Corps shall consist of one Q.M. general, major general; two assistants, brigadier general; 21 colonels, 24 lieutenant colonels, 68 majors, 180 captains, the military storekeeper (Act of Aug. 29, 1916), and the pay clerks now in active service, who shall hereafter have rank, pay and allowances of second lieutenant, and the President is authorized to appoint and commission them by and with advice and consent of Senate, second lieutenants, Q.M.C., U.S.A. Total enlisted strength of Q.M.C. and number in each grade shall be limited and fixed from time to time by the President in accordance

needs of Army, and shall consist of quartermaster sergeants, senior grade; quartermaster sergeants; sergeants, first class; sergeants; corporals; chauffeurs; assistant chauffeurs; enlisted specialists, first, second, third and fourth class; cooks; privates, first class, and privates. Number in grades not exceed percentages of total authorized enlisted strength Q.M.C.: Q.M. sergeants, senior grade, 5 per centum; Q.M. sergeants, 7 per centum; sergeants, first class, and enlisted specialists, first class, 2.5 per centum; sergeants, chauffeurs and enlisted specialists, second class, 3.7 per centum; corporals and enlisted specialists, third class, 9 per centum; privates, first class, assistant chauffeurs, and enlisted specialists, fourth class, and privates, 42 per centum; cooks, 2 per centum; Provided, Master electricians now authorized for Q.M.C. shall hereafter be known as Q.M. sergeants, senior grade, and shall be included in number of quartermaster sergeants, senior grade, herein authorized: Provided further, All work pertaining to construction and repair heretofore done by or under direction officers of Q.M. Corps shall, except as otherwise now provided by laws or regulations, hereafter be done by or under direction of officers of said corps: And provided further, John Q. A. Brett, appointed first Lieutenant of Q.M.C. pursuant to Act of Aug. 29, 1916, shall have rank, pay and allowances of captain, and the President may command and retire him as such.

**Medical Department.**—In Section 10, National Defense Act—

Strike out word "farrier" wherever it occurs in said section and substitute therefor "stable sergeant"; insert "chauffeurs, assistant chauffeurs," after word "corporals" where that word first occurs in third paragraph of said section; change period at end of second paragraph, said section, to a colon and add: "And provided further, Any person who at time of approval of this act shall be and has been an officer of Medical Reserve Corps, or contract surgeon, on active duty for twelve years subsequent to 1898, shall be eligible for appointment as first Lieutenant, Medical Corps, subject to examination." And provided further, Any officer eligible who fails to pass physical examination by reason of disability incurred in line of duty shall be retired with pay and allowances of first lieutenant, Medical Corps"; and strike out eighth proviso, third paragraph, said section.

**Ordnance Department.**—In Section 12, N.D.A., add the following paragraph:

On and after July 1, 1917, total enlisted strength Ord. Dept. and number in each grade shall be limited and fixed time to time by President in accordance needs of Army and shall consist of ordnance sergeants, senior grade; ordnance sergeants; enlisted specialists; sergeants, first class; sergeants; corporals; cooks; privates, first class, and privates. Number in grades shall not exceed following percentages total authorized enlisted strength Ord. Dept.: Ordnance sergeants, senior grade, 2 per centum; ordnance sergeants and enlisted specialists, 12 per centum; sergeants, first class, 2 per centum; sergeants, 10 per centum; corporals, 18 per centum; cooks, 2 per centum; privates, first class, 45 per centum.

**Signal Corps.**—In Section 13, N.D.A., insert after first provision of third paragraph:

Provided further, That hereafter mileage to officers, Aviation Section, S.C., traveling duty connection aviation service shall be paid from appropriation for work connection with travel is performed, and by adding to concluding paragraph of said section: "Enlisted men of Signal Corps who are qualified, or hereafter qualify, as expert military telegraphers shall receive \$5 a month; first-class military telegraphers, \$3; military telegraphers, \$2; all in addition to their pay; but no enlisted man shall receive at same time additional pay for more than one of classifications named."

**Recruiting Sergeants.**—Add to Section 22, N.D.A., the following:

Provided, That one of the enlisted men at each main recruiting station who has been detached for duty at such station under provisions of Act of Feb. 2, 1901, and may, in discretion of Secretary of War, have rank, pay and allowances of a first sergeant of Infantry.

**Appointments of second lieutenants.**—In Section 24, N.D.A., amending first part of second paragraph down to first proviso, to read:

Vacancies in grade of second lieutenant, created or caused by increases due to this act, in any fiscal year shall be filled by appointment in following order: (1) Of cadets graduated from U.S. Military Academy during preceding fiscal year for whom vacancies did not become available during fiscal year in which they were graduated; (2) officers of Philippine Scouts, enlisted men, Regular Army, and members, including officers, Organized Militia, National Guard or Naval Militia, who have had at least ninety days' actual Federal military service under any call of President during calendar year 1916 or subsequent any fitness for promotion shall have been determined by examination; (3) of commissioned officers of National Guard, between ages of 21 and 27 years, not otherwise provided for herein; (4) of members of Officers' Reserve Corps, between ages of 21 and 27; (5) of such honor graduates, between ages of 21 and 27 years, of distinguished colleges as are now or may hereafter be entitled to preference by general orders of War Department, and (6) of candidates from civil life, between ages of 21 and 27 years, and the President is authorized to make necessary rules and regulations to carry these provisions into effect.

And by inserting after the second proviso thereof, the following:

Provided further, The President is authorized to waive maximum age limit prescribed by law for appointment as second lieutenant in Regular Army in case of any candidate for such appointment who has successfully completed or who may hereafter successfully complete required examination for such appointment before arriving at prescribed maximum age limit; but no appointment of any such candidate shall be made to any vacancy which did not exist upon date he successfully completed required examination for appointment; and persons appointed under provisions of this proviso shall be appointed with rank and date of rank with which they would have been appointed if their appointment had not been prevented by reason of maximum age limit prescribed by law.

And by amending last proviso of said section to read:

And provided further, Hereafter any retired officer, who has been or shall be detailed on active duty, shall receive rank, pay and allowances of grade, not above that of colonel, he would have attained in due course of promotion if he had remained on active list for a period beyond date of his retirement equal to total time during which detailed active duty since retirement.

**Pay of enlisted men.**—The schedule of Section 28, N.D.A., is rewritten, so as to increase the base pay of a number of grades and provide for several new classifications. The new base ratings follow:

Ordnance sergeant, senior grade, O.D., \$75; ordnance sergeant, O.D., and enlisted specialist, O.D., \$50; enlisted specialist, first class, Q.M.C., and sergeant, first class, O.D., \$45; enlisted specialist, second class, Q.M.C., chauffeur of any arm or branch, stable sergeant, Medical Dept., \$36; cook, O.D., \$30; enlisted specialist, third class, Q.M.C., chief mechanic, Inf. and Cav., \$24; enlisted specialist, fourth class, Q.M.C., assistant chauffeur of any arm or branch, bugler, Inf. Cav., Art. and C.A., and private, first class, Ord. Dept., \$18; private, ordnance, \$15.

**Enlisted men from commissioned service.**—To the same

Section 28, N.D.A., a paragraph is added as follows:

Any enlisted man of Regular Army who has been or may hereafter be discharged to enable him to accept commission in Officers' Reserve Corps, or in any National Guard or militia organization, or in any volunteer or additional force that may be authorized in future, and who enlists in Regular Army within three months after July 1, 1917, or within three months after the termination of his connection as an officer therewith, shall be restored to his original status upon re-enlistment in Regular Army and in computing continuous-service pay now authorized by law be entitled to credit for time actually served by him prior to said discharge.

**Government employees in Officers' Reserve.**—In Section 33, N.D.A., add the following:

Members of Officers' Reserve Corps who are in employ of U.S. Government and who are ordered to duty by proper authority shall, when honorably relieved duty, be restored to positions held by them when ordered to duty.

**National Guard in Hawaii.**—In Section 69, N.D.A., add at end thereof the following:

Provided further, That in the Territory of Hawaii the National Guard may include citizens of Philippine Islands.

**Protection of the Uniform.**—To Section 125, N.D.A., at the end thereof, add the following:

Provided, That when an enlisted man is discharged otherwise than honorably, all uniform outer clothing in his possession shall be retained for military use, and, when authorized by regulations prescribed by Secretary of War, a suit of citizen's outer clothing to cost not exceeding \$10 may be issued to such enlisted man.

#### NEW ITEMS OF LEGISLATION.

The following sections are new items of legislation carried by this bill:

**Sec. 2. Proportion of privates.**—Hereafter, number of privates, first class; each arm, corps, or department, or organization thereof, except as otherwise provided by law, shall be, as near as practicable, 33 1/3 per centum of total number of privates, first class, and privates in such arm, corps, or department, or organization thereof.

**Sec. 3. Mine planter crews.**—Hereafter all persons employed any capacity as part of crew any U.S. Army mine planter shall be subject to military law as in 2d A.W., Act of Aug. 29, 1916.

**Sec. 4. Clerical force.**—Hereafter in time of actual or threatened hostilities Secretary of War is authorized to increase the clerical and messenger force in War Department.

**Sec. 5. Mounts of deceased officers.**—Hereafter, under regulations as Secretary of War may prescribe, authorized mounts of officers who die in service may be transported at public expense from last duty station to such places within U.S. as may be home of their families, or as may be designated by legal representatives or executors.

**Sec. 6. Effects of civilian employees.**—Hereafter, under regulations Secretary of War, transportation at public expense may be provided for baggage of civilian employees who die in service from last duty station to U.S. home of families, or as may be designated by legal representatives.

**Sec. 7. Mileage.**—Hereafter mileage Corps of Engineers, Ordnance Department and Quartermaster Corps, duty connection work under appropriations pertaining to respective departments, shall be paid from appropriations for work in connection with which travel is performed.

**Sec. 8. Private property losses.**—Act of March 3, 1885, is amended. The proper accounting officers of Treasury are to examine and determine value of private property belonging to officers and enlisted men in military service of U.S. lost or destroyed in military service, under either of following circumstances: (1) Where such loss or destruction was without fault or negligence on part of claimant. (2) Where property so lost or destroyed was shipped on board an unseaworthy vessel by order of any officer authorized to give such order or direct such shipment. (3) Where it appears that the loss or destruction was in consequence of his having given his attention to saving of property belonging to U.S. in danger at same time and under similar circumstances. Amount of such loss so ascertained and determined shall be paid as in full for all such loss or damage. Any claim which shall be presented and acted on under authority of this act shall be held as finally determined, and shall never thereafter be reopened or considered. The liability of Government under this act shall be limited to such articles of personal property as Secretary of War in his discretion shall decide to be reasonable, useful, necessary and proper for such officer or soldier while engaged in public service in line of duty. All claims now existing shall be presented within two years, and not after, from the passage of this act; and all such claims hereafter arising be presented within two years from occurrence of loss or destruction.

**Sec. 9. Death benefits.**—Amends existing law so as to include among those whose beneficiaries are to receive at death of officer or man in service six months' pay of deceased, "any retired officer or enlisted man serving on active duty." If the death of such officer or enlisted man is caused by wounds or disease resulting from aviation accident not result of own misconduct and which occurred in duty of flying in or operating aircraft, an amount equal to one year's pay is authorized to be paid beneficiaries. Pensions payable for disability or death from aviation accidents shall be double those authorized for non-aviation accidents.

**Allotments.**—The Secretary of War is authorized to permit any enlisted man on active list of Army and any permanent civilian employee under jurisdiction of War Department on duty outside continental limits of U.S. to make allotments of his pay for support of wife, children or dependent relatives. All allotments paid to designated allottees previous to receipt by disbursing officer of notice of discontinuance of same from officer required to furnish such notice shall pass to credit of disbursing officer who has made or shall make such payments; and if erroneous payment is made because of failure of an officer to report, in manner prescribed by the Secretary of War, death of grantor, or any fact which renders allotment not payable, then amount of such erroneous payment shall be collected by Q.M. General from officer who fails to make such report, if such collection is practicable. Nothing herein shall be construed to invalidate allotment now in force.

**Separation allowances.**—In time of war the wife, children, or dependent relative, of an enlisted man, designated by him as his beneficiary under this section, shall be paid a monthly separation allowance of \$15, which shall be total, other than pensions or death gratuities, payable under this section to dependents of any one enlisted man. This separation allowance shall commence with date of declaration or recognition of a state of war in case of all enlisted men in service of U.S. on that date, and for all other enlisted men on date that they assume a status in active military service of U.S. which entitles them to Federal pay, and shall cease on date of issuance of proclamation of President declaring state of war terminated. Separation allowance herein provided for shall not accrue after date of receipt of a report of discharge, desertion or death of enlisted man on whose account allowance is authorized.

Payments authorized by this section shall be paid from funds appropriated for pay of Army, under regulations by Secretary of War, whose action in all cases shall be final, and no right to prosecute a claim or suit shall accrue by virtue of this section.

**Laws repealed.**—That part of Act of May 11, 1908, which provides a death gratuity of six months' pay for beneficiaries of officers and enlisted men of Army, and amendment thereof in Act of March 3, 1909, and that part of Act of July 18, 1914, providing a death gratuity of one year's pay for beneficiaries of officers and enlisted men who die as result of aviation accidents, and Sec. 16, Act of March 2, 1899, providing an allotment system for enlisted men of the Army, and amendment thereof in Act of March 2, 1901, are hereby repealed, but nothing in this section shall affect validity of any claim which has accrued under any of said acts.

**Sec. 10. Auditing accounts.**—The Secretary of Treasury is authorized in time of war, upon request of Secretary of War, to extend period during which money accounts covering expenditures from appropriations for Army may be transmitted to Auditor for War Department after receipt in War Department from sixty to ninety days.

**Disbursing agents.**—Hereafter, under such regulations by Secretary of War, officers of Q.M.C. accountable for public moneys may intrust such moneys to other officers for purpose of having them make disbursements as their agents, and officers to whom moneys are intrusted, as well as officers who intrust them to them, shall be held pecuniarily responsible therefor U.S.

**Sec. 11. Regulation of Coast Artillery practice.**—In interest of national defense and for protection of life and property Secretary of War is authorized to prescribe regulations for use and navigation of any portion or area of navigable waters of U.S. or waters under jurisdiction of U.S. endangered by Coast Artillery fire in target practice or otherwise, or by proving operations of Government ordnance proving grounds.

**Sec. 12.** During hostilities proceeds received from operation of a public utility, in connection with engineer operations in the field, shall be available for the purpose of such utility until close of fiscal year following that in which proceeds are received.

**Sec. 13.** The Secretary of War is authorized, in time of hostilities, to make such details for duty in office of Chief of Engineers of employees of Engineer Department at Large as may be required.

**Sec. 14.** Related to exchange of land in Hawaii.

**Sec. 15.** Hereafter officers and members of National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers may, regardless of Sec. 125, National Defense Act, wear such uniform as Secretary of War may authorize.

August 11, 1917.

GEORGE A. KING WILLIAM B. KING WILLIAM E. HARVEY  
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SECOND LIEUTENANT, COAST ARTILLERY, April 20, 1917, desires transfer with SECOND LIEUTENANT OF FIELD ARTILLERY OR INFANTRY. Address T. O., c/o Army and Navy Journal, New York.

WANTED: A retired soldier to live with Army family of two for at least one year. Work about house, assist in cooking and care of two horses. Location East Utah, away from railroad. Daily automobile stage. Address Captain Stephen Abbot, Fort Douglas, Utah.

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LIEUTENANT OF INFANTRY, March 22, 1917, regiment in U.S., desires transfer with LIEUTENANT OF COAST ARTILLERY. Bonus. Address A. B., c/o Army and Navy Journal, New York city.

RETIRED COMMISSARY SERGEANT, reliable, seeks employment in Southern California by next October. H. V. G., Army and Navy Journal, New York city.

CAPT. COAST ARTILLERY, 1916, desires transfer with CAPT. INFANTRY. Address S. T., Army and Navy Journal, New York city.

WANTED: Former mess sergeant of the Regular Army to take charge of instructing the cooks of the 1st N.J.A. in the issuing, handling and cooking of the ration. Very satisfactory salary. Must have highest references and be preferably a graduate of the Army School for Cooks. Address Commanding Officer, 1st N.J.A., Sea Girt, N.J.

SECOND LIEUTENANT, COAST ARTILLERY, U.S.M.A., April 20, 1917, desires transfer with SECOND LIEUTENANT OF FIELD ARTILLERY OR INFANTRY. Address T. O., c/o Army and Navy Journal, New York city.

WANTED: Position as INSTRUCTOR OF MILITARY SCIENCE at some MILITARY SCHOOL OR COLLEGE by a retired CAPTAIN OF INFANTRY, U.S. Army. West Point graduate, 14 years' service in the Army, excellent record and references. State your offer regarding quarters and compensation. Address "Captain B. C. D.", c/o Army and Navy Journal, New York city.

POSITION AS MATRON OR MANAGER OF CULINARY DEPARTMENT by woman with two children, ages 13 and 6. Earnest endeavor to give satisfaction. References. Address Housekeeper, c/o Army and Navy Journal, New York city.

WANTED: A RETIRED U.S. ARMY OFFICER as Professor of Military Science and Tactics at Wentworth Military Academy. Address Col. S. Sellers, Lexington, Mo.

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2ND LIEUT. INF., June 14, 1917, desires transfer with 2ND LIEUT. FIELD ARTILLERY. Bonus. Address Box 24, Army and Navy Journal, New York city.

PROV. 2ND LIEUT. OF INF. DESIRES TO TRANSFER WITH 2ND LIEUT. OF CAVALRY. Commissioned June 3, 1917. Am willing to lose considerable fees. Address Box 25, Army and Navy Journal, New York city.

WANTED: OLD-FASHIONED, RELIABLE CAVALRY STABLE SERGEANT, RETIRED, TO TAKE CHARGE OF CAVALRY STABLES, INSTRUCT NEW CADETS, AND RUN SCHOOL FARM. Write, enclosing recommendations, to Major M. F. Davis, New York Military Academy, Cornwall-on-Hudson, New York.

2ND LIEUT. OF INFANTRY, June 16, 1917, desires transfer with 2ND LIEUT. FIELD ARTILLERY. Bonus. Address Box 22, Army and Navy Journal, New York city.

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The American Red Cross has established at Philadelphia, for the use at the present time of the U.S. Navy, the first General Red Cross Hospital in this country. The City of Philadelphia had condemned the building and grounds of the Medico-Chirurgical Hospital in order that a boulevard might be cut through its grounds. The usefulness of the building, however, was not seriously interfered with by that fact, and Philadelphia offered this hospital to the Red Cross for an indefinite term without rental. The Red Cross has undertaken to alter and reconstruct the building in Philadelphia, and has appropriated \$20,000 for its current expenses and maintenance. This institution will be known as Red Cross General Hospital No. 1. It contains about 250 beds.

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## THE AGE OF GENERAL OFFICERS.

The baseless press report crediting Major Gen. John J. Pershing, U.S.A., with having recommended that no general officers over the age of forty-five be assigned to the United States expeditionary forces has been widely used to inaugurate another "Oslerize-the-Service" campaign. Proponents of this familiar "reform" base their arguments on two widely separated premises which, however, are equally false. The first is that General Pershing, after having carefully examined into conditions on the Western front with particular regard to the requisites for efficient high command, made the recommendation referred to above; the second is found in the oft-repeated statement that the "average age of the most famous generals is forty-three years." A denial of the first will be necessary only to those who are totally ignorant of the rigid rules of military discipline—and courtesy. Such a recommendation would have been entirely out of General Pershing's province; the question of who will join him abroad will be decided by the War Department, as was General Pershing's selection in the first instance. A refutation of the second premise may be found in the recounting of a few historical facts.

Napoleon is the usual example quoted of the juvenile military genius. The Corsican, after a long apprenticeship in commanding an army of about three divisions (Italian Campaign, 1796-7), won the Austerlitz campaign at thirty-five; but he was fifty-three when, at the head of 40,000 men, he failed in 1812-13. Physical vigor of youth is essential in the command of smaller forces, but in the handling of the million-man army of to-day it is only necessary that the leader possess a body vigorous enough to sustain the mental work required. That a vigorous mentality is a prime requisite goes without saying. Souvaroff, commander of the allied forces in the Italian campaign of 1799, was a man of seventy, with fifty years experience; Blucher, a man of seventy-three, made his immortal fame at Waterloo; in our own annals, Scott at sixty-one headed the most daring, the most skillfully-executed and the most successful campaign—the advance to Mexico City; von Moltke was seventy when he crushed France in 1870; England was forced to turn to Lord Roberts, a veteran of seventy, to rectify the mistakes of younger leaders in the Boer War; Yamagata, the Japanese chief of staff, was seventy when he directed the offensive against Russia in Manchuria; Oyama, in immediate command of the field army, was fifty-four; the average age of the Japanese higher-commanders was sixty-six and the younger was fifty-eight.

Every other nation has evidenced its appreciation of the fact that in war, as elsewhere, experience and training are the next essentials after brains. The elder man is more cautious, it is true; he is also colder and more critical, riper in judgment and less prone to jump at visionary conclusions. Few of our officers have had an opportunity to prove their ability to handle large masses of men. But it is an attempt to discredit common logic when the statement is made that the captain of thirty-five is more likely to make a success of the attempt than the colonel of sixty, with his greater experience.

In presenting the argument that this was not "a young man's war so far as the leaders were concerned," the London Saturday Review stated in a recent issue that in the Napoleonic wars the average age of the famous generals was well under fifty, and it continues:

"To-day, on the other hand, the sixties hold command over most of the armies. On the French side the youngest general—we speak of Gouraud—is forty-seven. Yet the average age of fifteen French generals is 60.5. They include General Joffre, 64; Foch, 65; de Castelnau, 65; Dubail, 65; de Maud'huy, 60; Langle de Cary, 67; Villaret, 64; and Roques, 60. In the German Army the average age is higher still; it is 63.5, though a list of twenty-one names includes that of the Crown Prince, who is only thirty-four. Field Marshal von Hindenburg is 69, and Field Marshal von Mackensen, 71. So it is evident that neither Germany nor France fights the greatest war in history with youthful commanders. British generals in the field are younger. A list of twenty names proves the average age to be 53.9. General Sir Douglas Haig is 55, General Sir H. Plumer, 59; General Sir C. Monro, 56; and General Birdwood, 51, like Lord Cavan and Sir C. Ferguson. Our youngest commander, General Gough, is 46—the age of Wellington and Napoleon at Waterloo. There can be no doubt that the average age of leading soldiers in the field has never been so high as it is at present. Note, too, that the offensive has remained on the side of the oldest staff."

The National Guard, with all additions, including its share of the draft, will number 13,000 officers and 419,834 men, according to an official memorandum prepared in the Militia Bureau. It is impracticable to compute the exact strength drafted into Federal service because of the

fact that recruiting was permitted, even after organizations reached the state mobilization camp or armories.

#### DIVISIONAL REORGANIZATION APPROVED.

The changes in the composition of certain tactical units of the Army and the reduction in size of the Army division which were forecast in our issue of July 28 (Page 1592), have been approved by the Secretary of War, and a general order is being prepared in which will be set forth the exact revisions resulting. The most important will involve the reduction of the "typical division" to 19,000 men to conform with similar units in the armies of our Allies. As was predicted, the complement of machine guns is to be heavily augmented, a battalion of four companies being made a unit of each division in addition to the three machine-gun companies attached to each regiment. The quota of Artillery is heavily increased. Instead of three regiments of Artillery to nine of Infantry, there will be three Artillery regiments to four of Infantry. The Ordnance arm receives the further addition of a trench mortar battery to each division.

#### THE NEW INFANTRY DIVISION.

Under the new order the Infantry division will be composed of the following units, the changes from the old organization tables being indicated:

- 1 Division Headquarters (unchanged).
- 1 Machine Gun Battalion of 4 companies (new).
- 2 Infantry Brigades—each composed of 3 regiments and 1 machine-gun battalion of 3 companies (instead of 3 brigades of 3 regiments each).
- 1 Field Signal Battalion (unchanged).
- 1 Train Headquarters and Military Police (unchanged).
- 1 Ammunition Train (unchanged).
- 1 Supply Train (unchanged).
- 1 Engineer Train (unchanged except that pontoon and searchlight sections are dropped).
- 1 Sanitary Train of 4 Field Hospital Companies and 4 Ambulance Companies (unchanged).
- No Cavalry—instead of 1 Regiment; no aero squadron—instead of 1. The elimination of the aero squadron is explained by the statement that "other methods" will be used to take care of this very vital unit.

#### PROVIDE FOR AN ARMY CORPS.

The units of smaller size will make more necessary than ever the constant maintenance of all units at full fighting strength. For this purpose Reserve battalions will be provided, consisting of 612 men each and listed as "separate training battalions." The number of such battalions to be organized is being withheld. Details of regimental organization also will be withheld for military reasons.

Provision is made for Army Corps and Armies in the new order, both of these units having existed only on paper since the Civil War. Corps were organized in 1898, it is true, but were never operated as such to any extent. Each Army Corps in the new forces will consist of three Infantry Divisions, corps headquarters and certain Army Corps troops not specified; an Army will consist of three or more corps and corps-troops, the composition of which is withheld.

The sixteen divisions of the National Army will be numbered from seventy-six to ninety-one, both inclusive, and instructions will be sent out at once dealing with the reorganization of the National Guard to conform with the new schedule, after arrival at training camps.

As was stated in our issue of July 28, Major Gen. John J. Pershing, U.S.A., already has reorganized his troops in accordance with the new plan.

#### CLASSIFYING THE RECRUITS.

The physical standard required of recruits by the U.S. Army before we entered the war was so high that only a man in superb physical condition could hope to pass through the needle's eye of the surgeon's examination. Some officers on recruiting duty in the antebellum days were of the opinion that the standard was too high; and now the question is being openly discussed if we should not adopt in this country, particularly in view of the enormous number of men to be examined for service in the National Army and the needs of the auxiliary services behind the lines, some such system of classifying recruits as is done abroad. The discussion thus far limits these classifications to three grades, the first being the fighting men, of course, and the other two being set apart for men with physical blemishes, who would be fit to serve in the hospital or other auxiliary corps. Writing on this subject, the New York Medical Journal says:

"One feature of the medical examination as conducted in the British forces might well be adopted by our own Government in the examination and rating of the men called to the colors through the draft act. This feature is the physical classification of the men \* \* \* The British divide their candidates into eight classes, according to their physical fitness for different forms of military service, as follows: general service; garrison duty abroad; labor work abroad; clerical duty abroad; garrison duty at home; labor work at home; clerical duty at home; totally rejected. Each man examined is furnished with a card, dated and signed by the president of the medical examining board and by the man himself, who is required to keep this in his possession at all times. Every man of military age in England is required to have such a card. When called to active service in his particular class, he may improve in physique

and be promoted to a higher class, or he may deteriorate under the pressure of war service, so that he will be demoted \* \* \* It is not yet too late to have some such graded qualifications reported by our own boards of medical examiners who will pass on the physical fitness of the men called out under the draft act."

The French genius for simplicity in all things eliminates any such fine subdivision as this by dividing men called to the colors into two classes, either (a) for general service in the Army or (b) for auxiliary service in the Army. The British plan, which according to some recent testimony of medical witnesses at a hearing on this question in the House of Commons, includes nine categories and not eight as the Medical Journal states, makes for trouble for the examining boards owing to the natural differences of individual opinion as to what constitutes physical fitness for one category over another. Sir Alfred Keogh, the head of the British army medical service, declared at the above-mentioned hearings that in the early days of the war, and indeed actually up to the beginning of last year, Britain possessed no organized system of recruit medical examination. The Army and Navy Gazette says on this point, "The existence of such a state of things seems all the more extraordinary when the same high authority tells us that there is ample room for difference of opinion between any two medical men as to the physical condition of recruits put before them and in regard to the categories into which they should be placed."

It would seem imperative that we adopt some plan of this kind, for there can be no question of the fact that many men who are not fit to serve on the firing line could perform effective service in the countless auxiliary organizations that we must use in our training camps in France, and, it is to be hoped, eventually on German soil. In view of the fact that we have adopted the French system of army organization for our forces it might be well for us also to adopt their system of physical classification owing to its extreme simplicity and proved effectiveness in time of war.

#### DISPOSITION OF NEGRO SOLDIERS.

Efforts are being made by influential civilians to secure the endorsement of the War Department for the proposal to assemble all the negro regiments, either already organized or to be formed from the men of that race who are drafted, into a separate division. That a sufficiency of officers for the lower grades could be secured without trouble even should the supply now in sight prove inadequate, is held to have been proven by the enthusiastic response to the invitation for students at the Fort Des Moines training camp. The candidates there are about to complete their instruction and official reports from the officers in charge speak highly of the progress made by the students.

The War Department, however, has not proceeded further along the line of a race segregation policy than its previously announced decision to have certain regiments composed entirely of negroes. Under the present plans some divisions of the National Army will be "mixed." It has been estimated that 750,000 negroes were registered on June 5. This would indicate that about 57,000 would be drafted in the first quota of the National Army—enough, under the new organization plan, to form three divisions. Computation cannot be strictly accurate because it does not follow that the racial elements were evenly spaced in the drawing of the numbers. It is also known that the ratio of exemptions for physical disability will be much higher for the colored race than for the white.

In addition to the men who may be called under the draft and the units in the Regular Army, there are two negro regiments in the National Guard—the 15th New York and the 8th Illinois; separate battalions in Ohio and the District of Columbia; and four "odd" companies, one each in Connecticut, Maryland, Tennessee and Massachusetts.

The question of where these men are to be located is also causing some embarrassment to the Administration. Evidence has not been lacking during the past few weeks that the race feeling in certain sections of the country would make a concentration of negroes in such sections nothing less than an invitation to serious disorder; the feeling in the South is proverbial, but it has been indicated to the War Department that the possibility of trouble would be heavily discounted if the negroes from Southern States were sent to a special camp in that section and those from the North to another camp. This suggestion is said to have been based on the supposition that the Southern negro has come to realize what a certain element of the white population of that section is pleased to term his "proper position."

With a view to securing their assistance in the task of reorganizing the Veterinary Corps of the Army Medical Department, Major Gen. William C. Gorgas, Surgeon General, U.S.A., has selected the following to be members of a "Veterinary Advisory Board": Dr. C. J. Marshall, state veterinarian of Pennsylvania; Dr. S. White, Ohio State University; Dr. Louis A. Klein, University of Pennsylvania; Dr. V. A. Moore, Cornell University; and Dr. John R. Mohler, assistant chief, Bureau of Animal Industry, Washington, D.C. Doctors White, Klein and Moore, are deans of the veterinary colleges of the universities to which they are attached. The members of the board were chosen chiefly from a committee appointed by the American Association of their profession. Doctor Marshall has just returned from an extended trip to France, where he studied the methods

used for caring for the army animals. The board will recommend to General Gorgas plan for the reorganization of the corps to handle the several hundred thousand horses and mules to be used by our forces.

The London Evening Standard is quoted as saying "It has high authority for stating that negotiations are in progress, with every expectation of success, toward securing immunity for hospital ships from submarine attacks." According to a dispatch from Madrid published by the Standard, it has been arranged that a Spanish naval officer will go aboard every hospital ship to guarantee that the ship is used only for the transport of sick and wounded. We may assume from the above statement that a Spanish officer is selected for this task as the representative of a neutral nation. If Spain finally follows the course of the United States and declares war against Germany as a result of the continuing German U-boat outrages on Spanish merchantmen and fishing boats, then it must follow that an officer of some other neutral nation shall be found to act as umpire over hospital ships. But in view of the fact that Germany will not accept the word of honor of the Allied governments that their hospital ships are used only for transporting sick and wounded soldiers and sailors, what assurance can there be that Berlin will accept the word of honor of a Spanish or other officer? In all the long list of offenses against humanity and international law charged up against the German government in this war there is none more base nor horrible than her deliberate destruction of hospital ships on the plea that they were carrying munitions.

Senator James Hamilton Lewis's declaration in Congress on Aug. 8 that American troops will be sent to fight alongside the armies of Russia and Italy apparently was based upon nothing more than his personal belief. No evidence could be found that the War Department has found occasion even to discuss such a project. It is a well-established fact that the least of the needs of the Powers mentioned is for men. Italy is said to have in active service, including reserves, not less than 4,000,000 troops, far more than enough to serve her narrow front. The exact number of the Slav forces cannot be even closely estimated, but the 10,000,000 with which the Kerensky government is credited certainly cannot have even begun to exhaust the hordes that Russia has to draw upon. If the United States should decide to send troops to either the Russian or Italian front such action would necessitate an immediate declaration of war with Austria. Such a declaration in itself is certainly not among the improbabilities of the present international situation; in fact neutral observers have professed to see gradual drift in that direction within recent months.

Congratulations to Rear Admiral Albert Gleaves, U.S.N., commanding Destroyer Force, U.S. Atlantic Fleet, were cabled by the Secretary of the Navy in connection with the safe convoy of the U.S. Expeditionary Force that completed its arrival in France early in July, as was noted at the time. In a subsequent letter to Admiral Gleaves Secretary Daniels said: "I wish to express the appreciation of the Department and also of the whole country to you as commander and to the officers and men to whom was committed this hazardous and important undertaking. It is a matter of national rejoicing that the troops arrived safely, and that you executed this important duty in a manner to call for the highest commendation."

Preparations are under way to establish a Quartermaster Corps training camp to which will be sent officers selected for that branch from camps now coming to a close. The new camp is to accommodate 3,200 officers and 10,000 to 20,000 enlisted men. Assistant instructors are to be drawn from non-coms. already in the Service, to aid in the organization of special and technical units such as motor and wagon units, supply companies, repair squads, salvage shop guards, stevedore regiments, etc. Several sites are under consideration. The Quartermaster General, Major Gen. Henry G. Sharpe, reiterates the recent statement that only men sent from Officers' Reserve training camps should be eligible.

The Marine Corps has reached its full authorized strength, General Barnett announced on Aug. 10. He telegraphed officers in charge of recruiting stations as follows: "At noon Aug. 11 close all recruiting stations for a period of ten days, and allow men to enjoy a well earned rest. One year ago the corps consisted of 246 officers and 10,000 men. To-day it has 1,075 officers and 32,000 men." He added his thanks to each individual. The Army was filled to its war strength on Aug. 9, when enlistments passed the desired total of 183,898 men.

Apparent gross discrepancies between the number of men enrolled in certain National Guard units, as reported for credits under the draft, and as actually returned when those units reported for Federal service, caused some little embarrassment to state authorities until the explanation was learned. The discrepancies proved to have been the result of the discharge for physical disability and other causes between April 1 and June 30, of members of those organizations.

The Surgeon General of the Army has found it necessary to call upon civilian physicians to assist the Army surgeons in the task of examining National Guard troops. Civilian practitioners whose services are utilized in this manner will be enrolled temporarily as contract surgeons.

## THE SIXTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

## FIRST SESSION.

The so-called Food bill passed the Senate on Aug. 8 when, by a vote of 66 to 7, that body accepted the conference report. The Food Survey bill was accepted viva voce on the same day and both went to the President for his signature on Aug. 10.

The Rivers and Harbors bill, appropriating approximately \$27,000,000, became a law on Aug. 9, when President Wilson signed it.

Reporting S. 2437, for the purchase of 57.73 acres of land at Cape May for an air station site, the Senate Naval Committee recommends a reduction of the amount of the bill to \$150,000 and says that the entire amount, which the real estate company agrees to leave in the hands of the Navy Department for completing dredging operations the company had obligated itself to perform, may be required for dredging, as it is estimated that a million cubic yards of shoal will have to be removed, at an estimated cost of fifteen cents a yard. If condemnation proceedings were resorted to, the Navy Department would not only have to pay the money award to the real estate company, but it would have all the dredging expense in addition.

The Secretary of the Navy transmits a tentative draft of a bill to provide additional pay for gun pointers and gun captains while temporarily absent from the place where required to perform duty under such detail.

The Senate Committee on Naval Affairs, to which was referred the bill (S. 2617) authorizing the restoration of John T. Melvin, a lieutenant (junior grade), to the active list of the Navy, recommends that the bill pass with an amendment so that he will "take rank after Lieut. (J.G.) Gordon Hutchins, U.S.N." Lieut. John T. Melvin entered the naval Service as a midshipman July 6, 1907; graduated in June, 1911; was promoted to ensign March 7, 1912; promoted to lieutenant (junior grade) on March 7, 1915, and resigned Aug. 20, 1915, desiring to follow another vocation, he having finished the required eight years of service for which he obligated himself when appointed to the Academy. Since resigning from the Navy, Lieutenant Melvin has been connected with shipbuilding establishments, and has thus kept up his studies of the naval Service. Recently he became an officer of the Naval Reserve Force, which position he is now holding actively. The committee, "knowing the urgent need for trained officers in the Navy at the present time, feels that it will be for the best interest of the Service to reinstate Lieutenant Melvin; and the effect of this bill will be to reinstate him as an additional number at the foot of the list of lieutenants (junior grade) who have the same length of service, which will place him next below Gordon Hutchins."

The Senate Committee on Naval Affairs, to whom was referred the bill (S. 82) to transfer Frederick W. Cobb from the list of chief machinists, U.S.N., to the list of chief pay clerks, U.S.N., recommend that the bill do pass: "Provided, That he shall be placed at the foot of the list of chief pay clerks as it exists on the date of the passage of this act: Provided further, That he shall receive the same pay as a chief pay clerk of like rank and length of commissioned service."

During the period of the war many officers and enlisted men in the naval Service while on duty as armed guards on board merchant vessels sunk by the enemy have lost their clothing, together with such other personal effects as are necessary to be carried aboard ship. Under existing law, no provision is made for reimbursing such officers and enlisted men for losses sustained in time of war. The Secretary of the Navy has held, however, that in cases where men serving as armed guards on board merchant ships which are blown up by the enemy lose their personal effects they should be reimbursed from the appropriation "Contingent, Navy." These men have been so reimbursed, but this appropriation is not sufficient to bear this unusual expense and the House Naval Committee has favorably reported H.R. 5647 to provide for reimbursement for losses in the naval Service.

The Secretary of the Navy transmits a proposed draft of bill to render it lawful for officers of the Naval Reserve Force and other kindred auxiliary forces now serving with the Navy to act as members of courts-martial or as deck court officers.

The Acting Secretary of the Treasury transmits schedules of claims allowed by the several accounting officers of the Treasury Department under appropriations the balances of which have been exhausted or carried to the surplus fund. These include under the War Department, \$11,624.68; Navy Department, \$18,094.35.

The Acting Secretary of State submits an estimate of deficiency in appropriation for relief and protection of American seamen for year ended June 30, 1917, in the sum of \$40,407.83.

## BILLS BEFORE CONGRESS.

H.R. 5607, for the amendment of certain sections of the National Defense Act, appears on page 1667.

H.R. 5531, to provide a Pharmaceutical Corps for the Army, appears on page 1656.

S. 2704, Mr. Sheppard.—For acquisition of additional land at Leon Springs Military Reservation, Tex.

S. 2705, Mr. Sheppard.—To create the air board and provide for its maintenance.

S. 2706, Mr. Sheppard.—For acquisition of land for mobilization, aviation, maneuver, training and supply purposes in El Paso county, Texas.

S. 2713, Mr. McKeller.—Reappointing Edgar C. Campbell as pay clerk, with rank of second lieutenant.

S. 2716, Mr. Sheppard.—Making appropriations for improvements, San Antonio Arsenal, San Antonio, Texas.

S. 2717, Mr. Hardwick.—That for and during the period of present existing war with Imperial Government of Germany following rules and regulations for government and regulation of land and naval forces of U.S. shall be followed and observed: No person heretofore or hereafter drafted into military service of U.S. pursuant to any law thereof, shall be ordered or required by the Commander in Chief of Army and Navy, or by any other military or naval authority, to render military service over the seas, except in territories or insular possessions of U.S., unless and until such person shall have first voluntarily consented to such foreign service.

S. 2745, Mr. Wadsworth.—To provide for the free transportation through the U.S. mails of reading matter for the Army, Navy and Marine Corps.

S. 2746, Mr. Wadsworth.—To authorize the recommissioning of former officers of the Regular Army.

S. 2747, Mr. Weeks.—To guard the military and naval forces from the physical and moral injuries of commercialized vice.

H.J. Res. 184, Mr. Emerson.—To make the words of "The

"Star-Spangled Banner," as written by Francis S. Key, and the music, as arranged by Francis P. Kilfoyle, the national anthem.

H.R. 5531.—For a Pharmaceutical Corps. (See page 1656.)

H.R. 5635, Mr. Byrne of Tennessee.—To authorize the appointment of Philippine constabulary and Philippine Scout officers to the grades of captain and first and second lieutenants in the Army.

H.R. 5639, Mr. Emerson.—To make citizens of all aliens who enlist in the U.S. Army during this war and are honorably discharged.

H.R. 5646, Mr. Padgett.—To amend Sec. 1585 of the Revised Statutes to read: "Sec. 1585. Forty cents shall in all cases be deemed the commutation price of the Navy ration: Provided, however, That after Jan. 1, 1918, the commutation price shall not exceed the average cost of the ration during preceding six months, not to exceed forty cents."

H.R. 5648, Mr. Padgett.—To establish certain new ratings in the U.S. Navy, with following rates of base pay per month: Engineman, first and second class, \$45 and \$40; blacksmith, first and second class, \$45 and \$40; coppersmith, first and second class, \$45 and \$40; pattern maker, first and second class, \$45 and \$40; moulder, first and second class, \$45 and \$40; chief special mechanic, \$127; special mechanic, first class, \$80: Provided, That base pay of mechanist's mates, second class, and water tenders be increased from \$40 to \$45 per month: Provided further, That all the aforesaid rates of pay shall be subject to such increases of pay and allowances as are, or may hereafter be, authorized by law for enlisted men of Navy: And provided further, That appointments or enlistments in said ratings may be made from enlisted men in Navy or from civil life, respectively, and qualifications of candidates for any of said ratings shall be determined in accordance with such regulations as Secretary of Navy may prescribe.

H.R. 5666, Mr. Steenson.—To provide for the free transmission of duly certified letters of soldiers, sailors and marines in the service of the United States, and to authorize the Postmaster General to negotiate and conclude postal treaties with foreign countries for the free transmission of such letters therefrom to the U.S. during the war.

H.R. 5667, Mr. Burnett.—To provide for the deportation of certain non-enemy aliens claiming exemption from draft.

H.R. 5669, Mr. Rainey.—Authorizing the drafting of resident aliens, except alien enemies, into the military service of the United States, and for other purposes.

H.R. 5671, Mr. Green of Iowa.—Providing for the payment of monthly allowances to dependent members of the families of certain soldiers and sailors in the service of the U.S.: To dependent wife of such soldier or sailor, \$12 and \$5 additional for each dependent child under age of sixteen years, and such dependent wife shall also upon application to Secretary of War be entitled to receive one-third of pay of soldier or sailor who is her husband, which sum shall be withheld from amount due him and charged to his account when so paid; but in all cases fact of such dependency to be established in manner prescribed by Secretary of War. Five million dollars is hereby appropriated for carrying out provisions of this act.

H.R. 5675, Mr. Gould.—To provide for the free transportation through the U.S. mails of reading matter for U.S. Army, Navy and Marine Corps.

H.R. 5692, Mr. Hubert.—To arrange during existing emergency for granting of naturalization papers to aliens who, being entitled to make application for and become a citizen of U.S., shall be duly enlisted in and serving as a member of military or naval forces of U.S., and unable to apply in person as required by existing law.

H.R. 5695, Mr. Johnson of South Dakota.—To authorize the President to draft into the military or naval forces of the U.S. all able-bodied male persons in the U.S. not alien enemies or aliens who have not declared their intention to become citizens, between the ages of twenty and fifty years, who are not engaged in some useful labor, profession or occupation, and who cannot be proven to have been and to be so engaged for at least ten months in every year.

H.R. 5697, Mr. Fisher.—To reappoint Edgar C. Campbell a pay clerk in the Q.M. Corps, U.S. Army.

H.R. 5707, Mr. Stephens, of Mississippi.—To satisfy certain claims against the Government arising under the War Department; to reimburse certain disbursing officers of the Army hereinafter named for the amounts paid by them into the Treasury to cover disallowances made by accounting officers of the Treasury, and for losses sustained by them on account of fire and other unavoidable causes, and for payment made on account of unusual and extraordinary expenses in connection with special missions detailed to witness maneuvers of foreign armies; also for payment of claims of certain individuals and institutions for services rendered, and for the payment of a claim for damages by collision. The items include the following:

To Col. Frederick G. Hodgson, \$21; to Lieut. H. E. Miner, \$160; to Major H. E. Ely, \$200. For loss of private mounts by fire at Fort Riley, 1914: Capt. J. A. Barry, \$135; Capt. Walde C. Potter, \$275; Capt. J. F. Taulbee, \$200; Capt. Sloan Doak, \$150. To Frank C. Cady (formerly acting dental surgeon, U.S.A.), \$127.61, rent of quarters; Lieut. Joseph T. Clement, \$50.

Reimbursements for quarters rented: Lieut. Col. F. P. Reynolds, \$323.90; Major Learius J. Owen, \$191.67; Capts. Adam E. Schlesner, \$278; E. D. Kromera, \$340; L. B. McAfee, \$293, and Jay D. Whitham, \$86.80; Lieut. G. D. Graham, \$301.20; 2d Lieuts. (Q.M.C.) H. G. Foster, \$350.48; S. R. Beard, \$168.80, and Hastie A. Stuart, \$182.40; Dental Surg. William A. Squires, \$290.79; 2d Lieut. Francis J. Baker, Q.M.C., \$141. Capt. N. E. Margot, \$67.90, duty on private horses entering France; Capt. Francis A. Ruggles, \$414.81, rent of office at Santiago, Chile; Matthew E. Hanna, late captain, 10th Cav., \$532.18; Lieut. Col. Powell C. Fauntroy, \$601.40; Brig. Gen. George O. Squier, \$41.46; Capt. Sherman Miles, \$57.95.

## CANDIDATES FOR WEST POINT.

The following candidates for the West Point entrance examination to be held in March, 1918, have been designated this week; candidates designated last week appear on page 1652.

California.—Reynolds J. Burt, Jr., Ft. Bidwell; Willis B. Crowder, first alternate, Cedarville; Ivan M. Ellmaker, second alternate, Alturas.

Illinois.—Lewis B. Clingen, 1758 West Van Buren street, Chicago.

Maine.—Joseph H. Rousseau, Jr., Brunswick; Warren C. Stout, first alternate, Portland; Edward J. Bowley, second alternate, Sanford.

Maryland.—John W. Barroll, Chestertown; Jesse C. Byrd, first alternate, Christfield; Lawrence S. Barroll, second alternate, Chestertown; Thomas P. Richards, Lonaconing; William P. Larner, first alternate, Old Town; Glenn C. Wilhite, second alternate, Walkersville; John G. McDonald, Rockville; Lewis M. Wilson, first alternate, Cumberland; George J. Luckey, second alternate, Frederick.

Missouri.—James L. Scott, first alternate, New Hampshire; Berthold Newburger, Joplin.

Ohio.—John W. Armstrong, Gallipolis; Sanford H. Carraci, Wellston; Harlan T. McCormick, first alternate, Wellston.

West Virginia.—John P. Thorn, Clarksburg.

Wisconsin.—Harold E. Hoel, Iola.

Referring to an estimate of appropriation of \$250,000 for recreation for enlisted men, submitted June 9, 1917, Secretary Daniels says: "The necessity for such a recreation fund for men in the fleet has been emphasized. I am informed that it has been necessary to use money contributed by private individuals in order to provide means of recreation for the men attached to our vessels

operating in European waters, and, also, that private parties have volunteered funds to provide baseball fields and other means of entertainment for the large force of men in the main fleet. These tenders have been accepted and the additional recreation thus afforded has been helpful and salutary."

## OUR FORCES ABROAD.

## THE PERSHING EXPEDITION.

The rain which has done so much to hold up the offensive in Flanders has spread its dripping mantle over the American training camp, says an Associated Press dispatch of Aug. 4 from the camp in France. For almost a solid week the only dry day has been Wednesday, when General Pershing paid his first flying visit. The rain has not interfered seriously with the training of those soldiers whose camps are on high ground. However, it has compelled the abandonment of some of the low lying camps, whose men are being drilled on the paved streets. There were bomb throwing and automatic rifle contests between picked French and American teams, on Aug. 4. The scores were close, but the decision was given to the Americans.

The account continues: "There has been a distinct touch of winter in the weather, and a few hours of daylight generally are shrouded in deep gray mists. The rains have been a good test for the housing accommodations of the American troops, all of whom, however, have been dry and happy. The American area in France is constantly spreading and barracks are springing up in many places. The Americans are already learning camouflage, the art of disguise. The tents and the roofs of some of the smaller barracks are covered by branches of trees and twigs so that they will not be distinguished by airplanes."

Another step in training was recorded on Aug. 6, according to the New York World's correspondent, when a group of thirty-two non-commissioned officers and privates under command of one officer left camp for a trench artillery school near Paris. They are all picked men, to whom will be entrusted the task of handling short range mortars, mine throwers, catapults and other engines of warfare in the trenches. They will have the distinction of being the first American soldiers to learn the intricacies of firing the mighty weapons dubbed "Minenwerfer" by their German inventors. Meanwhile a group of officers under the guidance of French experts are beginning experiments in the art of loosing gas waves on the foe. In common with the French and British armies the American expeditionary force will be expected to take part in the business of making as well as receiving gas attacks.

## GENERAL PERSHING ON DISCIPLINE AND INITIATIVE.

General Pershing gave a statement to the American correspondents in Paris on Aug. 7 urging the Americans in the new U.S. Armies to forget individual liberties and subordinate themselves to discipline. He is reported by the World correspondent as saying:

"The newspapers can help us greatly by carrying the message to every man now employed in civil life in America, who to-morrow may be a soldier, by driving home the fact that discipline is one of the most important factors in organizing an army. The men must realize the necessity of standing at attention and saluting their officers—little things, perhaps, in themselves, but major factors in establishing a great army machine."

"Not that we want automatons or anything like automatic soldiers. Our school of warfare differs from the enemy's by realizing that every private is a potential officer, and that to make a good commanding officer he must preserve his initiative and executive ability and think for himself. The time is coming when he will attack, and perhaps all our officers and all non-commissioned officers be lost—then it will be up to some private to lead his company or platoon.

"In order to make the most of such an opportunity, that man must have been grounded in discipline—in obeying orders immediately, so he can give orders quickly and must have studied the officers above him to be cognizant of their duties. And he must have his comrades' confidence, which he has if he is first class soldier; quick to learn, thoroughly familiar with his duties and constantly ready to perform them, even minor ones like saluting and standing at attention. It should be impressed upon everyone, from staff officers down to the last private, the necessity for unflagging, unrelenting discipline. The people at home—the men not called yet—must realize this and be ready when called, as they're going to be asked to make a great sacrifice before we get through. In a college football squad you find strict discipline, but each man preserves his individuality for emergencies. Yes, and you men must take the situation seriously. Get down to the business of learning to be soldierly, like our French and British allies. Do not spend too much time playing, although, of course, I am a believer in recreation."

"The people back home can't grasp the magnitude of the situation here. Although I have followed this war carefully, I couldn't realize the stupendous task until I came and visited the French front with Gen. Petain, and the British front with Field Marshal Haig. You can't blame America if it fails to visualize actual conditions here and offers objections against the Government's precautionary plans, which they regard as unnecessary and magnifying the situation. I want to say we must all get together to put this thing through and try to realize just what we are up against."

In response to an urgent cablegram from Major Grayson M. P. Murphy, O.R.C., head of the Red Cross Commission in France, the Red Cross is planning to ship to Europe 100,000 one-half pound tins of ether. Because of the shortage of anaesthetics in France the Red Cross War Council, in addition, has authorized Major Murphy to establish as soon as practicable a central plant to manufacture nitrous oxygen, or "laughing gas," one of the most effective and harmless of anaesthetics for short operations. American machinery will be shipped to France for this purpose, and American operatives will be sent over to conduct the plant. Also, by reason of the shortage of surgical apparatus, the Red Cross has planned to establish in France a small factory for the repair of surgical apparatus and the manufacture of the more simple instruments. Four men expert in the repair of orthopedic appliances are to go to France immediately, and the necessary manufacturing machinery will be sent over as soon as it can be obtained.

The Signal Corps of the U.S. Army has perfected plans for the establishment in France of a huge plant for developing and printing motion and still pictures. From the plant will be issued the photographs which are to form a historic record of America's participation in the war.

The U.S. Marines with the American forces in France are somewhat dejected over the order that they must

adopt the khaki instead of their more distinctive uniform of forest green, says an Associated Press dispatch. The latter looks extremely like the German field gray uniform after being in service a little while, but the real reason for the change unquestionably is the desire to simplify the equipment of the expeditionary force and to make all the equipment interchangeable.

Arrangements have been made whereby the French government has agreed to sell to the Americans a number of trained artillery horses and pack mules as transport animals. The French have an excess of these just now, and the arrangement will be a great boon to the Americans, who will get animals already seasoned in actual war work.

#### TROOPS TRAINING IN ENGLAND.

The first account of how the Engineer troops of the American Expeditionary Force, quartered in England, are being trained there is given in an Associated Press dispatch of Aug. 9. "They were found," says the account, "encamped in a valley in which white tents extended as far as the eye could see, with British officers and a squad of non-commissioned officers intensively training them. Most of the men at this encampment are from the railroads of America. They are made up from the operating and construction divisions and are working hard in order to be ready to construct and operate roads in France and to fight for this privilege, if necessary. To-day the Americans are being instructed in the use of several varieties of masks. Once speedy in their adjustment, the Americans are taken to the gas trenches, where they walk through deadly fumes and to the open plain where just a little of various gases are liberated from tanks. The British officers at the camp are highly pleased with the appearance and adaptability of the Americans."

Twenty-four hours' leave was given to a large party of American engineers from the Borden camp, so they might visit London and see the sights of the city on Aug. 5. The engineers encountered a hearty welcome wherever they appeared.

#### RETURN OF MISSION FROM RUSSIA.

The members of the American Mission to Russia, including Elihu Root, Major Gen. Hugh L. Scott, U.S.A., and Rear Admiral James H. Glennon, U.S.N., arrived in the United States on the night of Aug. 3. At a luncheon given in honor of the members of the mission on the following day in the port at which they arrived, Mr. Root said in the course of a speech: "I have abiding faith that Russia, through trial and tribulation, will work out, create and perpetuate a great, free, self-governing democracy." General Scott in responding to calls for a speech said that the American Army that is to be sent to France will go under better auspices, better equipped, better officered and better cared for than any previous American Army has ever been on going into battle.

Rear Admiral Glennon, on his arrival, learned of the death of his son, which occurred three weeks ago. Wireless messages carrying the news were directed to him but failed to reach him. The party left for Washington on the same day. While passing through Chicago on Aug. 7, Mr. Root made a more extensive statement regarding Russian affairs in the course of which he said: "Certain disturbances are inevitable in change of government so radical as that of Russia, and cable dispatches deal largely with these disturbances. Hence the public has gained an impression that there is little going on in Russia except demonstrations. As a matter of fact if reports on American affairs disseminated in Russia concentrated on our own little disturbances—race riots, the I.W.W., and th like—Russians would have about the same picture of us that we now have of them. I have faith in the new Russian Ministry and in the Russian future as an important element in the aims of the Allies. Russian women are doing a wonderful work in shaming the men into fighting, and where necessary I hope American women will follow their example."

#### GENERAL SCOTT ON RUSSIA'S ARMY.

Major Gen. Hugh L. Scott, Chief of Staff, U.S.A., returned to Washington on Aug. 8 with most of the other members of the commission to Russia which was headed by Elihu Root. Col. William V. Judson, C.E., U.S.A., remained in Petrograd. He will be detailed there as military attaché. On his return to Washington General Scott gave an interview on the military situation in Russia to the correspondent of the New York World in the course of which he said:

"Russia has 10,000,000 troops. Most of them are well trained now. They have had three years of it and they are now about fit. What the army needs principally from the United States is locomotives and cars. The trans-Siberian line is in magnificent shape, despite reports to the contrary, except for the shortage of rolling stock. If we supply locomotives fast enough we will be of tremendous assistance to the armies in the field. I have seen reports that the Russians are not properly trained in the use of artillery. These reports are false. I watched them using their guns, and I have never seen better work. Korniloff and Brusiloff are magnificent soldiers. I was with them and had an excellent opportunity to get an idea of their ability."

"I have read much about the breakdown of the Russian offensive. I do not know the circumstances because we had left Russia before the move was well under way. No matter what the results from this particular offensive, Russia to-day is going a magnificent piece of work for the Allies. Her armies are compelling 150 German and Austrian divisions to remain on the eastern front constantly. If Russia contributes nothing more to the Allies this defensive campaign will continue to be of the greatest value."

"At one time 3,000,000 Russians walked out of the army. Discipline collapsed following the revolution. When the government went down the army went with it. Soldiers simply walked out of their camps and went to their homes. German agents had spread the word that England was using the Russians for a pawn—making them do all the work—that the United States merely entered the war to establish a commercial autocracy over Russia and make the people slaves; and that the best friends they had were the Germans. These arguments undoubtedly had their effect upon many of the ignorant peasants, and approximately 3,000,000 dropped their guns and went home. All this is changed now. The men realize that they were being fooled by German agents and they are flocking back to the regiments. Discipline has been re-established."

#### COMPTROLLER'S DECISIONS.

A chief petty officer of the U.S. Navy on the retired list, who has been recalled into the active service under the Act of Aug. 29, 1916, is entitled to the present pay of men on the active list in the same rating and of the same length of service, according to the Comptroller in a letter to the Secretary of the Navy. But such an officer, recalled under such conditions, is not entitled to the

present pay and allowances of a new permanent appointment.

Enlisted men of the Naval Militia "attached to" a "Marine Corps command for routine practical instruction" under "orders from proper authority" are not allowed pay for time spent in travelling to and from the place of instruction. The Comptroller in giving the decision in this case points out that the Act of Aug. 29, 1916, limits the pay of enlisted Naval Militiamen under such circumstances "while in attendance at such \*\*\* practical course of instruction."

#### NAVY'S AIRCRAFT FACTORY.

Secretary Daniels announced on Aug. 7 that the Navy Department had ordered the construction of an aircraft factory at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, to cost approximately \$1,000,000 and to be completed in 100 days. The plant will employ 2,000 workers and will be capable of producing 1,000 small airplanes annually.

In view of the enormous expansion of the airplane industry now being undertaken in the United States, said Secretary Daniels, in announcing this plan, "it was felt that it was necessary to increase the Navy Department's facilities along these lines, not only to enable it to supply a part at least of its own needs, but in order that the private plants might be relieved of the experimental development which they have hitherto undertaken and turn their whole attention to the maximum production of approved types. The Navy Department has a small flying field at the League Island Navy Yard, adjacent to the factory, and excellent facilities for hydroplanes, so that it will be able to utilize this plant to keep the Navy in the forefront with the latest developments in aircraft."

This is a separate undertaking from the \$640,000,000 Aircraft Act, and Mr. Daniels has asked Congress for additional funds, which he hopes will be supplied by the time payment for the new factory must be made. The main airplane program includes the manufacture of machines of the heavy bombing type as well as the light training machines and the speedy fighting and scouting planes.

#### ARMY AVIATION NOTES.

A board of officers composed of Major Henry H. Arnold, S.C., U.S.A.; Capt. C. G. Edgar, S.C., and Lieut. Col. George H. Crabtree, U.S.A., retired, has recommended to the Chief Signal Officer of the Army that a two-squadron unit ground school and aviation field be established at Memphis, Tenn., upon a site offered for that purpose. The land comprises about one square mile which is for rent at \$10 per acre; the existing buildings are valued at \$17,600, and the growing crops at \$25,000. Absolute title could be secured for \$87,425. The Memphis Chamber of Commerce agreed to supply telephone, telegraph and railroad connections to the site and to furnish suitable landing grounds in the immediate vicinity.

The airplane division of the Signal Corps of the Army authorized this week publication of the following information pertaining to aviation matters:

Mineola, N.Y., July 21, 1917.

Five hundred thirty-nine flights were made during the week, totaling 222 hours 12 minutes. The following completed their R.M.A. tests: Pvt. W. S. Saville, A.S., S.E.R.C.; Corp. J. J. St. Croix, 2d A.S.S.

San Diego, Cal., July 14, 1917.

Five hundred eighty-six flights, totaling 265 hours 34 minutes, were made. Lieutenants Walton, Hoffman, Emmons, and Lyon were recommended for rating as T.M.A.'s. Sous Lieuts. Robert Mayresse and Henri Marquisan, French pilots, reported for duty as flying instructors and lecturers. Classes were conducted in flying, aero engineering, radio for officers; and aero motors, radio flying, and construction and repair of airplanes for enlisted men.

Corregidor, P.I., June 16, 1917.

Routine work occupied the major portion of the time, though four flights were made, totaling two hours' duration.

Camp Kelley, San Antonio, Texas, July 28.

Eighty-five flights were made during the week, the total time consumed being 48 hours and 17 minutes.

#### SECRETARY BAKER PRAISES ATHLETICS.

At the conference of the National Collegiate Athletic Association held in Washington on Aug. 3, presided over by Lieut. Col. Palmer E. Pierce, U.S.A., and at which 165 American colleges were represented, Secretary Baker made an address on "College Men in the Training Camps," which moved the delegates to the point of agreeing to continue athletics during the war. They also passed resolutions, the purpose of which Colonel Pierce explained afterwards, was to modify if not to do away altogether with the specialized athletic plants developed at most colleges, and to substitute therefor a system which would have for its basis athletics for the undergraduate body at large. He made it plain that this meant the doing away with the idea that sports should be resumed in the fall on the same scale as they existed when they were abandoned in the spring.

Secretary Baker said: "College athletics is not merely a means of diversion and recreation. American college athletics as developed in the last score of years has made the college boy of to-day a man as compared with the college boy of fifty years ago. We have in training camps 40,000 men. Most of them are men of collegiate experience. I visited one of these camps three days after it was organized. I was amazed at the ease with which these men adapted themselves to the military life. The spirit of team play which had been engendered in these men by college athletics made this possible. We will call together an army of 2,000,000 men. They will need recreation, for they will have some leisure. They must have a healthy environment. The colleges have solved the problem for us by their development of a system of athletics which is a distant contribution of the colleges to a national cause."

"War is a young man's business. In the Civil War the average age of the men on both sides was less than twenty-two years. Most of them were from eighteen to twenty-one. It is more so now than ever that young men must do the fighting. We ought not to bemoan this. We must face it. So far as the colleges by any inducement can maintain the flow of students and keep the classrooms filled, it is an obligation of patriotism for them to do so. One of these inducements is college athletics. It is highly important that this college athletic program be continued to equip young men for the reception

of military training. I hope there will be no suggestion for the abandonment of college athletics because of lack of decorum."

#### SUPPLIES FOR THE NAVY.

Contracts for woolen uniform cloth were entered into by the Navy Department this week in addition to those noted on page 1632 in our issue of Aug. 4, making a total in all of 4,500,000 yards at an aggregate cost of upwards of \$16,000,000. In addition to the contracts previously announced, the following have been awarded:

Class One, 11-oz. cloth: Metcalf Brothers Company, New York city, 100,000 yards at \$2.60; Parker Wilder and Company, New York city, 10,000 yards at \$2.40; Deering, Milliken Company, New York city, 460,000 yards at \$2.61, 71-100; Patterson and Greenough, New York city, 14,000 yards at \$2.12.

Class Two, 17 or 17-oz. cloth: Metcalf Brothers and Company, New York city, 165,000 yards at \$3.70; Worombo Manufacturing Company, New York city, 100,000 yards at \$4.20; American Woolen Company, New York city, 1,000,000 yards at \$4.15.

Class Three, 30-oz. cloth: Worombo Manufacturing Company, 23,000 yards at \$5.75 a yard; Deering, Milliken Company, 120,000 yards at \$5.16 1-2.

The Navy Department has just placed orders for 37,500 cases (1,687,500 pounds) of tinned pineapple with five firms having canneries in Honolulu. This represents a year's supply of pineapple for the navy yards of the east coast and the Atlantic Fleet. It will be delivered to the supply officer of the naval station at Honolulu, and after being inspected by him will be shipped to eastern navy yards. Tinned pineapple for west coast navy yards will be purchased in the near future. Purchases were made for the Atlantic coast supply from the Pearl City Fruit, Co., Honolulu; Maui Pineapple Co., Maui, Hawaii; Hawaiian Pineapple Co., San Francisco; California Packing Co., San Francisco; and Libby, McNeil and Libby, Chicago.

#### DISTRIBUTION OF INTRENCHING TOOLS.

Quite a number of new officers are in doubt as to distribution of intrenching tools in their companies. The following data from the Infantry Equipment Manual, prepared by the War Department for the Militia in 1894, governs this distribution. As the manual is now out of print, we reprint the data in question. The equipment carried by each squad is as follows: 1 bolo and 1 bolo scabbard is carried by No. 3, rear rank, each odd-numbered squad; 1 hand axe carrier, and 1 hand axe, by No. 3, rear rank, each even-numbered squad; 1 pick mattock, and 1 pick mattock carrier, by No. 1, rear rank; 3 shovel carriers, and 3 shovels, by Nos. 1, 2 and 3, front rank, 1 each; 1 wire cutter, and 1 wire cutter carrier, by No. 2, rear rank.

The following is carried by company musicians: 1 wire cutter, and 1 wire cutter carrier. Carried by 1st sergeant: 1 two-foot rule (old model equipment) or 1 steel-tape, 5-foot (model 1910 equipment).

#### SHIRTS FOR OUR SOLDIERS.

Col. Winthrop S. Wood, Q.M. Corps, U.S.A., now holds a unique position, writes a correspondent at Jeffersonville, Ind., in that the entire Army is supplied with shirts made at and sent out from the Jeffersonville depot, under Colonel Wood's supervision. Our correspondent incloses an article by Dan Walsh in the Louisville Times, who says:

"Every American soldier who fights upon the fields of France will wear a shirt from the Quartermaster's Department at Jeffersonville. The shirtmaking for the entire American Army that is and the regiments and brigades and divisions that will come until Uncle Sam has 2,000,000 men beneath the colors—all is intrusted to one little giant of a man. The man is Col. Winthrop S. Wood, U.S.A., the quartermaster at Jeffersonville. Last November his 'boss,' your Uncle Sam, sent him to Jeffersonville to 'speed up' the work of making shirts and harness and the many other things needed for the troops. Colonel Wood 'speeded up,' but the gait he secured in November and the one by which things move at the depot now bear about the same relation to each other as a tortoise does to an airplane."

"In the olden days widows and other close relatives of soldiers were 'awarded Government sewing.' To-day thousands of women in a constant stream file out of the depot with their bundles of materials, and other thousands cross them, filing in with shirts all ready. Fifteen thousand shirts a day, 90,000 a week, are coming in, but that is all too slow, says Colonel Wood, for he must deliver to the Army 2,500,000 shirts before Nov. 1. If the women of the surrounding country will come to his aid and do the sewing those who have witnessed what Colonel Wood has done have not the slightest doubt that he will fill this mighty bill."

"What has happened at Jeffersonville since Colonel Wood came there can be told in one sentence—to-day the place looks like a manufacturing establishment, instead of a quartermaster's depot. The lawns have all but disappeared, for they are packed and jammed and stacked, almost as high as any of the buildings, with boxes and crates. 'Red tape' Colonel Wood swept out and burned. In its place has come 'system,' methods that get results in the shortest possible time with the fewest possible movements."

"The women are paid \$4.50 for a bundle of ten shirts. They can make just as many as they are able a week and some women, with motors on their machines, turn out a shirt an hour. The average earned is about seven dollars a week, although many are drawing eighteen dollars and even more a week. The average payroll to these sewing women is \$150,000 a week. The substation at New Albany is increasing its force at the rate of about 150 women a day. It is hoped to open one or more sub-stations in Louisville. The matter at present is in the hands of a special committee of the Board of Trade. Gen. W. B. Haldeman has offered to furnish free of cost for rental a building suitable for this depot, but Colonel Wood is waiting for a report from the committee. Indianapolis last week opened a large sub-station. Madison has done likewise. In order to handle this enormous increase in business, Colonel Wood has fifty expert cutters at work. To-day 170 thicknesses are laid down at once on four great tables and the shirts are cut out by electric motors. Ten thousand shirts are cut out at one time. The cutters work in two shifts of eight hours each. There are, in all, about 1,200 employees at the depot. Colonel Wood has not forgotten the comforts of the thousands of women who are helping him. Outside the walls are rest and

lunch rooms. Two first-aid stations, in charge of Red Cross nurses, are nearby.

"Although the Jeffersonville depot has the whole task of supplying the Army with shirts, this is not its only call. Five thousand sets of harness a week are being made there, besides hundreds of water bags, bed sacks and scores of other things. Hundreds of Army wagons of every description are being assembled and painted, and great supplies of stoves, both for camp and the field; of nails, of overalls and so on, are bought through the depot, stored there and then sent out wherever needed. When Colonel Wood came to the depot not a single truck was available. To-day he has twenty-one of the largest and most powerful motor trucks on the market. That is an example of what must be done in just one station to supply an army and how Colonel Wood goes about doing it."

#### NAVY CONFIRMATIONS.

For nominations confirmed Aug. 6, see page 1677.

Nominations confirmed by the Senate Aug. 8, 1917.

#### PROMOTIONS AND APPOINTMENTS IN THE NAVY.

Comdr. A. Althouse; captain from June 26, 1917. Lieut. (J.G.) E. F. Buck; lieutenant from Aug. 29, 1916.

Ensigns to be lieutenants (J.G.) from June 6, 1917: Sherrod H. Quarles, Charles D. Swain, William A. Teasley and Harold J. Nelson.

Assistant naval constructors to be naval constructors from July 19, 1917: Whitford Drake, Harry G. Knox and Lew M. Atkins.

Mdn. Lawrence Harvey; assistant paymaster March 30, 1917.

Raymond T. Mahon, R.I.; assistant paymaster July 21, 1917.

Ensigns to be lieutenants (J.G.) from July 30, 1917: Harry J. Reuse, John D. Pennington, Thomas L. Shannon and Morris J. Lenney.

#### To be temporary lieutenants.

Lieutenants (J.G.) to be lieutenants for temporary service from July 1, 1917:

C. M. Cooke, Jr., A. H. Gray, C. S. Jersey, H. K. Lewis, W. L. Moore, J. B. Will, H. W. Hosford, F. G. Marsh, H. W. Underwood, P. K. Robottom, L. A. Davidson, A. B. Simpson, J. O. Hoffman, Jr., M. B. McComb, W. M. Corry, Jr., M. S. Brown, S. R. Canine, J. P. Norfleet, R. E. Bell, C. J. Moore.

T. Moran, J. A. Logan, J. H. Smith, F. A. La Roche, F. P. Traynor, J. H. Wellbrook, L. Hancock, Jr., H. B. Cecil, W. S. Nicholas, E. K. Lang, E. B. Gibson, C. A. Pownall, M. J. Foster, J. G. Ware, G. de C. Chevalier, W. A. Edwards, V. N. Bieg, M. P. Refo, Jr., E. M. Williams, E. A. McIntyre.

R. T. Young, M. A. Mitscher, S. B. Macfarlane, R. B. Hammes, E. W. Spencer, Jr., W. D. Kilduff, R. P. P. McClewska, J. F. Crowell, Jr., C. E. Battle, Jr., H. R. Hein, H. H. Bouson, M. S. Benison, W. E. Brown, H. H. Frost, R. T. Merrill, 2d, W. D. Sneed, Jr., A. T. Clay, Jr., S. Steinwachs, E. C. Metz, F. C. Sherman.

W. Capehart, H. McC. Branham, R. C. Lee, E. J. Gillain, F. H. Luckel, F. L. Shea, G. M. Cook, D. B. Beary, E. De L. Langworthy, B. O. Wills, W. V. Combs, F. H. Kelly, Jr., L. La F. Jordan, J. T. Alexander, J. L. Riheldafer, H. B. Berry, D. O. Thomas, A. Y. Lanphier, S. Lewis, W. L. Ainsworth.

R. N. Miller, W. A. Richardson, L. Anderson, R. C. Smith, Jr., L. F. Reifsneider, R. Gatewood, F. G. Reimieke, B. V. Meade, S. W. King, W. D. La Mont, H. A. Flanagan, G. L. Dickson, E. K. Niles, G. L. Weyler, J. D. Smith, C. J. Bright, H. O. Roesch, J. F. Nelsonson, W. Trammell.

H. A. Ellis, F. S. Hatch, O. O. Hagen, R. M. Graffin, A. G. Zimmermann, M. H. Anderson, O. L. Wolfard, H. L. Merring, M. E. Gilmore, G. M. Lowry, W. E. Baughman, J. A. Fletcher, O. C. Badger, T. S. King, 2d, H. S. Jeans, E. B. Lapham, D. J. Callaghan, C. Y. Johnston, W. A. Riedel, E. R. McClung.

J. H. Magruder, Jr., F. F. Foster, F. Loftin, T. S. McCloy, G. B. Ashe, H. R. Keller, E. L. Barr, R. F. Wood, P. M. Bates, J. W. Reeves, Jr., U. W. Conway, R. P. Hinrichs, L. B. Green, 2d, F. E. P. Uberroth, G. F. Howell, G. B. Strickland, F. M. Collier, M. Hodson, R. G. Risley, P. Buchanan.

A. Macomb, W. F. Callaway, W. B. Phillips, F. B. Melendy, J. R. Mann, Jr., J. W. Gates, V. L. Kirkman, Jr., H. S. Haislip, R. E. Dennett, C. G. McCord, A. S. Wolfe, E. T. Oates, M. C. Cheek, R. P. Molten, Jr., W. J. Butler, J. K. Esler, G. D. Murray, O. M. Read, Jr., G. J. McMillin, H. F. Kingman.

J. G. B. Gromer, B. B. Howard, A. R. Mack, C. H. Cobb, L. C. Carey, G. A. Smith, D. C. Godwin, W. C. Hayes, J. L. Kerley, R. H. Skelton, R. W. Paine, D. B. Downer, E. S. Stone, F. S. Craven, L. P. Smith, W. D. Chandler, Jr., H. W. Hill, B. H. Bieri, J. C. Byrnes, Jr., R. K. Awtry.

S. D. McCaughey, E. W. Hanson, F. J. Lowry, T. Baxter, A. L. Morgan, Jr., J. R. Peterson, Jr., J. McD. Cresap, E. D. Capehart, L. W. Comstock, L. St. L. Pamperin, Joseph L. Nielson, F. C. McCord, J. C. Thom, A. Loder, W. S. Davidon, H. J. Shields, G. B. Vroom, E. B. Nixon, J. M. Blackwell.

J. Garnett, S. Picking, N. L. Kirk, J. H. Taylor, G. A. Reed, F. Welden, J. W. McClarlan, C. A. Bailey, W. E. Goodhue, S. E. Rose, F. L. Rieckohl, J. F. Meigs, Jr., W. C. Barnes, P. R. Baker, H. R. Glendon, G. F. Parrott, Jr., H. D. McHenry, R. C. Lawder, R. W. Lewis, R. S. Field, H. R. Bogusky.

R. H. English, G. C. Fuller, C. Q. Wright, Jr., J. McE. B. Smith, W. H. O'Brien, Jr., H. S. Kepp, W. M. Quigley, R. J. Carstarphen, J. A. L. Zeenor, R. B. Simons, N. Scott, C. Ridgely, R. P. Myers, H. D. Bode, H. E. Snow, R. M. Doyle, Jr., M. L. Deyo, H. T. Bartlett, R. S. Parr, J. A. Byers.

J. H. Holt, Jr., W. A. Corley, H. H. Good, C. H. Wright, R. J. Weeks, M. W. Larimer, E. P. Nickinson, H. G. Patrick, J. H. Culin, A. C. Bennett, F. K. Elder, E. P. A. Simpson, O. W. Bagby, J. C. Clark, R. D. Moore, H. Dodd, W. A. Shaw, G. C. Hitchcock, R. S. Wentworth, M. S. Tisdale.

E. A. Crenshaw, Jr., W. D. Taylor, H. C. Wick, R. A. Lavender, R. S. Haggart, P. V. H. Weems, L. L. Hunter, E. W. Broadbent, F. U. Lake, E. Buckmaster, W. S. De Lany, A. B. Sanborn, C. Gulbranson, D. F. Patterson, D. W. Hamilton, H. Hoogewerff, L. E. Denfeld, G. W. D. Dashiel, N. B. Chase, A. W. Loder.

C. M. Hall, B. M. Thompson, R. H. Booth, R. P. Mohle, R. M. Hinckley, C. H. Morris, V. C. Griffin, Jr., H. M. Kieffer, B. Perlman, E. G. Small, D. Boyd, H. E. Fischer, W. E. Cheadle, T. L. Gatch, J. A. Saunders, A. E. Montgomery, F. Baltzly, A. H. Guthrie, E. O. McDonnell, L. P. Bischoff.

J. C. Monfort, C. G. Gilliland, W. Perkins, R. A. Hall,

Anton B. Anderson, G. L. Woodruff, S. Mills, J. L. King, D. De Treville, J. P. Dalton, L. P. Wenzell, R. E. Kerr, G. H. Fort, A. C. Roberts, C. B. Byrne, R. R. Thompson, N. W. Hibbs, E. P. Eldredge, E. M. Zacharias, W. H. Osgood, H. B. Grow, H. G. Gates, Jr., J. H. Falge, R. W. Holt, E. W. Coil, G. W. La Mountain, H. W. Scofield, W. S. Haggas, Jr., and J. L. Fox.

#### To be temporary lieutenants, junior grade.

Ensigns to be lieutenants (junior grade) for temporary service, from July 1, 1917:

L. D. McCormick, A. C. Davis, O. H. Ritchie, A. D. Struble, Warner P. Portz, Frederick P. Culbert, H. Bodish, R. W. Bates, C. O. Kell, J. M. Shoemaker, G. H. Wood, K. Preston, L. V. H. Armstrong, M. W. Powers, H. L. Vickery, V. H. Godfrey, H. G. Eldredge, E. E. Hazlett, Jr., N. G. Calvert, C. F. Osborn.

W. H. Bowman, S. Umsted, F. B. Smith, P. McC. Rhea, H. P. Burnett, H. E. Paddock, T. E. Chandler, I. M. Graham, F. D. Wagner, O. Nimitz, B. W. Chippendale, T. G. Peyton, C. W. Flynn, W. Granat, R. M. Farrar, R. D. Tisdale, W. J. Confer, J. C. Delphino, J. D. Small.

R. W. Clark, J. B. Kneip, F. S. Low, F. M. Mail, Jr., Frank C. Huntoon, E. W. F. Childs, P. C. Morgan, M. C. Miller, J. L. McCrea, F. G. Richards, N. Withers, M. L. Sperry, Jr., W. J. Shofner, M. T. Kinne, W. A. Hicks, L. S. Lewis, F. W. Pennoyer, Jr., B. F. Perry, L. R. Moore, R. de S. Horn.

W. H. Pike, Jr., M. C. Partello, R. O. Glover, J. F. Bates, Jr., J. H. Rockwell, A. E. Glann, H. H. Chenoweth, S. B. Clark, J. C. Lusk, L. B. Scott, G. P. Lamont, W. M. A. Wynne, M. J. Walker, W. J. Lorenzen, E. V. M. Isaacs, E. S. McCoach, D. MacL. Dalton, H. V. Wiley, S. R. Shumaker.

S. H. Matteson, G. H. Easton, A. R. Wurtele, S. P. Jenkins, N. J. Leonard, R. T. Darrow, A. C. Thomas, G. W. Grove, A. Barnett, H. W. Graf, R. J. Jondreau, C. L. Lein, G. C. Hill, J. P. Brown, W. Winslow, W. J. Nunally, Jr., A. S. Wotherspoon, R. M. Fortson, F. B. Royal, M. H. Spriggs, M. B. Arnold, R. H. Blair, T. Shelley, D. D. Dupre, J. S. Farnsworth, E. Breed, J. E. Maher, A. G. Hatch, L. Wood, H. E. Overesch, H. H. Harrison, A. G. Quynn, D. McL. Collins, D. W. Armstrong, G. C. Kriner, C. G. Richardson, J. M. Lewis, R. Burhel, M. G. Gamble, Jr., J. H. Campman, H. S. Clark, Jr., R. W. Christie, L. L. Stedman.

P. Marshall, L. B. Hoops, W. S. Hactor, J. S. Ray, W. M. Snelling, J. H. Chadwick, A. Landis, W. D. Sullivan, E. G. Herzinger, Adolph J. Merkt, H. J. Reuse, J. D. Pennington, M. J. Lenney, E. R. Henning, N. M. Pigman, H. D. Clarke, T. G. Brown, I. R. Chambers, A. E. Smith, C. E. Lewis.

S. A. Maher, R. Kiely, J. M. Field, Jr., A. E. King, Jr., H. O'D. Hunter, F. K. Libenow, D. C. Watson, H. M. Meyers, J. H. Sprague, M. W. Hutchinson, Jr., L. Schlossbach, J. J. Mahoney, R. M. Parkinson, J. R. Kyle, Jr., W. D. Thomas, H. A. Fisher, S. R. Deets, C. F. Wedderburn, C. C. Vickrey, A. R. Stephan, E. B. Hough, A. Osenger, R. S. Bulger, H. E. Burks, W. D. Snyder, T. L. Shannon and J. D. Edwards.

#### MARINE CORPS NOMINATIONS.

Nominations received by the Senate Aug. 8, 1917.

#### PROMOTIONS AND APPOINTMENTS IN THE MARINE CORPS.

Probationary second lieutenants to be probationary first lieutenants in Marine Corps, for temporary service, from May 22, 1917:

Robert S. Hunter, Glenn D. Miller, Burwell H. Clarke, Walter G. Sheard, Charles A. Wynn, Thomas E. Watson, Roger W. Peard, Herbert Rosenzweig, Paul Brown, Edward S. Chandler, Charles A. Howell, Charles P. Gilchrist, Lloyd L. Leech, George C. Hammer, James M. Bain, Harold S. Fassett, Karl I. Buse, John R. Martin, Gustav Karow, Jesse H. Fugate, Jr., Samuel A. Woods, Jr., Raphael Griffin, Horace C. Cooper, Peter C. Geyer, Jr., James E. Davis, James T. Moore.

William C. Byrd, George Reynolds, David H. Owen, Joseph E. Brewster, Nimmo Old, Jr., Benjamin T. Cripps, Louis W. Whaley, John M. Arthur, James F. Jeffords, Jacob M. Pearce, Jr., Gordon Watt, Thomas P. Cheatman, Thomas E. Bourke, William C. James, Daniel E. Campbell, William B. Black, Maurice G. Holmes, Charles C. Gill, James E. Betts, Norman S. Hinman, George Faunce Adams, Wethered Woodworth, James W. Webb, John M. Tildsley, Le Roy P. Hunt, Louis E. Woods, Edward R. Rhodes, Harry K. Cochran, Donald R. Fox, William McN. Marshall.

George H. Scott, Alexander Galt, Paul R. Cowley, Allen W. Harrington, Jr., Bailey M. Coffenberg, Eugene F. C. Collier, Evans O. Ames, Stanley M. Mucklestone, William H. Davis, Richard N. Platt, William E. Williams, William W. Scott, Jr., Franklin A. Hart, George Franklin Adams, George W. Spotts, Bruce J. Millner, Emmett W. Skinner, Jesse J. Burks, William LaF. Crabbe, Harlan E. Major and Frank L. Morris.

Second lieutenants to be first lieutenants in Marine Corps, for temporary service, from May, 1907: John D. Nevin and William P. Richards.

Q.M. Clerk Robert W. Maxwell to be a second lieutenant in Marine Corps, for temporary service, from June 14, 1917.

Non-commissioned officers in the Marine Corps to be second lieutenants in the Marine Corps, for temporary service, from July 24, 1917:

Sergt. Majors Clarence N. McClure, Michael Kearney, Brog G. Brostrom, Angus Wilson, Fred Lueders; Q.M. Sergt. Abel E. LeBlanc; 1st Sergts. John F. Duffy, Harry H. Courette, Frank Patterson, Charles G. Knoechel, Charles F. Merkel, Charles F. Finger, William S. Robinson, John Kearns, James E. Snow, Harry L. Jones; Gun. Sergts. John W. Hingle and Earl C. Nicholas; Sergts. Joseph Reardon, William L. Erdman, Frank N. Gilmore and George L. Littlefield.

Citizens to be second lieutenants in Marine Corps, for temporary service from July 31, 1917: Mark A. Smith, III; Timothy J. Holland, N.Y.; Vincent E. Healy, Ill.; Charles D. Sniffen, D.C.; Walter A. Powers, Me.; William H. Abrams, Cal.; Edmund G. Chamberlain, Texas; Clarence E. Nelson, Cal.; Herman R. Hollies, Md.; George H. Martin, Jr., Cal.; Benjamin DeW. Knapp, Cal.; Robert J. Archibald, Cal., and Gilder D. Jackson, Jr., Del.

#### MARINE CORPS CONFIRMATIONS.

Nominations confirmed by the Senate Aug. 8, 1917.

#### PROMOTIONS IN THE MARINE CORPS.

Non-commissioned officers in the Marine Corps to be second lieutenants in the Marine Corps:

Sergt. Majors Edward H. W. Holt, Charlie Hansen and Walter J. Eddington, Jr.

Q.M. Sergts. James P. Smith, Norman M. Shaw and John P. Harvis.

First Sergts. William J. Holloway, Frank H. Stone,

Ray W. Jeter, Robert Yowell, James H. McGan, Robert J. Woodrich and William Workman.

Gun. Sergts. Augustus Aiken, Clate C. Snyder, Frank F. Zizza, Joseph M. Swinnerton, Edward P. Oliver, Max Cox and Walter J. White.

Sergts. Charles McL. Lott, Ernest L. Russell, James F. Robertson, Charles H. Martin, Corp. Charles F. Kienast, Sergts. Major Kirt Green, Charles S. Beale and Frank Whitehead.

Q.M. Sergts. Frank E. Verner and Oliver A. Dow.

First Sergts. William R. Perry, Bert Pearson, John F. Evans, Clarence H. Mediary, Stephen F. Drew, Hans O. Martin, Harry Paul, Alvin J. Daigler.

Gun. Sergts. William Merrill, William J. Borden, Martin J. Kelleher, Robert W. Winter, Sidney O. Thompson, William H. Haggerty and Edgar S. Tuttle.

Sergts. Russell A. Presley, William J. Flanagan, William Becker and Robin A. York.

Corpls. Harvey B. Mims and Earl B. Hammond.

#### NAVY TEMPORARY WARRANT OFFICERS.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels on Aug. 8 announced the advancement of the following enlisted men of the Navy to temporary warrant officers in accordance with the Act of Congress approved May 22, 1917:

*Boatswain*.—Murphy, William A., chief boatswain's mate, navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

*Machinist*.—Cooper, Wallace, chief machinist's mate, navy yard, New York; Fickes, Grover G., chief machinist's mate, naval radio station, San Diego, Cal.; Luenser, Fred A., chief machinist's mate, U.S.S. Bushnell.

*Gunner (Ordnance)*.—Kneubuehler, John, chief gunner's mate, first class, U.S.S. McCall.

*Gunner (Electrician)*.—Cooke, John B., chief electrician, naval radio station, San Diego, Cal.; Schaffer, Max P., chief electrician, U.S.S. Bushnell.

*Gunner (Radio)*.—Fredericks, John E., chief electrician, navy yard, Mare Island, Cal.; Cahagan, Allen J., chief electrician, naval training station, San Francisco, Cal.; Keefer, Hal V., chief electrician, naval radio station, Cordova, Alaska; Montcalm, Surrius R., chief electrician, naval station, Cavite, P.I.; Schmidt, Benjamin F., chief electrician, U.S.S. New York; Smith, Frank H., chief electrician, navy yard, Mare Island, Cal.

*Acting Pay Clerk*.—Bowker, Howard F., chief yeoman, navy yard, Norfolk, Va.; Brinkmann, Cornelius A., chief pharmacist's mate, navy yard, Norfolk, Va.; Brown, Ervine R., chief yeoman, U.S.S. Bushnell; Gosselin, Hector J., chief yeoman, Navy Publicity Bureau, New York, N.Y.; Koester, Roy L., chief yeoman, navy yard, Norfolk, Va.; McGinnis, Henry C., chief pharmacist's mate, receiving ship at Norfolk, Va.; Snedaker, Ray E., chief yeoman, U.S.S. Bushnell.

*Pharmacist*.—Bly, William F., chief pharmacist's mate, field hospital, Santo Domingo City, D.R.; Joiner, Willie R., chief pharmacist's mate, U.S.S. New Hampshire; Lengenmiller, John J., chief pharmacist's mate, naval hospital, Canacao, P.I.

#### GREAT LAKES TRAINING STATION.

The Navy baseball nine of the Great Lakes, Ill., Naval training station were victors over the Army team of the Fort Sheridan officers' training camp in a thrilling game held at Great Lakes, Saturday, July 28. The Navy held the lead throughout the game until the ninth inning, when the Army tied the score. A final spurt by the Navy put over the winning score and the game ended 5 to 4.

Prominent among the rooters were many Army and Navy officers and their wives, who cheered with the re-cruits every time a brilliant play was made.

A bronze tablet, commemorating the gift of the original site of the Great Lakes training station to the Government by the Commercial Club of Chicago, was unveiled at the station July 25. Addresses were made by Capt. W. A. Moffet, U.S.N., commandant of the station, and by Rear Admiral Albert Ross, U.S.N., first commandant of the station.

The famous Great Lakes naval training station band, which has gained a reputation for its excellence throughout the country, shared honors with the kilted pipers of the 48th Highlanders recently in the parade through Chicago's loop district to stimulate recruiting for the British Army. A thousand bluejackets marched past the reviewing stand in which sat numerous British and Canadian officers, Capt. W. A. Moffet, U.S.N., and Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry, U.S.A., and others.

#### VARIOUS NAVAL ITEMS.

The examination of June 7-8 for assistant paymaster from the Naval Reserve will result in the appointment of about 110.

Secretary Daniels has recommended for temporary appointment as second lieutenants in the Marine Corps the following candidates, all of whom have passed their examinations and qualified: Benjamin DeWitt Knapp, Berkeley, Cal.; Clarence E. Nelson, Berkeley, Cal.; William H. Abrams, Berkeley, Cal.; George H. Martin, Berkeley, Cal.; Robert J. Archibald, Berkeley, Cal.; Mark A. Smith, Chicago, Ill.; Edmund G. Chamberlain, San Antonio, Texas; Vincent E. Healy, Chicago, Ill.; Timothy J. Holland, Northfield Falls, Vt.; Charles D. Sniffen, Washington, D.C.; Herman R. Hollies, Baltimore, Md.; Gilder D. Jackson, Jr., Moylan, Pa.

The Navy Department has been advised of the death on Aug. 6, 1917, of Theodore Schaiblin, chief electrician, who was injured in the explosion July on the U.S. submarine A-7 at Cavite, P.I.

Thomas Mott Osborne, former warden of Sing Sing, appointed to the command of the Portsmouth naval prison, took charge of the institution on Aug. 3, appearing in the uniform of a lieutenant commander of the Naval Reserve. In an address to the assembled prisoners and guards Mr. Osborne said he would try to carry out the wishes of Secretary Daniels and make the prison a model one. "It is my duty to do repair work among the men and get them back into the Service with a clean record," he said.

The U.S. Junior Naval Reserve, which has its national headquarters in New York city, now has 500 naval cadets and apprentice seamen under training at New London, Conn., for the Navy and merchant marine. It has deserving applicants exceeding 1,000, and is seek-

ing funds to provide for these young men. The cost of maintaining a two months' course for each cadet is \$83. "Camp Dewey," the camp at New London, is in its second season. The Junior Naval Reserve took care of 147 cadets last summer; 150 at Camp John Paul Jones, in Texas, this spring.

Our sailors have by no means lost interest in athletics despite the excitements of war service, as is shown by the following announcement of a baseball game, sent by a correspondent, which he has carefully censored as to date and location: "Final arrangements are now being completed for Wednesday's big baseball game between the champion teams of the U.S.S. Melville (flagship), and U.S.S. Allen, on the — grounds. Both sides are training hard and are confident of success. The flagship side will have a slight advantage owing to the fact that they have been together longer, but the Allen team will make them go all the way." Unfortunately we are left in suspense as to the result of the game. For the benefit of the public invited to attend the game who were not familiar with baseball the announcement went on to give this brief explanation of the game: "It may be stated that the teams consist of nine aside—one team batting, one team fielding. The batsman club is made of hickory, and resembles somewhat an Indian club. The pitcher throws the ball at the batsman's body between shoulders and knees, and if he succeeds in reaching this portion of the batsman's body over plate at side, it is considered no 'strike.' If the batsman hits the ball where fielders miss it, he is entitled to as many bases as he can reach before the ball is returned to any base to which he may be going (four bases). In fact, the game is something like the game of rounders, only of a more vigorous and dangerous nature."

The Secretary of the Navy will recommend the following warrant officers for appointment as ensigns: Btwn. William F. O'Connor, Gun. Arthur B. McCrary, Mach. George E. Maynard and Mach. S. L. Almond.

Capt. Calvin B. Matthews and Lieut. Thomas M. Luby, U.S.M.C., attached to the American Legation at Pekin, China, according to an Associated Press dispatch, were on Aug. 9 proceeding from Kalgan to Tabul, in the province of Chi-li, to rescue twelve members of the American Board of Missions and twelve other aliens, mostly women and children, besieged by bandits. The United States officers are accompanied by Chinese soldiers. Tabul is in the northwestern portion of the province of Chi-li, about 160 miles from Pekin.

The U.S. Shipping Board telegraphed orders on Aug. 4 to a score of the country's largest shipyards requisitioning all ships of 2,500 deadweight tonnage or more now building. About 675 ships are affected by the Government's order. Their aggregate tonnage is more than 1,500,000. Included are many English, Norwegian and other vessels on foreign account. The commandeering program will cost upward of \$125,000,000.

#### CAMP MacARTHUR, WACO.

Waco, Texas, July 30, 1917.

A dozen privates of the 24th Infantry, a negro regiment, are under guard at Camp MacArthur as a result of a difficulty which occurred Sunday night and serious charges will be preferred against them at court-martial. All are new recruits, who have joined since April, 1917. The 1st Battalion, 24th Inf., Cos. A, B, C and D, arrived in Waco Saturday midnight and pitched camp Sunday morning. After 5 p.m. leave to visit the city was granted. Many of them scattered about the city, some going to church, others to moving picture shows conducted for negroes and others fraternized with their race about the streets. A small number became involved in a difficulty at a negro restaurant and at a club. The trouble arose because sections of the eating house were set apart, one for negroes and one for whites. The police arrived, and, according to Chief of Police Guy McNamara, the negroes said they "were hunting trouble." A soldier was locked up and later turned over to the military authorities.

After this some of the negroes went to the camp for their rifles. Subsequent happenings are told in a statement to the post correspondent by Capt. C. F. Andrews, commanding the battalion. At 11:15 o'clock Sunday night, he said, he was informed by a trustworthy non-commissioned officer that some men were on their way down town with their rifles and immediately turned out all men in the camp for the purpose of checking the rifles. About twelve men got out of camp with their rifles, sneaking past the sentinels. Probably not more than six fired any shots in town. All of the men involved are in custody of the military authorities. The trouble appears to have originated, Captain Andrews added, by the streets being crowded, a little undue haste on the part of the police in clearing the streets and hot-headed resentment by a few individuals of the 24th Infantry. All of the negroes involved in the trouble came back to camp themselves.

Capt. James Higgins, who was in charge of the detachment that went to the city to quell the trouble, said: "Not a shot was fired until after I arrived in town, and those shots were fired at me and the detachment under me. The police were not with me when I went after the men, and no shots were fired at the police."

The officers and the men of the battalion regret the occurrence and feel that the reputation of the regiment ought not to be involved because of the conduct of a dozen recruits of a few months' service. Captain Andrews announces that the men will be required to observe the separate coach law of the state that applies to street cars, that they will not be allowed to crowd the streets and sidewalks, and none will be allowed in town with arms. He calls attention to the fact that this regiment served with Pershing in Mexico, that the regiment has a silver cup presented by the people of the city of Manila because of their conduct while stationed there, and a letter of commendation from the mayor of San Francisco.

Capt. Edward H. Andres, Q.M.C., has been detailed as camp quartermaster at Camp MacArthur, where the National Guard of Michigan and Wisconsin will be sent for training. He has been joined by Mrs. Andres and their son, Edward H., Jr., and by Miss Robertson, sister of Mrs. Andres, who will be their house guest. Captain Andres is a native of Michigan and saw service as captain of the 32d Michigan Infantry in the Spanish-American War. He went into the Regular Service directly after the Volunteers were mustered out and has continued in the Regular organization since then. He has been on the Mexican border for the past year, and comes to Waco from San Benito, Texas.

Work on the construction of buildings at Camp McArthur is progressing rapidly. The Fred A. Jones Company has an army of carpenters at work building mess halls, stables, warehouses, etc., and there will be between 250 and 300 buildings finished quickly. The Government has shipped 40,000 feet of water pipe here for the water system. While the Guardsmen will be in tents, each tent will have a wooden floor and will have a wainscoting four feet high, so as to make it more comfortable for those who occupy the tents.

Camp MacArthur, Waco, Texas, Aug. 3, 1917.

Pending the completion of construction of the necessary buildings for the coming of the National Guard of Michigan and Wisconsin, the 1st Battalion, 24th Inf., has arrived to guard the Government property, probably to stay six or seven weeks. It is generally believed that from here the battalion will go East, but this is mere surmise. These troops come from Columbus, N.M., where they have been in camp ever since return from Pershing's expedition into Mexico. They show the weather wear of the sandy country, and the officers of the famous negro regiment are browned by the desert suns.

Capt. C. F. Andrews, of Co. A, is commanding the battalion, and temporarily Camp MacArthur. Lieut. E. W. Fales, whose promotion to a captaincy has been announced, is battalion adjutant; Lieut. A. J. Levie, supply officer. Other officers are Capts. Joseph E. Barzynski, J. A. Higgins and U. M. Diller; Lieuts. Oliver Graves, C. B. Kendall (Med. Corps) and P. J. Dowling (post exchange officer).

Mrs. Andrews, Mrs. Higgins and Mrs. Diller have arrived to bear their husbands and have apartments at The Kyle, in the city. They have been guests at some of the notable social occasions of the city.

The officers at Camp MacArthur were guests of the Rotary Club of Waco, at luncheon on July 31. Col. George O. Cress, I.G., from Fort Sam Houston, visiting Camp MacArthur on official business, was honor guest at a dinner at the Hotel Raleigh, in Waco, July 31, at which both Service men and civilians were present. Colonel Cress was a boy at school at Warsaw, Ill., with George H. Luedde, now a substantial business man of Waco, and they met here for the first time since their school days, forty years ago. Mr. Luedde complimented him with the dinner, at which other Service guests were Major Matthew Hansen, Mich. N.G.; Capt. E. H. Andres, U.S.A.; Capt. H. B. Shonk, U.S.R.; Capt. O. H. Tower, Mich. N.G.; Lieuts. E. W. Fales and P. J. Dowling, U.S.A.

The War Department commission on training camp activities, which will have to do with the recreational features for National Guardsmen in communities adjacent to the training camps, has designated William B. Kelsey as the local representative at Camp MacArthur, and Mr. Kelsey is now on the ground making preparations for the work. In order that every assistance may be given, representative citizens of Waco met at luncheon and named the following committees to act with Mr. Kelsey: Honorary—John Collins, mayor of Waco; James P. Alexander, county judge; W. V. Crawford, and the commanding officer of Camp MacArthur, when designated. Active—E. R. Bolton, chairman; Miss Kate Friend, Mrs. Charles Boynton, Mrs. Flora B. Cameron, William Edmond, E. L. Falkerson, John F. Wright, Allan D. Sanford, Dr. Samuel Palmer Brook, president of Baylor University; Sol Hirschberg and E. L. Duke.

#### THE NAVY.

For Navy nominations and confirmations see pages 1672 and 1677.

#### C.M.O. 38, JULY 5, 1917, NAVY DEPT.

Chief Gunner Charles B. Babson, U.S.N., was tried by G.C.M. June 15, 1917, on board the U.S.S. Nevada, and was acquitted of the following charge: Scandalous conduct tending to the destruction of good morals (two specifications). The convening authority approved the proceedings, findings and acquittal.

#### C.M.O. 39, JULY 7, 1917, NAVY DEPT.

Lieut. (J.G.) Carroll B. Byrne, U.S.N., was tried by G.C.M. June 5, 1917, at the navy yard, Philadelphia, and found guilty of the following charge: Drunkenness (one specification). Sentence—To lose fifty numbers in his grade.

The proceedings, findings and sentence was approved by the Secretary of the Navy.

#### NAVY GAZETTE.

During the past week the following officers have been detailed to sea or to shore duty as indicated below:

To sea duty—Comdras. C. P. Snyder and G. S. Lincoln; Lieut. Comdr. G. M. Baum; Lieuts. D. H. Stuart, L. S. Stewart, J. M. Doyle, F. T. Van Asken, H. H. Norton and A. M. Cohen; Lieut. (J.G.) H. W. Hosford, Ensign E. B. Hough; Surge. F. G. Abeken, H. S. May, R. G. Heiner and J. D. Manchester; P.A. Surgs. F. H. Stibbens and A. H. Dodge; Asst. Surg. D. D. Martin, P.A. Paymr. J. J. Luchsinger, Asst. Paymr. W. Craig, Chief Btsn. F. Muller and Gun. G. W. Bensing.

To shore duty—Lieut. Comdr. F. B. Freyer; Lieuts. C. B. Mayo and S. W. Wallace; Asst. Surg. W. S. Scott, P.A. Paymr. J. E. McDonald, Chief Btsn. J. J. Holden; Pharmas. H. C. Danilson, C. Peck, J. A. Orton, R. R. Hinnant, D. M. Harvey, E. G. Eastman and J. C. Baisch.

Comdr. W. N. Jeffers commissioned from May 23, 1917.

Ensign E. D. Gibb commissioned from June 29, 1917.

Asst. Paymr. B. Hunter commissioned from June 20, 1917.

The following ensigns followed from June 29, 1917:

J. W. Rowe, T. F. Remington, C. Withers, C. B. White, C. G. Moore, Jr., J. H. Brady, R. L. Mitten, E. V. Iverson, J. O. Plank, G. R. Kalbfus, R. Poole, E. A. Foote, J. D. Murray, Jr., G. Bannerman, T. G. Fisher, F. S. Gibson, R. F. Armstrong, A. P. Haynes, J. H. Duncan, E. H. Geiselman, H. E. Sobel, A. I. Flynn, A. L. Huston, E. H. Hankle, V. Bailey, P. H. Fischer, Jr., G. D. Townsend, J. G. Huntoon, A. B. Craig, F. Connell, H. E. MacLellan, M. C. Wade, Jr., D. W. Loomis, E. D. Walbridge, C. G. Miller, W. M. Dillon, J. M. Haines, W. H. Hart, Jr., H. K. Levenson, R. S. Riggs, S. C. A. Cobb, F. L. Wilkinson, Jr., C. D. Fessler, Jr., L. G. Scheck, W. E. G. Erskine, F. L. Meadows, V. G. Barringer, Jr., J. Wright, F. B. Hillhouse, G. C. Etheredge, G. D. Custer, S. G. Norton.

The following changes are published for the information of the Service:

Lieut. A. Marcus, U.S.N., died July 25, 1917, at Cavite, P.I. U.S.N.R.F.

Lieut. R. Birmingham died May 7, 1917.

Lieut. H. F. Godwin discharged July 25, 1917.

Ensign W. A. Wright discharged July 5, 1917.

Ensign W. E. Butler discharged July 21, 1917.

Ensign C. J. Browne discharged July 16, 1917.

Chief Btsn. M. Osborne resigned July 26, 1917.

Btsn. A. McLean resigned July 26, 1917.

Ensign O. Williams resigned July 26, 1917.

Pay Clerk A. L. Johnson discharged July 24, 1917.

Asst. Surg. V. E. Bellinger disenrolled July 26, 1917.

#### MARINE CORPS ORDERS.

AUG. 3—Major Frank J. Schwable detached Depot of Supplies, San Francisco, Cal.; assigned duty at Headquarters, Second Lieut. Thomas W. Ashley, M.C.R., detached Marine Barracks, Norfolk, Va.; assigned duty at Winthrop, Md.

AUG. 4—Capts. Donald F. Duncan and Dwight F. Smith assigned to duty at Quantico, Va.

Capt. Harry G. Bartlett detached Marine Barracks, Charleston, S.C.; assigned duty at Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va.

Second Lieuts. (Prov.) Kortright Church and Chester L. Fordney, M.C.R., to active service at Marine Bks., Quantico, Va.

Marine Gunner Ralph F. Thompson, M.C.R., to active service at Marine Barracks, Philadelphia.

Capt. Otto Becker, Jr., to duty at Marine Bks., San Diego, Cal.

Second Lieut. Ralph W. Marshall, M.C.R., detached Marine Bks., Paris Island, S.C.; to duty Quantico, Va.

AUG. 6—Capt. Ross E. Rowell, retired, detached Publicity Bureau; to Marine Bks., Quantico, Va.

Major W. H. Parker, retired, detached Recruiting Office, Boston; to Recruiting Publicity Bureau, New York, N.Y.

Lieut. Col. R. H. Dunlap detached Headquarters; to Marine Bks., Quantico, Va.

Second Lieut. (Prov.) W. B. Shealy, M.C.R., assigned to active service at Marine Bks., Quantico, Va.

AUG. 7—First Lieut. Frank L. Martin detached Recruiting Office, Buffalo, N.Y.; to Recruiting Office, Detroit, Mich.

First Lieut. Mark A. Smith, M.C.R., detached Recruiting Office, Detroit, Mich.; to Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va.

Second Lieut. Frederick B. Davy, M.C.R., detached Marine Bks., Quantico, Va.; to Marine Bks., Philadelphia, Pa.

Second Lieut. Darious T. Wool, M.C.R., assigned active service at Marine Bks., Quantico, Va.

AUG. 8—The following second lieutenants (provisional), M.C.R., have been assigned active duty at Marine Bks., Quantico: Samuel J. Melick, Roswell G. Ham and Robert W. Clai-borne.

The following second lieutenants (provisional), M.C.R., to active duty at Marine Bks., Mare Island, Cal.: Thornton Wilson, Robert E. Mills, Leo D. Hermle, Horace L. Hirschler, Carl J. Jessup, Colis Mitchell, Darrell J. Bogardus, William R. Hogan, Albert C. Simonds, Spencer C. Burroughs, Walter M. Brewer and Louis S. Davis.

Capt. Earl C. Long detached Marine Bks., San Diego; to Marine Bks., Quantico, Va.

Lieut. Col. George Van Orden detached Headquarters; to Marine Bks., Quantico, Va.

AUG. 9—First Lieut. Robert W. Voeth assigned duty at Marine Bks., Quantico, Va.

The following officers have been assigned to sea duty: Capts. Robert P. Peire, George C. De Neale, Egbert T. Lloyd, Paul C. Marmion and Theodore A. Seor; 1st Lieuts. Samuel L. Howard and Raymond B. Wright; 2d Lieuts. Edward R. Rhodes, William W. Scott, Jr., George Faunce Adams, Norman S. Hinman, De Witt Peck, Alexander Galt and Louis E. Woods.

The following officers have been ordered to shore duty: Major Barton W. Sibley and Capt. Littleton W. T. Waller, Jr.

#### ORDER 23, JULY 27, 1917, U.S.M.C.

312. This order, effective July 15, 1917, and during existing emergency, announces that money allowance for clothing is suspended and clothing allowance of a marine will be kind and quantity of clothing necessary and adequate for service upon which he is engaged, as determined by C.O. Organization and detachment commanders will be held responsible for strict economy in issues and for proper equipment of men of their commands with articles prescribed by their C.O.s. Commanding officers will devote personal attention to prescribing uniform equipment adequate and proper for climate and for nature of duty performed, exercising diligent care in economy, bearing in mind present difficulty in obtaining supplies from contractors and congestion of transportation.

All clothing accounts will be settled to include July 14, 1917. Thereafter, until otherwise directed, no credit will accrue to enlisted men for undrawn clothing and all issues except as otherwise herein provided will be made gratuitously. Entry will be made on clothing records showing date of receipt of this order.

To avoid injustice of causing sudden indebtedness for overdrawn clothing, clothing accounts of men (except Reservists) who enlisted, or retired men who reported for active duty, on or prior to July 14, 1917, and who have on that date completed less than 273 days of their current enlistment or period of active service, will be credited amount sufficient to cancel their indebtedness, provided that this credit plus all allowance for undrawn clothing previously credited does not exceed \$76.44. If maximum credit does not exceed indebtedness account will be closed showing "Balance due U.S." Issues of clothing made on or after July 15, 1917, will not be considered in making these settlements and entries of such issues should be red-lined from clothing records. Clothing records of men who enlisted, or retired men who reported for active duty, on or after July 15, 1917, and which have not been settled prior to receipt of this order will be canceled.

The order also announces how clothing accounts and statements are prepared, and also says, among other things:

Issues of clothing will be made as prescribed in Par. 214-217, inclusive. System of Accountability, U.S.M.C., 1916. Money value of articles of clothing avoidably lost or destroyed will be charged against pay accounts of men concerned on form N.M.C. 6 (revised). No portion of this order will be construed to change provisions of Par. 236, System of Accountability.

Settlements of clothing accounts made from July 15, 1917, until day prior to date of receipt of this order will not be affected by this order.

Clothing allowance of retired enlisted men, not on active duty, as established by law, is given in Par. 137, U.S.A. Regulations, and is not changed by this order and they will, therefore, continue to receive commutations for rations and clothing at present rate of \$9.50 per month.

#### ORDER 36, JULY 30, 1917, U.S.M.C.

315. In order that enlisted men detailed to expeditionary duty may not be in ignorance of their privilege of registering allotments for the support of their families, or other relatives, commanding officers of all marine posts and organizations in the United States are directed to bring to the attention of all members of their commands, who have dependent relatives, the advantages afforded them by the existing system of allotments, as provided in Article 4472, Navy Regulations, 1913.

316. Pages 92, 98 and 100, Marine Corps Orders, 1917, are revised, and the accompanying pages [we omit the pages.—Ed.] will be substituted therefor.

GEORGE BARNETT, Major General Commandant.

#### ORDERS 37, AUG. 4, 1917, U.S.M.C.

317. The following warrant officers were temporarily appointed second lieutenants in the Marine Corps, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, July 5, 1917, to rank from June 14, 1917, in the order named:

Harry A. Ellsworth, Charles B. Hobbs, Warren C. Barnaby, Maurice C. Gregory, James T. Allen, Gustav F. Bleedel, John Strong, William A. McGinley, Thomas Dwight, John J. Haley, Walter Woodring, Frank D. Creamer, Heinrich Keyel, William Mills, Robert E. Williams, Harry E. Horner, William F. Thalheimer, Thomas F. Carney, Benjamin F. Fog, Howell Cobb, Charlie Dunbeck, Thomas F. Joyce, Charles Grimm, William F. Brown, Frederick Wahstrom, James W. Lattin, Henry A. Rickers, Augustus T. Lewis, Edward McEvoy, Charles D. Meginness, James Keeley, Eugene B. Mimms, William H. Stevens, Henry Baptist, Francis Fisk, Robert W. Williams, Peter Conachy, Charles E. Mills, Wilbur G. Gunn, John Blanchfield, Carl E. Clark and Arthur J. Stout.

#### HARBOR CUTTERS.

Alert, Mobile, Ala. Patrol, New York, N.Y.  
Arcata, Port Townsend, Wash. Penrose, Pensacola, Fla.

Davey, New Orleans, La. Manhattan, New York, N.Y.  
Golden Gate, San Francisco, Cal. Tioga, Baltimore, Md.

Guard, Friday Harbor, Wash. Tybee, Savannah, Ga.

Guthrie, Philadelphia, Pa. Winnisimmet, Boston, Mass.

Hudson, New York, N.Y. Wissahickon, New York, N.Y.  
Mackinac, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

#### COAST GUARD GAZETTE.

AUG. 3.—Second Lieut. J. A. Starr assigned to another vessel.

AUG. 6.—Second Lieut. S. S. Yeandle placed on waiting orders.

AUG. 7.—First Lieut. of Engrs. C. S. Root placed on waiting orders.

Second Lieut. of Engrs. F. C. Allen assigned to deck duty.

First Lieut. of Engrs. W. E. Macconn from shore to ship.

First Lieut. of Engrs. L. J. Ker from ship to shore.

AUG. 8.—Capt. Henry Ulke assigned to sea duty.

Capt. of Engrs. C. F. Nash placed on waiting orders.

First Lieut. of Engrs. C. G. Porcher from ship to shore.

Second Lieut. J. M. Earp assigned to another vessel.

Second Lieut. of Engrs. G. W. Cairns assigned to another vessel.

First Lieut. of Engrs. J. I. Bryan from shore to ship.

Third Lieut. J. A. Frost, Jr

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## WEST POINT.

West Point, N.Y., Aug. 7, 1917.

Mrs. Morrison gave a porch party on Thursday, entertaining with bridge for Mesdames Willcox, Rethers, Walthall, Bull, Manley and Moreton and the prize-winners, Mesdames Dunwoody and Edwards. Mesdames Grady, Pendleton, Brown and Bingham joined for tea. Mrs. Manley returned last week from a three weeks' visit with her husband, Capt. F. W. Manley, at Plattsburg. Mrs. Nichols left several days ago for Washington, where she will visit for a time.

Major and Mrs. Rethers have received much social attention during the last week; they were guests of honor at a despedida tea on Saturday, Col. and Mrs. Willcox entertaining for them and about fifty of their friends on the wide porch of the officers' mess, where it was delightfully breezy and cool; Mrs. Dunwoody served fruit punch. Major and Mrs. Rethers expect to start for their new station in a few days. Mrs. Wood and little son, Carroll, left on Monday for New Hampshire, to spend the rest of the summer there, joining Lieutenant Wood later at Augusta, Ga., his new station.

Col. and Mrs. Willcox left on Tuesday for Washington, to spend a fortnight visiting relatives. Col. James P. Jersey, guest of his cousins, Col. and Mrs. Stuart, left on Monday for home; Colonel Jersey's son, Cadet Jersey, is a member of the Third Class. Col. and Mrs. Holt and their sons have been spending the week away, Colonel Holt and Guy going to the seashore at Nahant, Mass., while Mrs. Holt and Roger visited at New Haven.

Mrs. Hunt spent a few days at New York last week with her husband, Major Ora Hunt, who came up from Fort Myer, where he is on duty; Mrs. I. L. Hunt and two sons are now guests of Mrs. Ora Hunt. Major Simonds spent a day here last week with Mrs. Simonds, on his way from Washington. Mrs. Martin and daughter, Kelsey, are visiting Captain Martin at Madison Barracks. Captain Gruber has received orders sending him to Fort Sill. Recent visitors were Col. J. M. Gleason, of Fort Jay, and Capt. Fred C. Walker, of Fort Sill. Gen. and Mrs. Lockwood entertained at dinner for Major and Mrs. Rethers on Wednesday. Mrs. Fiebeger returned from a fortnight's stay at Schuon Lake on Tuesday.

## THE NAVAL ACADEMY.

Annapolis, Md., Aug. 9, 1917.

Capt. Charles R. Sanderson, U.S.M.C., Mrs. Sanderson and children are visiting the family of Mayor Thomas Smith, at Annapolis-on-the-Bay. Prof. Otto Steffen, former instructor in athletics at the Naval Academy, visited friends here this week. Col. Cornelius Cole Smith, U.S. Army, military attaché at Spain, has been visiting his brother, Capt. Gilbert C. Smith, U.S.A., this week. Mrs. J. C. Courts, mother of Mdn. Jennings Courts, and Lieut. George Courts, U.S.N., visited Midshipman Courts at the Naval Academy over Sunday.

Henry L. Mason, a private in the U.S. Marine Corps, stationed at the Naval Academy, was arrested in Baltimore last Saturday, as he was about to pawn some stolen goods, a case containing a dozen gold watches, valued at several hundred dollars. Mason was employed as a mail orderly at the Naval Academy.

Ira B. Talton, U.S.N., twenty-two years of age, took the oath of office on Aug. 1 as an assistant paymaster in the Navy, with rank of ensign. Ensign Talton was graduated in 1917 from St. John's College, Annapolis, where he was an officer in the cadet battalion. He is a citizen of Pocomoke, Md.

Mrs. James G. Field, wife of Medical Director Field, U.S.N., of the Naval Hospital, Annapolis, and little daughter, Laura Katherine, left Saturday for Buena Vista Hotel, Buena Vista Springs, Pa., to spend the month of August. Mrs. Robert G. Heiner, wife of Surgeon Heiner, left Saturday for Boston. Surgeon Heiner, who has been on duty here for some time, has been detached.

Edward Lloyd, Jr., son of Comdr. Edward Lloyd, U.S.N., who is training with the Naval Reserves, gave a dance on the Reina Mercedes on Friday. Commander Lloyd has his quarters on the Reina Mercedes, Naval Academy. Mrs. Howard J. Rogers and her daughter, Mrs. Walcott E. Hall, wife of Lieutenant Hall, U.S.N., and daughter, Anne, left on Friday for Wiloughby Beach, Va. Mrs. Rogers will go to Boston, New York and the Berkshires.

Lieut. Comdr. John Downes, U.S.N., aid to Superintendent Eberle, of the Naval Academy, accompanied by Mrs. Downes, have returned from a vacation spent at Jamestown, R.I. Their children remained at Jamestown, visiting relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Rodgers, of Phoenix, Ariz., are visiting Pay Insp. Samuel Bryan, U.S.N., and Mrs. Bryan, parents of Mrs. Rogers. Miss Frances Bryan, daughter of Pay Insp. and Mrs. Bryan, is visiting Mrs. Edward C. Caldwell at Fisher's Island, N.Y. Lieut. Roscoe Arnett, U.S.M.C., spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in this city.

Ground has been broken for the additions to Bancroft Hall at the Naval Academy and other improvements to be made to the building for the purpose of providing greater accommodations for the regiment of midshipmen, and also for the enlargement of the Marine Engineering and Naval Construction Building. The contract for this work was recently awarded the A. D. Miller Construction Company of Baltimore, and it will cost in the neighborhood of \$3,000,000. In the meantime another force of workmen is engaged in making certain alterations to the Marine Barracks Building, on the ground known as Government Farm, where a number of midshipmen will be quartered when the Academy reopens for the regular academic term in October. Until the additions to Bancroft Hall, the regular dormitory of the students, are completed, the structure will be inadequate to take care of the large number of students, because of the great increase occasioned by the additional number of appointments allowed by Act of March of this year. The complete roster of the regiment will be in the neighborhood of 1,500, almost double the number of any previous academic year. It is understood that at least one battalion of the regiment will be quartered in the Marine Barracks Building.

## PLATTSBURG BARRACKS.

Plattsburg Barracks, N.Y., July 23, 1917.

Col. and Mrs. C. A. Williams arrived in Plattsburg from Washington on the 17th and expect to remain for the rest of the summer. Their son, Edgar Williams, is in the training camp. Lieut. C. S. Clark, U.S.N., is spending a week in town with his parents. At its expiration he will return to the Atlantic Fleet. Col. A. L. Parmerter was in Plattsburg on a short leave visiting his mother.

Mrs. Waldron and young son are with Captain Waldron. Major Kooper's mother, who has been visiting him, left on Friday. Mrs. F. Miller has gone to Syracuse on a short visit. Mrs. T. W. Arnold, who has been so ill, has entirely recovered and is with Captain Arnold at the post. Mrs. H. W. Fleet's sister, Mrs. Ross, has been visiting her at the barracks. Mrs. Paul A. Wolf's mother, Mrs. Hobart, is visiting her.

Captain Williams came up from the navy yard Friday. Mrs. Williams has been at the Macdonough Inn for several weeks. Their son is a member of the training camp. Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Whitman gave a delightful buffet luncheon to many friends last week. Among the people from the post were seen Col. and Mrs. de Loffre, Capt. and Mrs. Baer, Capt. and Mrs. Wainwright, Mrs. Bubb, Miss Marion Ross and Mrs. Frank Smith, and a great many others from town were present.

The open air theater has been giving many interesting performances. It is under the able direction of Major Barlow, an actor himself of no small merit and a very well-known one. He is a son of Barlow, of the famous Barlow Minstrels.

Captain Baner, on duty at the training camp, was joined by Mrs. Baner on Sunday. Mrs. Baner is staying for a week at the Macdonough Inn. Major J. B. Allison having been or-

dered to command of the camp at Monterey, Major and Mrs. Allison have left Plattsburg. Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Peter Murray dined with Col. and Mrs. Wolf Saturday.

Col. and Mrs. A. H. Appel spent the day in Plattsburg recently. Colonel Appel is on duty at the junior camp at Pointe La Roche. Mrs. Appel went to Montreal for a visit, but expects to return to Plattsburg and stay two or three weeks. Colonel Taylor is visiting his daughter, Mrs. P. W. Arnold. Miss Eddy is visiting her sister, Mrs. Boob, at the post. Mrs. Dodd's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Allen, are visiting their daughter and are living at the Macdonough Inn. Major and Mrs. Collins entertained Major and Mrs. Mitchell on luncheon last Friday.

Mrs. de Loffre had an informal tea at the Hostess House for Mrs. Valiant, wife of Major Valiant, U.S.R., and Miss Kate M. Clendenin, of Hartford, Conn.

## FORT OGLETHORPE.

Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., Aug. 8, 1917.

Mrs. William Dew, of Baltimore, has taken rooms nearby while her husband, Lieutenant Dew, is at the Medical Training Camp. Mrs. R. B. Shackelford left Sunday for her home at University of Virginia. Dr. Shackelford is at the Medical Training Camp, and will be here indefinitely. Mrs. Gore, wife of Lieutenant Gore, entertained at bridge on Wednesday, honoring her sister, Miss Helen Marshall, of Philadelphia. Prizes were won by Mrs. Pickering, Mrs. Hall and Mrs. Wrightson, sr. Mrs. Gore was assisted in receiving by Mrs. Catts, Mrs. Brown and Mrs. Cole.

Mrs. Clapham is entertaining her sister, Miss Dirrebeau, of Galveston. Mrs. Young has as her guests Miss Hall, of Adele, Ga., and Miss Young, of Pittsburgh. Mrs. Page and Mrs. Weisner were joint hostesses of a bridge-luncheon on Thursday at the Hitching Post.

The Infantry and Cavalry of the officers' training camp left Thursday for a ninety-mile hike. They will be gone about ten days, and on their return preparations will be made to disband the camp. Mrs. McClure, wife of Colonel McClure, 22d Cav., has recently arrived from Washington to join her husband at this post.

Battery 7, of the 6th T.R., at the training camp, entertained with a dinner-dance on Thursday, honoring the officers of the battery. The officers are Capt. Charles Easterbrook, Capt. F. M. Manning, Lieut. Carlos Brewer, Lieut. J. H. Rowland and Lieut. Bernard Manning. The favors consisted of carnival novelties. A novel feature of the dance was the descent of innumerable red, white and blue parasols, which were suspended overhead, forming a canopy. These were presented to the ladies. Small cannon were scattered over the table, giving it a very military appearance. About ninety guests were present. The entire entertainment was in charge of Cadet A. T. Willis, of Newbern, N.C., assisted by Cadet J. E. Johnson, of Davidson, N.C. The 11th Battery entertained the following night at the club, honoring their officers, including Captain Bishop, Lieutenant Lehman and Spalding.

Lieut. and Mrs. J. D. Townsend have returned to Chattanooga after a trip in the East. Mrs. Townsend was Miss Dorothea Snodgrass, of Chattanooga, whose marriage took place last month at the home of her sister, Mrs. Oscar Spears, wife of Lieut. Oscar Spears, of the Navy, in Washington. Mrs. Townsend is with her mother, Mrs. D. L. Snodgrass, at present. One thousand recruits have arrived from Fort Slocum. The Sunday school of the Centenary Church entertained for the soldiers at this post on Saturday night. The First M.E. Church will also entertain.

Mrs. Baird and daughter have gone to Newport News, Va. The date of the wedding of Major Guy Cushman and Miss Prue Dunkin, of Chicago, has been fixed for Aug. 18. Major H. McClain, U.S.R., has arrived to assist Capt. A. T. Dalton in the Quartermaster Department, Finance Division. First Lieut. Frank R. Ruff, M.R.C., of Richmond, Va., and Miss Isabel Denison Smith, of Stevensville, Va., were married Saturday, Aug. 3, at the Baptist Church in Stevensville. Lieutenant Ruff is stationed here at the Provisional Base Hospital.

Col. and Mrs. Kirkpatrick, of Fort Oglethorpe, entertained the senior officers of the Medical Training Camp and their wives in honor of Capt. and Mrs. Reynolds. Captain Reynolds was forced to leave last night for Pittsburgh to join a Red Cross unit, to sail for France in the near future. Rev. C. H. Myers, of the Pilgrim Congregational Church, had charge of the Sunday services at the training camp. Lieutenant Leonard entertained with a dinner on Saturday at Signal Mountain Inn, honoring his sisters, the Misses Leonard, of Toledo, Ohio. Dr. and Mrs. Sprole, of Vicksburg, are on Lookout Mountain, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Cassell. Dr. Sprole is at the Medical Officers' Training Camp.

## ARMY CAMP AT SYRACUSE.

Syracuse, N.Y., July 30, 1917.

All the regiments in the Fair Grounds are gradually moving to the new camp on the Van Vleck road, as fast as tentage can be supplied. The annual state fair here in September will need the Fair Grounds. Recruits arrive almost daily, and at present there are 15,250 men and 160 officers in the mobilization camp. Col. Harry Shaw, representing the Surgeon General's office in Washington inspected the camp hospitals last Tuesday.

Mrs. Lyman Kennon honored Mrs. Charles G. Morton with a tea July 26. Mesdames Hunt, Reuben Smith, Hubbard, Davids and Loeb served. The 9th Infantry band played. Nearly all the Army ladies in the city, as well as a large number of civilians called Mrs. Aiken, wife of Lieutenant Aiken, entertained about twenty-five guests at tea at Monday. Miss Mary Townsend gave a supper Thursday for Lieut. and Mrs. Gill, Lieutenant Whitley and Hall, Misses Webster, Nash and Dey and Captain Ullo. After supper the party went to the roof garden of the Onondaga Hotel for dancing.

Miss Boutelle is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Hawley, wife of Captain Hawley, 4th Inf. Col. and Mrs. Melville Jarvis have an apartment at the Calvert on East Genesee street. Lieut. and Mrs. J. A. Street are located at the Wolcott, 409 Fayette Park. Mr. and Mrs. McCarthy gave a supper Sunday in Cazenovia for Col. and Mesdames Wright, Bennett and King.

The Syracuse branch of the Military Order, Loyal Legion of the U.S., gave a dinner at the Onondaga Hotel Friday in honor of Major General Morton. Other officers present were Colonel Kennon, Major Bartlett, M.C., Colonels Lee and Cannon. Covers were laid for twenty.

The Saturday dinner-dances at the Onondaga Golf and Country Club have become very popular. Last week Captain Whitley entertained Misses McCarthy and Webster, Captains Ullo and Hall and Lieutenant Weems. Major and Mrs. Reuben Smith, Capt. and Mrs. Loeb, Capt. and Mrs. Von Schrader and Capt. and Mrs. Gill were also present at the club.

Syracuse, N.Y., Aug. 6, 1917.

A luncheon was given Wednesday at the Onondaga Golf and Country Club by Mrs. G. A. Hubbard, wife of Captain Hubbard, in compliment to Mrs. Charles G. Morton. After luncheon the ladies played bridge. Mr. and Mrs. Nash honored Gen. and Mrs. Morton with a dinner Tuesday. The guests were Col. and Mrs. Kennon, Col. and Mrs. Hall, Judge and Mrs. Hiscock and Judge and Mrs. Miller.

Mrs. Robert D. Newton has joined her husband, Lieutenant Newton, 9th Inf. They will occupy an apartment in the Glynn during their stay in Syracuse. Col. and Mrs. Herman Hall have moved to the Leavenworth apartments on James street. Mrs. John Henry Parker, wife of Colonel Parker, who is with General Pershing's command in France, is in Syracuse to be with her daughter, Mrs. W. J. Calvert, who with Captain Calvert is occupying a home in Walnut place during the summer. Mrs. Parker has been with her son, Lieutenant Henry Parker, at San Antonio, Texas, since Colonel Parker went abroad.

A daughter was born Sunday, Aug. 5, at the Crouse-Irving Hospital to Major and Mrs. Edgar W. Miller, M.C.

The official Army Club of the city will open this evening in the Larned Building, on South Warren street. The rooms are

equipped with four billiard tables, card tables, easy chairs, books, magazines and cooking and sewing appliances. The men will be able to buy well cooked food and smoking materials right on the spot, and this fact will help popularize the club. Soldiers of the 23d Infantry held an athletic meet at Pleasant Beach on Sunday afternoon. The events scheduled were 100-yard dash, 440-yard dash, 16-pound shot put, running high jump and broad jump.

Mrs. Isaac Gill and Mrs. R. B. Woodruff gave a bridge party Thursday at the Ka-na-te-nah Club, in honor of Mrs. J. A. Street, a recent Army bride. About thirty guests were invited. Prizes were given to Mesdames Hunt, Beach and Street. Mrs. Davids and Mrs. Von Schrader were hostesses at bridge-tea at the Onondaga Golf and Country Club Friday, at which Mrs. John R. Young was honor guest. Prizes were won by Mesdames Hawley, H. T. Smith, Moore, Young and Miss Webster.

Mrs. Moore is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Roger O. Mason, wife of Captain Mason, 15th F.A.; Capt. Clarence D. Lang has arrived from Brownsville to join the 15th. Lieut. W. W. Carr, recently aid to General Ruckman, has reported for duty with the 47th Infantry. Mrs. John R. Young is visiting her son and daughter, Capt. and Mrs. H. G. Davids, 48th Inf.

## NORFOLK NAVY YARD.

Norfolk, Va., July 23, 1917.

Misses Emily Waterman and Eleanor Du Bois, of New York, guests of Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. W. L. Pryor, have left for West Point, Va., to instruct a class in surgical dressing. Capt. and Mrs. R. R. Wright, U.S.M.C., who have been guests of relatives in Ohio, have returned to Portsmouth and are guests at Mrs. S. T. Hanger's, on the Boulevard. Mrs. B. T. Pettit, Miss and Master Pettit are guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Dodson for the wedding of their daughter, Lucile, and Asst. Surg. Edward Allen Brown, U.S.N., which was solemnized Saturday afternoon.

Eighteen members of the Knox Presbyterian Church, Norfolk, have enlisted in the Navy and their names were placed upon the walls of the edifice under a canopy of American flags after the conclusion of yesterday morning's service. So long as they are absent their names will remain there as a token of love from the church and a visible prayer for their safe return; other names will be added as they enlist. Chaplain John G. Brookeshire, U.S.S. Louisiana, addressed the First Congregational Church of Portsmouth at yesterday's service. The women of Christ Episcopal Church, Norfolk, entertained about seventy-five enlisted men yesterday at tea before the military service.

Lieut. and Mrs. Leo L. Lindley have returned from their wedding trip and have an apartment in the Albemarle Court. Mrs. A. C. Dillingham is the guest of her brother, Constr. H. H. Gillmor, at his cottage, Blue Ridge Summit, Pa. Lieut. N. H. Mathes, U.S.M.C., has left for Richmond, Va., after being the guest of Mr. John Tucker, Redgate avenue, for a few days. Col. F. D. Dow and Mr. Peter Dow, who have been guests of Lieut. and Mrs. James D. Maloney, at Wiloughby Beach, have left for Knoxville, Tenn. Surg. and Mrs. W. H. Bell are guests at the Country Club after spending several weeks at the Chamberlin, Capt. and Mrs. Sidney S. Lee, guests at Mrs. Paul Howard's, Virginia Beach, have left for Fredericksburg, Va., to be guests of Mrs. Daniel Murray. Mrs. Henry Lane Collier and Mrs. William R. Van Buren have returned from Huntington, W.Va., where they were guests of their sister, Mrs. H. F. Elam. Miss Julia Downer has returned home, after being the guest of Miss Dorothy Thompson at Blue Ridge Summit, Va., for six weeks.

Mrs. Archibald H. Scales, Misses Harriet and Arostine Scales have left for Jamestown, R.I., to spend the remainder of the summer. Mrs. Willis McDowell and Mrs. Eaton McDowell, recent guests at Mrs. Dawson McCormick's, have left for the Chamberlin, Old Point. Misses Madeline Dow and Rebecca Maloney, guests of Lieut. and Mrs. James D. Maloney, have left for Knoxville. Lieut. and Mrs. Maloney have closed their cottage at Wiloughby and returned to their home, Mowbray Arch.

Mrs. L. L. and Mrs. H. L. Staton and Miss Sallie Staton, of Tarboro, N.C., have left for Washington to attend the marriage of Mrs. L. L. Staton's son, Lieut. Comdr. Adolphus Staton, and Miss Edith Blair, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery Blair, of Washington, and granddaughter of the late Gen. William F. Draper. The ceremony will be performed at the country home of the bride's parents, "Folkland," Silver Springs, Md. Mrs. John A. Le Jeune, of Washington, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Claude Murdaugh, in Portsmouth; Mr. and Mrs. A. McClellan and Messrs. Mac and Dodson McClellan, of Richmond, arrived last week to be guests of Mr. and Mrs. Nimmo Old for the Dodson-Brown wedding. Miss Jean Jersey, visiting in Washington, is now the guest of Mrs. John Phillips there. Mrs. George G. Seibels and children have arrived from Charleston, S.C., for the Dodson-Brown wedding, which took place Saturday. While here they will be guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Dodson, Naval Constr. Harry Knox has returned from New York, where he attended the marriage of Miss Eleanor Potter and Asst. Surg. Ovid C. Foote. Mrs. Bartow Wright, of New York, was one of the out-of-town guests for the Dodson-Brown wedding. Mrs. Beirne S. Bullard, Bullard, who has been the guest of Miss Phyllis Clausen, Hagerstown, Md., and her father, Mr. Henry Wiliam, at his home, Catonsville, Md., has returned to her apartment in Greenwich Court.

Great interest is being taken here in Norfolk in the wonderful electrical invention of Dr. John B. Whitehead, of Johns Hopkins Hospital, as Dr. Whitehead is the son of Mr. Harry Whitehead and the late Mrs. Maggie Taylor-Whitehead and was born and raised in Norfolk. Among the guests at the family reunion house party given by Drs. Norwood and Dixon Carroll at their home, Bloomsburg, N.C., are almost all the representatives of the family except Carroll Weatherly, of Baltimore, who is an officer in the Aviation Section, expecting orders to the front soon, and W. P. Whitaker, Jr., of Wilson, N.C., who is with his regiment at Fort Oglethorpe. Mrs. Halsey Powell, guest of Miss Anne Brown Kimberly at Old Point, has returned to her home, York street. Mrs. George E. Harrison has returned to her home, Westover avenue, from Port-au-Prince, Haiti, where she took her daughter, Evelyn Byrd, to be married to Lieut. Louis Etete Fagan, Jr., U.S.M.C., on July 4.

Asst. Surg. and Mrs. Ovid C. Foote have arrived from their wedding trip and are guests at the Southland Hotel. Surg. and Mrs. Charles P. Kindleberger have been spending several weeks at the Southland. Mrs. Hilary H. Royall, who has been in Norfolk for the past month to be with her husband, Lieutenant Commander Royall, will now be the guest of her sister in Richmond before returning to her home in Annapolis.

Miss Nannie Smith has left for Brookline, Mass., to be the guest of her nephew and niece, Comdr. and Mrs. Reuben O. Butler. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schubert, who have been spending some time with Mr. Schubert's sisters, Mrs. Henry M. Butler, Maury Place, and Mrs. Conger and Capt. E. H. Conger, Marine Barracks, have returned to Troy, N.Y. Mrs. Hutch L. Cone, of Washington, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Killam. Miss Mary G. Galt is the guest of her cousin, Miss Mary W. Galt, Williamsburg, Va. Pay Insp. and Mrs. A. F. Huntington, guests at Mrs. L. G. Maigne's, have left for Philadelphia. Mr. John A. Upshur, of Norfolk, has passed his examination and entered the Naval Academy. Lieut. T. D. Westfall spent the week-end at the Monticello Hotel. Miss Alice Herbert Webster left last week to be the guest of Miss Cabell, in Richmond.

Norfolk, Va., July 31, 1917.

Mrs. H. I. Cone has left for Baltimore to be the guest of Mrs. Stephen D. Mann. Mrs. J. E. B. Stuart and her granddaughter, Miss Virginia Waller, leave to-morrow to spend the remainder of the summer in Charlestown, W.Va. Mr. and Mrs. Frederick R. Barrett and Master Gregory Barrett leave this week for Canada, where Mrs. Barrett and son will remain for the summer. Mrs. Franklin D. Kars has returned from Washington, where she visited relatives. Little Miss Eleanor Elbrey, the guest of her grandfather, Major Frederick W. Elbrey, U.S.A., retired, at Sandy Spring, Md. Miss Jean Jersey, the guest of friends in Washington for several weeks, has left for Waynesboro, Va., to be the guest of Mrs. Loyal A. Davidson.

Col. James P. Jersey has left to spend some time at West

Point, N.Y. Mrs. E. H. H. Old and children, of Washington, are guests of Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. Charles Webster. Mrs. Pembroke Thompson, of Summit Point, Va., guest of her son-in-law and daughter, Surg. and Mrs. Washington B. Grove, has returned home, accompanied by Mrs. Grove, who will spend several weeks with her.

Miss Mary Bainbridge Hayden had a luncheon at the Country Club on Wednesday for Mrs. J. N. Reynolds, of Philadelphia; Miss Helen Durham, of Schenectady, and Miss Courtney Arms. Mrs. J. N. Reynolds, wife of Major J. N. Reynolds, U.S. Aviation Section, is the guest of Capt. and Mrs. E. E. Hayden. Capt. B. H. Camden, U.S.N., had a dinner at the Country Club on Wednesday for Comdr. and Mrs. W. L. Littlefield, P.A. Surg. and Mrs. Pollard and Lieut. and Mrs. Hay. Miss Ruth Kennon had a luncheon Wednesday in honor of her tenth birthday anniversary. Covers were laid for Misses Lucy Barry, Mary Dillard, Alice Loyall, Elizabeth Marshall and Catherine Johnston.

Lieut. Edgar Nash, Jr., U.S.A., who has been the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Nash, Portsmouth, has returned to Fort Caswell, N.C. Rear Admiral and Mrs. Joseph Strauss and Miss Strauss and Lieut. C. J. Moore, U.S.N., are guests at Greenlee Cottage, Virginia Beach.

Mrs. Joseph K. Taussig is suffering from typhoid fever at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Johnston, Colonial-Pembroke avenues. Mrs. Robert A. Theobald, Master Robert Theobald, Jr., and little Miss Frances Theobald, who have been at Mrs. R. Whitehurst's, left last evening to spend the remainder of the summer at Portsmouth, N.H., with relatives.

Mrs. Walter McLean had a buffet luncheon Monday for Mrs. Delos Blodgett, Misses Mina and Helen Blodgett and Mrs. R. W. McNeely, of Washington; Mrs. and Miss Poarcher, of Florida; Mrs. L. L. Lindley, Mrs. Paul Patterson, of Baltimore; Judge Batten, of Chicago; Mr. Norris McLean, of Washington; Lieut. Clyde Grey West, Paymaster Chisholm, Naval Constructors Hale and Pelton and Ensign McGuigan.

Mrs. Malcolm G. Sharlow and little daughter have left to be guests of Mrs. Sharlow's parents, Judge and Mrs. Gould, of Washington. Asst. Paymr. and Mrs. Howard N. Hartley have returned from their wedding trip and are guests at the Southland Hotel. Lieut. and Mrs. Donald F. Patterson, guests of relatives in Newbern, N.C., have left for Charleston, S.C., where Lieutenant Patterson has been ordered to wait orders. Lieut. Comdr. Frederick R. Naille, who has been on leave to be with his family in Germantown, Pa., has returned to duty.

Miss Katherine Han is the guest of Mrs. Frank E. P. Uberroth at their cottage, Ashbury Park, N.J. Mrs. Henry N. Manney, Jr., and little daughter have arrived at Wiloughby Beach, where they have taken a cottage for two months.

Through the co-operation of Governor Henry Carter Stuart, of Virginia, Adj't. Gen. W. W. Sale and Col. E. E. Goodwyn, of the Virginia National Guard, the Spanish-American War veterans of Virginia will be given an opportunity to serve their country again, as a unit will be formed at once composed entirely of the veterans, Capt. C. H. Causey, of Suffolk, Va., a veteran, having been appointed captain of the new unit. Captain Causey has established headquarters in Norfolk.

"Honor war cards" are being given out to each household having a man in the Service; these are to be placed in the windows and Norfolk and vicinity are justly proud of the "honor windows," so many men having enlisted. The men's section of the Navy League of Norfolk has sent out thousands of "Allied war cards" throughout Virginia and North Carolina for the purpose of recruiting.

Asst. Surg. and Mrs. Edward Allen Brown have returned from their wedding trip and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. William P. Dodson, Westover avenue, the bride's parents. Among the guests who are making the Country Club their home for the present are Lieut. and Mrs. M. S. Hay, Capt. and Mrs. W. H. Bell and Capt. H. T. Chambers. On Monday Constr. and Mrs. E. G. Kintner had an informal tea for Mrs. Walter McLean, Mrs. Delos Blodgett and the Misses Blodgett. Mrs. R. W. McNeely, Mrs. Paul Patterson, Lieut. and Mrs. Leo L. Lindley, Judge Batten, of Chicago; Mrs. and Miss Poarcher, of Florida; Paymaster Chisholm, Lieut. O. L. Downes and Ensign J. L. McGuigan.

#### FORT SNELLING.

Fort Snelling, Minn., Aug. 4, 1917.

Mrs. C. S. McKussick and son, Stuart, of Minneapolis, are guests of Capt. and Mrs. C. F. Severson. The garrison Red Cross unit met Friday at the quarters of Capt. Charles Mason, Inf., where his sister, Mrs. James T. Moore, gave instructions in surgical dressings. The final lessons will be given during the next two weeks, after which examinations will be held.

Capt. George H. Huddleson returned Thursday from North Dakota, where he had been on an inspection tour. Mrs. R. P. Wilson, of Nashville, Tenn., guest of Capt. and Mrs. O. W. Smith, left Thursday for San Francisco, to meet her daughter, who has just returned from China. Miss McLean, of New York, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Sage, wife of Gen. William H. Sage.

Major and Mrs. R. C. Moore, Lieut. and Mrs. Kilbourne, Lieutenant Irwin, Captain Remington, Captain Mears, Mr. and Mrs. Reininger, all of the Infantry garrison, and Miss Milklin, of Chicago, guest of Major and Mrs. James Bevens, spent the week-end at "The Villa," Bald Eagle Lake, Minn. Mrs. Carl Priz, of Milwaukee, guest of Capt. and Mrs. George H. Huddleson, has returned to her home.

Major J. S. White, Med. Corps, left to-night for Fort Riley. While here Major White has been examining recruits for the Engineer Reserve Corps, Quartermaster Corps and Signal Corps.

Brig. Gen. W. A. White, chief of British recruiting in the United States, accompanied by Col. J. S. Dennis, Col. C. D. Murry, his aid, and Lieut. C. J. White, his son, spent Thursday in St. Paul. While here the General inspected the British recruiting offices in St. Paul and Minneapolis. On Thursday Gen. William H. Sage, of this garrison, General White and his staff were guests of honor at a luncheon given at the Minnesota Club by prominent citizens of St. Paul.

Miss Carol Lyon, of Minneapolis, is spending a few days at the post, the guest of Major and Mrs. Joseph F. Janda, who on Wednesday entertained at dinner in honor of their guest. Mrs. George T. Everett and Miss Beall Everett, wife and daughter of Captain Everett, formerly of this garrison, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. Hopewell Clarke, St. Paul, left for Harrisburg, Pa., where they will join Captain Everett.

Mrs. William C. Whitener and Mrs. Thomas S. Arms entertained Tuesday at a knitting tea in honor of Mrs. R. Dew, guest of her sister, Mrs. F. H. Baird, wife of Captain Baird, 36th Inf.

#### THE PRESIDIO.

Presidio of San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 2, 1917.

Capt. and Mrs. Wallace McNamara were hosts at dinner Monday for Col. and Mrs. Charles Barth and Capt. and Mrs. W. H. Filmer. Thursday Mrs. McNamara entertained at bridge for Mesdames Walter Johnson, Clarence Treuholtz and W. W. Williams. Lieut. W. L. Calhoun, stationed at Long Beach, is visiting here for a few weeks. Gen. and Mrs. Hunter Liggett entertained last Friday at a dinner at Fort Mason for Col. and Mrs. Davis, Col. and Mrs. Cloman, Major and Mrs. Caldwell, Capt. and Mrs. Joyce.

Gen. and Mrs. Liggett were honored guests at a dinner given last Sunday by Gen. and Mrs. Oscar F. Long, in Piedmont. Gen. and Mrs. Liggett shared the honors with Gen. and Mrs. John Morrison at a dinner given Monday at the Bohemian Club by Major Charles Howland, stationed at Alcatraz.

Mrs. Lincoln Karmany gave a reception at Mare Island Saturday for the men of the recruit camp. Mrs. F. L. Bradman gave a tea Wednesday in honor of Mrs. Joseph Brown, of Washington, an aunt of Major Bradman. Mrs. E. E. Curtis has been entertained at a series of card parties. Mrs. James W. McCaskey gave a dinner Tuesday in honor of Col. Albert McLemore, who is visiting from the East.

Capt. Algernon Crofton left Friday for Linda Vista, assigned to the 13th Infantry. Mrs. Crofton and Miss Katherine Crofton have left for San Diego, which is near the encampment. Major Gen. and Mrs. Hunter Liggett were hosts at a dinner at Fort Mason Tuesday for Gen. and Mrs. Oscar F. Long, Col. and Mrs. Febiger, Col. and Mrs. Perkins, Major

## ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

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Several children of the Presidio have organized a "Busy Day Club," and last Thursday they held a bazaar and entertainment at the Officers' Club for the benefit of the destitute children of Belgium. All articles on sale were made by the children, who include Misses Josselyn Clark, Virginia Brant, Dorothy Leach, Henrietta Hall, Susan Brant, Betsy Sladen, Master Tom Petty, Malcolm Field, Leach Greer, Carl Brant, Jim Petty.

Lieut. Col. Frank Greene arrived a few days ago from Los Angeles, to be stationed at Fort Mason. Mrs. Greene is still in the South, but will join Colonel Greene later. Capt. and Mrs. N. B. Rittenhouse entertained at dinner Saturday for Gen. and Mrs. Liggett and Col. and Mrs. Farr. Mrs. Hunter Liggett entertained at tea for about fifty friends Friday in honor of Mrs. Daniel L. Howell and her daughter, Mrs. Charles Williams, from Mississippi.

Capt. Edward H. Pearce, U.S.A., was host to a party recently at the Mt. Diablo Club, his guests including Mrs. G. F. Edwards, Miss Anna Easton, Miss Lola Lee, and Miss Edith Lee, Lieutenant Stebbins and Mr. Baumgarten. The officers and ladies at Fort Scott entertained at a hop last Saturday; Col. and Mrs. Richmond Pearson Davis entertained at dinner; Miss Mary Hendricks was the inspiration for a dinner at which Capt. and Mrs. Jairus A. Moore presided.

Mrs. Thomas H. Rees entertained at a dinner party Monday at Fort Mason for Gen. and Mrs. Liggett, Major and Mrs. Wales, Major and Mrs. Chappellear, Lieut. R. W. Rieckohl. Mrs. Rees left Wednesday for the East, to visit Col. and Mrs. J. L. Knowlton, in Brooklyn, and Lieut. and Mrs. R. V. Cramer at West Point, before returning to her home.

Mrs. Hunter Liggett was hostess at a luncheon party Tuesday. Brig. Gen. W. H. Kobbe and Mrs. Kobbe are staying at the Fairmont a few days, from Pasadena. Eric Kobbe, their son, is at the training camp here.

#### GALVESTON.

Galveston, Texas, July 22, 1917.

Capt. John B. Maynard left for Fort Sill, Okla., Capt. Horace F. Spurgin for Fort Adams, R.I., and Capt. Arthur G. Campbell for Fort Screven, Ga., after being stationed here at Fort Crockett for two years. Mrs. Spurgin and two young sons will enjoy a visit with her mother, Mrs. Neilson Falls, at Morgan, N.C., before going East. Mrs. Maynard and little son, Master John B., Jr., accompanied Captain Maynard as far as Houston, returning here to visit her father, Mr. Charles H. Dorsey. These officers and their families have been prominently identified in social circles during their stay at the post, and their many Galveston friends sincerely regret their departure.

Cadet Frederick Kimble, of the West Point Military Academy, is on a furlough and is enjoying it with his mother, Mrs. Elvira Kimble, and brother, Lieut. Edwin Kimble, military aid to President Wilson at Washington. Lieut. Comdr. Lewis Coxe, U.S.N., has joined Mrs. Coxe and little son, Master Lewis Crocker Coxe, and Mr. Crocker and Miss Jessie Jessie Crocker at Buena Vista, Pa., for a brief stay. Miss Gertrude Girardeau sends greetings from Fort Oglethorpe, where she is enjoying a visit as the guest of her brother and sister, Capt. and Mrs. Latham B. Clapham.

Dr. James E. Thompson, professor of surgery of the Medical Department, University of Texas, has received his commission in the Medical Reserve Corps, U.S.A., with the rank of major. Dr. Thompson's wife is a cousin of Col. C. J. Manly, Mrs. Richard C. Burleson and Capt. John C. Walker, Jr. Dr. Joseph H. Graves, of Waco, and Dr. J. Ross Whisenant, of San Antonio, have entered the Medical Reserve Corps.

Mrs. James P. Alvey will leave about Aug. 15 for Fort Snelling, Minn., to visit her son-in-law and daughter, Capt. and Mrs. Alexander Wilson. Mrs. James G. Flynn and little son, Master Graham, Jr., are visiting in Detroit, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Ripley and Mrs. Loraine R. Burroughs. Mr. Reginald Cooper, a graduate of Cornell, Civil Engineering Department, has joined the U.S. Engineers, Reserve Officers' Corps.

The many friends of Dr. William C. Lyon, U.S.N., will be glad to hear that he is now stationed at Salt Lake City, Utah, and completely recovered from his recent illness which confined him to the U.S. Navy hospital at Las Animas, Colo. Mrs. Lyon and little son, Master William, Jr., will leave on Aug. 1 to join him there, after a visit here with her mother, Mrs. Frank B. Moody.

Mr. John W. McCullough is one of Galveston's fine young

men who is making a splendid record at Camp Funston as a member of the Reserve Officers' Corps. He is a cousin of Lieut. Lucian Minor, U.S.N., Capt. and Mrs. Alexander Wilson, of Fort Snelling, and of Capt. Walker Alvey, who is somewhere in France.

A group of little tots met recently with little five-year-old Aileen Copley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George N. Copley, and formed a juvenile Red Cross Society, and after spending Saturday afternoon of each week at knitting wash rags for the soldiers, at the close of the season turned in twenty-six, all neatly done up, to Red Cross headquarters. The members are Aileen Copley, president, and Caroline Burton, Gladys Drouillet, Catherine Jackson, Frances Jackson, Jane Burton, Homoiselle Haden, Dorothy Harris, Mary Kelsey and Frederika Lykes. The first wash rag turned in by a tiny tot was knitted by little Miss Mary Jane Kemper.

Capt. Esther Norton and the Girls' National Honor Guard are doing some excellent work here. This is one of the best organized in the state. Mr. Charles Daferner, Jr., one of the youngest volunteers in the Texas Naval Militia, is somewhere in France.

Two Galveston young women are giving aid and comfort to the soldiers in the French trenches. The one, Mrs. McFarland, wife of Col. George F. McFarland, of Toronto, Canada, is at the front in charge of a Canadian regiment. Mrs. McFarland, who was formerly Miss Adone, of Galveston, taught the Canadian soldiers French and sailed for England immediately after her husband boarded the transport. Another is Mrs. Ethel O. Lowe, wife of the late Jack Lowe, of Galveston, and a brother of Misses Kate and Lucy Lowe. Capt. William L. Lowe, of Houston, and of Mrs. W. R. A. Rogers. She is driving an ambulance in France and writes of her glory in the service.

#### FORT DOUGLAS.

Fort Douglas, Utah, July 29, 1917.

A pleasant affair was the tea given for Mrs. L. O. Mathews by Mrs. Walter Gullion and Mrs. L. T. Howard. Mrs. Mathews has recently arrived from Honolulu. Mrs. Hulme, Mrs. L. B. Simonds and Mrs. W. S. Mapes served. Mrs. Elliott, wife of Capt. Walter B. Elliott, was guest of honor on Wednesday at a bridge party and luncheon given at the home of Mrs. Edward J. Holland by Mrs. Holland and Mrs. Benjamin L. Rich. Prizes were won by Mrs. Elliott, Mrs. Elizabeth Hoffman and Mrs. J. A. Spiker.

Mrs. John H. Hess entertained at a bridge and luncheon on Saturday in compliment to Mrs. Walter B. Elliott. Prizes were won by Mrs. Elliott, Mrs. Rich and Mrs. G. A. Light. Assisting were Mrs. Elizabeth Hoffman, Miss Hoffman and Miss Alice Hess. The officers' hop of July 27 was attended by a number of friends from town as well as by all the garrison people. In the receiving line were Capt. and Mrs. Harry L. Jordan, Capt. and Mrs. W. W. Taylor, Mrs. Lawrence B. Simonds and Capt. Sylvester C. Loring.

Major William H. Tefft, new post surgeon, took charge July 27. Dr. H. N. Mayo will have charge of surgical and general work, and Dr. Ira K. Humphrey will be his assistant. Dr. John J. Galligan will do the laboratory work and Dr. Humphrey the X-ray work. Dr. Joiner is to be the eye, ear, nose and throat specialist, and Dr. Howard will have charge of rectal examinations. Dr. Tyler is at present the dental specialist.

Capt. Louis R. Ball and Capt. C. K. Wing have been kept busy examining local applicants for the second camp for the training of the Officers' Reserve Corps. The former will go to Provo during the coming week to complete the examinations there, and the latter will go to Ogden and thence to Logan for the same purpose.

Lieut. and Mrs. Rollo C. Ditto entertained at supper Saturday in compliment to some of the newest arrivals. The guests included Col. Samson L. Faison, Major W. C. Rogers, Capt. and Mrs. L. O. Mathews, Capt. and Mrs. Harry L. Jordan, Mrs. W. B. Grimes, Miss Blanche Cartwright and Mrs. Resolve P. Palmer.

The soldiers of the 43d Infantry presented "A Military Pot-pourri" on Sunday evening, July 29, at the Orpheum Theater, the playhouse having been loaned. The acts were very cleverly given, two boxing bouts being especially enjoyed. Capt. A. P. Watts staged and managed the show. The same evening the interns staged a clever amateur show for the pleasure of the prison officers and presented it within their own stockade. The main part was a German play, but there were some fine musical numbers, both vocal and instrumental, interspersed.

Mrs. O. I. Straub and daughter, Miss Dorothy, have arrived from Fort Howard to visit Lieut. O. A. Straub, who is in the

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43d. Lieut. Edwin Guthrie, U.S.N., now on the coast, has passed for promotion and expects shortly to be assigned to sea duty. He has been naval recruiting officer in Salt Lake for several years.

An interpreter corps is being organized for service here with the regiments now stationed here and also for the National Guard, which is to be in the service very soon. The Utah National Guard is now filled to its complete number, and there are seventy-one men for the filling of possible vacancies before muster in Aug. 5. Letters have been received from Major Nelson Margott, on General Pershing's staff, and also from Major Charles Stanton, both former Salt Lakers, now in France. Capt. John H. Stern has arrived from the Presidio of San Francisco to relieve Captain Elliott.

George Sim, director of the war recreation service, has secured Charles Lange, a noted wrestler and physical culture teacher, to teach the art of jiu-jitsu for the enlisted men of the three regiments now at Douglas. The boys who are drilling, most of them new recruits, down close to the university grounds have been delighted to find each day a great barrel of ice-cold lemonade, placed there by the girls attending the U. of U. summer school, and they have offered public thanks to the girls of the domestic science classes through the Salt Lake papers for the thoughtful kindness shown them.

Miss Marjorie MacVicar left on Wednesday for Des Moines to join her father, who has been relieved from duty here and returned to his home town. Mrs. Jackson, wife of Lieut. Col. W. P. Jackson, has been removed from the Holy Cross hospital at her home, where she is convalescing after an operation.

The final figures sent out from Washington in regard to national recruiting show that Utah holds the third place in the nation in the number of recruits secured before the draft.

Miss Elizabeth Underwood, sister of Captain Underwood who used to be here with the 20th, was down from Logan during the week and visited Mrs. John H. Hess at the post. She will return shortly for a long visit.

### FORT RILEY.

Fort Riley, Kas., July 20, 1917.

The 1st Battery, U.S.T.C., on July 13 were hosts at a most elaborate and delightful dance. The second floor of their barracks was used exclusively for their guests. The spacious stairway was woven with red, white and blue tissue paper streamers, and tall palms were placed on the landings. A ladies' dressing room occupied the long room at one end of the hall, and the long bunk room at the other end was used for dancing. Following a color scheme of green and white, with the garrison flag as a keynote, the room was transfigured, with artistically draped paper festoons and palms. The upstairs porch was bower of greens, suspended from the ceiling, and covering the inside wall and the railing. Japanese lanterns hung from the ceiling. Refreshments were served from two large punch bowls, imbedded in huge cakes of ice, covered with white flowers and greens. Attractive cozy corners were arranged in all the angles, and small tables holding candy, cigarettes and flowers were placed along the promenade. The brigade Cavalry orchestra furnished music.

The Misses Abby S. Hagerman and Madelin Haff, of Kansas City, were week-end guests of Capt. and Mrs. J. A. Robinson, Kathryn Bigelow, daughter of Major Bigelow, M.C., while riding on the reservation was thrown from her horse on the "rim rock" and badly hurt, but is improving rapidly from the accident. On Saturday evening, July 14, Co. 3, U.S.T.C., gave dance. Among their guests were Capt. and Mrs. Jesse Gaston, Lieut. and Mrs. E. M. Barnum, Lieut. and Mrs. C. O. Herrick, the Misses Ryan, Rumbough, Taylor and Short, Lieutenant Berry, Beach and Palmer.

Miss Paddock, of Chicago, is house guest of Capt. and Mrs. T. J. Flynn, M.O.R.C. Miss Hague, guest of her sister, Mrs. J. R. Hill, and a dancer of note, has formed a children's dancing class, which meets Wednesday and Saturday mornings at 9:30. Her pupils include Myra Rivers, Florence Hewitt, Ova and Elizabeth Richmond, Julia Reno, Frances Terrell, Betsy O'Donnell and Dorothy Lewis. Lieut. and Mrs. R. D. Willoughby have as house guests Lieutenant Willoughby's brother and father. Miss Taylor, of Chicago, is the guest of Lieut. and Mrs. E. M. Barnum.

Mrs. J. D. Tilford has joined Captain Tilford. Mrs. Hospital, sr., mother of Lieut. Ralph Hospital, is the guest of her son and Mrs. Hospital.

Mrs. Virginia Pixley is house guest of Miss Betty Mitchell. Julia Ord King, infant daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Joseph C. King, was baptized by the Rev. Father Moore on Sunday afternoon, July 15. The Rev. Father Moore has been assigned to Fort Riley, and until able to obtain quarters will remain in Junction City as guest of Father O'Brian. Gen. and Mrs. H. T. Allen, Col. and Mrs. Tyree R. Rivers and Capt. and Mrs. I. P. Swift were guests of Major and Mrs. L. M. Nuttman at supper Sunday evening, July 15.

The "Tri-State Glee Club" and other invited guests on Monday evening, July 16, were guests of Major and Mrs. L. M. Nuttman and Miss Betty Mitchell. The Misses McCord and Bwinney, house guests of Capt. and Mrs. W. T. Bates, have left for their home in Denver. Lieut. and Mrs. C. DeB. Hunt have as guest Miss Short, of Chicago, and in her honor gave a jolly "novelty party."

For the past week the 9th Co., U.S.T.C., have been taking

turns camping on Morris Hill and working on night problems. Several people from the garrison have motored out to watch the maneuvers. The first aid classes, which meet twice a week with the president, Mrs. T. R. Rivers, and under instruction of Major Robbins, M.C., are making excellent progress. The ladies of the garrison have also been meeting with Mrs. H. T. Allen and sewing fracture pillows twice a week. Every Sunday evening, on the lawn behind the post chapel, are held non-denominational services, and noted men of different religious orders are the speakers; also noted public speakers are invited to talk to the men.

Mrs. Lawrence Matthews and children, house guests of Capt. and Mrs. J. H. Lewis, left July 19 for Fort Douglas, Utah, to join Captain Matthews. On Friday evening at the Officers' Club Mrs. Matthews raffled her Overland machine. Mrs. W. Frazier was the winner. Capt. and Mrs. J. D. Tilford and Rev. Mr. Gray were dinner guests of Col. and Mrs. T. R. Rivers. Warren Whiteside, son of Capt. and Mrs. W. W. Whiteside, is convalescing from his accident of a few weeks ago.

Miss Ami Marshall, of Junction City, has for the past week been the house guest of her sister, Mrs. J. T. Donnelly. The "Tri-State Glee Club"—Capt. and Mrs. B. T. Merchant, Mrs. Frazier, Mrs. Bates, of Manhattan; Miss Ryan, Miss Kenndrick, Miss Pixley and Miss Mitchell—were guests of Capt. and Mrs. J. H. Lewis on July 18. Mrs. J. T. Donnelly and Mrs. J. H. Lewis left July 20 for Kansas City. Mrs. Donnelly will join Captain Donnelly, at present temporarily detailed there.

### BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

#### BORN.

**ANDERSON.**—Born at Staten Island, N.Y., Aug. 7, 1917, to Lieut. Milton H. Anderson, U.S. Navy, and Mrs. Anderson a boy, Milton, jr.

**AUSTIN.**—Born at Washington, D.C., Aug. 5, 1917, to the wife of Capt. Jason McWay Austin, 8th Field Art., U.S.A., a daughter, Claude Fay Austin.

**DEVERS.**—Born at Schofield Barracks, H.T., July 20, 1917, to Lieut. and Mrs. Jacob L. Devers, U.S.A., a daughter, Frances Lyon Devers.

**JOHANSEN.**—Born at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., July 26, 1917, to Q.M. Sgt. and Mrs. Hans C. Johansen, Q.M.C., a son, Martin Christian Johansen.

**LAMMERS.**—Born at the Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 7, 1917, to Lieut. and Mrs. H. M. Lammers, U.S.N., a daughter, Elizabeth Lammers.

**LA MONT.**—Born at the Brooklyn City Hospital on Aug. 4, 1917, to Lieut. and Mrs. W. Douglas La Mont, U.S.N., a daughter.

**LEWIS.**—Born at Presidio of San Francisco, Cal., July 28, 1917, a daughter, Flora Lewis, to Capt. and Mrs. George Chase Lewis, U.S.A.

**MILLER.**—Born Aug. 5, 1917, at Syracuse, N.Y., to the wife of Major Edgar W. Miller, M.C., U.S.A., a daughter.

**NIX.**—Born at Springfield Armory, Mass., on July 6, 1917, to Capt. and Mrs. R. R. Nix, Ord. Dept., U.S.A., a son, Ralph Robert Nix.

**OAKES.**—Born at Fort Andrews, Mass., Aug. 8, 1917, to Lieut. and Mrs. Frederick G. Oakes, C.A.C., a son, Leon Abbott Oakes.

#### MARRIED.

**CORWIN—NEWMAN.**—At New Orleans, La., July 18, 1917, Lieut. Aris A. Corwin, U.S.N., and Miss Natalie Augusta Newman.

**CRAIGER—GRISWOLD.**—At New York, N.Y., July 30, 1917, Capt. Sherman Monroe Craiger, U.S.E., and Miss Beatrice Walworth Griswold.

**COVELL—HENSHAW.**—At Honolulu, H.T., July 18, 1917, Miss Vera Henshaw and Capt. William E. R. Covell, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A.

**HUSTON—GERARD.**—At Seattle, Wash., Aug. 10, 1917, Capt. Hammer Huston, U.S.A., and Miss Josephine Gerard, of Detroit, Mich.

**MAGLATHLIN—BALLOU.**—At Seattle, Wash., July 18, 1917, Lieut. of Engrs. Webb Cadwath Maglathlin, U.S. Coast Guard, and Miss Florilla Mary Ballou.

**ESSING—BOUBEL.**—At St. Mary's Church, San Antonio, Texas, Aug. 4, 1917, Army Field Clerk Robert E. Essing and Miss Irene Boubel.

**MCKEE—STILES.**—At New York City, Aug. 4, 1917, Lieut. Clarence McKee, Med. Res. Corps, U.S.N., and Miss Edna Stiles.

**MORRISSETT—BAYLEY.**—At El Paso, Texas, July 23, 1917, Lieut. Daniel Gordon Morrisett, 12th U.S. Cav., and Mrs. Edith Forsythe Bayley.

**POOR—CLEVELAND.**—At New Orleans, La., Aug. 6, 1917, Capt. Charles L. Poor, U.S.N.V., and Miss Martha Cleveland.

**RHEA—VILLEBEUVRE.**—At New Orleans, La., on July 16, 1917, Ensign Powell McClellan Rhea, U.S.N., and Miss Marie de Villebeuvre.

**ROBINSON—MADDUX.**—At Honolulu, H.T., July 7, 1917, Capt. Eugene Robinson, 25th U.S. Inf., and Miss Emily Serena Maddux, of Santa Rosa, Cal.

**SKINNER—COMSTOCK.**—At Narragansett, R.I., Aug. 4, 1917, Capt. Frederick S. Skinner, Corps of Engrs., U.S.A., and Miss Mary Waterman Comstock.

**SLAUGHTER—BULLITT.**—At New York City, July 21, 1917, Lieut. Willis Richardson Slaughter, U.S.A., and Miss Jule Bullitt.

**SPATZ—HARRISON.**—At Floresville, Texas, July 26, 1917, Major Carl Spatz, Aviation Section, Signal Corps, U.S.A., and Miss Ruth Harrison, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Ralph Harrison.

**STEINBERG—JONAS.**—At Los Angeles, Cal., July 29, 1917, Lieut. James Steinberg, Med. Corps, U.S.A., and Miss Helen Marie Jonas.

**WHITAKER—RUNKLE.**—At Leavenworth, Kas., Aug. 6, 1917, Lieut. Frank L. Whitaker, 16th U.S. Cav., and Miss Etta Louise Runkle.

**WILLIAMS—MURRAY.**—At Douglas, Ariz., July 21, 1917, Lieut. Robert Parvin Williams, Med. Corps, U.S.A., and Miss Barbara Rebecca Murray.

#### DIED.

**BADER.**—Died at New York City, Aug. 2, 1917, Chaplain Albert J. Bader, U.S.A., retired.

**DE BAUN.**—Died at Emporia, Kas., June 3, 1917, Mrs. William B. De Baun, sister of Lieut. Col. James G. Harbord, Gen. Staff, U.S.A., and mother of Midas G. H. De Baun, Third Class, U.S. Naval Academy.

**DE LOFFE.**—Died at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo., Aug. 5, 1917, Fannie Eliot De Loffre, widow of Major A. A. De Loffre, Med. Corps, U.S.A., and mother of Mrs. W. R. Taylor, Mrs. T. P. Bernard, Lieut. Col. S. M. De Loffre, Med. Corps, and Mr. André De Loffre, of London, England.

**DONNELLAN.**—Died at Sacramento, Cal., July 26, 1917, Col. John W. Donnellan, U.S.V., father of the wife of Major Moor N. Falls, 28th U.S. Inf.

**FIELD.**—Died at Montclair, N.J., Aug. 6, 1917, Mrs. Marie J. Field, widow of Capt. Francis A. Field, U.S.A.

**HODGSON.**—Died at Washington, D.C., Aug. 5, 1917, Col. Frederick G. Hodgson, U.S.A., retired.

**HOFFMAN.**—Died at Boston, Mass., Aug. 4, 1917, Major William Hoffman, U.S.A., retired, and also his wife.

**SLOAN.**—Died at Washington, D.C., July 29, 1917, Mrs. Helen Moore Sloan, wife of Lieut. John E. Sloan, Coast Art., U.S.A.

**STAVER.**—Died at New York City, July 31, 1917, Roy B. Stafer, formerly a first lieutenant, 5th U.S. Field Art., and a graduate of the U.S.M.A., Class of 1907.

**UNDERWOOD.**—Died suddenly on the morning of Aug. 9 at Oswego, N.Y., in her eighty-ninth year, Mary Beardsey Underwood, widow of Major Edmund Underwood, U.S. Army, and mother of Commodore E. B. Underwood, U.S. Navy.



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**USHER.**—Died at Brooklyn, N.Y., Aug. 7, 1917, Mrs. Pamela Woolverton Usher, mother of Rear Admiral Nathaniel R. Usher, U.S.N.

**WESTON.**—Died at Ossining Hospital, near his late residence, Briarcliff Manor, N.Y., on Friday morning, Aug. 3, 1917, Major Gen. John F. Weston, U.S.A., retired, beloved husband of Sarah Garvin Weston, in the seventy-second year of his age. Funeral service and interment at Arlington National Cemetery on the afternoon of Sunday, Aug. 5, 1917. (Washington papers please copy.)

### NATIONAL GUARD NOTES.

The Secretary of War has directed that enlisted men of the National Guard called into the Federal service will be eligible to take the special three months' course for enlisted specialists.

The Machine Gun Company of Hempstead, L.I., Lieut. Theophilus Parsons commanding, attached to the 10th Regiment, N.Y.N.G., of Flushing, N.Y., which was the first military organization to be formed in Nassau county, will leave camp at Bellmore on Aug. 11 for Washington, D.C., where it will guard the White House grounds. From Washington the command will be assigned to a Southern camp.

The 2d Battalion of the 47th N.Y. Inf., under orders from the War Department, left Brooklyn, N.Y., Aug. 9 for Virginia. The battalion was under command of Major W. D. Ecke and has been on guard duty. It was relieved by the 1st Battalion of the 14th N.Y. Inf.

The Rio Grande Rattler, published in New York city by the Division N.Y.N.G., has again made its appearance under date of Aug. 3, 1917. It is published with the authority of Major Gen. J. F. O'Ryan and Lieut. Col. H. H. Bandholz, and has much interesting matter in its ten pages. The managing editor is Lieut. Col. F. W. Ward, and the editor is Lieut. Col. H. S. Sternberger.

"Massachusetts Guardsmen will be advised by Adj't. Gen. Jesse F. Stevens," says the Boston Transcript, "not to sign away any claims which they may have against the state by reason of dependents, despite the request of the Federal Government to have them do so. On Aug. 6 a member of one of the Massachusetts regiments came to Colonel Stevens with a blank which he had been asked to sign by a Federal mustering officer, and which, if signed by himself and his wife, would relinquish any claim which he or she might have either upon the U.S. Government or the state of Massachusetts by reason of the man's having dependents. Colonel Stevens sent the Guardsmen back with the message that the Government has no right to ask a man to relinquish his claim against the state because the state has expressly provided for the dependents of the men who enter the Service from Massachusetts. This, Colonel Stevens says, will be his advice in all future cases of a similar nature."

The Secretary of War directs that all National Guard organizations be informed that no state or privately owned motor vehicles will be transported to a camp supplied or maintained at the expense of the United States.

The stations of the 13th Coast Defense Command, Col. Sydney Grant, as assigned by the War Department will be divided between Forts Hamilton and Wadsworth, N.Y.H., and Fort Funston, at Rockaway Point, L.I. A number of enlisted specialists of the 8th Coast Defense Command, Col. E. F. Austin, are already on duty at Fort Totten, Whitestone, N.Y. The 9th Coast Defense Command, Col. John J. Byrne, have been assigned to duty at Fort Hancock, Sandy Hook, N.J.

Mr. Stephen A. Cooper, a well known veteran of the 7th Co., who served two enlistments in the 7th under Cols. Emmons Clark and Daniel Appleton, has his two only sons serving in Co. A, Signal Corps, New Jersey National Guard, now a part of the Army of the United States. His sons are Telfer Currier Cooper and Stephen A. Cooper, Jr., and both are highly educated young men. Telfer is a wireless expert, and has had a valuable practical experience in this line. At the Cooper home at Greenville, N.J., he erected one of the highest wireless plants in the state. He could have gained a commission in the Naval Reserve, but preferred to serve with his brother, who had previously enlisted in the Signal Corps. Both boys have had quite a sea experience, having sailed for many summers since infants on their father's yacht, and are expert boat handlers.

Each regiment of N.Y.N.G. located in Manhattan, New York city, is ordered to assemble at 9:30 a.m. on separate days this week on a field in Central Park for an inspection by Lieut. Col. J. Mayhew Wainwright, I.G., and for a review by Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan.

The War Department has decided that for the present numerical designations of National Guard organizations will not be changed until further notice. The order from Eastern Department Headquarters changing the designation of the New York division to the 27th was on Aug. 7 changed to read 6th.

The 7th N.Y. was mustered into the Federal service on July 25 with 1,877 officers and men, and the day after the muster filled up to war strength with waiting men. It lost forty-five men by physical disability, mostly through defective eyesight. Everything possible was done ahead of time to aid the work of the mustering officers. Rolls were carefully pre-

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pared, as well as property accounts, etc., and the regiment made a fine record in prompt and intelligent work. The Army mustering men were highly pleased at their experience with the 7th and the ease with which the muster could be carried out in consequence. There was an entire absence of any confusion, and the command, we understand, has received some official commendation on the efficient carrying out of the details of its muster. The mustering officers were Capt. Albert T. Rich and Lieut. J. M. Pearson, U.S.A.

Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, U.S.A., reviewed the New Jersey National Guard in camp at Sea Girt on Aug. 4, under command of Gen. Charles W. Barber, and inspected the fine camp. He was much pleased with his visit. This was the first review of National Guard troops by General Bell since their muster into the Federal service for the war. The camp was crowded with spectators. Col. George T. Vickers, of the 4th Infantry, has been found physically unfit for the Federal service. All the troops have been inoculated against typhoid.

The National Guard of all the states need recruits to fill up to war strength. These will be supplied through the Regular Army recruiting service.

Major J. Franklin McFadden, Pa., N.G., has been appointed to command the Headquarters Train of the Pennsylvania division.

Brig. Gen. John H. Foote, N.Y.N.G., has been found physically unfit for the Federal service, much to his regret. He entered the Service as a private in Co. B, 14th N.Y., Feb. 11, 1885, and has served in successive grades continuously ever since. During the war with Spain he served as a captain with the Volunteer Regiment.

The Headquarters and twelve companies of Oregon Coast Artillery, with the band, sanitary troops and other units of the organization, went into camp July 30 for an indefinite stay at the mouth of the Columbia River. Headquarters of the regiment, in charge of Col. C. C. Hammond, are at Fort Stevens, on the Oregon side of the river. Most of the units will remain at Fort Stevens, but one battalion is across the river on the Washington side.

Among the officers of the 12th N.Y. who recently passed the Federal examination in 1st Lieut. L. Havemeyer Butt, son of Brig. Gen. McCosky Butt, N.Y.N.G.

Six officers of the Mass. N.G. resigned on Aug. 3. They were Capt. Daniel C. Smith, Lieut. William E. Redfern and Lieut. George F. Colleton, 8th Inf.; Capt. George J. Cronin, Lieut. Francis J. O'Kane and Lieut. Michael J. Lyons, 9th Inf.

### NAVY CONFIRMATIONS.

Nominations confirmed by the Senate Aug. 6, 1917.

The Senate on Aug. 6 confirmed the nominations of Aug. 1 appearing on page 1633, in our issue of Aug. 4; also the following:

CITIZENS TO BE ASSISTANT SURGEONS IN THE NAVY FROM JULY 19, 1917.

William H. H. Turville, Pa. Charles G. Terrell, Miss. Francis E. Lucy, Ill. Robert P. Henderson, Fla. Clarence J. Brown, Wis. Ely L. Whitehead, Va. Daniel B. Kirby, Ohio. William J. Corcoran, Ore. Thomas J. Kennedy, Mass. Howard P. Griffin, N.Y. Abraham S. Isaacson, R.I. Charles W. Barrier, Jr., Texas. Robert W. Belknap, Me. Maurice A. Berge, III. Benjamin H. Hager, Cal. Frank A. Williams, Ill. Gilbert H. Mankin, D.C. William T. McClure, W. Va. William W. Behlow, Cal. Spencer A. Folsom, Ga. Ben F. Norwood, Tenn. Leland L. Bull, Ill. Frank L. Kelly, Mo. Arthur H. Dearing, Me. Reuben A. Barker, Ark. Robert N. Hedges, Ill. Marshal G. Williamson, Cal. John W. S. Brady, Mass. Gerald Selby, Ga. Frank J. Anderson, Minn. Harry L. Brockman, N.O.

George P. Carr, N.Y. Walter A. Fort, Mich. Erastus M. Hudson, N.Y. Robert Mueller, Mo. William R. Jeppson, Minn. Lewis W. Johnson, Mass. Charles A. Ainslie, Cal. Robert E. Watkinson, Pa. Harry C. Gabhart, Ill. Felix P. Keane, Mo. David R. Higbee, N.Y. Norman King, Texas. Harold S. Sumerlin, Ind. Glen M. Kennedy, Cal. James R. Thomas, Ill. Edward R. Guinan, Cal. John L. Shiple, Mo. Walter J. Pennell, Me. Archibald C. Pfeiffer, Mich. Allen T. Agnew, Minn. Benjamin H. Carroll, Va. Frank W. Ryan, S.C. Louis Iverson, Ill. Roy J. Heffernan, Mass. Robert L. Schaefer, Mich. John M. Huff, N.C. Nathan C. Rubinsky, Conn. Elmer H. Hancock, Ill. Victor S. Armstrong, Ill. Robert B. Team, N.Y. Charles J. Hutchinson, N.Y. Cecil M. Buchtel, Mo. William T. McAlonan, Mich. Loren W. Shaffer, Pa. Morris S. Bender, N.Y. Thomas P. Brennan, Mo. Eugene D. Hardin, Miss. Boles A. Rosenthal, Minn. Romeo W. Auerbach, N.Y. Paul V. Greedy, Colo. Wallace B. Dukeshire, N.Y. Edwin P. Bugbee, Mass. Robert M. Furlong, Cal. Herbert S. Chapman, Cal. Francis C. Evers, N.Y. Walter M. Anderson, Ohio. Leslie B. Marshall, Tenn. Robert T. Canon, Texas. William A. Neill, Wash. Frank J. Carroll, Conn. John W. Vann, Va. Toson O. Summers, Va. William W. Russell, Mo. William E. Bryan, Tenn. Joseph I. Callahan, Cal. Edward P. Ryan, Wis. Robert P. Parsons, Ill. John A. McCormick, Pa. John C. Adams, Ala. Chester B. Van Gappabeck, N.Y. Raymond J. Bowler, Pa. George B. McAnur, N.Y. Jesse J. Hendren, Ky. Benjamin S. Davis, Pa. William C. Becker, Wis. John C. Taylor, N.C. DeForest T. Lytton, N.Y. Francis J. McCauley, N.J. Raymond C. Krepps, Pa. Raymond F. Bell, N.J. Thomas F. J. Hanlon, Pa. George O. Hartman, Ohio. Francis D. Gibbs, D.C. Henry N. Winn, Ill. Charles E. Morse, Jr., Vt. Joseph W. White, Mass. Paul M. Drake, Kas. Edward C. Meggers, Ill. Sterling S. Cook, Va. John G. Powell, Pa. Bertram Groesbeck, Jr., D.C. Earl Richison, Ill. Francis C. Hertzog, Va. Deane H. Vance, Colo. James F. Bell, Jr., Ore. William H. Frampton, S.C. Waddie P. Jackson, Va. James R. Allison, Pa. Galen E. Moyer, Pa. John F. Pruet, Cal. Tracy T. Gately, La. Harry B. Lafave, Ohio. John J. Dale, Va. Ernest A. Daus, Idaho. Travis S. Morin, Ala. Henry L. Bockus, Pa. James H. Royster, N.C. William P. Williams, N.Y. Lloyd B. Greene, Ga. Raymond B. Storch, D.C. Francis G. Speidel, D.C. Gustav J. Hildebrand, Wis. Boyd Gilbert, Ala. Hubert W. Harris, Tenn. William W. Holley, Minn. Louis E. Mueller, Wis. Lynn N. Hart, Cal.

### ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Questions must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer. Questions are answered as soon as possible, but no particular time can be given for replies. We do not answer questions by mail.

O. P. A.—In the Army and Navy Journal of March 24, 1917, page 974, you will find an article on submarines which we think will answer your questions. Smokeless powder is not absolutely smokeless, but it cannot be readily distinguished like black powder at long distances. Sound travels faster than a bullet or projectile. The shrapnel case is made of cast iron, and the bullets in the shrapnel are usually made of lead alloyed with antimony, to harden them. Steel alloyed with tungsten is also used, and bullets of iron have been used. The extreme range of the largest guns now in use is a military secret, and the actual caliber of the largest gun in use by the warring powers is also a military secret. The heaviest guns, however, have a range of about twenty miles and projectiles from them have dropped into the enemies' fortifications at that distance. The 16-inch seacoast gun, with an elevation of fifteen degrees, has a maximum range of 15,558 yards; with a greater elevation its range would be increased. The sixteen-inch gun built in the United States has an approximate range of thirty-five thousand yards. The dimensions of the average submarine are, length, 150 feet, and beam, fifteen feet. The speed ordinarily obtained varies from fifteen to twenty knots on the surface, and from ten to twelve knots submerged. The torpedoes are discharged from a submarine from a tube or tubes in the bow or stern by compressed air. Some submarines are equipped with one tube at the bow, while other submarines have additional tubes at the bow, and also a tube at the stern. The torpedo used is automobile, as it has its own propelling engines. The height of the periscope above the conning tower of the submarine varies from twelve to eighteen feet. It can be raised or lowered at will. Some boats carry several periscopes. There is an outside tube protecting the periscope and the average diameter outside is about eight inches. The range of a periscope is limited to between five and six miles in clear weather and less in a heavy sea or murky weather. When the periscope is only three feet above the water the range of vision is about 4,000 yards, and when it is elevated one foot above the water the range of vision is about 2,200 yards. The periscope can be revolved to sweep the horizon. When it is elevated about twenty feet above water in clear weather a large ship may be spotted at a distance of about five or six miles, while the submarine at this distance cannot be seen by a larger ship. The destruction of a periscope, while a very serious blow to a submarine, does not necessarily mean that the boat must founder. She can run under water by dead reckoning and by the aid of a compass for considerable distance before going to the surface to take an observation. The submarine submerged, without any of her periscopes showing, is like a large ship in a fog; under such circumstances she can only feel her

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way. The chances are, however, that if shots are so well directed against a submarine to destroy her periscopes, they may also puncture her skin, which is very vulnerable and is liable to insure the foundering of the submarine. Extra periscopes are carried by submarines for emergency. A submarine, to make the most effective use of her torpedo, should be not further away than 1,000 yards, and it is better for her to be inside this distance. She can, however, shoot from a much greater range, but her chances for hitting are not so good. Hits may be made from at least 2,500 yards. Some torpedoes have a range of 12,000 yards, but a hit at this range would be practically impossible, as the victim could not be seen at this distance. Torpedoes are too costly to waste on chance shots, as they cost about \$5,000 each. The newer submarines can submerge in about one and one-half minutes. While submerged they can rise from a depth of thirty feet to the surface and return to their former depth in about forty or fifty seconds. The average submarine carries a crew of about twenty-five officers and men. Submarine chasers are speedy, light draft boats about 110 feet long, armed with a rapid fire gun. It is an entirely different craft from a torpedo boat destroyer and has no resemblance whatsoever. The only indication of the presence of a submarine to a liner or other ship is when they are struck by the torpedo or when the periscope can be seen. When a submarine is running on the surface her presence is sometimes made known by shots received from her gun.

P. N. asks: (1) What is the date of my commission, and of rank? (2) When will those now commissioned in the Infantry Officers' Reserve Corps be allowed to take examinations for promotion? (3) In speaking of the Reserve Corps, which is correct, U.S.R. or O.R.C.? Answer: (1) Dec. 6, 1916; No. 165. (2) After three or more years' service in a grade. (3) For orders, O.R.C.; for the uniform, U.S.R.

R. J. P. asks: What is the pay of a second lieutenant with a temporary appointment who has seventeen years' service in the Regular Army as an enlisted man? Answer: \$1,700 plus thirty per cent longevity.

R. A. R. asks: (1) What is the present pay of captain and Q.M. and allowances? (2) When does pay begin? Answer: (1) Pay of captain is \$2,400. Heat and light and quarters, see Army Regulations. (2) In the Regular Army from date of acceptance; in the Reserves from date of compliance with orders to report.

SOLDIER OF FORTUNE asks: (1) Is it possible for a married Philippine Scout officer to take examination for appointment as provisional second lieutenant in the U.S. Army as long as he is under thirty-four years of age? (2) Are there any chances for such married P.S. officers to come back to the Regular forces? Answer: (1) Under existing law, no. (2) In the Reserves.

C. A. K. asks: Should the non-commissioned officers of the Regular Army who were attending training schools, and discharged to accept a commission as second lieutenants, receive travel pay? Answer: Not the usual discharge travel pay. Entitled to officers' travel pay on orders to duty if travel is involved and order so states.

W. H. S. asks: (1) Was the corps colors of the Engineers Corps, U.S.A., during or prior to the Civil War, plain red instead of red with white piping? (2) During or prior to the Civil War, did officers of other rank than captain wear epaulettes bearing two bars? (3) What was the color of full dress trousers for major and brigadier generals in 1852? Answer: (1) Prior to the Civil War the corps color was yellow. (2) During the Civil War and for at least ten years prior to that period officers wore the same rank insignia upon their epaulettes as are now prescribed. (3) The color prescribed was dark blue.

T. J. O'D.—The War Department since May 20 has suspended the distribution of the Army Directory. Dr. C. E. D. was carried in the May book, while Dr. G. G. E. was not on the active list at that time. For further information apply to The Adjutant General with reason for inquiry.

G. V. asks: I was commissioned second lieutenant, Inf. O.R.C., Dec. 16, 1916. What is the ranking number of my commission? Answer: No. 178.

J. E. N. asks: Are officers recently commissioned in O.R.C. supposed to wear their uniform before being assigned to active duty? Answer: Not customary to wear uniform until ordered to duty.

W. R.—For information regarding homestead claims of soldiers apply to the Department of the Interior, Washington, D.C.

E. B. P.—Married man who may not enlist under ordinary regulations may apply direct to War Department, offering his services and stating his experience in the Army.

W. S.—As to how you stand on the eligible list for sergeant overseer, Q.M.C., ask the Q.M.G. office. Eligible list not published, and we understand that at present time Q.M.O.

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**CURIOSITY.**—By reference to our lists of nominations and confirmations published since your letter of July 1, you will notice that a long list of first lieutenants of Coast Artillery have been promoted to captain, and that among these is H. J. K. What the "intentions of the War Department are toward the Regular" are the carrying out of the law as laid down in the National Defense Act and the Emergency Army Act.

**MACHINIST, 8TH CO.**, asks: Is a soldier entitled to his discharge if he loses all his teeth? Answer: Soldier is entitled to a discharge when his physical condition is such that he is unable to discharge his duties. You should apply to your surgeon.

**FIRST SERGT., 20TH INF.**—See item on O.R.C. camps in issue of Aug. 4.

**P. W. J.**—Unless your service in 1898 was a complete enlistment, it does not count in fixing your pay status. If you are now in the Service, and were with the forces in Cuba in 1898 you are entitled to the Spanish-War badge. See G.O. 129, 1908.

**FORT ETHAN ALLEN.**

Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., Aug. 6, 1917.

Brig. Gen. Clarence R. Edwards, commanding the Northern Department, Col. R. L. Howze, Chief of Staff, and Lieutenant Hyatt, aid to General Edwards, motored from Boston to make an inspection of the post. Mrs. Edwards, Mrs. Howze and Miss Bessie Edwards were members of the party. General Edwards and party arrived in Burlington on Sunday, going to Plattsburgh in the fast sea-iced Meralco, belonging to Mr. Charles P. Swift, and returned to Burlington on Monday, arriving at the post Monday afternoon. General Edwards, Col. and Mrs. Howze and Lieutenant Hyatt stayed with Brig. Gen. and Mrs. J. T. Dickman, Mrs. Edwards and Miss Edwards staying with Mrs. W. R. Smedberg. Mrs. Smedberg gave a dinner in honor of General Edwards and party Monday night. Besides the guests of honor there were Gen. and Mrs. Dickman, Major Kelly, Captain Lawanson, Lieutenant Pendleton and Mrs. Chaffin. The dinner was followed by a hop in the post headquarters. A review of the four regiments stationed here was held Tuesday about 9 a.m. The 2d Cavalry, 18th and 19th Cavaliaries, now provisional Field Artillery, and the 1st Vermont Infantry all did well. After the review General Edwards inspected the camps and garrison and reviewed the soldiers of the medical training camp on the parade ground. Gen. and Mrs. Dickman entertained at luncheon for General Edwards and party. Among the guests were Gen. T. S. Peck and Mr. Elias Lyman, of Burlington; Major and Mrs. Romeyn, Major and Mrs. Wade, Col. and Mrs. W. C. Rivers, Lieutenant and Mrs. Foster, from the post, and Captain Smith, of the 1st Vermont. General Edwards and party left on Tuesday afternoon to motor back to Boston.

Mrs. Smedberg's father, Mr. Chaffin, of Malden, Mass., who has been staying with her for several weeks, has gone to Belgrade Lakes, Me. Mrs. Kelly and Miss Helen Kelly have joined Major William Kelly, Jr., and are temporarily occupying quarters of Capt. G. A. Purington. Miss Colley, from Georgia, is visiting Captain Colley. Master Harry Botterell, who has been visiting Mrs. Amory, has returned to his home in Canada. Lieutenant Colonel Anderson, who has just returned from France, has arrived here and joined the 18th Cavalry. Mr. James R. Marston, of Overbrook, Pa., is a visitor in the post. Mrs. A. M. Pope has returned from a visit to New York. Major Gen. W. C. Gorgas, Surgeon General of the Army, made an inspection of the post and surrounding camps on Wednesday. Accompanying General Gorgas was Colonel Duele, of the medical department of the French army, who is in this country convalescing from wounds received in action.

Capt. and Mrs. Ross were guests of Capt. and Mrs. C. B. Amory at dinner on Friday. Mrs. Smedberg gave a tea party

on Friday for Mr. and Mrs. Lawanson, Mrs. Colley, Miss Colley and Mrs. Burgess, Mrs. Colley's mother. Mrs. Ross entertained at tea on Friday for Mrs. F. R. Hunter, Miss Hunter, Miss Katherine Winn, Mrs. E. G. Culham, Mrs. H. M. Hickam, Mrs. English, Mrs. Andrews and Mrs. Dix. Mrs. Albert L. Mills, from Washington, arrived Thursday and is the guest of Col. and Mrs. Rivers. Miss Frances McIver, from Washington, is visiting Mrs. Smedberg.

The open-air motion pictures at the various Y.M.C.A. buildings are attracting crowds of soldiers on each of the three nights a week on which they are shown. Miss Ely and Miss Laesseur, of the National Commission on Training Camp Social Activities, are doing important work in the vicinity. They opened last week a "Hostess Tent" near the camps to form a convenient meeting place for soldiers and their families. The people of St. Paul's Church, in Burlington, gave a pleasant dance to the soldiers on Wednesday night. A community dance was given by the people of Burlington to the soldiers in the main assembly room of the High School on Saturday night. Capt. J. F. Taulbee returned Saturday from detached duty purchasing horses in Kentucky.

**FORT DU PONT.**

Fort Du Pont, Del., Aug. 6, 1917.

Major and Mrs. Bennett entertained the garrison Tuesday evening in honor of Major Bennett's homecoming and promotion and for the new members of the garrison, Lieut. and Mrs. Holmes, Lieutenants Koffard, Laird and Lowry. The porch was attractively decorated and the new band played for dancing. There were also two tables of bridge.

Miss Nolan returned from Bryn Mawr on Tuesday. Mrs. Raymond returned Tuesday from New York, where she was with Major Raymond, who was on duty there. Major Raymond returned Saturday. Wednesday evening Mrs. Gage gave a swimming party at Augustine Beach for Colonel Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Hoskins, of Wilmington; Ensign Cobb, U.S.N.; Lieut. and Mrs. Holmes, Dr. Goodman and Lieutenant Laird. They returned to Mrs. Gage's home for refreshments.

Mrs. Gage and children, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Toll, motored to Cape May on Friday. They will be gone several days.

Lieutenant Duvall has returned to the post, and two new lieutenants have arrived from Fort Monroe, Lieut. C. R. Adams and Lieut. C. R. Crosby. Mrs. Donovan is entertaining Miss Dorothy Mellen, of Bryn Mawr, and on Friday in her honor she entertained at 500 for Major and Mrs. Raymond, Major and Mrs. Bennett, Mrs. Wilson, Lieut. and Mrs. Holmes, Lieutenants Laird and Lowry and Lieutenant Laird's brother, Mdsx. Overton Laird, U.S.N., who is spending the week-end on the post. On Sunday evening Mrs. Donovan again entertained for Miss Mellen and had Miss Carr, Lieutenant Koffard, Laird, Midshipman Laird and Lieutenant Lowry for supper.

Mrs. Goodman is spending the week-end with Dr. Goodman. On Saturday Mrs. Goodman's aunt, Mrs. Trotter, of Philadelphia, came to spend Sunday. Lieutenant Koffard spent Saturday in Philadelphia. Colonel Harris entertained Major and Mrs. Raymond and Major and Mrs. Bennett at dinner on Sunday.

**FORT LEAVENWORTH.**

Fort Leavenworth, Kas., July 30, 1917.

Col. Lewis M. Koehler left Friday for a short stay in St. Paul, where he met Mrs. Koehler, who has spent two months at that place. In Omaha Mrs. Koehler met her mother, Mrs. D. R. Anthony, of Leavenworth, and the two left for San Francisco to spend the summer.

Col. J. M. Bannister, Med. Corps, retired, who has been called into active service, came Saturday from Washington, D.C., and is the guest of his son, Lieut. Edwin Bannister. Colonel Bannister was stationed here for several years. Miss Frances Stevenson, of Leavenworth, honored Miss Elizabeth Runkle, of the Soldiers' Home, who will be married to Lieutenant Putnam on Aug. 11, at a charming party Saturday. The decorations were entirely in white in honor of the Cavalry branch, to which Lieutenant Putnam is attached.

Capt. and Mrs. Henry Gibbons entertained at dinner Saturday for Capt. and Mrs. A. W. Smith, Mrs. Edward Calvert, of Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo., and Miss Stella McGonigle. Mrs. O. B. Taylor, Jr., and son, John Brock Taylor, left Wednesday for San Francisco, to be guests of Col. and Mrs. Willis Ulrich. Capt. and Mrs. A. W. Holderness announce the birth of a daughter on July 30, to whom they have given the name of Jean.

Mrs. Goodwin Compton entertained sixteen little friends of her daughter, Edith, on Monday, in observance of her seventh birthday anniversary. Those who enjoyed the party were Margaret Gibbons, Henry Gibbons, Jr., Jane and Sonnie Topham, Marie and Jack Weaver, Sue and Grace King, Elaine and Billy Blauvelt, Isabel and Mary Histed Scott, Anne Ryther, Daniel Van Voorhis, Junior Compton and Betsy Bell Van Voorhis.

Capt. and Mrs. Ernest Gentry entertained at dinner Tuesday, honoring their sister, Miss Georgie Fuller, and Lieut. Cyrus Wilder, who were married July 25, and the members of their wedding party. The guests included Miss Katherine Swift, Miss Lottie Fuller; Miss Laura Carey, of Indianapolis; Lieuts. Lindsay Beach, Lucien Berry, Edward Bassett and Bates Compton. Mrs. A. S. Cowan and children, who came last week from the Panama Canal Zone, will remain at the garrison during the absence of Major Cowan, at Monmouth Park, N.J. They have taken quarters on Grant Avenue. Mrs. Tyree R. Rivers, of Fort Riley, was the guest of Mrs. James McAndrew for the Fuller-Wilder wedding Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Edward Calvert and little daughter, Martha, guests of Mrs. Calvert's mother, Mrs. S. F. Neely, in Leavenworth, have returned to Fort D. A. Russell to join Captain Calvert. Mr. and Mrs. John O'Keefe, of Leavenworth, left last week for West Point to attend the graduation of their son, Cadet Desmond O'Keefe.

The death of Mrs. Arnold Frana, sister of Mrs. Xavier Blauvelt, of this post, occurred July 27 at St. John's Hospital, in Leavenworth.

Sergt. E. J. Fitzgerald, U.S.A., who until a short time ago was of the Austrian nobility, has just completed an examination at Fort Leavenworth for a commission in the Regular Army. He is one of the most brilliant non-commissioned officers ever stationed at Fort Leavenworth, and is a graduate of an Austrian naval academy and has represented his native country in the diplomatic service. He is serving his second enlistment in the U.S. Army. As no officer of the U.S. Army can hold a title from any foreign country, it was necessary for Fitzgerald to renounce by oath his allegiance to the Emperor of Austria and to discard his title.

**AGRICULTURE AT THE DISCIPLINARY BARRACKS.**

The only Army agricultural college in the world, so far as the officials in charge know, is conducted at the United States Disciplinary Barracks at Fort Leavenworth. In the two years in which it has been in operation such remarkable results have been accomplished that the Federal Government recently authorized an appropriation of thousands of dollars for expanding the work. The agriculture school consists of a model farm of more than 700 acres. The military prisoners who form the students live in colonies scattered over the farm. They have no guards whatever, and are not even in sight of the Disciplinary Barracks day or night. The most complete trust is placed in them, and how it has been fulfilled is shown by the fact that while 300 men have been quartered on the farm, only six breaches of honor serious enough to require punishment have occurred. This is the record of two years. Col. Sedgwick Rice, commandant of the barracks, instituted the vocational training idea when he took charge two years ago. Capt. A. L. Singleton is supervisor of the agriculture department of the barracks. After the prisoners who cannot be taken back into the Army have served part of their sentences, they are selected for the farm trustees if they show an inclination for the work and have kept fairly good reputations while in the institution. When the course is completed they are discharged and the institution endeavors to obtain employment for them where their farm knowledge will be valuable.

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**INTENSIVE TRAINING AT FORT LEAVENWORTH.**

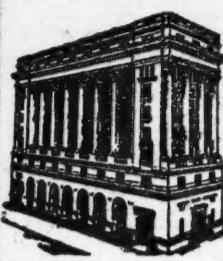
Fort Leavenworth, Kas., Aug. 1, 1917. There are over 400 provisional officers at Fort Leavenworth now and 200 more are yet to report for the course of instruction. The Signal Officers' training camp has been organized here, with seventy in the class. The class is organized on the company plan, with corporals and sergeants. It is made up of Signal Reserve officers who have been commissioned majors, captains and lieutenants. Very few of them have had any military training; they are, however, well educated men and are expected to take on training quickly and qualify for officers, when they will be sent to various Signal Corps commands. They start out in training with the school for the soldier and will have cipher work, signaling and all kinds of field work in their branch of the Service. Captain Mauborgne, an expert on cipher work, is in charge of that line of instruction here thirteen weeks and at the end of that time the members will be ready for field duty.

The examination of a class of about 150 young men, mostly from Kansas and Missouri, to become provisional lieutenants in the Regular Army, is now on at this post. It is expected that the physical examination will be concluded Wednesday and this will be followed by the mental examination. All will be concluded this week if possible. The papers will be graded here and the local board will make the recommendations relative to the issuing of commissions. No time will be lost in sending on the recommendations, for it is desired to have the young officers commissioned as soon as possible to place them in special training.

The Telegraph Battalion, known as the 6th Signal Corps, consisting of nine officers and 204 enlisted men, arrived at Fort Leavenworth last week. The Battalion is made up of telegraphers, electricians and linemen and they will be trained until they are experts in telegraph and telephone Army field service. They will be in training three months, if not more, and on leaving will go to the European battlefields. The battalion is under command of Major Turner and is made up of four companies, with fifty-one men to each organization.

The trenches recently constructed at Fort Leavenworth, on the hill south of Merritt Lake are usually considered temporary by the hundreds of spectators who explore them every week, yet, with proper care, they would last for at least ten years, according to Army officers here. The class of Reserve Engineer officers now in training are constructing a series of trenches behind the target range. The battlements are similar to the original models and follow the same general principles. The models which have attracted so much attention were com-

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Washington, D.C.

structed on the order of Major Le Roy Eltinge, head of the Engineer department of the Army Service Schools. Capt. H. O. Olson, of the Disciplinary Barracks, had charge of the work, assisted by Sergt. Eugene Fitzgerald and other non-commissioned officers. Much of the work was done by the "restored" men from the Disciplinary Barracks. Captain Olson modeled the trenches after those in Europe. When the formal demonstration was held at the time of their completion the trenches were completely equipped. Part of the equipment has now been removed, but the grounds are cleaned every day by inmates of the Disciplinary Barracks.

The construction of a wooden cantonment was authorized for Fort Leavenworth last week and work on it is to commence within ten days, under Major A. B. Warfield. This will be the first frame building put up here for cantonment purposes and it is likely that others will follow. The barracks here are well crowded at present, and the building of cantonments shows that it is the plan of the War Department to center more troops here for training. The site selected for the new buildings is on Pope Hill, east of Grant avenue and south of the Signal barracks between Carroll Hill and One Mile Creek. They will cost in the neighborhood of \$35,000. There will be forty-three buildings erected, in ten groups, there being ten barracks each with a kitchen and mess hall. Besides these groups there will be five bath houses, five lavatories and three store houses. The buildings are intended to accommodate a regiment of men. There are not enough accommodations for the men now at the post, and there will be another class of 1,000 provisional officers to report here Oct. 1. The new quarters, however, will not be used by the Provisionals, but by the Engineer regiment. It is said to be the plan of the War Department to use Fort Leavenworth largely as a training point for reserve and other officers and for training of technical troops in the Engineer and Signal Corps. The officers will occupy the regular quarters and the soldiers of the regiments will be kept in cantonments.

### MADISON BARRACKS.

Sacket Harbor, N.Y., Aug. 4, 1917.

Judge and Mrs. Tracy, father and mother of Lieut. Walter Tracy, from Albany, spent the week-end with their son at the barracks. They had luncheon with Captains Moore and Cuthbertson on July 28. Col. and Mrs. William R. Sample entertained Judge and Mrs. Henry Moore and Capt. Charles B. Moore on July 29. Mrs. Halford, mother of Capt. Dean Halford, Q.M., left Sunday for Pennsylvania to spend the rest of the summer. Captain Halford accompanied his mother for part of the journey.

Mrs. Knowlton on Aug. 2 gave a reception to Mrs. Robert Lansing, wife of Secretary of State Lansing, to which all the ladies of the post were invited. Mr. and Mrs. Anderson and Mrs. Wise left on the 26th for a four-day trip into the Adirondacks. Captain Martin left for Washington on business connected with the post on Aug. 1, and is expected back within a few days.

The 11th Coast Artillery band left last Saturday for Newport for the burial of the late Colonel Evans. Secretary of State Robert Lansing delivered an address to the candidates and enlisted men of Madison Barracks at the Y.M.C.A. on Sunday evening, July 29. He spoke on the causes of the war, on the brutalities of the Germans in Belgium and other conquered territory, and declared that America is not fighting for any other country, but for its own liberty, and the overthrow of autocracy and despotism. He received great applause both before and after delivering his address, which was printed in full in many newspapers. Mr. Lansing was introduced by Col. William R. Sample as the "second man of the land."

Company G, 10th New York Inf., consisting of two officers and 153 enlisted men, arrived last week to take the place of Company D, 3d New York Inf., and Company I, 2d New York Inf., which are going into mobilization camps in New York State.

The candidates of the camp have been going through the course in pistol practice for several days and are faring well, considering their inexperience with this implement of warfare.

Surg. Gen. W. C. Gorgas, U.S.A., Col. C. H. Dercle, of the French army, Major W. H. Walsh, M.R.C., and Major C. L. Burbush visited Madison Barracks on Aug. 3. General Gorgas made a thorough inspection of the post with a view to its utilization as a base hospital. They were entertained by Col. William R. Sample after inspection.

### SAN DIEGO HARBOR.

San Diego, Cal., July 30, 1917.

At Hotel del Coronado on Wednesday a dinner was given in honor of Mrs. Howson W. Cole, wife of P.A. Surgeon Cole, U.S.N., and daughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Joseph H. Pendleton, U.S.M.C., the guests including Capt. T. B. Alexander, U.S.A., and Lieutenant Candie. Capt. George Steunenberg, U.S.A., retired, who has been instructor of one of the companies of home guards here, has gone East to spend a month in Maine and other points on the Atlantic coast.

A well equipped club room for the enlisted men stationed in and near San Diego was opened with due formality on Friday. It is located in the heart of the business district and has been established through the co-operation of merchants and various organizations and individuals throughout the city.

Miss Clara Eloise Loerch, of Brooklyn, N.Y., and Lieut. Charles D. Swanner, Co. L, 7th Regiment, N.G.C., were married in Santa Anna, Cal., July 24.

Charles E. Tiller and Roscoe A. Baumgartner, privates in the United States Army, stationed at Fort MacArthur, on Los Angeles harbor, Cal., were killed July 25 while riding a motorcycle which collided with a motor truck, said to have been traveling on the wrong side of the street.

San Diego, Cal., Aug. 2, 1917.

Surg. E. R. Guinan, U.S.N., and wife soon leave for Guam on the transport Logan for the Doctor's new station. Dr. Guinan is a native of San Diego.

Friends here have received word of the appointment of Capt. Arthur T. Balentine, ex-U.S.A., formerly of this city, as colonel of the 1st Maine Heavy Field Artillery, which is to go into service at Portland, Me., soon. Colonel Balentine is a son-in-law of the late Hon. Thomas B. Reed, former Speaker of the House of Representatives. Mrs. William F. Fullam, wife of Rear Admiral Fullam, U.S.N., was honor guest at

a bridge tea this afternoon at the Coronado home of Madame Scovel.

Surg. and Mrs. J. S. Boggess, U.S.P.H.S., who have recently returned from their honeymoon, entertained the wedding party at their home at the U.S. Quarantine Station Saturday with a luncheon. The guests were Miss Emily Wadsworth, maid of honor, and Lieuts. J. M. Ashley, E. A. Lofquist, E. W. Stone and B. C. Cooley, U.S.N., and Lieut. C. J. Todd, U.S.C.G.S.

Mrs. T. H. Bane, wife of Major Bane, U.S.A., of the Signal Corps Aviation School on North Island, entertained recently with a dinner party, her guests including Sub-Lieutenants Marquisson and Mairette, of the French aviation corps.

Mrs. James F. Yeager, who has been spending some months with her parents, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Frank Greene, U.S.A., in Sierra Madre Park, near Los Angeles, has left for Seattle, accompanied by her children, en route to Zamboanga, P.I., to join her husband. Among honored guests at the midweek dinner-dance at Hotel del Coronado last night were Sub-Lieuts. Henri Marquisson and Robert Mairette, French army aviators, who are at North Island as instructors. Capt. T. B. Alexander, U.S.A., and Capt. K. G. Pullian were also present.

A dinner in honor of Major and Mrs. Paul Chamberlain, U.S.M.C., was given at Hotel del Coronado last evening, others present including Mrs. Howson W. Cole, wife of Surgeon Cole, U.S.N., and Lieut. Reuben L. Walker, U.S.N. Capt. and Mrs. Samuel P. Vestal, U.S.A., retired, are spending a part of the summer at Coronado, where Mrs. Vestal's sister, Mrs. R. D. Swartout, resides. Captain Vestal occupies the position of military instructor at the schools of Tamalpais and Hitchcock. He is an enthusiastic golfer and is spending every day on the course of the Coronado Country Club.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. Uriel Schree, U.S.N., retired, have returned to their home in Coronado after being absent in the East since last spring. The ninth birthday anniversary of Master Manley Simons, son of Lieut. Comdr. and Mrs. M. H. Simons, U.S.N., was celebrated with a children's party at the family home in Coronado Monday.

Mrs. H. L. Jackson entertained at her Coronado home Tuesday in honor of Mrs. M. H. Simons; about twelve guests gathered as a farewell to the guest of honor, who left the following day for the North and East on visits to relatives and friends. Mrs. Claude B. Price, wife of Captain Price, U.S.N., left Monday for her Eastern home, after a sojourn of some weeks at Coronado and other coast points.

### FORT SHERIDAN.

Fort Sheridan, Ill., Aug. 1, 1917.

Gen. Thomas H. Barry and staff inspected the training camp here informally on July 20. The student officers were turned out and gave a drill, under Major Koehler, master of the sword at West Point, whose work here has done wonders with the physique and spirits of the men. He was assisted by Cadets Malone, Townsley and McNamee, here on furlough. General Barry expressed himself as vastly pleased with the appearance and work of the Reserve officers, and everyone approves heartily that a second camp will be trained here, beginning Aug. 27. Before the exercises Col. and Mrs. W. J. Nicholson gave a luncheon at Onwentsia Club for General Barry and his staff, honoring also the latest bridal couple, Capt. and Mrs. W. C. T. Nicholson, and the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Carry, of Lake Forest. About fifty were invited.

Col. M. M. McNamee, on leave here for a few days, left July 20 for Chickamauga Park, to join the 22d Cavalry. Major Paul Malone has arrived safely in France and joined General Pershing's staff; Lieut. William Rafferty, son of Mrs. J. I. Marshall of Highland Park, has also reported his arrival there. Mrs. W. B. Scales, who has been quite ill, is once more seen about the post, to the joy of friends. Mrs. D. L. Tate entertained at tea last week, honoring Mrs. Schulze, of Kenilworth. Miss Mae McCabe, of St. Louis, is the guest of Mrs. M. M. McNamee, who also entertained over the week-end Miss Grace Taverner, of St. Louis, and Mr. Rosewell Cooley, of Chicago. Miss Taverner has left for Colorado Springs.

Mrs. F. H. Sargent had as dinner guests Sunday Mrs. Morrow, Mrs. Tate and Mr. and Mrs. J. I. Marshall, of Highland Park. Major and Mrs. Ola W. Bell were honor guests Saturday at theater party given by Major and Mrs. H. La T. Cavenaugh. Major and Mrs. Bell had as week-end guests Mr. and Mrs. Clark, traveling from Kalamazoo to their home in St. Louis.

Lieut. T. J. Camp's mother and sister and family left for home Tuesday. Major Raymond Sheldon is to manage the parade in Chicago on Saturday in honor of the drafted army, he having so successfully engineered previous ones and won much praise.

Capt. Oscar Sohlberg, C.E., of West Point, is in charge of trench work here and has completed a miniature of trenches on the Somme front. The battalions of Reserve officers are on this week being taught attack and defense of these trenches as night work. It sounded quite realistic last night, 4,000 rounds of blank ammunition being used. Lieut. Curtis Nance, Field Art., recently reported here for duty.

Mrs. Norton, wife of Capt. C. Norton, 14th Cav., visited Captain Norton's mother and sister here on Monday, on her way to Fort Wayne, Detroit, where she will occupy quarters temporarily. Miss Morrow entertained informally at supper last Friday; Miss Dorothy Johnson was also hostess to a small party of friends. Mrs. M. M. McNamee had as guests on Monday Miss Laura Niemann, of St. Louis, and Miss Nicholson, of Edgewater Beach, Chicago. Capt. C. A. Trott spent last week-end with friends at Lake Geneva.

### FIFTH INFANTRY NOTES.

Empire, Canal Zone, July 25, 1917.

Mrs. George F. Baltzell and Master George Baltzell arrived Wednesday from New Orleans, having been in the States for more than a year. Major Baltzell went to Colon to meet them. Major and Mrs. C. B. Humphrey were among the number who went down with General Cronkhite on his track motor last Wednesday to meet Capt. Wade Carpenter and his bride. All in the party had luncheon at the Imperial Hotel in Colon, and then came on to Empire for the tea dance at the club, after which Major and Mrs. Humphrey entertained for Capt. and Mrs. Carpenter with a jolly buffet supper, when the other guests were General Cronkhite, Colonel Johnson, Major and Mrs. Mitchell, Mrs. J. R. Clagett, Major William E. Cole, Misses Phyllis Williams, Elizabeth Johnson, and Cornelia Clagett, Dr. Lloyd E. Teft, Capt. H. B. Clagett, Lieutenants Morrissey and Humphrey and Mr. Evan M. Johnson, Jr.

At a bridge luncheon Mrs. Herman Glade entertained Thursday for Mesdames Hutchins, of the Navy; Terry, from Fort Sherman; Roberts, Young and MacDonald, from Fort Randolph; Henry G. Learned, from Quarry Heights; Frank Woodbury, Wilson, Whelen and Keller, from Camp Gairdall; Waterhouse and Bugbee and Miss Edith Ellis. Prizes were won by Mrs. Young, Miss Ellis and Mrs. Whelen.

Misses Elizabeth Johnson and Cornelia Clagett, chaperoned by Mrs. Clagett, had luncheon on board a U.S. ship on Thursday, being guests of Captain Lang and Ensign Park. Lieutenant Fethé, temporarily stationed at Fort Sherman, came up to Empire Thursday, having luncheon with Captain Clagett. Mrs. Herman Glade was one of thirty ladies entertained at a bridge luncheon at Hotel Washington on Friday by Mrs. Geoffrey Bartlett. Col. and Miss Johnson, Major and Mrs. C. B. Humphrey, Miss Cornelia Clagett, Mrs. J. R. Clagett, Mr. E. M. Johnson, Jr., and Captain Clagett from here, were guests at a large dinner given by Major and Mrs. Brady Mitchell, of Fort Grant, last Friday in honor of their house guest, Miss Phyllis Williams, of New York. Capt. and Mrs. N. J. Wiley were dinner guests that evening of Capt. and Mrs. James T. Thomas, of Fort Grant.

A quiet wedding which came as a great surprise to her many Army and Navy friends on the Zone, was that of Miss Jessie E. Daniels to Mr. James Macfarlane, superintendent of the dredging division of the Panama Canal, on last Thursday evening at the Balboa Union Church, the Rev. Sydney S. Conger uniting them. The only witness were Mr. and Mrs. Parmelee, sister and brother-in-law of the bride. Miss Daniels was for a number of years principal of the Canal Zone High School, many Army boys and girls having been under her excellent tutelage.

Major and Mrs. S. M. Waterhouse's dinner guests Friday

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night were Capt. and Mrs. Earle M. Wilson, from Camp Gairdall, Dr. and Mrs. William R. Klingensmith and Capt. and Mrs. J. C. Brady. Col. Charles B. Hagadorn, recently promoted and assigned to temporary command of the 29th Infantry, gave a promotion party to the members of the 5th at Hotel Washington Saturday before the Cotillion Club dance. The long table, seating thirty-six, was very beautiful with a long panel of pink and red roses intermingled with ferns, extending the whole length of the center. Several couples of the 33d Infantry, formerly of the 5th, included Capt. and Mrs. B. R. Wade, Allen Rutherford, Thomas G. Lanphier and F. H. Forbes.

Mrs. James A. Moss spent Saturday with Lieut. and Mrs. Cedric Lewis, of Gutten, and Mrs. J. C. Brady. Masters Billy Hopson and Noble J. Wiley spent Saturday and Sunday with Charles Muir, of Gutten, being joined Sunday by Cornell Bugbee, when all four of the boys had luncheon with Ben Wade. Master George Baltzell was week-end guest of Oliver Edwards at Quarry Heights. Miss Pauline Moss and Mr. Evan M. Johnson, Jr., were guests at a dinner given at the University Club Sunday by Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Head, for their young daughter, Miss Julia Head. Miss Moss remained over until Monday as Miss Head's guest, and Mr. Johnson spent the night with Col. and Mrs. H. G. Leonard on Quarry Heights.

Col. Douglass F. Duval, ordered to the States, was out from Fort Grant Sunday evening, bidding farewell to friends here, and being a guest for supper of Major and Mrs. S. M. Waterhouse. Mrs. Bassett, mother of Capt. Prentiss Bassett, of the Navy, was a luncheon guest of Mrs. Herman Glade yesterday. Mrs. S. H. Hopson is a guest of Mrs. Herman, of Balboa, for luncheon to-day.

### OFFICERS' RESERVE CORPS.

The Adjutant General's Office, War Department, has announced the lists that follow of persons whose acceptances of appointment in the Officers' Reserve Corps have been received, additional to the lists published in our issue of Aug. 4:

Note.—Rank, arm of Service, number indicating order of appointment, place of residence and date of acceptance of appointment (year 1917), follow name of the appointee. Addresses as given here omit street address.

### NORTHEASTERN DEPARTMENT.

The following list was issued Aug. 4:

Fox, John L., 2d Lt., Inf., 1389, Roxbury, Mass., June 26.  
Murray, William, Capt., Cav., 89, Ft. Ethan Allen, June 26.  
Taylor, E. A., Major, Engrs., 174, Worcester, Mass., June 28.  
Taylor, G. L., Major, Engrs., 186, Alstead Centre, N.H., July 2.  
Waldron, A. W., Capt., Engrs., 730, Newton Lower Falls, Mass., June 25.  
Hulett, Frank W., Capt., Engrs., 770, Lewiston, Me., June 23.  
Bettcher, Hugh J., Capt., Engrs., 786, Brattleboro, Vt., June 23.  
Newman, T. S., Capt., Engrs., 825, Auburndale, Mass., June 28.  
Richards, H. S., 1st Lt., Engrs., 723, New London, Conn., June 23.  
Tillet, Hugh A., 1st Lt., Engrs., 739, Pittsfield, Mass., June 23.  
Hartshorne, F. M., 1st Lt., Engrs., 761, Wakefield, Mass., June 23.  
Wakeland, R. W., 1st Lt., Engrs., 813, Winthrop, Mass., June 23.  
Holt, A. H., 2d Lt., Engrs., 840, Sunderland, Vt., June 23.  
Nash, P. C., 1st Lt., Engrs., 917, Watertown, Mass., June 23.  
Raynolds, Robert P., 1st Lt., Engrs., 924, Boston, June 28.  
Khachadoorian, H. H., 1st Lt., Engrs., 927, Cambridge, Mass., June 28.  
Marston, Ralph E., 1st Lt., Engrs., 928, Boston, June 28.  
Bail, H. V., 1st Lt., Engrs., 930, Dorchester, Mass., June 28.  
Austin, Harry, 1st Lt., Engrs., 978, Boston, June 28.  
Curtis, H. G., 1st Lt., Engrs., 995, Jamaica Plain, Mass., June 28.  
Eastman, G. C., 1st Lt., Engrs., 996, Milford, Mass., June 28.  
Clegg, C. E., 2d Lt., Engrs., 477, Hartford, Conn., June 19.  
Bowler, E. W., 2d Lt., Engrs., 754, Dedham, Mass., June 28.  
Bowler, W. E., 2d Lt., Engrs., 759, Pawtucket, R.I., June 28.  
Ford, F. W., Jr., 2d Lt., Engrs., 763, Medford Hillsides, Mass., June 28.  
Hanf, Frank S., 2d Lt., Engrs., 766, Chelsea, Mass., June 28.  
McDonald, A. B., 2d Lt., Engrs., 772, Thomaston, Me., June 28.  
Stafford, R. G., 2d Lt., Engrs., 785, Attleboro, Mass., June 28.  
McNay, G. E., 2d Lt., Engrs., 854, Hanover Center, Mass., June 28.  
Putnam, E., Capt., Q.M., 1135, Wellesley Farms, Mass., June 25.  
Lincoln, A. L., Jr., Capt., Q.M., 1144, Brookline, Mass., June 25.  
Briggs, Edward W., Capt., Q.M., 1186, Boston, July 2.  
Shaw, Q. A., 2d Capt., Q.M., 1204, Beverly Farms, Mass., July 7.  
Keller, Ralph H., 1st Lt., Sig., 324, Springfield, Mass., June 21.  
Douglas, W. C., 1st Lt., Av., Sig., 144, Greenwich, Conn., July 12.  
Trowbridge, Amasa, Major, Ord., 45, Hartford, Conn., June 25.  
Ryan, P. J., Capt., Ord., 101, Bridgeport, Conn., June 25.  
Kimball, Herbert S., Capt., Ord., 128, Boston, June 26.  
Gravely, Julian S., Capt., Ord., 143, New Haven, Conn., July 2.  
Cutler, John W., Capt., Ord., 161, Beverly, Mass., July 11.  
Proctor, J. W., 1st Lt., Ord., 119, Watertown, Mass., June 7.  
Wilkins, Harold S., 1st Lt., Ord., 208, Andover, Mass., June 25.  
Steele, L. L., 1st Lt., Ord., 254, Middletown, Mass., June 25.  
Beard, Theodore H., 1st Lt., Ord., 274, Bethel, Conn., June 26.  
Brown, Lester B., 1st Lt., Ord., 276, Manchester, N.H., June 26.  
Henderson, H. G. R., 1st Lt., Ord., 289, Bridgeport, Conn., June 26.  
Treat, Sidney W., 1st Lt., Ord., 312, Stamford, Conn., July 2.  
Munch, B. S., 1st Lt., Ord., 322, New Britain, Conn., July 5.  
Hotchkiss, G. W., 1st Lt., Ord., 335, New Haven, Conn., July 10.

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### OFFICERS RESERVE CORPS.

NORTHEASTERN DEPARTMENT—Continued.

Wilcox, R. S., Capt., Med., 1034, Providence, R.I., June 15.  
Pudor, Gustav A., 1st Lt., Med., 1127, Portland, Me., June 15.  
Parker, Willard S., Capt., Med., 1172, Boston, June 15.  
Nichols, Nelson E., Capt., Med., 1217, Portland, Me., June 15.  
Johnson, Peer P., Capt., Med., 1225, Beverly, Mass., June 15.  
Swift, Henry M., Capt., Med., 1243, Portland, Me., June 15.  
Dudley, Charles, Capt., Med., 1376, Kingston, Mass., June 28.  
Henderson, G. D., Jr., Capt., Med., 1380, Holyoke, Mass., June 28.  
Meehan, Patrick J., 1st Lt., Med., 2617, Lowell, Mass., May 18.  
Bates, George L., 1st Lt., Med., 3238, Morrisville, Vt., May 19.  
O'Keefe, Walter J., 1st Lt., Med., 3556, Providence, June 1.  
Knapp, Lee H., 1st Lt., Med., 3586, Hanover, N.H., June 1.  
Spooner, Lesley H., 1st Lt., Med., 3610, Boston, June 1.  
O'Connor, J. C., 1st Lt., Med., 3684, Manchester, N.H., June 1.  
Livingston, C. B., 1st Lt., Med., 3732, Lowell, Mass., June 5.  
Osterhout, John J., 1st Lt., Med., 3828, Keene, N.H., June 5.  
Thomas, John D., 1st Lt., Med., 3937, Burlington, Vt., June 8.  
Stickney, William, 1st Lt., Med., 3971, Rutland, Vt., June 8.  
Hamilton, James, Jr., 1st Lt., Med., 3978, Providence, June 8.  
Ward, E. S., 1st Lt., Med., 3991, Attleboro, Mass., June 8.  
Priest, Herbert B., 1st Lt., Med., 4030, Ayer, Mass., June 8.  
Russell, George A., 1st Lt., Med., 4035, Arlington, Vt., June 8.  
Mulvey, William A., 1st Lt., Med., 4143, Providence, June 8.  
Rice, Thomas, 1st Lt., Med., 4147, Brattleboro, Vt., June 8.  
Streeter, John F., 1st Lt., Med., 4227, Springfield, Mass., June 8.  
Schofield, R. W., 1st Lt., Med., 4270, Worcester, Mass., June 8.  
Ryan, William F., 1st Lt., Med., 4342, Lowell, Mass., June 8.  
Lippincott, L. S., 1st Lt., Med., 4474, Brunswick, Me., June 8.  
Sullivan, John A., 1st Lt., Med., 4481, Pittsfield, Mass., June 8.  
Schneider, H. A., 1st Lt., Med., 4482, Pittsfield, Mass., June 8.  
Woodard, James M., 1st Lt., Med., 4541, Salem, Mass., June 8.  
Walker, M. H., Jr., 1st Lt., Med., 4590, Pittsfield, Mass., June 8.  
McFayden, James, 1st Lt., Med., 4623, Milo, Me., June 8.  
Aimone, V. A., 1st Lt., Med., 4667, Winchester, Mass., June 8.  
Ullian, Louis J., 1st Lt., Med., 4670, Boston, June 8.  
Warden, John B., 1st Lt., Med., 4680, Whitefield, N.H., June 8.  
Cahill, Harry P., 1st Lt., Med., 4897, Boston, June 20.  
Limauro, Louis H., 1st Lt., Med., 4919, Lynn, Mass., June 20.  
Harris, Carl T., 1st Lt., Med., 4927, Boston, June 20.  
Whitaker, Preston W., 1st Lt., Med., 4960, Unity, Maine, June 20.  
Gregory, Fred L., 1st Lt., Med., 4983, Caribou, Me., June 20.  
Scanlon, J. M., 1st Lt., Med., 5056, Lawrence, Mass., June 20.  
Brown, W. O., 1st Lt., Med., 5076, Littleton, N.H., June 20.  
Jordan, F. H., 1st Lt., Med., 5197, S. Portland, Me., June 20.  
Roberts, George, 1st Lt., Med., 5233, Chester, Vt., June 20.  
McGraw, A. J., 1st Lt., Med., 5260, Taunton, Mass., June 20.  
Scribner, Herbert C., 1st Lt., Med., 5472, Bangor, Me., June 20.  
Chambers, R. M., 1st Lt., Med., 5707, Westboro, Mass., June 20.  
Bernard, W. P., 1st Lt., Med., 5757, Central Falls, R.I., June 20.  
Wineck, M. S., 1st Lt., Med., 5801, Hartford, Conn., June 20.  
Jones, John P., 1st Lt., Med., 5850, Wakefield, R.I., June 20.  
Milot, Wilfrid F., 1st Lt., Med., 5895, Attleboro, Mass., June 27.  
Bailey, Bernard A., 1st Lt., Med., 6301, Wiscasset, Me., June 27.  
Hutchison, James E., 1st Lt., Med., 7280, Hartford, July 5.  
Richardson, Walter H., 1st Lt., Dental, 77, Worcester, June 1.  
Cheney, J. E., 1st Lt., Dental, 180, Pittsburgh, Mass., June 25.  
Christman, G. I., 1st Lt., Dental, 181, Cambridge, Mass., June 25.  
Winship, F. H., Jr., 1st Lt., Dental, 187, New Bedford, Mass., June 25.  
Webb, E. M., 1st Lt., Dental, 189, Attleboro, Mass., June 25.  
Putnam, Ralph B., 1st Lt., Dental, 208, Portland, Me., June 25.  
Peacock, Harold L., 1st Lt., Dental, 210, Boston, June 25.  
Lafayette, T. E., Jr., 1st Lt., Dental, 214, Watertown, Mass., June 25.  
Keene, S. C., 1st Lt., Dental, 218, Roslindale, Mass., June 25.  
Day, Frederick W., 1st Lt., Dental, 275, Gardiner, Me., June 28.  
Donovan, E. J., 1st Lt., Dental, 280, Wakefield, Mass., June 28.  
Willis, F. A., 1st Lt., Dental, 287, Manchester, Mass., June 28.  
Baker, E. C., 1st Lt., Dental, 312, Roslindale, Mass., June 28.  
Lynch, W. F., 1st Lt., Dental, 405, Somersett, Mass., July 6.  
Charron, Wilbur A., 1st Lt., Dental, 406, Ware, Mass., July 6.  
O'Keefe, C. S., 1st Lt., Dental, 408, Taunton, Mass., July 6.  
Cox, James E., 1st Lt., Dental, 418, Charlestown, Mass., July 6.  
Vail, Irving R., 2d Lt., Vet., 295, New Haven, Conn., June 20.

### EASTERN DEPARTMENT.

The following list was issued Aug. 4:

Dougherty, H. R., 1st Lt., Inf., 335, Cornwall-on-Hudson, May 11.  
Kearney, B. W., 2d Lt., Inf., 788, Albany, N.Y., May 10.  
Payne, Alan W., 2d Lt., Inf., 1341, Washington, June 7.  
Randall, B. H. R., 2d Lt., Inf., 1387, Baltimore, June 26.  
Smith, H. H., 1st Lt., Cav., 68, Philadelphia, May 2.  
Denny, George M., 1st Lt., Cav., 126, Buffalo, N.Y., May 21.  
Tolan, Clarence, Jr., 1st Lt., Cav., 141, Philadelphia, June 26.  
Smith, Albert L., 2d Lt., Cav., 84, Philadelphia, May 2.  
Rothwell, Albert C., 2d Lt., Cav., 92, New York City, May 2.  
Stark, Lloyd C., Capt., Field Art., 22, Baltimore, July 14.  
Clark, Stephen C., Major, A.G., 88, Cooperstown, N.Y., June 30.

Hodge, Henry W., Major, Engrs., 41, New York City, Feb. 23.  
Benedict, R. E., Major, Engrs., 161, Victoria, B.C., June 19.  
Green, Charles N., Major, Engrs., 166, New York City, June 23.  
Asserson, Henry R., Major, Engrs., 176, Brooklyn, June 28.  
Heawood, W. L., Major, Engrs., 178, Scranton, Pa., June 28.  
Calvert, Louis L., Major, Engrs., 180, Boonton, N.J., June 28.  
Lansky, W. J., Major, Engrs., 184, Flemington, N.J., June 28.  
Stricker, Gratz B., Major, Engrs., 185, Washington, July 2.  
Adams, Milton J., Capt., Engrs., 470, Ronksdale, N.Y., June 18.  
Weller, W. E., Capt., Engrs., 516, Binghamton, N.Y., June 19.  
Boes, F. C., Capt., Engrs., 523, West Brighton, N.Y., June 19.  
Albert, Fred W., Capt., Engrs., 545, Washington, June 19.  
Rumbold, C. H. H., Capt., Engrs., 549, Covington, Va., June 19.  
Phelan, John J., Capt., Engrs., 589, New York City, June 19.  
Lyon, George J., Capt., Engrs., 611, Schenectady, N.Y., June 19.  
Roop, J. C., Capt., Engrs., 620, Upland, Pa., June 19.  
Arnold, Harry S., Capt., Engrs., 690, Brooklyn, June 19.  
Perry, Oscar B., Capt., Engrs., 706, New York City, June 23.  
Van Loan, W. S., Capt., Engrs., 708, Washington, June 23.  
Korn, Martin P., Capt., Engrs., 720, New York, N.Y., June 23.  
Patterson, Arthur J., Capt., Engrs., 726, Washington, June 23.  
Purcell, Steuart, Capt., Engrs., 733, Baltimore, June 23.  
Marsh, Charles R., Capt., Engrs., 735, Washington, June 23.  
Colt, Alexander, Capt., Engrs., 738, Hazelton, Pa., June 23.  
Fortney, Camden P., Capt., Engrs., 740, Montrose, Pa., June 23.  
Carey, G. F. F., Capt., Engrs., 745, Cold Spring-on-Hudson, N.Y., June 23.  
Flick, John K., Capt., Engrs., 751, Baltimore, June 23.  
Cochran, C. W., Capt., Engrs., 752, Winchester, Va., June 23.  
Lafon, John, Capt., Engrs., 756, Washington, June 23.  
Whitehurst, H. O., Capt., Engrs., 762, Richmond, Va., June 23.  
Braunworth, P. L., Capt., Engrs., 764, Roseland, N.J., June 23.  
Estabrook, C. M., Capt., Engrs., 766, New York City, June 23.  
Fawcett, W. H., Capt., Engrs., 767, Alexandria, Va., June 23.  
Campbell, Harry V., Capt., Engrs., 771, Freehold, N.J., June 23.  
Alte, Frederic P., Capt., Engrs., 774, Athens, Pa., June 23.  
Moorefield, Charles H., Capt., Engrs., 775, Washington, June 23.  
Nodell, William L., Capt., Engrs., 777, Washington, June 23.  
Ferry, James H., Capt., Engrs., 783, Washington, June 23.  
Graham, Stephen O. S., Capt., Engrs., 791, Baltimore, June 23.  
Adams, W. G., Capt., Engrs., 794, Roanoke, Va., June 23.  
Breen, Joseph W., Capt., Engrs., 797, Philadelphia, June 23.  
Throop, G. H., Capt., Engrs., 815, Mamaroneck, N.Y., June 23.  
Leaf, James P., Capt., Engrs., 816, Rochester, Pa., June 23.  
Letts, Joseph C., Capt., Engrs., 820, New York City, June 23.  
McMillan, Henry L., Capt., Engrs., 821, Philadelphia, June 23.  
Mark, J. W., Capt., Engrs., 823, Richmond Hill, L.I., June 23.  
Olta, David M., Capt., Engrs., 824, New York City, June 23.  
Shore, Howard E., Capt., Engrs., 842, Philadelphia, June 23.  
Boschke, Guy, Capt., Engrs., 845, Washington, June 23.  
Peaslee, Horace W., Capt., Engrs., 851, Washington, June 23.  
Henrici, F. W., Capt., Engrs., 854, Pittsburgh, Pa., June 23.  
Wake, Fred N., Capt., Engrs., 864, New York City, June 23.  
Watson, John H., Capt., Engrs., 865, New York City, June 23.  
Boyd, George R., Capt., Engrs., 867, Washington, June 23.  
Baer, Carl A., Capt., Engrs., 870, Philadelphia, July 2.  
Armash, Ernest H., Capt., Engrs., 871, Philadelphia, July 2.  
Bakewell, Gifford C., Capt., Engrs., 872, Pittsburgh, July 2.  
Skoien, Arnold B., Capt., Engrs., 875, New York City, July 2.  
O'Connor, Charles P., Capt., Engrs., 881, Philadelphia, July 5.  
Whybark, George W., Capt., Engrs., 898, Ft. Monroe, July 9.  
Burkell, Albert O., 1st Lt., Engrs., 412, Washington, June 13.  
Troxell, Willard W., 1st Lt., Engrs., 452, Baltimore, June 13.  
MacBride, D. S., 1st Lt., Engrs., 495, Philadelphia, June 19.  
Powers, Jerome, 1st Lt., Engrs., 541, Elizabeth, N.J., June 19.  
Van Zandt, A., 1st Lt., Engrs., 613, Blawenburg, N.J., June 19.  
Shera, E. A., 1st Lt., Engrs., 627, Olympia, Wash., June 19.  
Aiken, Allen W., 1st Lt., Engrs., 646, Buffalo, N.Y., June 19.  
Cohen, Julius M., 1st Lt., Engrs., 666, Washington, June 19.  
Gavett, J. W., 1st Lt., Engrs., 688, Plainfield, N.J., June 19.  
Eichholz, Theo. F., 1st Lt., Engrs., 704, Pittsburgh, June 23.  
Mundo, Charles J., 1st Lt., Engrs., 709, Pittsburgh, June 23.  
Chatfield, C. E., 1st Lt., Engrs., 714, Buffalo, N.Y., June 23.  
Callahan, C., 1st Lt., Engrs., 732, New York City, June 23.  
Grace, William S., 1st Lt., Engrs., 741, Easton, Md., June 23.  
Freedley, Paul, 1st Lt., Engrs., 760, Swarthmore, Pa., June 23.  
Behrman, Isadora E., 1st Lt., Engrs., 770, Baltimore, June 23.  
Trace, Nathan, 1st Lt., Engrs., 781, Bronx, N.Y., June 23.  
White, Warner G., 1st Lt., Engrs., 792, Buffalo, June 23.  
Anderson, S. W., 1st Lt., Engrs., 793, Lexington, Va., June 23.  
Schepeler, W. T., 1st Lt., Engrs., 818, Niagara Falls, June 23.  
Griffin, James H., 1st Lt., Engrs., 829, Brooklyn, June 23.  
Cooke, M. T., Jr., 1st Lt., Engrs., 837, Washington, June 23.  
Holland, A. F., 1st Lt., Engrs., 848, Jersey City, N.J., June 23.  
Loomis, Albert O., 1st Lt., Engrs., 849, Elizabeth, N.J., June 23.  
Abell, Harry S., 1st Lt., Engrs., 851, McLean, Va., June 23.  
McNamee, G. P., Jr., 1st Lt., Engrs., 850, New York City, June 23.  
Hill, Wm. V., 1st Lt., Engrs., 861, New York City, June 23.  
Combs, M. A., 1st Lt., Engrs., 871, Jersey City, N.J., June 23.  
Ray, Horatio C., 1st Lt., Engrs., 878, Pittsburgh, June 23.  
Kenney, Caleb S., 1st Lt., Engrs., 886, Bethlehem, Pa., June 23.  
Galbrey, Stanley W., 1st Lt., Engrs., 899, Washington, June 23.  
Raymond, Carl L., 1st Lt., Engrs., 919, Washington, June 23.  
Judge, Fred B., 1st Lt., Engrs., 920, New York City, June 23.  
Butler, Francis M., 1st Lt., Engrs., 929, Orbnisonia, Pa., June 23.  
Davis, Robert S., 1st Lt., Engrs., 936, Milton, Pa., June 23.  
Hamon, Hugh A., 1st Lt., Engrs., 958, Philadelphia, June 23.  
Hamilton, Hugh A., 1st Lt., Engrs., 960, Washington, June 23.  
Brady, Johnson C., 1st Lt., Engrs., 960, Washington, June 23.  
Kent, C. H., 1st Lt., Engrs., 976, Wilkinsburg, Pa., June 23.  
Kimber, E. W., 1st Lt., Engrs., 977, Nazareth, Pa., June 23.  
Quisenberry, J. N., 1st Lt., Engrs., 981, Washington, June 23.  
Berman, Jacob, 1st Lt., Engrs., 1000, Washington, July 2.  
Kennedy, T. B., Jr., 1st Lt., Engrs., 1002, Roanoke, Va., July 2.  
Montgomery, P. O'B., 1st Lt., Engrs., 1005, New York, July 2.  
Simpson, Walter L., 1st Lt., Engrs., 1006, Pittsburgh, July 2.  
Woodruff, Glenn B., 1st Lt., Engrs., 1007, Brooklyn, July 2.  
Wood, O. S., 2d Lt., Engrs., 213, Williamson, N.J., June 5.  
Bryans, A. E., 2d Lt., Engrs., 242, State College, Pa., June 11.  
Robinson, William, 2d Lt., Engrs., 303, Utica, N.Y., June 13.  
Atkinson, K., 2d Lt., Engrs., 339, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., June 13.  
Bucher, Harold F., 2d Lt., Engrs., 352, Baltimore, June 13.  
Smith, R. E. L., Jr., 2d Lt., Engrs., 460, Rockville, Md., June 19.  
Foot, Francis C., 2d Lt., Engrs., 466, Pittsburgh, June 19.  
Graham, Russell B., 2d Lt., Engrs., 475, Utica, N.Y., June 19.  
Savage, Leon L., 2d Lt., Engrs., 478, Petersburg, Va., June 19.  
Allen, Thomas M., 2d Lt., Engrs., 504, Philadelphia, June 19.  
Colcord, E. L., 2d Lt., Engrs., 526, Jarrold Valley, W. Va., June 19.  
Jones, K. B., 2d Lt., Engrs., 600, Cranford, N.J., June 23.  
Chandler, C. H., Jr., 2d Lt., Engrs., 618, Harrisonburg, Va., June 23.  
Grose, Robert L., 2d Lt., Engrs., 668, Philadelphia, June 23.  
Hartdegen, C. Jr., 2d Lt., Engrs., 670, Newark, N.J., June 23.  
Gauthier, Jordan, 2d Lt., Engrs., 690, Philadelphia, June 23.  
Beck, John S., 2d Lt., Engrs., 715, Hoboken, N.J., June 23.  
Woodcock, W. E., 2d Lt., Engrs., 717, Albany, N.Y., June 23.  
Frech, F. F., 2d Lt., Engrs., 727, Teaneck, N.J., June 23.  
Friesell, W. H., Jr., 2d Lt., Engrs., 729, Pittsburgh, June 23.  
Andrews, Andrew M., 2d Lt., Engrs., 735, Pittsburgh, June 23.  
Richards, W. A., 2d Lt., Engrs., 738, Pottsville, Pa., June 23.  
Marrian, R. R., 2d Lt., Engrs., 742, Waterford, N.Y., June 23.  
Keith, Gerald M., 2d Lt., Engrs., 769, Brooklyn, June 28.  
Fralin, Harry J., Jr., 2d Lt., Engrs., 774, Baltimore, June 28.  
Arfet, Adam C., 2d Lt., Engrs., 782, Philadelphia, June 28.  
Orr, Harry C., 2d Lt., Engrs., 793, Pittsburgh, June 28.  
Holben, W. P., 2d Lt., Engrs., 793, Wilkinsburg, Pa., June 28.  
Levy, Stanley, 2d Lt., Engrs., 794, Philadelphia, June 28.  
Finkelstein, S. M., 2d Lt., Engrs., 795, Wilkinsburg, Pa., June 28.  
Demarest, John M., 2d Lt., Engrs., 797, Brooklyn, June 28.  
Eilenberger, C. F., 2d Lt., Engrs., 798, Middlebrook, N.Y., June 28.  
Byrnes, Thomas E., 2d Lt., Engrs., 800, Baltimore, June 28.  
Come, Allie L., 2d Lt., Engrs., 801, New York City, June 28.  
Wilson, H. F., 2d Lt., Engrs., 802, Catonsville, Md., June 28.  
Jones, Ivor V., 2d Lt., Engrs., 810, Canal Zone, June 28.  
Curran, John A., 2d Lt., Engrs., 817, Baltimore, June 28.  
Meikle, A. C., 2d Lt., Engrs., 839, Baltimore, June 28.  
Davey, Charles H., 2d Lt., Engrs., 840, Washington, June 28.  
Neinken, Mortimer L., 2d Lt., Engrs., 846, Brooklyn, June 28.  
Williamson, John B., 2d Lt., Engrs., 847, Pittsburgh, June 28.  
Maddox, V. H., 2d Lt., Engrs., 851, New York City, June 28.  
Schatz, R. E., 2d Lt., Engrs., 857, Mt. Vernon, N.Y., June 28.  
McGroarty, S. P., 2d Lt., Engrs., 860, Falls Church, Va., July 2.  
Ade, Carl C., 2d Lt., Engrs., 863, Rochester, N.Y., July 2.  
Allison, John R., 2d Lt., Engrs., 864, Verona, Pa., July 2.  
Barber, Charles W., 2d Lt., Engrs., 866, Washington, July 2.  
Braman, R. D., 2d Lt., Engrs., 868, New York City, July 2.  
Dunn, Albert C., 2d Lt., Engrs., 870, Washington, July 2.  
Fairbanks, Harry J., 2d Lt., Engrs., 871, N.Y., July 2.  
Jamison, E. S., 2d Lt., Engrs., 872, East Orange, N.J., July 2.  
McGill, Paul K., 2d Lt., Engrs., 875, New Castle, Pa., July 2.  
Smullen, O. K., 2d Lt., Engrs., 878, Baltimore, Md., July 2.  
Talley, T. T., Jr., 2d Lt., Engrs., 879, Wilkinsburg, Pa., July 2.

Horne, Alden W., 2d Lt., Engrs., 883, Coatesville, Pa., July 2.  
Applegarth, G., 2d Lt., Engrs., 899, Chestertown, Md., July 2.  
Geat, John B., 2d Lt., Engrs., 910, Cynwyd, Pa., July 5.  
Clark, Harold B., Capt., Q.M., 1079, New York City, June 20.  
Church, Charles T., Capt., Q.M., 1100, New York City, June 25.  
Whiting, Eben F., Capt., Q.M., 1103, Washington, June 25.  
Robinson, Emmett T., Capt., Q.M., 1104, Norfolk, Va., June 25.  
Streit, Raymond B., Capt., Q.M., 1109, New York City, June 25.  
Robertson, Duran W., Capt., Q.M., 1110, Washington, June 25.  
Builer, August, Capt., Q.M., 1111, Baltimore, June 25.  
Gustafson, O. A. C., Capt., Q.M., 1112, New York City, June 25.  
Evans, George H., Capt., Q.M., 1114, Alexandria, Va., June 25.  
Bach, Joe S., Capt., Engrs., 1116, New York City, June 25.  
Weinberg, Samuel, Capt., Engrs., 1120, Philadelphia, June 25.  
Thompson, Gilbert L., Capt., Engrs., 1121, Baltimore, June 25.  
Fry, Clement H., Capt., Q.M., 1123, Morristown, Pa., June 25.  
Gamble, George D





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Frank, G. S., 1st Lt., Avia., Sig., 142, Warsaw, N.Y., July 10.  
Keyes, E. L., Jr., Major, Med., 288, New York City, June 20.  
Napier, Charles D., Major, Med., 293, Brooklyn, June 20.  
Fiske, Edwin H., Major, Med., 294, Brooklyn, June 20.  
Moses, Henry M., Major, Med., 295, Brooklyn, June 20.  
Getty, Samuel E., Major, Med., 296, Yonkers, N.Y., June 20.  
Miller, Robert T., Major, Med., 297, Pittsburgh, June 20.  
Helmuth, Wm. T., Major, Med., 300, New York City, June 20.  
Zinsser, Hans, Major, Med., 332, New York City, June 20.  
Heard, James D., Major, Med., 334, Pittsburgh, June 20.  
Fairbairn, John F., Major, Med., 335, Buffalo, N.Y., June 20.  
Jones, Isaac H., Major, Med., 336, Philadelphia, June 20.  
Ashurst, Astley P. C., Major, Med., 338, Philadelphia, June 25.  
Alexander, Emory G., Major, Med., 339, Philadelphia, June 25.  
Clinton, M., Major, Med., 343, Buffalo, N.Y., June 25.  
McKay, James G., Major, Med., 351, Washington, June 25.  
Manges, William F., Major, Med., 355, Philadelphia, July 2.  
Wallace, George B., Major, Med., 356, New York City, July 2.  
Goler, George W., Major, Med., 357, Rochester, N.Y., July 2.  
Bakelite, H. S., Major, Med., 358, New York, July 2.  
Vaughan, Ernest M., Capt., Med., 1073, Cortland, N.Y., June 15.  
Ball, Halsey J., Capt., Med., 1173, Brooklyn, June 15.  
Comiskey, L. J. J., Capt., Med., 1173, Brooklyn, June 15.  
Beecroft, M. B., Capt., Med., 1175, Brooklyn, June 15.  
Herriman, Frank R., Capt., Med., 1176, Brooklyn, June 15.  
Meagher, J. F. W., Capt., Med., 1178, Brooklyn, June 15.  
Anderson, Robert B., Capt., Med., 1180, Brooklyn, June 15.  
Fisher, Samuel L., Capt., Med., 1182, Brooklyn, June 15.  
Knight, Frank H., Capt., Med., 1183, Brooklyn, June 15.  
Morris, John H., Capt., Med., 1188, New York City, June 15.  
Vogeler, W. J., Capt., Med., 1190, Yonkers, N.Y., June 15.  
Lyman, F. R., Capt., Med., 1191, Hastings-on-Hudson, N.Y., June 15.  
MacCriman, D., Capt., Med., 1277, Baltimore, June 28.  
Connally, Eugene F., Capt., Med., 1291, Troy, N.Y., June 28.  
Cornwell, H. C., Capt., Med., 1306, New York, June 28.  
Armstrong, A. W., Capt., Med., 1314, Canandaigua, N.Y., June 28.  
Parsons, Fred. W., Capt., Med., 1347, Poughkeepsie, June 28.  
Thornton, Michael J., Capt., Med., 1357, New York, June 28.  
De La Vergne, Frank R., Capt., Med., 1382, New York, June 28.  
Murray, F. A. G., Capt., Med., 1393, Mt. Savage, Md., June 28.  
Benedict, A. L., Capt., Med., 1410, Buffalo, N.Y., June 28.  
Clifton, E. G., Capt., Med., 1413, New York City, June 28.  
Wynkoop, Daniel W., Capt., Med., 1421, Babylon, N.Y., June 28.  
Gillen, Henry B., Capt., Med., 1443, Cohoes, N.Y., June 28.  
Heisey, Wm. C., Capt., Med., 1444, McKeesport, Pa., June 28.  
Clark, James B., Capt., Med., 1460, New York City, June 28.  
Fletcher, H., Capt., Med., 1470, Fairfax, Va., June 28.  
Hamilton, S. W., Capt., Med., 1486, New York City, June 28.  
Detwiler, Albert K., Capt., Med., 1490, New York, June 28.  
Walsh, William H., Capt., Med., 1497, Philadelphia, June 28.  
Vosburg, Walter H., Capt., Med., 1510, Dunkirk, N.Y., June 28.  
Bell, David M., Capt., Med., 1531, Canonsburg, Pa., July 5.  
Selinger, Jerome, 1st Lt., Med., 272, New York, March 17.  
Russell, Nelson G., 1st Lt., Med., 722, Buffalo, N.Y., March 21.  
Dean, Horace B., 1st Lt., Med., 2197, Audubon, N.J., May 9.  
Doescher, T. F., 1st Lt., Med., 2520, Albany, N.Y., May 15.  
Anders, Andrew, 1st Lt., Med., 3090, Philadelphia, May 19.  
Charlesworth, I.E., 1st Lt., Med., 3149, Bridgeport, N.J., May 19.  
Wise, L. D., 1st Lt., Med., 3344, Long Branch, N.J., May 28.  
Reitter, George S., 1st Lt., Med., 3391, Newark, N.J., June 1.  
Furman, B. A., 1st Lt., Med., 3396, Newark, N.J., June 1.  
Jennings, Frank L., 1st Lt., Med., 3399, Baltimore, June 1.  
Reinhart, F. O. W., 1st Lt., Med., 3401, Baltimore, June 1.  
Sullivan, Timothy F. X., 1st Lt., Med., 3409, New York, June 1.  
Phillips, Charles, 1st Lt., Med., 3419, Richmond, Va., June 1.  
Smith, Thayer A., 1st Lt., Med., 3421, New York City, June 1.  
Hardy, Thomas G., 1st Lt., Med., 3422, Farmville, Va., June 1.  
Kalogner, Edwin J., 1st Lt., Med., 3439, Philadelphia, June 1.  
Kochuszynski, J. C., 1st Lt., Med., 3457, Hazleton, Pa., June 1.  
Goldberg, Milton H., 1st Lt., Med., 3468, Buffalo, June 1.  
Jimenis, A. O., 1st Lt., Med., 3481, New York City, June 1.  
Jener, F. H., 1st Lt., Med., 3509, Patillas, P.R., June 1.  
Rice, Eugene C., 1st Lt., Med., 3543, Washington, June 1.  
Pessolano, Joseph A., 1st Lt., Med., 3554, Philadelphia, June 1.  
Ruddy, James P. H., 1st Lt., Med., 3555, Scranton, Pa., June 1.  
Miltenberger, A., 1st Lt., Med., 3622, Johnstonstown, Pa., June 1.  
Fetzer, Lewis W., 1st Lt., Med., 3630, Pelham, N.Y., June 1.  
McConnell, T. E., 1st Lt., Med., 3641, New Kensington, Pa., June 1.  
Temple, Arthur H., 1st Lt., Med., 3642, Passaic, N.J., June 1.  
Wheelock, Frank R., 1st Lt., Med., 3659, Scranton, June 1.  
Raymond, Lewis H., 1st Lt., Med., 3698, Scranton, June 1.  
Knipper, Fred W., 1st Lt., Med., 3735, Mercer, Pa., June 5.  
Miller, Julius A., 1st Lt., Med., 3572, New York City, June 5.

Whitehead, Ira C., 1st Lt., Med., 3763, Hoosick, N.Y., June 5.  
Rhoads, Alfred L., 1st Lt., Med., 3769, Tobyhanna, Pa., June 5.  
Torrence, J.M., Jr., 1st Lt., Med., 3800, Phillipsburg, N.J., June 5.  
Price, Harry M., 1st Lt., Med., 3805, Washington, June 5.  
Keichline, John M., 1st Lt., Med., 3818, Petersburgh, Pa., June 5.  
Jenkins, David J., 1st Lt., Med., 3830, Scranton, Pa., June 5.  
Witten, Jack W., 1st Lt., Med., 3831, N. Tazewell, Va., June 5.  
Harrington, Fred B., 1st Lt., Med., 3848, Pittsburgh, June 5.  
Piper, William S., 1st Lt., Med., 3860, Clearfield, Pa., June 5.  
May, Charles H., 1st Lt., Med., 3870, York, Pa., June 5.  
Barclay, Hugh B., 1st Lt., Med., 3873, Greensburg, Pa., June 5.  
Henderson, W.L., 1st Lt., Med., 3882, E. McKeesport, Pa., June 5.  
Pellarin, John, 1st Lt., Med., 3893, Hoboken, N.J., June 5.  
Vail, Howard L., 1st Lt., Med., 3909, Dalton, Pa., June 5.  
Ward, Albert H., 1st Lt., Med., 3914, Paterson, N.J., June 5.  
Robinson, Benjamin, 1st Lt., Med., 3927, Philadelphia, June 5.  
O'Neill, G., 1st Lt., Med., 3939, Jamaica, L.I., June 5.  
Ruth, Aaron L., 1st Lt., Med., 3959, Conshohocken, Pa., June 5.  
Stover, John F., 1st Lt., Med., 3968, Crabbottom, Va., June 5.  
Roberts, Isaac B., 1st Lt., Med., 3996, Llanerch, Pa., June 5.  
Dike, Benjamin H., 1st Lt., Med., 4001, York, N.Y., June 5.  
Bogart, Arthur E., 1st Lt., Med., 4024, Philadelphia, June 5.  
Hull, Logan E., 1st Lt., Med., 4049, Altoona, Pa., June 5.  
Herman, Franklin M., 1st Lt., Med., 4080, N. Tarrytown, June 5.  
Trow, Walter G., 1st Lt., Med., 4094, Warrenton, Va., June 5.  
Ordway, William H., 1st Lt., Med., 4129, New York, June 5.  
Dunaway, Carl E., 1st Lt., Med., 4160, New York City, June 5.  
Smith, Alex L., 1st Lt., Med., 4211, Rochester, N.Y., June 5.  
Howlett, H. H., 1st Lt., Med., 4216, Silver Spring, Md., June 5.  
Kleinsteruber, W. O., 1st Lt., Med., 4250, Philadelphia, June 5.  
Owen, Hubley R., 1st Lt., Med., 4258, Philadelphia, June 5.  
Reiners, C. R., 1st Lt., Med., 4267, Greensburg, Pa., June 5.  
Read, Harry M., 1st Lt., Med., 4268, York, Pa., June 5.  
Smith, H. A., 1st Lt., Med., 4269, Mechanicsburg, Pa., June 5.  
Wiley, Joseph C., 1st Lt., Med., 4305, McKeesport, Pa., June 5.  
Whitcar, John H., 1st Lt., Med., 4313, Ocean City, N.J., June 5.  
Raig, Joseph E., 1st Lt., Med., 4317, New York City, June 5.  
Parker, Brantly F., 1st Lt., Med., 4338, York, Pa., June 5.  
Ober, Irwin J., 1st Lt., Med., 4355, Greensburg, Pa., June 5.  
Jones, Adna S., 1st Lt., Med., 4367, Shamokin, Pa., June 5.  
Lutz, Jeremiah F., 1st Lt., Med., 4370, Glen Rock, Pa., June 5.  
Smyser, Henry D., 1st Lt., Med., 4383, York, Pa., June 5.  
Joy, Charles A., 1st Lt., Med., 4426, Sonyea, N.Y., June 5.  
Payne, Thomas R., 1st Lt., Med., 4449, Corbett, Md., June 5.  
Wilson, Fred D., 1st Lt., Med., 4498, Downsville, N.Y., June 5.  
Wagner, Earl C., 1st Lt., Med., 4499, Ashbury Park, N.J., June 5.  
Garlis, Joseph L., 1st Lt., Med., 4512, Trenton, N.J., June 5.  
Swab, Robert D., 1st Lt., Med., 4514, Hampton, Va., June 5.  
Sands, James P., 1st Lt., Med., 4517, Trenton, N.J., June 5.  
Ridge, Samuel L., 1st Lt., Med., 4519, Langhorne, Pa., June 5.  
Phillips, C. H., 1st Lt., Med., 4522, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., June 5.  
Webster, C. E. S., Jr., 1st Lt., Med., 4524, New York, June 5.  
Seidensticker, Richard F., 1st Lt., Med., 4526, Brooklyn, June 5.  
Evans, William B., 1st Lt., Med., 4531, Chester, Pa., June 5.  
Munger, Arbor D., 1st Lt., Med., 4538, Brooklyn, June 5.  
Freeman, S. L., 1st Lt., Med., 4539, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., June 5.  
Singewald, Albert G., 1st Lt., Med., 4543, Baltimore, June 5.  
Thomas, Alfred R., Jr., 1st Lt., Med., 4547, Philadelphia, June 5.  
Walter, George, 1st Lt., Med., 4548, New York, June 5.  
Klenk, James M., 1st Lt., Med., 4550, Tullytown, Pa., June 5.  
Barber, Leon J., 1st Lt., Med., 4558, Rochester, N.Y., June 5.  
Clair, Fred D., 1st Lt., Med., 4552, Philadelphia, June 5.  
Du Bell, Amos K., 1st Lt., Med., 4568, Philadelphia, June 5.  
Garlick, Ralph H., 1st Lt., Med., 4573, Brooklyn, June 5.  
Patterson, B. H., 1st Lt., Med., 4579, Pittsburgh, June 5.  
Rendich, Richard A., 1st Lt., Med., 4580, Brooklyn, June 5.  
Turley, Hubert K., 1st Lt., Med., 4581, Brooklyn, June 5.  
Eastham, Granville, 1st Lt., Med., 4589, Rapidan, Va., June 5.  
Conlon, Philip, 1st Lt., Med., 4594, Newark, N.J., June 5.  
King, Ernest H., 1st Lt., Med., 4595, Penns Grove, N.J., June 5.  
Satterer, William, 1st Lt., Med., 4596, Newark, N.J., June 5.  
di Palma, Salvatore, 1st Lt., Med., 4607, New York, June 5.  
Dellett, A. P., 1st Lt., Med., 4610, New York City, June 5.  
Weisiger, W. R., 1st Lt., Med., 4631, Richmond, Va., June 5.  
Phipps, W. McI., 1st Lt., Med., 4633, Independence, Va., June 5.  
Cudd, James E., 1st Lt., Med., 4652, Baltimore, June 5.  
Thomas, Edward P., 1st Lt., Med., 4653, Baltimore, June 5.  
Keating, Howard F., 1st Lt., Med., 4656, Philadelphia, June 5.  
Cahill, George F., 1st Lt., Med., 4668, New York, June 5.  
Erickson, Reuben J., 1st Lt., Med., 4687, Montreal, Can., June 5.  
Rothrock, H. A., 1st Lt., Med., 4691, W. Chester, Pa., June 5.  
Williams, Philip F., 1st Lt., Med., 4692, Philadelphia, June 5.  
Smith, Clarke M., 1st Lt., Med., 4712, Plumville, Pa., June 20.  
Ostroff, William, 1st Lt., Med., 4716, Buffalo, June 20.  
Brown, Samuel, 1st Lt., Med., 4723, New York, June 20.  
Hilliard, A. G., 1st Lt., Med., 4728, Highland Park, N.J., June 20.  
Woodcock, Allan, 1st Lt., Med., 4731, Allentown, Pa., June 20.  
Striegel, John G., 1st Lt., Med., 4753, Pottsville, Pa., June 20.  
Roach, Charles P., 1st Lt., Med., 4755, New York, June 20.  
Long, William S., 1st Lt., Med., 4765, Reading, Pa., June 20.  
Benjamin, Edward L., 1st Lt., Med., 4770, New York, June 20.  
Levinson, Frank, 1st Lt., Med., 4773, Hopewell, Va., June 20.  
Price, Samuel J., 1st Lt., Med., 4797, Queenstown, Md., June 20.  
Wilson, F. M., 1st Lt., Med., 4799, Cumberland, Md., June 20.  
Umburn, Leroy, 1st Lt., Med., 4802, Albion, Pa., June 20.  
Lancer, John J., 1st Lt., Med., 4809, New York, June 20.  
Shelley, Albert, 1st Lt., Med., 4831, Baltimore, June 20.  
Hollingsworth, W. Y., 1st Lt., Med., 4832, Sparrows Point, Md., June 20.  
Ayres, Wilmot, 1st Lt., Med., 5075, Bedford, Pa., June 20.  
Harp, Henry J., 1st Lt., Med., 5079, Sussex, N.J., June 20.  
Allen, H. C., 1st Lt., Med., 5082, Schenectady, Pa., June 20.  
Vinciguerra, M., 1st Lt., Med., 5084, Elizabeth, N.J., June 20.  
Cooper, Charles C., 1st Lt., Med., 5085, Kulpmont, Pa., June 20.  
Heslin, John E., 1st Lt., Med., 5087, Albany, N.Y., June 20.  
Walker, W. J., 1st Lt., Med., 5092, Wilkinsburg, Pa., June 20.  
Davidson, Sol C., 1st Lt., Med., 5099, Rochester, N.Y., June 20.  
Reed, Norman S., 1st Lt., Med., 5104, Polk, Pa., June 20.  
Ord, Edward Y., 1st Lt., Med., 5108, McKeesport, Pa., June 20.  
Hamaker, Charles T., 1st Lt., Med., 5109, Philadelphia, June 20.  
North, Charles Q., 1st Lt., Med., 5110, Philadelphia, June 20.  
Sowers, Martin L., 1st Lt., Med., 5113, New York, June 20.  
Bulford, Wallace, 1st Lt., Med., 5114, Pittsburgh, June 20.  
Humes, J. H., 1st Lt., Med., 5115, McKees Rocks, Pa., June 20.  
Rudolph, Myron P., 1st Lt., Med., 5118, Pittsburgh, June 20.  
Baker, Valentine C., 1st Lt., Med., 5119, New York, June 20.  
Lavelle, Thomas E., 1st Lt., Med., 5131, New York, June 20.  
Wood, W. B., 1st Lt., Med., 5136, W. Roxbury, Mass., June 20.  
Beebe, G. W., 1st Lt., Med., 5141, St. Johnsville, N.Y., June 20.  
Davis, W. J., 1st Lt., Med., 5159, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., June 20.  
Davison, W. F., 1st Lt., Med., 5166, Dorranceton, Pa., June 20.  
Stalberg, S. I., 1st Lt., Med., 5170, Philadelphia, Pa., June 20.  
Long, Dwight E., 1st Lt., Med., 5173, Freeburg, Pa., June 20.  
Reid, Horace W., 1st Lt., Med., 5189, Baltimore, June 20.  
Steindler, Lee F., 1st Lt., Med., 5202, Baltimore, June 20.  
Petit, Robert W., 1st Lt., Med., 5215, New Brunswick, June 20.  
Fish, Harry C., 1st Lt., Med., 5224, Philadelphia, June 20.  
Farquhar, D. C., 1st Lt., Med., 5228, Monessen, Pa., June 20.  
Andersen, A. J., 1st Lt., Med., 5234, Astoria, L.I., June 20.  
Best, William H., 1st Lt., Med., 5249, Brooklyn, June 20.  
Tipton, James W., 1st Lt., Med., 5251, Pilaski, Va., June 20.  
Harrington, J. T., 1st Lt., Med., 5254, Poughkeepsie, June 20.  
Seng, Magnus I., 1st Lt., Med., 5270, Washington, June 20.  
Crutchley, Wilbur F., 1st Lt., Med., 5273, New York, June 20.  
Gray, S. B., 1st Lt., Med., 5278, Scottsdale, Pa., June 20.  
Bowers, M. S., 1st Lt., Med., 5292, Braddock, Pa., June 20.  
Phelan, George W., 1st Lt., Med., 5304, Brooklyn, June 20.  
Seaton, L. H., 1st Lt., Med., 5308, Chambersburg, Pa., June 20.  
Briddell, Frank A., 1st Lt., Med., 5312, Philadelphia, June 20.  
Landes, W. L. S., 1st Lt., Med., 5315, Philadelphia, June 20.  
Anderson, James W., 1st Lt., Med., 5317, Norfolk, June 20.  
Mitchell, A. G., 1st Lt., Med., 5324, W. Philadelphia, June 20.  
Davis, Richard S., 1st Lt., Med., 5325, Philadelphia, June 20.  
Major, Charles P., 1st Lt., Med., 5326, Philadelphia, June 20.  
McClary, S. 3d, 1st Lt., Med., 5329, Philadelphia, June 20.  
Allen, F. B., 1st Lt., Med., 5331, North Wales, Pa., June 20.  
Astley, George M., 1st Lt., Med., 5332, Philadelphia, June 20.  
Hower, Heister V., 1st Lt., Med., 5333, Scranton, Pa., June 20.  
Hollingsworth, I. P. P., 1st Lt., Med., 5335, West Chester, Pa., June 20.  
Burns, G. C. H., 1st Lt., Med., 5339, Central Islip, N.Y., June 20.  
Brown, H. S., 1st Lt., Med., 5354, Freehold, N.J., June 20.  
Casey, M. L., 1st Lt., Med., 5355, Rochester, N.Y., June 20.  
Foster, James B., 1st Lt., Med., 5356, Webster, N.Y., June 20.  
Miller, Edgar A., 1st Lt., Med., 5358, E. Berlin, Pa., June 20.

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August 11, 1917.



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Horan, Joseph C., 1st Lt., Med., 5379, New York City, June 20.  
Calvelli, E., 1st Lt., Med., 5380, New York City, June 20.  
Betts, Harrison, 1st Lt., Med., 5381, Yonkers, N.Y., June 20.  
Azzari, Renato J., 1st Lt., Med., 5383, Bronx, N.Y., June 20.  
Woods, Charles J., 1st Lt., Med., 5384, New York City, June 20.  
Dreibelbis, W.C., 1st Lt., Med., 5392, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., June 20.  
Hutchings, Amos F., 1st Lt., Med., 5398, Baltimore, June 20.  
Schapiro, Joseph, 1st Lt., Med., 5400, New York, June 20.  
Williams, T. O., 1st Lt., Med., 5413, Brooklyn, Pa., June 20.  
Huddleson, J. H., Jr., 1st Lt., Med., 5419, New York, June 20.  
Duffy, P. S., 1st Lt., Med., 5433, Jersey City, N.J., June 20.  
Rarig, H. R., 1st Lt., Med., 5435, Anable Forks, N.Y., June 20.  
Gillet, Harold E., 1st Lt., Med., 5438, Ramsey, N.J., June 20.  
Sartorius, A. M., 1st Lt., Med., 5453, Brooklyn, June 20.  
Palmer, Arthur, 1st Lt., Med., 5461, New York City, June 20.  
Rothschild, Marcus A., 1st Lt., Med., 5488, New York, June 20.  
Pinsky, Irving J., 1st Lt., Med., 5489, New York City, June 20.  
Strecke, Edward A., 1st Lt., Med., 5494, Philadelphia, June 20.  
du Bray, Ernest S., 1st Lt., Med., 5501, Baltimore, June 20.  
Howe, Charles E., 1st Lt., Med., 5506, New York, June 20.  
Giffen, John, 1st Lt., Med., 5535, Albany, N.Y., June 20.  
Young, Edgar W., 1st Lt., Med., 5536, McKenney, Va., June 20.  
Gordon, Philip, 1st Lt., Med., 5541, Rochester, N.Y., June 20.  
Joyce, W. H., 1st Lt., Med., 5553, Unadilla, N.Y., June 20.  
Hardy, G. E. W., Jr., 1st Lt., Med., 5557, Baltimore, June 20.  
Farrell, John R., 1st Lt., Med., 5559, New York, June 20.  
Hertz, John L., 1st Lt., Med., 5562, Lititz, Pa., June 20.  
Geisler, George J., 1st Lt., Med., 5569, Buffalo, June 20.  
Brady, Henry A., 1st Lt., Med., 5572, Danville, Va., June 20.  
Park, W. E., 1st Lt., Med., 5580, New Milford, Pa., June 20.  
Bernercker, Edward M., 1st Lt., Med., 5582, New York, June 20.  
Judd, Clarence W., 1st Lt., Med., 5587, Philadelphia, June 20.  
Bortner, Milner, 1st Lt., Med., 5597, White Hall, Md., June 20.  
Snyder, T. M., 1st Lt., Med., 5602, Reading, Pa., June 20.  
Outerbridge, G. W., 1st Lt., Med., 5607, Philadelphia, June 20.  
Peck, Harold A., 1st Lt., Med., 5614, Albany, N.Y., June 20.  
Ellott, Samuel T., 1st Lt., Med., 5616, Danville, Pa., June 20.  
Cornell, Harvey B., 1st Lt., Med., 5623, Scranton, June 20.  
Benson, E. H., 1st Lt., Med., 5635, Baltimore, Md., June 20.  
Marks, S. J., 1st Lt., Med., 5639, Philadephia, Pa., June 20.  
Brush, H. L., 1st Lt., Med., 5640, Conneaut Lake, Pa., June 20.  
Genung, L. T., 1st Lt., Med., 5669, Worcester, N.Y., June 20.  
Barrow, B., 1st Lt., Med., 5672, Barrows Store, Va., June 20.  
Riley, P. C., 1st Lt., Med., 5670, Markham, Va., June 20.  
Rogers, H. W., 1st Lt., Med., 5699, Nassawadox, Va., June 20.  
White, John A., 1st Lt., Med., 5713, Philadelphia, June 20.  
Hurst, Ira, 1st Lt., Med., 5717, Parksley, Va., June 20.  
Harper, Clyde A., 1st Lt., Med., 5718, Anna, W. Va., June 20.  
Weems, B. F., Jr., 1st Lt., Med., 5723, New York City, June 20.  
McKinney, J. T., 1st Lt., Med., 5737, Richmond, Va., June 20.  
Lazebnik, Allen D., 1st Lt., Med., 5738, Baltimore, June 20.  
Banister, H. G., 1st Lt., Med., 5742, New York City, June 20.  
Frantz, W. R., 1st Lt., Med., 5746, Cumberland, Md., June 20.  
Horger, Ulrich P., 1st Lt., Med., 5764, Philadelphia, June 20.  
Kern, Thomas B., 1st Lt., Med., 5768, Bethlehem, Pa., June 20.  
Walther, John W., 1st Lt., Med., 5771, Brooklyn, June 20.  
Mullahay, Len T., 1st Lt., Med., 5774, Shenandoah, Pa., June 20.  
Blakeslee, G. A., 1st Lt., Med., 5780, New York City, June 20.  
Ransom, H. LeR., 1st Lt., Med., 5788, Pittston, Pa., June 20.  
Hondorf, J. L., 1st Lt., Med., 5789, Rochester, N.Y., June 20.  
Holmes, Albert E., 1st Lt., Med., 5794, New York City, June 20.  
Schwiegler, Jacob J., 1st Lt., Med., 5797, Kennett Square, Pa., June 20.  
Shattuck, Howard F., 1st Lt., Med., 5803, New York, June 20.  
Boyer, George M., 1st Lt., Med., 5807, Damascus, Md., June 20.  
De Niro, Richard N., 1st Lt., Med., 5807, Buffalo, June 20.  
Thompson, A.W., 1st Lt., Med., 5818, Lackawanna, N.Y., June 20.  
Berner, David, 1st Lt., Med., 5845, Atlantic City, N.J., June 20.  
Welker, H. C., 1st Lt., Med., 5849, Norristown, Pa., June 20.  
Simpson, J. C., 1st Lt., Med., 5853, Norristown, Pa., June 20.  
Green, David W., 1st Lt., Med., 5854, Salem, N.J., June 20.  
Wansboro, W. J., 1st Lt., Med., 5860, Albany, N.Y., June 20.

Benedict, A. K., 1st Lt., Med., 5865, New York city, June 27.  
Wolf, Gessel, 1st Lt., Med., 5870, New York city, June 27.  
Smith, W. H., 1st Lt., Med., 5872, Hagerstown, Md., June 27.  
Schultz, E. M., 1st Lt., Med., 5876, Middleburg, N.Y., June 27.  
Arden, Nicholas, 1st Lt., Med., 5877, Bristol, Va., June 27.  
Bass, Urbane F., 1st Lt., Med., 5879, Frederickburg, June 27.  
Peck, Ellery N., 1st Lt., Med., 5884, Boonton, N.J., June 27.  
Nafey, H. W., 1st Lt., Med., 5885, New Brunswick, June 27.  
Poole, L. E., 1st Lt., Med., 5886, West Hoboken, N.J., June 27.  
Seff, Isadore, 1st Lt., Med., 5891, New York city, June 27.  
Matternes, J. G., 1st Lt., Med., 5894, Sinking Spring, Pa., June 27.  
Reeves, A. C., 1st Lt., Med., 5898, East Orange, N.J., June 27.  
Murphy, W. A., 1st Lt., Med., 5901, New York city, June 27.  
Sims, A. S., 1st Lt., Med., 5904, Brooklyn, N.Y., June 27.  
Baumann, F. D., 1st Lt., Med., 5906, Philadelphia, June 27.  
Bertolo, W. M., 1st Lt., Med., 5908, Reading, Pa., June 27.  
Burke, W. J., 1st Lt., Med., 5910, Camden, N.J., June 27.  
Yoho, Charles E., 1st Lt., Med., 5921, Pittsburgh, Pa., June 27.  
Weaver, M. S., 1st Lt., Med., 5922, Pittsburgh, Pa., June 27.  
Vadala, A. J., 1st Lt., Med., 5923, Philadelphia, Pa., June 27.  
Stirling, W. L., 1st Lt., Med., 5925, Philadelphia, Pa., June 27.  
Matlack, F. S., 1st Lt., Med., 5930, Philadelphia, June 27.  
Madigan, P. S., 1st Lt., Med., 5931, Washington, June 27.  
Lloyd, R. S., 1st Lt., Med., 5936, South Fork, Pa., June 27.  
Howard, A. R., 1st Lt., Med., 5938, Philadelphia, Pa., June 27.  
Dickey, C. C., 1st Lt., Med., 5943, Pittsburgh, Pa., June 27.  
Dawson, A. W., 1st Lt., Med., 5944, Williamsport, Pa., June 27.  
Curti, Ralph E., 1st Lt., Med., 5945, Brooklyn, N.Y., June 27.  
Pond, M. J., 1st Lt., Med., 5954, Warren, Pa., June 27.  
Cooney, M. J., 1st Lt., Med., 5958, Brooklyn, N.Y., June 27.  
Pilch, A. G., 1st Lt., Med., 5975, Bloomfield, N.J., June 27.  
Marvin, H. R., 1st Lt., Med., 5976, Lyon Mt., N.Y., June 27.  
Heldt, T. J., 1st Lt., Med., 5981, Wards Island, N.Y., June 27.  
Unger, A., 1st Lt., Med., 5990, New York city, June 27.  
Titlow, H. B., 1st Lt., Med., 5991, Baltimore, Md., June 27.  
Schafer, C. S., 1st Lt., Med., 5993, Philadelphia, Pa., June 27.  
Schafer, Abraham, 1st Lt., Med., 5999, Newark, N.J., June 27.  
Stearns, J. H., 1st Lt., Med., 6001, Delaware Water Gap, Pa., June 27.  
Yocom, C. A., 1st Lt., Med., 6002, Phoenixville, Pa., June 27.  
Gray, C. M., 1st Lt., Med., 6004, Vineland, N.J., June 27.  
Lukens, R. McD., 1st Lt., Med., 6005, Philadelphia, June 27.  
Schaefer, W. W., 1st Lt., Med., 6005, Med., Rochester, N.Y., June 27.  
Bartamaha, F. F., 1st Lt., Med., 6063, Philadelphia, June 27.  
Allen, J. F. W., 1st Lt., Med., 6066, Ithaca, N.Y., June 27.  
Hall, R. W., 1st Lt., Med., 6073, Baltimore, Md., June 27.  
Engle, J. L., 1st Lt., Med., 6077, Philadelphia, Pa., June 27.  
Cohn, F., 1st Lt., Med., 6078, Philadelphia, Pa., June 27.  
Bringhurst, J., 1st Lt., Med., 6086, Harrington, Del., June 27.  
Barnhardt, W. N., 1st Lt., Med., 6097, Med., Central Islip, N.Y., June 27.  
Cavanaugh, L. M., 1st Lt., Med., 6213, Cumberland, Md., June 27.  
Foster, H. E., 1st Lt., Med., 6225, Castile, N.Y., June 27.  
Dixon, H. C., 1st Lt., Med., 6264, New York city, June 27.  
Henderson, G. E., 1st Lt., Med., 6269, Brooklyn, N.Y., June 27.  
Elwyn, H. E., 1st Lt., Med., 6448, New York city, June 28.  
Shillott, C. J., 1st Lt., Med., 6453, Columbia, Pa., June 28.  
Gibson, E. F., 1st Lt., Med., 6460, Norwich, N.Y., June 28.  
Whelan, W. F., 1st Lt., Med., 6481, Philadelphia, June 28.  
Miller, E. C. J., 1st Lt., Med., 6509, Kitzmiller, Md., June 28.  
Healey, W. V., 1st Lt., Med., 6579, New York city, June 28.  
Paul, J. H., 1st Lt., Med., 6599, Laceyville, Pa., June 28.  
Gittings, J. C., 1st Lt., Med., 6797, Philadelphia, June 29.  
Miller, Richard J., 1st Lt., Med., Harrisburg, Pa., June 30.  
Houston, W. H., 1st Lt., Med., 7021, Fishing Creek, Md., June 30.  
Ingalls, S. S., 1st Lt., Med., 7080, Parish, N.Y., June 30.

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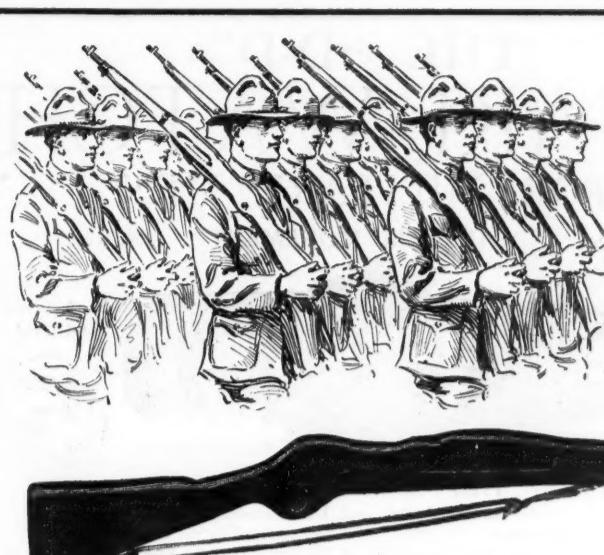
Abbott, E. J., 1st Lt., Med., 7102, Fonda, N.Y., June 30.  
Blythe, R. P., 1st Lt., Med., 7112, New York city, June 30.  
Hazeltine, E. L., 1st Lt., Med., 7131, Jamestown, N.Y., June 30.  
Shockley, F. M., 1st Lt., Med., 7155, New York city, July 3.  
Hirschman, I. I., 1st Lt., Med., 7162, Baltimore, Md., July 3.  
Gruessner, A., 1st Lt., Med., 7303, New Brunswick, July 5.  
Holcombe, G. T., 1st Lt., Med., 7336, Oxford, Pa., July 5.  
Owen, J. S., 1st Lt., Dental, 98, Haddonfield, N.J., June 25.  
March, W. H., 1st Lt., Dental, 107, Jenkintown, Pa., June 25.  
Marshall, J. B., 1st Lt., Dental, 108, Harrisburg, Pa., June 25.  
Pancoast, A. B., 1st Lt., Dental, 114, Riverside, N.Y., June 25.  
Pruden, K. C., 1st Lt., Dental, 116, Paterson, N.J., June 25.  
Schwartz, H. W., 1st Lt., Dental, 120, New York city, June 25.  
Gluckman, L. D., 1st Lt., Dental, 139, Wilmington, June 25.  
Gilden, C. T., 1st Lt., Dental, 141, Philadelphia, June 25.  
Storms, C. L., 1st Lt., Dental, 153, Buffalo, N.Y., June 25.  
Wright, W. T., 1st Lt., Dental, 183, Baltimore, Md., June 25.  
Truitt, G. E. P., 1st Lt., Dental, 192, Baltimore, June 25.  
Staats, G. E., 1st Lt., Dental, 197, Brooklyn, N.Y., June 25.  
Soverel, F. D., 1st Lt., Dental, 198, East Orange, N.J., June 25.  
Rossman, L., 1st Lt., Dental, 204, Baltimore, Md., June 25.  
Reisner, L., 1st Lt., Dental, 206, Long Branch, N.J., June 25.  
Lahey, W. T., 1st Lt., Dental, 213, Jersey City, N.J., June 25.  
Jequin, G. I., 1st Lt., Dental, 222, South Amboy, N.J., June 25.  
Blarcom, H. V., 1st Lt., Dental, 232, South River, N.J., June 28.  
Boudin, H. E., 1st Lt., Dental, 235, Philadelphia, June 28.  
Harrower, F. F., 1st Lt., Dental, 237, New York city, June 28.  
Flood, J. A., 1st Lt., Dental, 239, Wilmington, Del., June 28.  
Crane, A. R., 1st Lt., Dental, 242, West Chester, Pa., June 28.  
Loesch, L. O., 1st Lt., Dental, 244, Elk Lick, Pa., June 28.  
Hogan, J. R., 1st Lt., Dental, 249, Washington, June 28.  
Fletcher, C. G., 1st Lt., Dental, 256, Mount Vernon, June 28.  
Brophy, F. H., 1st Lt., Dental, 264, New York city, June 28.  
Lyon, C. A. L., 1st Lt., Dental, 265, Asbury Park, June 28.  
Creighton, E. A., 1st Lt., Dental, 269, Riverside, N.J., June 28.  
Demarest, O. A., 1st Lt., Dental, 278, New York city, June 28.  
Heckard, W. A., 1st Lt., Dental, 289, New York city, June 28.  
Barber, H. U., Jr., 1st Lt., Dental, 301, Lake George, N.Y., June 28.  
Barry, A. L., 1st Lt., Dental, 302, Orange, N.J., June 28.  
Bouton, R. R., 1st Lt., Dental, 305, Pine Plains, N.Y., June 28.  
Goble, P. S., 1st Lt., Dental, 311, New York city, June 28.  
Andes, J. F., 1st Lt., Dental, 316, Rochester, N.Y., June 28.  
Asch, Jacob, 1st Lt., Dental, 318, New York city, June 28.  
Sibley, G. J., 1st Lt., Dental, 321, Washington, June 28.  
Solomons, J. R., Jr., 1st Lt., Dental, 339, New York, July 2.  
Allison, W. J., 1st Lt., Dental, 343, Hazleton, Pa., July 2.  
Funk, R. C., 1st Lt., Dental, 354, New York city, July 2.  
Maier, M., 1st Lt., Dental, 356, New York city, July 2.  
Gaskill, J. H., 1st Lt., Dental, 387, Philadelphia, Pa., July 5.  
Morrison, J. D. D., 1st Lt., Dental, 390, Ridgefield Park, N.J., July 6.  
Schmidt, J. E., 1st Lt., Dental, 394, Brooklyn, N.Y., July 6.  
Denholm, C. J., 1st Lt., Dental, 435, Pittsburgh, Pa., July 6.  
Dixon, A. P., 1st Lt., Dental, 439, Cumberland, Md., July 6.  
Campbell, G. F., 2d Lt., Vet., 73, Washington, D.C., June 1.  
Shindelman, S. H., 2d Lt., Vet., 82, Brooklyn, N.Y., June 14.  
Steinbach, F. G., 2d Lt., Vet., 132, Wildwood, N.J., June 20.  
Gill, H. D., 2d Lt., Vet., 149, New York city, June 20.  
McConaghay, J. K., 2d Lt., Vet., 178, Coudersport, Pa., June 20.  
Combs, A. W., 2d Lt., Vet., 254, East Orange, N.J., June 20.  
Moffatt, Nelson, 2d Lt., Vet., 255, Walden, N.Y., June 20.  
Krowl, C. J., 2d Lt., Vet., 257, Elmira, N.Y., June 20.  
Younama, R. S., 2d Lt., Vet., 261, Unadilla, N.Y., June 20.  
Hodges, H. G., 2d Lt., Vet., 262, Worcester, N.Y., June 20.  
Howe, Ivan G., 2d Lt., Vet., 266, Angelica, N.Y., June 20.  
Boshart, C. R., 2d Lt., Vet., 267, Loweville, N.Y., June 20.  
Lindsay, J. L., 2d Lt., Vet., 272, Jersey City, N.J., June 20.  
Doepel, C. H., 2d Lt., Vet., 273, Mt. Vernon, N.Y., June 20.  
Ecker, W. R., 2d Lt., Vet., 281, Newark, N.J., June 20.  
Martin, R. LeR., 2d Lt., Vet., 293, Washington, June 20.  
Grenfell, F. A., 2d Lt., Vet., 308, Glenolden, Pa., June 20.  
Taylor, Frank W., 2d Lt., Vet., 309, Ridgely, Md., June 20.  
Grapp, Gustav H., 2d Lt., Vet., 317, Port Deposit, Md., June 20.  
Wilson, G. A., 2d Lt., Vet., 321, Scottsdale, Pa., June 20.  
Catlett, J. G., 2d Lt., Vet., 327, Winchester, Va., June 20.  
McClure, F. L., 2d Lt., Vet., 347, Winchendon, D.C., June 20.  
Williams, E. J., 2d Lt., Vet., 362, Huntingdon, Pa., June 28.  
McCullough, T. W., 2d Lt., Vet., 365, New Castle, Pa., June 28.  
Derrick, J. D., 2d Lt., Vet., 368, Red Lion, Pa., June 28.  
Bartholomew, G. K., 2d Lt., Vet., 369, Schenksville, Pa., June 28.  
White, W. G., 2d Lt., Vet., 371, Lansdowne, Pa., June 28.  
O'Sullivan, Frank T., 2d Lt., Vet., 404, New York, June 28.  
Pierce, M. A., 2d Lt., Vet., 445, Paterson, N.J., June 28.

## SOUTHEASTERN DEPARTMENT.

The following list was issued Aug. 4:

Winn, Walter E., Major, Engrs., 151, Helena, Ark., June 19.  
McCalla, W. A., Major, Engrs., 158, Decatur, Ala., June 19.  
Butler, John E., Major, Engrs., 187, Nashville, Tenn., July 5.  
Trott, C. M., Capt., Engrs., 369, Charleston, S.C., June 11.  
Jones, Lewis A., Capt., Engrs., 432, Montgomery, Ala., June 13.  
Grafton, Thomas E., Capt., Engrs., 453, Rome, Ga., June 13.  
Ross, James G., Capt., Engrs., 466, Memphis, Tenn., June 13.  
Maurice, G. H., Capt., Engrs., 467, Eagle Springs, N.C., June 13.  
McGlaughery, S. L., Capt., Engrs., 591, Pass Christian, Miss., June 19.  
Chisolm, E. N., Jr., Capt., Engrs., 660, Columbia, June 19.  
Allen, Thomas H., Capt., Engrs., 743, Memphis, Tenn., June 23.  
Kirby, Luther H., Capt., Engrs., 769, Lenoir, N.C., June 23.  
Perkins, A. H., Capt., Engrs., 779, St. Augustine, June 23.  
Lea, Sumter, Jr., Capt., Engrs., 785, Birmingham, Ala., June 23.  
Austill, H., Capt., Engrs., 788, Spring Hill, Ala., June 23.  
Talaffero, E. H., Jr., Capt., Engrs., 807, Bunkie, La., June 28.  
Wood Harry P., Capt., Engrs., 814, Atlanta, Ga., June 28.  
Harwell Ambrose, 1st Lt., Engrs., 839, Chattanooga, June 13.  
Pearce, Ira B., 1st Lt., Engrs., 846, Chattanooga, June 19.  
Fitzsimons, J. C., 1st Lt., Engrs., 850, Nashville, June 23.  
Diettell, Arthur A., 1st Lt., 581, New Orleans, La., June 19.  
Hutchins, P. B., 1st Lt., Engrs., 720, Chapel Hill, N.C., June 23.  
Bres, Edward S., 1st Lt., Engrs., 734, New Orleans, La., June 23.  
Collins, H. I., 1st Lt., Engrs., 768, Tuscaloosa, Ala., June 23.  
Villavaso, J. F., 1st Lt., Engrs., 778, New Orleans, June 23.  
Haynes, H. S., 1st Lt., Engrs., 846, Birmingham, June 23.  
Frazier, R. T., Jr., 1st Lt., Engrs., 859, Nashville, June 23.  
Jones, Frank S., 1st Lt., Engrs., 874, Nashville, June 23.  
Limerick, R. C., 1st Lt., Engrs., 877, Natchez, Miss., June 23.  
Stauffer, O. B., 1st Lt., Engrs., 880, N., Chattanooga, June 23.  
Cappleman, H. L., 1st Lt., Engrs., 891, Ocala, Fla., June 28.  
Deegan, John E., 1st Lt., Engrs., 892, Mobile, Ala., June 28.  
George, A. C., 1st Lt., Engrs., 893, Atlanta, Ga., June 28.  
Hallowes, J. P., 1st Lt., Engrs., 894, Green Coast Spgs., June 28.  
Zapf, Franz J., 1st Lt., Engrs., 896, Jacksonville, June 28.  
McNab, W. T., 1st Lt., Engrs., 932, New Orleans, June 28.  
Andrews, J. D., Jr., 1st Lt., Engrs., 963, Nashville, June 28.  
Lawrence, F. E., 1st Lt., Engrs., 949, Savannah, Ga., June 28.  
Lynde, Charles C., 1st Lt., Engrs., 969, Elmo, Tenn., June 28.  
Adams, Lois L., 1st Lt., Engrs., 974, Nashville, Tenn., June 28.  
Calvert, R. C. M., 1st Lt., Engrs., 980, Oxford, N.C., June 28.  
Hubbard, L. H., 1st Lt., Engrs., 986, Montgomery, June 28.  
Hornot, E. M., 2d Lt., Engrs., 288, New Orleans, La., June 13.  
Jones, Curtis, 2d Lt., Engrs., 310, Little Rock, Ark., June 13.  
Matthews, A. C., Jr., 2d Lt., Engrs., 344, Baltimore, June 13.  
Martin, J. A., 2d Lt., Engrs., 319, Greenville, S.C., June 13.  
Cary, Louis A., 2d Lt., Engrs., 377, Lake City, Miss., June 19.  
Huford, Ray L., 2d Lt., Engrs., 451, Chattanooga, June 19.  
Ott, Percy W., 2d Lt., Engrs., 488, Mt. Herman, La., June 19.  
Niesse, John W., 2d Lt., Engrs., 498, Birmingham, June 19.  
Heiskell, Hugh M., 2d Lt., Engrs., 509, Memphis, June 19.  
Watters, Douglas S., 2d Lt., Engrs., 587, New Orleans, June 23.  
Houston, L. H., 2d Lt., Engrs., 601, McComb, Miss., June 23.  
Greenfield, J. C., Jr., 2d Lt., Engrs., 633, Atlanta, June 23.  
Porter, Horace L., 2d Lt., Engrs., 660, Nashville, June 23.  
Livingston, F. A., 2d Lt., Engrs., 750, Louisville, Miss., June 28.  
Durio, D. E., 2d Lt., Engrs., 757, Fernowood, Miss., June 28.  
Morelock, J. E., 2d Lt., Engrs., 788, Chattanooga, June 28.  
Neely, Frank S., 2d Lt., Engrs., 789, Atlanta

Little, Young A., Capt., Med., 1085, Milledgeville, Ga., June 15.  
 Ulman, Jacob S., Capt., Med., 1102, Natchez, Miss., June 15.  
 Pasco, J. D., Capt., Med., 1129, Jacksonville, Fla., June 15.  
 Halsey, John T., Capt., Med., 1187, New Orleans, La., June 15.  
 Howard, E. F., Capt., Med., 1214, Vicksburg, Miss., June 15.  
 Chaudron, P. O., Capt., Med., 1284, Dothan, Ala., June 28.  
 Graham, W. F., Capt., Med., 1311, Summerville, S.C., June 28.  
 Chamberlain, C. T., Capt., Med., 1353, Med., Natchez, June 28.  
 Rogers, Mack, Capt., Med., 1491, Birmingham, Ala., June 28.  
 Absher, D. C., 1st Lt., Med., 1887, Henderson, S.C., April 24.  
 Wicks, Armon F., 1st Lt., Med., 3400, Okolona, Miss., June 1.  
 Walker, Charles E., 1st Lt., Med., 3408, Jackson, Miss., June 1.  
 McKown, John, 1st Lt., Med., 3423, Baton Rouge, June 1.  
 Johnson, B. F., 1st Lt., Med., 3437, Hazlehurst, Miss., June 1.  
 Herndon, Oma E., 1st Lt., Med., 3449, Powelton, Ga., June 1.  
 Kimbrough, J. C., 1st Lt., Med., 3455, Nashville, June 1.  
 Shanks, E. DeW., 1st Lt., Med., 3536, Atlanta, Ga., June 1.  
 Whitten, B. L., 1st Lt., Med., 3542, Ft. Pierce, Fla., June 1.  
 Williamson, E. H., 1st Lt., Med., 3558, Soso, Miss., June 1.  
 Ross, Cecil H., 1st Lt., Med., 3576, Mobile, Ala., June 1.  
 Arond B. C., 1st Lt., Med., 3625, Jackson, Tenn., June 1.  
 Lanning, J. R., 1st Lt., Med., 3656, Corinth, Miss., June 1.  
 Woodard, G. B., 1st Lt., Med., 3724, Kenly, N.C., June 5.  
 Hagan, Zeffa C., 1st Lt., Med., 3746, Union, Miss., June 5.  
 Swindell, C. L., 1st Lt., Med., 3757, Wilson, N.C., June 5.  
 Spencer, S. C., 1st Lt., Med., 3762, Shannon, Miss., June 5.  
 House, Wooster H., 1st Lt., Med., 3779, Oak City, N.C., June 5.  
 Jacobs, C. D., 1st Lt., Med., 3785, Kingtree, S.C., June 5.  
 Reagan, Thomas W., 1st Lt., Med., 3788, Union, Miss., June 5.  
 Griswold, J. C., 1st Lt., Med., 3791, Fitzpatrick, Ala., June 5.  
 Robinson, J. E., 1st Lt., Med., 3807, Memphis, Tenn., June 5.  
 Kirkpatrick, J. W., 1st Lt., Med., 3810, S. Pittsburgh, June 5.  
 Clifton Ben Hill, 1st Lt., Med., 3844, Lyons, Ga., June 5.  
 Boykin, S. R., 1st Lt., Med., 3846, Johns, Miss., June 5.  
 Nicholas, V. N., 1st Lt., Med., 3850, Carson, Miss., June 5.  
 Hardison, C. C., 1st Lt., Med., 3862, Iron City, Tenn., June 5.  
 Hills, Herbert R., 1st Lt., Med., 3883, Tampa, Fla., June 5.  
 Keyton, John A., 1st Lt., Med., 3887, Dothan, Ala., June 5.  
 Mitchell, C. M., 1st Lt., Med., 3926, Welaka, Fla., June 8.  
 Legare, Julian K., 1st Lt., Med., 3902, Forkland, Ala., June 8.  
 Sims, James A., 1st Lt., Med., 3930, Renfroe, Ala., June 8.  
 Walker, D. L., 1st Lt., Med., 3947, Vossburg, Miss., June 8.  
 Kirkland, N. L., 1st Lt., Med., 3982, Savannah, Ga., June 8.  
 Person, H. McL., 1st Lt., Med., 3984, Goldsboro, N.C., June 8.  
 Wilson, L. A., 1st Lt., Med., 4011, Charleston, S.C., June 8.  
 Mayerberg, I. W., 1st Lt., Med., 4018, Selma, N.C., June 8.  
 Halliday, John I., 1st Lt., Med., 4070, Tampa, Fla., June 8.  
 Rand, Paul K., 1st Lt., Med., 4074, Alexandria, La., June 8.  
 Pickett, W. H., 1st Lt., Med., 4075, Gainesville, Fla., June 8.  
 Scott, W. H., 1st Lt., Med., 4082, Alexandria, La., June 8.  
 Tucker, J. A., 1st Lt., Med., 4103, Baton Rouge, La., June 8.  
 Moore, T. M., 1st Lt., Med., 4107, Haggard, S.C., June 8.  
 Wells, John B., 1st Lt., Med., 4109, Scott, Ark., June 8.  
 Berry, M. C., 1st Lt., Med., 4110, Donaldson, Ark., June 8.  
 Bird, T. B., 1st Lt., Med., 4111, New Orleans, La., June 8.  
 Lacy, Justin E., 1st Lt., Med., 4133, Jasper, Tenn., June 8.  
 Whitaker, E. V., 1st Lt., Med., 4134, Baton Rouge, La., June 8.  
 Posey, E. L., 1st Lt., Med., 4142, Van Buren, Ark., June 8.  
 St. John, Joe H., 1st Lt., Med., 4148, Nashville, June 8.  
 Schoolfield, B. L., 1st Lt., Med., 4148, Memphis, Tenn., June 8.  
 Johnston, John K., 1st Lt., Med., 4161, Tallahassee, June 8.  
 Sellers, Elijah T., 1st Lt., Med., 4176, Jacksonville, June 8.  
 Martin, Leon H., 1st Lt., Med., 4196, Melbourne, Fla., June 8.  
 Hentz, Roger F., 1st Lt., Med., 4203, Itta Bena, Miss., June 8.  
 Shelton, J. R., 1st Lt., Med., 4224, Petros, Tenn., June 8.  
 Westmoreland, J. D., 1st Lt., Med., 4237, Taylor, Miss., June 8.  
 Hayes, H. R., 1st Lt., Med., 4238, North Carrollton, June 8.  
 Scott, Charles L., 1st Lt., Med., 4241, Sanford, N.C., June 8.  
 Wilkerson, T. E., 1st Lt., Med., 4251, Raleigh, N.C., June 8.  
 James, Judge, 1st Lt., Med., 4284, Ackerman, Miss., June 20.  
 Arthur, James P., 1st Lt., Med., 4285, Enigma, Ga., June 8.  
 Callaway, J. T., 1st Lt., Med., 4294, Atlanta, Ga., June 8.  
 Sams James R., 1st Lt., Med., 4312, Dearing, Ga., June 8.  
 Wilson, John W., 1st Lt., Med., 4319, Vanilla, Miss., June 8.  
 Sage, A. P. H., 1st Lt., Med., 4357, Memphis, Tenn., June 8.  
 Williams, W. A., 1st Lt., Med., 4380, Monticello, Ga., June 8.  
 Keeling, L. J., 1st Lt., Med., 4414, Atlanta, Ga., June 8.  
 Saliba Michel, 1st Lt., Med., 4442, Atlanta, N.C., June 8.  
 Robinson, J. C., 1st Lt., Men., 4466, Nopaxater, Miss., June 8.  
 Scott, W. W., 1st Lt., Med., 4472, Chatham, Miss., June 8.  
 Street, A., 1st Lt., Med., 4479, Vicksburg, Miss., June 8.  
 Boyd, R. M., 1st Lt., Med., 4490, Aberdeen, Miss., June 8.  
 Rick, Fred L., 1st Lt., Med., 4497, Starkville, Miss., June 8.  
 Wilkins E. L., 1st Lt., Med., 4510, Dyersburg, Tenn., June 8.  
 Perdue, James D., 1st Lt., Med., 4534, Furman, Ala., June 8.  
 Pittman, James F., 1st Lt., Med., 4556, Decatur, Ga., June 8.  
 Turner, E. S., 1st Lt., Med., 4618, La Follette, Tenn., June 8.  
 Gunter, Roy A., 1st Lt., Med., 4619, Jackson, Ga., June 8.  
 Coit, John C., 1st Lt., Med., 4622, Sylvester, Ga., June 8.  
 Riley, F. G., 1st Lt., Med., 4682, Booneville, Miss., June 8.  
 Snell, W. A., 1st Lt., Med., 4688, Oliver Springs, June 8.  
 William, A. D., 1st Lt., Med., 4708, Scotland Neck, N.C., June 20.  
 Morgan, A.D., 1st Lt., Med., 4730, Scotland Neck, N.C., June 20.  
 Daly, Leo P., 1st Lt., Med., 4747, Atlanta, Ga., June 20.  
 Clinton, R. S., 1st Lt., Med., 4749, Rocky Mount, N.C., June 20.  
 Johnson, R. L., 1st Lt., Med., 4780, Jackson, Miss., June 20.  
 Bell, C. T., 1st Lt., Med., 4792, De Kalb, Miss., June 20.  
 Booher, W. R., 1st Lt., Med., 4794, Bristol, Tenn., June 20.  
 McCaleb, W. L., 1st Lt., Med., 4801, Bristol, Tenn., June 20.  
 Weatherford, Z. L., 1st Lt., Med., 4803, Red Bay, Ala., June 20.  
 Cotten, L. D. C., 1st Lt., Med., 4807, Alexandria, Tenn., June 20.  
 Dobbins, T. L., 1st Lt., Med., 4808, Humphrey, Ark., June 20.  
 Lee, John M., 1st Lt., Med., 4814, Nashville, Tenn., June 20.  
 Dunklin, F. B., 1st Lt., Med., 4815, Nashville, Tenn., June 20.  
 Wright, S. W., 1st Lt., Med., 4820, Bessemer, Ala., June 20.  
 Johnson, D. S., Jr., 1st Lt., Med., 4830, Houston, Miss., June 20.  
 Jones, G. C., 1st Lt., Med., 4849, Yazoo City, Miss., June 20.  
 Carroll, F. J., 1st Lt., Med., 4858, Summerville, S.C., June 20.  
 Spingarn, F. G., 1st Lt., Med., 4860, Memphis, Tenn., June 20.  
 Pressly, J. M., 1st Lt., Med., 4916, Belmont, N.C., June 20.  
 Allen, Kotz, 1st Lt., Med., 4942, Sunit, Miss., June 20.  
 Coleman, James A., 1st Lt., Med., 4954, Jena, La., June 20.  
 Scruggs, W. M., 1st Lt., Med., 4980, Rutherfordton, N.C., June 20.  
 Goldstein, D. W., 1st Lt., Med., 4997, Ft. Smith, Ark., June 20.  
 Fort, M. A., 1st Lt., Med., 4998, Grand Bay, Ala., June 20.  
 Beard, James W., 1st Lt., Med., 5004, Troy, Ala., June 20.  
 Sanders, John G., 1st Lt., Med., 5005, Troy, Ala., June 20.  
 Smith, J. L., 1st Lt., Med., 5008, Montgomery, Ala., June 20.  
 Harrison, MacM., 1st Lt., Med., 5010, Palmetto, Fla., June 20.  
 Landry, A. A., 1st Lt., Med., 5014, Plaquemine, La., June 20.  
 Paramore, J. E., 1st Lt., Med., 5020, Prairie Grove, Ark., June 20.  
 Wall, Conrad, 1st Lt., Med., 5022, Forest Home, Ala., June 20.  
 Gotham, E. R., 1st Lt., Med., 5023, Monticello, Ark., June 20.  
 Fuller, S. J., 1st Lt., Med., 5048, Little Rock, Ark., June 20.  
 Lewis, Samuel J., 1st Lt., Med., 5060, Augusta, Ga., June 20.  
 Parmerly, L. V., 1st Lt., Med., 5098, Little Rock, Ark., June 20.  
 Rice, F. T., 1st Lt., Med., 5111, Ft. Morgan, Ala., June 20.  
 Ledbetter, L. H., 1st Lt., Med., 5117, Goodwater, Ala., June 20.  
 Miller, V. H., 1st Lt., Med., 5120, Holly Springs, Ala., June 20.  
 Watson, Fred S., 1st Lt., Med., 5126, Rosboro, Ark., June 20.  
 Davis, K. M., 1st Lt., Med., 5134, Hosford, Fla., June 20.  
 Caruthers, S. S., 1st Lt., Med., 5149, Duck Hill, Miss., June 20.  
 Boling, J. R., 1st Lt., Med., 5165, Columbia, S.C., June 20.  
 Millholland, W. G., 1st Lt., Med., 5168, New Orleans, June 20.  
 Moore, G. H., 1st Lt., Med., 5172, Opelika, Ala., June 20.  
 Adams, D. M., 1st Lt., Med., 5192, Panama City, Fla., June 20.  
 Means, R. M., 1st Lt., Med., 5194, Chattanooga, June 20.  
 Hamilton, R. G., 1st Lt., Med., 5214, Rockton, S.C., June 20.  
 Brown, G. L., 1st Lt., Med., 5221, Memphis, Tenn., June 20.  
 Mower F. D., 1st Lt., Med., 5222, Newberry, S.C., June 20.  
 Thomas, P. E., Jr., 1st Lt., Med., 5239, Claremont, June 20.  
 Terry, L. L., 1st Lt., Med., 5243, Carbon Hill, Ala., June 20.  
 Kelly John L., 1st Lt., Med., 5247, Montrose, Ala., June 20.  
 Lane, Swinton L., 1st Lt., Med., 5257, Scott, Miss., June 20.  
 Houston, M. F., 1st Lt., Med., 5258, Claremont, Ark., June 20.  
 McLeod, N. A., 1st Lt., Med., 5263, Brookhaven, Miss., June 20.  
 Withers, E. Q., Jr., 1st Lt., Med., 5284, Okolona, Miss., June 20.  
 Kennon, Charles I., 1st Lt., Med., 5289, McRae, Ga., June 20.  
 Lofton, Albert C., 1st Lt., Med., 5300, Ollie, Miss., June 20.  
 Nettles, O. W., 1st Lt., Med., 5301, Jordan, S.C., June 20.  
 Garrenton, Cecil, 1st Lt., Med., 5310, Bethel, N.C., June 20.  
 Fore, Oliver R., 1st Lt., Med., 5319, Flora, Miss., June 20.  
 Adams, N. B., 1st Lt., Med., 5326, Murphy, N.C., June 20.  
 Austin, D. T., 1st Lt., Med., 5347, Bogota, Tenn., June 20.  
 Bradburn, M., 1st Lt., Med., 5364, Med., New Orleans, June 20.  
 Denson, G. C., 1st Lt., Med., 5375, Oakvale, Miss., June 20.  
 Greene, C. C., 1st Lt., Med., 5385, Holly Springs, June 20.  
 Craddock, F. H., 1st Lt., Med., 5391, Sylacauga, Ala., June 20.  
 Ginsberg, H. M., 1st Lt., Med., 5411, Pensacola, Fla., June 20.  
 Jobson A. M. C., 1st Lt., Med., 5414, Bartow, Fla., June 20.  
 Whitfield, J. M., 1st Lt., Med., 5423, Panama City, June 20.  
 Eubanks, G. W., 1st Lt., Med., 5428, Wabash, Ark., June 20.  
 Buck, K. M., 1st Lt., Med., 5431, Memphis, Tenn., June 20.



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Chesnutt, O. L., 1st Lt., Dental, 182, Macon, Ga., June 25.  
 Payne, Hope H., 1st Lt., Dental, 211, Pelham, Ga., June 25.  
 Cook, H. W., 1st Lt., Dental, 262, Atlanta, Ga., June 25.  
 King, Murray, 2d Lt., Vet., 141, Spring Place, Ga., June 25.  
 Kendrick, L. R., 2d Lt., Vet., 147, Montgomery, Ala., June 25.  
 Kendrick, J. E., 2d Lt., Vet., 148, Massillon, Ala., June 25.  
 Esslinger M. S., 2d Lt., Vet., 151, Birmingham, Ala., June 25.  
 Sugg, Redding S., 2d Lt., Vet., 171, Auburn, Ala., June 25.  
 Webb, Wilton W., 2d Lt., Vet., 185, Auburn, Ala., June 25.  
 Beckham, L. E., 2d Lt., Vet., 186, Tuscaloosa, Ala., June 25.  
 Kern, W. H., 2d Lt., Vet., 211, Winston-Salem, N.C., June 25.  
 Weston, B. M., 2d Lt., Vet., 212, Swan Quarter, N.C., June 25.  
 Flows, B. B., 2d Lt., Vet., 316, Raleigh, N.C., June 25.

## THE ARMY.

Additional Army orders appear on the usual Army pages in this issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, and on pages 1653-1656.

G.O. 80, JUNE 30, 1917, WAR DEPT.

I.—Prescribes equipment for motor truck companies.

II.—1. Brig. Gen. Robert K. Evans, retired, is placed on active military duty and will proceed by the first available transport to Manila, P.I., and assume command of the Philippine Department, relieving Brig. Gen. Charles J. Bailey, who after being thus relieved will proceed by the first available transport to the United States, and upon arrival report by telegraph to The Adjutant General of the Army for further orders.

2. Brig. Gen. Harry C. Hale is relieved from duty in the Philippine Department, to take effect upon the arrival in that department of Brig. Gen. Robert K. Evans, U.S. Army, retired, and will proceed by the first available transport to the United States, and upon arrival report by telegraph to The Adjutant General of the Army for further orders.

III.—Directs that there be organized under the Medical Department for the period of the existing emergency a sanitary corps consisting of commissioned officers proportionately distributed among the several grades as in the Medical Corps now established by law, and such enlisted men as the Secretary of War may determine to be necessary.

The total number of officers in said corps may be approximately equal to, but not exceed, one for every 1,000 of the total strength of the military forces authorized from time to time pursuant to law.

The officers of said corps will be provided by assigning officers of the Medical Reserve Corps thereto or by the appointment of officers of the Medical Reserve Corps, or of citizens of the United States who are found under regulations established by the Secretary of War to possess special skill in sanitation, in sanitary engineering, in bacteriology, or other sciences related to sanitation and preventive medicine, or who possess other knowledge of special advantage to the Medical Department.

There shall be no grade in the sanitary corps above that of

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major and no officers of the Medical Corps shall be appointed in the sanitary corps. The number in the several authorized grades of the sanitary corps shall be proportional to the number authorized by law for the corresponding grades of the Medical Corps.

IV.—G.O. 204, War D., 1906, is rescinded and the following substituted therefor:

Identification tags to be worn as prescribed in Par. 491, Army Regulations, 1913, as changed by C.A.R. 58, War D., 1917, will be issued by the Q.M. Corps gratuitously to enlisted men and at cost price to officers.

Gratuitous issues will be limited to two tags to an enlistment, but in the event that the tags are lost through no fault of the soldier they will be replaced gratuitously. Should the loss of the tags be due to the fault of the soldier, they will be charged to him upon his clothing account at cost price.

Steel dies for stamping the tags (each set to consist of one die for each letter of the alphabet and one for each arabic numeral from 0 to 9, inclusive) will be furnished by the Ordnance Department to each organization commander on requisition.

V.—The President directs that there be organized for the period of the existing emergency, the enlisted strength being raised and maintained by voluntary enlistment or draft, eight supply companies, Q.M. Corps, each of the following personnel:

Commissioned—Captain, 1; first lieutenant, 1; second lieutenant, 1; total, 3.

Enlisted—First sergeant, 1; mess sergeant, 1; supply sergeant, 1; sergeants, 8; corporals, 16; mechanics, 2; buglers, 3; cooks, 4; privates, first class, 71; privates, 143; total, 250.

2. Officers for these companies will be provided as authorized by the third paragraph of Sec. 1 and Sec. 9 of the Act of Congress approved May 18, 1917.

3. Under authority conferred by the first sentence of Sec. 2 of the Act of Congress approved May 18, 1917, members of the Quartermaster Enlisted Reserve Corps selected for these companies will be transferred thereto under authority of this order. Notation of transfer, and in case of non-commissioned officers of continuance of warrant, will be made on the individual records of all enlisted men transferred.

G.O. 87, JULY 10, 1917, WAR DEPT.

Publishes the proceedings of the G.C.M. in the case of 1st Lieut. Arthur J. Dunn, 1st Inf., Miss. N.G., found guilty of violation of 95 A.W. and sentenced to dismissal. President Wilson, in view of the unanimous recommendation to clemency on the part of the court, which was concurred in by the Secretary of War, commuted the sentence to reprimand, to be imposed by the proper department commander, and a forfeiture of \$100 of his pay.

BULLETIN 36, JULY 3, 1917, WAR DEPT.

I.—So much of Bulletin 5, War D., Jan. 25, 1917, as relates to Corp. George Riley, Troop L, 4th Cav., is amended so as to omit words "Deserted Jan. 8, 1917, a private, Q.M.C.," after his name and to substitute therefor the words "now private, Q.M.C."

II.—From time to time officers have been requested to forward their photographs for file with their records. Only about eighty per cent. have responded, and many of those heretofore forwarded are not now up to date.

When officers are promoted, detailed on important duties, etc., many requests are received at the department for their photographs for publication.

It has been decided, on appropriate occasions, to grant these requests, and in order that up-to-date photographs may be furnished, each officer is requested to forward, as soon as practicable, a recent photograph for file with his record.

Such photographs should be taken in uniform, be unmounted, not more than four inches in width and six inches in height, and upon the back should be plainly written or printed the name, rank and organization of the officer, and as nearly as possible the date when taken. It should be forwarded without letter of transmittal to The Adjutant General of the Army, and the envelope marked in the upper left-hand corner "Photograph."

III.—Amends Sec. I, Bulletin No. 42, War D., Oct. 19, 1916, relative to payment of expenses of officers detailed as inspector-instructors, and non-commissioned officers detailed as sergeant-instructors with the National Guard of the several states.

### BULLETIN 38, JULY 6, 1917, WAR DEPT.

Publishes the act making appropriations for the support of the Military Academy for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918, and for other purposes.

### BULLETIN 67, JULY 16, 1917, SOUTHERN DEPT.

The army radio station at Fort Huachuca, Ariz., is announced as open for business in connection with other radio stations in this department. Messages to Fort Huachuca, Ariz., at a greater distance than Fort Bliss, Texas, will be relayed from the Fort Bliss radio station.

### GENERAL OFFICERS.

Brig. Gen. Frederick S. Strong, on leave at Pontiac, Mich., relieved command Hawaiian Department; to home, await orders, for convenience Government. (July 31, War D.)

Brig. Gen. Augustus P. Blocksom assigned to command Brownsville District, with headquarters at Brownsville. (July 7, S.D.)

Brig. Gen. Samuel D. Sturgis assigned to command Camp Funston, headquarters Leon Springs Target Range, Texas. (July 17, S.D.)

### ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

BRIG. GEN. H. P. McCAIN, A.G.

Major R. O. Van Horn, A.G., relieved from detail in A.G. Dept. and is attached to Av. Sec., S.C., and to duty in office of C.S.O. (July 30, War D.)

Major William K. Naylor, A.G., to Washington for duty in office of A.G. (Aug. 2, War D.)

### INSPECTOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

BRIG. GEN. J. L. CHAMBERLAIN, I.G.

Major George Vidmer, I.G., report to I.G. of Army for duty, instead of temporary duty. (July 30, War D.)

### QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. H. G. SHARPE, Q.M.G.

Col. James B. Houston, Q.M.C., to duty as department Q.M., Western Department. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Second Lieut. Jerome E. Sears, Q.M.C., to Jefferson Barracks, Mo., for duty. (July 30, War D.)

Second Lieut. Alfred J. Maxwell, Q.M.C., to Alexandria, La., Aug. 15, for duty. (July 30, War D.)

So much of Par. 21, S.O. 167, July 20, War D., as relates to 2d Lieut. Jerome Clark, Q.M.C., is revoked. (July 30, War D.)

Sergt. 1st Class John Rowe, Q.M.C. (appointed July 27, 1917, from sergeant, Q.M.C.), Fort Wayne, to duty at present station. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Regtl. Q.M. Sergt. Benni Goldblatt from Fort Slocum, N.Y., Aug. 8, to Washington for duty. (July 30, War D.)

Q.M. Sergt. Leon C. Wright, Q.M.C. (appointed July 27,

1917, from sergeant, Q.M.C.), Fort Crook, to Fort Des Moines, Iowa, for duty. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Q.M. Sergt. William M. Huser, Q.M.C. (appointed July 27, 1917, from sergeant, Q.M.C.), Fort Leavenworth, to Fort Clark for duty. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Q.M. Sergt. John Picarelli, Q.M.C. (appointed July 27, 1917, from sergeant, first class, Q.M.C.), Fort Meade, to duty at present station. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Q.M. Sergt. Edward C. Kaefer, Q.M.C. (appointed July 27, 1917, from sergeant, Q.M.C.), Fort Totten, to Fort H. G. Wright, N.Y., for duty. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Q.M. Sergt. Emil Feigenbaum, Q.M.C. (appointed July 27, 1917, from sergeant, Q.M.C.), Fort Totten, to duty at present station. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Sick leave three months to Field Clerk Charles A. Cabaniss, Q.M.C. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Q.M. Sergt. Edgar Croker, Q.M.C. (appointed July 30, 1917, from supply sergeant, 13th Cav.), Fort Riley, to duty at present station. (Aug. 2, War D.)

### MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

#### MEDICAL CORPS.

MAJOR GEN. W. C. GORGAS, S.G.

Sick leave two months to Major John A. Murtagh, M.C., Fort Sam Houston. (June 29, S.D.)

Major Albert G. Love, M.C., to Washington for duty. (July 31, War D.)

Major Ernest G. Bingham, M.C., to Fort Des Moines for duty as C.O. of base hospital to be established there. (July 31, War D.)

Officers of M.C. will proceed to place specified after his name for duty as C.O. of base hospital to be established: Capt. Jay D. Whitham, Camp Upton, Yaphank, L.I., N.Y.; Capt. William L. Sheep, Camp Travis, Fort Sam Houston; Capt. Omar H. Quade, Camp Meade, Annapolis Junction, Md.; Major Ferdinand Schmittner, Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va.; Capt. Joseph A. Worthington, Camp Taylor, Louisville, Ky.; Capt. Shelley U. Marietta, Camp Gordon, Atlanta, Ga. (July 30, War D.)

Capt. George B. Foster, Jr., M.C., to station and duty at Atlanta, Ga. (July 30, War D.)

Capt. William B. Meister, M.C., upon relief treatment at Letterman Hospital, to Presidio of S.F. for duty. (July 26, Western D.)

First Lieuts. Charles L. Gandy and William W. Vaughan, M.C., upon arrival in U.S., to Allentown, Pa., for duty. (Aug. 2, War D.)

### HOSPITAL SERGEANTS.

Master Hospital Sergt. Henry C. Senecal, Med. Dept., will be placed upon retired list at Presidio of S.F., Aug. 15, 1917. (Aug. 1, War D.)

### SANITARY CORPS.

First Lieut. Albert A. Roby, Sanitary C., to duty with Surgeon General of Army. (July 31, War D.)

### PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE.

Senior Surg. Joseph H. White, P.H.S., detailed to duty with Army at Charleston, S.C. (Aug. 1, War D.)

### CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

BRIG. GEN. W. M. BLACK, C.E.

Prov. 2d Lieut. Gilbert D. Fish to Fort Leavenworth, Aug. 9, for duty. (July 31, War D.)

Temporary 2d Lieut. Hardy J. Story, C.E., recently appointed, rank June 25, 1917, assigned to Engineer training camp, Fort Leavenworth, and will join. (Aug. 1, War D.)

### ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

BRIG. GEN. W. CROZIER, C.O.

### SIGNAL CORPS.

BRIG. GEN. G. O. SQUIER, C.S.O.

Major James B. Allison, S.C., to Presidio of Monterey and assume command of post. In addition he is detailed commandant of S.R.O. training camp, that station. (July 23, Western D.)

Assignments of officers of S.C. recently detailed: Major Willard H. McCormack to Leon Springs, Texas; Major Irving J. Carr to Fort Leavenworth, Kas. (July 30, War D.)

### CAVALRY.

1ST CAVALRY.—COL. F. S. FOLTZ.

COL. E. S. WRIGHT, ATTACHED.

Retirement of Chaplain Halsey C. Gavit, 1st Cav., from active service on Aug. 1, 1917, under Act of Congress, June 30, 1882, is announced. (Aug. 1, War D.)

3D CAVALRY.—COL. F. H. BEACH.

First Lieut. Edward L. N. Glass, 3d Cav., to Corpus Christi, Texas, for duty as aid to Brig. Gen. Augustus P. Blocksom. (Aug. 1, War D.)

6TH CAVALRY.—COL. J. A. GASTON.

First Lieut. Carlyle H. Wash, 6th Cav., is attached to Av. Sec., S.C., and to San Diego for duty. (Aug. 2, War D.)

9TH CAVALRY.—COL. T. B. DUGAN.

Second Lieut. James Ellis Slack assigned to 9th Cav. and will join. (Aug. 1, War D.)

13TH CAVALRY.—COL. H. J. SLOCUM.

Capt. George F. Patton, 13th Cav., to West Point, N.Y., Aug. 24, for duty, relieving Capt. Oscar Westover, Inf. D.O.L., who will proceed to Chickamauga Park for duty with 11th Infantry. (Aug. 2, War D.)

14TH CAVALRY.—COL. A. C. MACOMB.

COL. A. GRAY, ATTACHED.

Capt. Charles L. Stevenson, 14th Cav., to join that portion of 14th Cavalry at Fort McIntosh. (July 14, S.D.)

15TH CAVALRY.—COL. W. H. HAY.

First Lieut. Alexander L. James, Jr., 15th Cav., to report to board at Washington for examination for promotion. (Aug. 1, War D.)

16TH CAVALRY.—COL. W. S. SCOTT.

COL. F. SAYRE, ATTACHED.

First Lieut. Junius H. Houghton, 16th Cav., is attached to Av. Sec. of S.C.; to San Diego for duty. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Capt. Arthur G. Hixon, 16th Cav., to El Paso, Texas, for duty with Division Ammunition Train, Expeditionary Force. (July 17, S.D.)

23D CAVALRY.—COL. R. A. BROWN.

First Lieut. Henry J. F. Miller, 23d Cav., is attached to Av. Sec. of S.C.; to San Diego for duty. (Aug. 2, War D.)

CAVALRY, DETACHED OFFICERS' LIST.

Capt. Emil P. Laurson, Cav., D.O.L., to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., for duty with 11th Cav. (Aug. 1, War D.)

First Lieuts. Robert McG. Littlejohn, Cav., D.O.L., and Karl H. Gorman, 6th Cav., to Fort Bliss, Texas, for examination for detail in Av. Sec. of S.C. (July 30, War D.)

### CAVALRY TRANSFERS.

Following transfers at requests of officers concerned are ordered: First Lieut. Orlando Ward, 7th Cav., to 24th; 1st Lieut. John Kennard, 24th Cav., to 7th. (July 31, War D.)

### FIELD ARTILLERY.

4TH FIELD ARTILLERY.—COL. W. J. SNOW.

Capt. Herbert B. Hayden, 4th Field Art., now on sick leave, to Washington for such duty as able to perform. (Aug. 1, War D.)

14TH FIELD ARTILLERY.—COL. A. S. FLEMING.

Resignation of 2d Lieut. Harry B. Weston, 14th Field Art., is accepted. (Aug. 2, War D.)

### COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.

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Mo., for examination for detail in Aviation Section of Sig. Corps. (July 30, War D.)

First Sergt. Andrew J. Terrell, C.A.C., 2d Co., Fort Rosecrans, is placed upon retired list and to home. (July 30, War D.)

Second Lieut. Richard Campbell, C.A.C., to Camp Fremont, Palo Alto, Cal., for duty with 4th Co., Fort Winfield Scott, now at that camp. (July 26, Western D.)

Following radio sergeants, C.A.C. (appointed July 31, 1917, from grades and companies indicated), now at Fort Terry, to Fort Adams, R.I., for duty with 8th Provisional Regiment: Orloff G. Neal (from sergeant, 1st Co., Fort Crockett); Albert H. Spradley (from private, 2d Co., Fort Crockett). (July 31, War D.)

Following assignment is made of U.S. Army mine planters in Western Department: Planter Major Samuel Ringgold to North Pacific Coast Artillery District; Planter Colonel George Armitstead to South Pacific Coast Artillery District. (July 20, Western D.)

**COAST ARTILLERY CORPS, DETACHED OFFICERS' LIST.** First Lieut. Walter K. Dunn, C.A.C., D.O.L., to Washington with Chief of C.A. until Aug. 24, then return to West Point, N.Y. (July 30, War D.)

#### INFANTRY.

##### 3D INFANTRY.—COL. R. L. HIRST.

Leave twenty days, Aug. 13, to Capt. Edgar Z. Steever, 3d Inf. (Aug. 1, War D.)

##### 14TH INFANTRY.—COL. H. D. STYER.

Capt. Frank B. Davis, 14th Inf., from recruiting service and to join proper station. (July 31, War D.)

##### 26TH INFANTRY.—COL. G. B. DUNCAN.

Major Frank B. Watson, 26th Inf., to West Point as assistant to constructing Q.M. (July 31, War D.)

##### 29TH INFANTRY.—COL. J. S. MALLORY.

Major James A. Ross, 29th Inf., is detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in the A.G.D., July 31, 1917, vice Major Robert O. Van Horn, A.G., relieved detail that department, July 30. Major Ross will report to C.O., Panama Canal Department, for duty. Major Van Horn is attached to Av. Sec., S.C., and will report to Chief S.O. of Army for duty in his office. (July 30, War D.)

##### 33D INFANTRY.—COL. C. H. MUIR.

First Sergt. Allan M. Keegan, Co. K, 33d Inf., is placed upon retired list at Quarry Heights, Canal Zone, and to home. (July 31, War D.)

##### 49TH INFANTRY.—COL. J. A. PENN.

Temporary 2d Lieut. John W. Liufrio, Inf., recently appointed, is assigned to 49th Inf. and will join. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Temporary 2d Lieut. Robert L. Hostetler, now attached to 49th Inf., is assigned to that regiment. (Aug. 1, War D.)

#### INFANTRY, UNASSIGNED.

Majors Hanson B. Black and James B. Allison, Inf., are detailed for service and to fill vacancies in the Signal Corps. (July 30, War D.)

Capt. Basil D. Edwards, Inf., from duty at U.S.M.A., West Point, and assigned to 6th Infantry and will join. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Capt. Alvin C. Voris, Inf., from Av. Sec., S.C., is detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in S.C. (July 30, War D.)

First Lieut. Richard C. Birmingham, Inf., is assigned to 11th Inf. and will join. (Aug. 2, War D.)

#### INFANTRY, DETACHED OFFICERS' LIST.

Capt. John S. Davis, I.D.O.L., to Fort McPherson, Ga., for duty with 17th Inf. (Aug. 2, War D.)

So much of Par. 32, S.O. 29, Feb. 5, 1917, War D., as relates to 1st Lieut. Charles A. Ross, I.D.O.L., is revoked. (Aug. 2, War D.)

## PHILIPPINE SCOUTS.

Second Lieut. Vincente Lim, P.S., to report in person to Comdg. Gen., Philippine Dept., for duty. (July 30, War D.)

Leave fifteen days to 2d Lieut. Leon W. Strozier, P.S. (July 31, War D.)

Second Lieut. Lloyd S. Dennis, P.S., recently appointed from Q.M. Sergt., Q.M.C., rank from July 13, 1917, from Canal Zone to Manila for duty. (July 31, War D.)

Second Lieut. John W. Bowen, P.S., recently appointed, rank from July 13, 1917, to training camp, Plattsburg Barracks, for duty until Sept. 30, after which he will proceed on first available transport for Manila, P.I., for duty. (Aug. 1, War D.)

## RETIRED OFFICERS.

Col. Henry C. Davis, retired, is detailed as professor of military science and tactics at University of South Carolina, Columbia, Sept. 10. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Lieut. Col. Ogden Rafferty, retired, to Letterman Hospital, S.F., for treatment. (July 31, War D.)

Major George W. Wallace, retired, to Presidio of S.F. for duty. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Capt. William W. Hamilton, retired, to Portland, Me., as Q.M. of coast defenses. (July 30, War D.)

## DETAILED TO SCHOOL OF FIRE.

Following officers of Cavalry to Fort Sill, School of Fire for Field Artillery, for instruction: Capts. James E. Abbott, 6th; George C. Lawrason, 18th; Harry L. King, 25th; Walter H. Neill, 21st; William D. Geary, 22d; Rudolph E. Smoyer, 20th; George J. Oden, 16th; Edmund S. Sayre, 10th; Leonard W. Prunty, 7th; Arthur G. Fisher, 17th; Frank M. Andrews, 18th; William H. Bell, 12th; John G. Winter, 5th; Jens E. Stedje, 20th; Rowland B. Ellis, 14th; Horace N. Munro, 24th; Harold B. Johnson, 16th; George E. Nelson, 3d; Thomas H. Cunningham, 17th, and George Dillman, 6th. (July 30, War D.)

## VARIOUS ORDERS.

Following Infantry officers, now detailed as first lieutenants, Signal Corps, are detailed for service and to fill vacancies in grade of captain, that corps: Capts. John H. Statesman, Roy H. Coles, Charles N. Sawyer, John H. Hineman, Jr., Charles H. Corlett, Roy M. Jones and Harry C. Ingles. (July 31, War D.)

Following second lieutenants, Phil. Scouts, recently appointed from Army, rank July 13, 1917, to Manila for duty: Clinton E. Bernard, from sergeant, Co. A, 1st Inf., Honolulu; Carlyle L. Smith, from corporal, Co. E, 32d Inf., Honolulu. (July 31, War D.)

## RELIEVED DUTY AT WEST POINT.

Following officers relieved duty U.S.M.A., West Point, Aug. 23, 1917: Capt. Joseph W. Stilwell, Inf., D.O.L.; 1st Lieut. Frank L. Purdon, Inf.; 1st Lieut. Alfred B. Johnson, Cav., D.O.L. Lieutenant Purdon is assigned to 4th Infantry and will join; Lieutenant Johnson to Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., for duty with 2d Cav. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Following officers relieved further duty at U.S.M.A., West Point: First Lieuts. Harry J. Keeley, Alfred J. Betcher and Benjamin C. Lockwood, Inf.; Frederick A. Holmer, William C. Harrison and Eugene Villaret, C.A.C. (Aug. 2, War D.)

## FIELD HOSPITAL COMPANIES.

Following provisional field hospital companies and provisional ambulance companies in Southern Department are made permanent organizations, and are designated by number as follows: Provisional Field Hospital Co. A, as Field Hospital Co. No. 10; Provisional Ambulance Co. A, as Ambulance Co. No. 10, permanent station, Fort Sill; Provisional Field Hospital Co. B, as Field Hospital Co. No. 11; Provisional Ambulance Co. B, as Ambulance Co. No. 11, permanent station, Fort McIntosh; Provisional Field Hospital Co. C, as Field Hospital Co. No. 12; Provisional Ambulance Co. C, as Ambulance Co. No. 12, permanent station, Fort Clark. (July 2, S.D.)

## HOSPITAL TRAIN.

Hospital Train No. 1 from Fort Sam Houston, Texas, to Chicago, via Jefferson Barracks. (July 16, S.D.)

## MOTOR TRUCK COMPANIES.

Motor Truck Co. No. 46, El Paso, Texas, with one-third prescribed personnel, by rail from El Paso to Fort Riley for duty. (July 10, S.D.)

Motor Truck Co. No. 51, now at Fort Huachuca, Capt. George F. Bailey, Q.M.C., with one-third prescribed personnel, by rail to Chillicothe, Ohio, for duty. (July 10, S.D.)

Following motor truck companies, with one-third prescribed personnel, by rail from present stations, as shown below, to those indicated: Truck Co. 36, Capt. Hiriam E. Rose, Jr., Q.M.O.R.C., from Fort Sam Houston to Annapolis Junction, Md.; Truck Co. 46, Capt. Edward J. Kunze, Q.M.O.R.C., from El Paso to Chillicothe, Ohio; Truck Co. 54, Capt. Albert N. Besnah, Q.M.O.R.C., from Nogales, Ariz., to Battle Creek, Mich.; Truck Co. 55, Capt. George W. Schleicher, Q.M.O.R.C., from El Paso to Rockport, Ill.; Truck Co. 57, Capt. Kingsley G. Martin, Q.M.O.R.C., from El Paso to Fort Des Moines; Truck Co. 62, Capt. Rex W. Dunlap, Q.M.O.R.C., from Fort Sam Houston to Yaphank, Long Island, N.Y.; Truck Co. 64, Capt. Wilbur S. Saylor, Q.M.O.R.C., from Fort Sam Houston to Petersburg, Va. (July 3, S.D.)

## NATIONAL GUARD.

Capt. Lester S. Hill, Jr., Q.M.C., Rhode Island N.G., is called into the Federal service for duty as Q.M., Quonset Point Camp, R.I. (Aug. 1, War D.)

## RESERVE CORPS ORDERS.

### JUDGE ADVOCATES.

Major Dudley V. Sutphin, J.A.G.O.R.C., to active duty at Chicago; Major Thomas R. Hamer, J.A.G.O.R.C., to active duty at San Francisco. (July 31, War D.)

Major R. C. Stewart, J.A.G.O.R.C., to report to J.A.G. of Army for duty in his office. (July 27, War D.)

### QUARTERMASTERS.

Officers of Q.M.O.R.C., to duty at New York, N.Y., as assistants to depot Q.M.: Major David T. Abercrombie, Major James W. Thorp and Capt. Jay M. Hill. (July 30, War D.)

Captains Robert A. Vorfeld and Tauber G. Turner, Q.M.O.R.C., to duty at Boston. (July 31, War D.)

Major Frederick S. Laurence, Q.M.O.R.C., to duty with Army Transport Service, New York, N.Y. (July 31, War D.)

Officers of Q.M.O.R.C. to duty at Charleston, S.C.: Major Hugh Williams, Capt. Floy L. Hester and Capt. Elmer Scally. (July 31, War D.)

Capt. John F. Clayton, Q.M.O.R.C., to duty at Philadelphia. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Captains, Q.M.O.R.C., ordered to duty at places indicated: Marien H. DeGraff, Fort McPherson, Ga.; William H. Farthing, Omaha; Frank S. Treadway and Eugene H. Lederer, Fort D. A. Russell; P. W. Evans, Washington; Timothy Mahoney, Jr., Fort Riley; Henry C. Noack to report in person to commanding general, S.D., as C.O. of one of bakery companies; J. Lothrop Motley, Boston; Edward C. Kavanagh, Army Transport Service, New York; Daniel R. Raymond, Washington; Edwin H. Weston, Governor's Island; Fred W. Fallon report in person to commanding general, S.D.; Frederick C. Spang report by telegraph to commanding general, S.D. (July 30, War D.)



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Following captains, Q.M.O.R.C., to duty at places indicated: John R. Holt, depot Q.M., New York; Charles J. Kalberer, Wrightstown, N.J., in charge of schools to be organized; Lloyd King, Louisville, Ky.; J. T. Kingsley, New York; Army Transport Service; H. L. Hart, Washington; C. H. Wilson, New York. (July 31, War D.)

Capt. J. Bieler, Q.M.O.R.C., to duty at cantonment, Camp Trevis, Fort Sam Houston. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Officers of Q.M.O.R.C. to duty as commanding officers of bakery companies indicated after their names: Capt. J. N. Chaffin, Bakery Co. No. 7, Gettysburg, Pa.; Capt. F. Dexter, Bakery Co. No. 15, Gettysburg, Pa.; Capt. J. H. Light, Bakery Co. No. 16, Gettysburg, Pa.; Capt. A. E. Clover, Bakery Co. No. 17, Fort Ethan Allen, Vt. Captain Clover will join company at such date as commanding general, Eastern Department, can spare his services. (July 31, War D.)

Capt. G. A. Christensen, Q.M.O.R.C., to report in person to constructing Q.M., 19th N.G. Div., Cantonment, Linda Vista, for duty. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Resignation by Capt. E. Berkel, Q.M.O.R.C., of his commission is accepted. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Following captains of Q.M.O.R.C. are ordered to report by wire to commanding generals of departments named for assignment to one of the bakery companies being organized in the departments in question: Jacob L. Hartwick, Eastern Dept.; Evan W. Suddarth, Central Dept.; Charles Deger, Southeastern Dept.; A. M. Owens, Southern Dept.; William K. Sump report to S.E. Dept. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Following officers of Q.M.O.R.C. were ordered to cantonments at following places in charge school for cooks to be organized there: Capt. Ben W. Easton, Des Moines, Iowa; Capt. J. T. Fleming to Yaphank, N.Y.; Capt. J. D. Whidden, Fort Riley, Kas., and Capt. F. Bangert, Washington Bks. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Capt. George B. Goetz, Q.M.O.R.C., to duty at Jeffersonville, Ind. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Following captains of Q.M.O.R.C. to duty at cantonment camps indicated: F. A. Estes to Ayer, Mass.; E. Smithson to Yaphank, L.I., N.Y.; G. L. Thompson to Annapolis Junction, Md.; S. C. Hopper to Petersburg, Va.; L. W. McCary to Columbia, S.C.; U. F. Wilson to Atlanta; W. J. Head to Fort Sill, Okla.; W. A. Worley to Deming, N.M.; A. Steves, Jr., to Houston, Texas; C. Bergmann to Fort Worth; P. T. Murphy to New Orleans; F. P. Tingley to American Lake, Wash.; J. Roberts to Chillicothe, Ohio; J. K. Kennedy to Louisville; W. H. Garvey to Battle Creek; A. M. Garwood to Rockford, Ill.; W. M. Chamberlin to Little Rock; C. E. Smith to Des Moines; G. E. Toole to Fort Riley; J. W. King to Fort Sam Houston; M. T. Simpson to Palo Alto; R. Wilson to Waco, Texas; W. G. Hunt to Charlotte, N.C.; J. H. Slayden to Greenville, S.C.; C. W. Dunning to Spartanburg, S.C.; J. H. Galilier to Augusta; J. E. Rudolph to Macon, Ga.; C. S. Yeomans to Montgomery, Ala.; W. E. Withgott to Anniston, Ala.; J. E. Nealy to Wrightstown, N.J.; N. P. Hansen to Hattiesburg, Miss., and J. P. Glandon to Alexandria, La. (July 31, War D.)

Capt. Albert N. Besnah, Q.M.O.R.C., to Nogales, Ariz., and command Motor Truck Co. No. 54. (June 29, S.D.)

Officers of Q.M.O.R.C. to duty in connection with the purchase and inspection of animals for the Army at the places indicated: Capts. W. B. Palmer, A. P. Smith and F. Harper to Kansas City, Mo.; Capt. F. S. Key-Smith to Fort Keogh, Mont.; Capts. H. H. Henry, W. Littaner, C. G. Thomson, W. Anson and R. Parr to Front Royal, Va.; Capts. S. Christensen, L. C. Giles, H. L. Bell, R. F. Foster, D. F. Hinckley and S. H. Bell to Fort Reno, Okla. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Capt. Elmer S. Phillips, Q.M.O.R.C., to El Paso to command Wagon Co. No. 8. (July 13, S.D.)

Capt. David M. Speed, Q.M.O.R.C., El Paso, Texas, will retain command of Wagon Co. 4, station at El Paso. (July 13, S.D.)

Capt. Lewis H. Reese, Q.M.O.R.C., now at Fort Ringgold, is detailed to command Motor Truck Co. No. 60, that station, relieving 1st Lieut. Wentworth H. Moss, Inf., D.O.L., who will proceed to Laredo, Texas, for duty with 37th Inf. (July 14, S.D.)

Capt. George W. Schleicher, Q.M.O.R.C., Fort Sam Houston, to El Paso and command of Motor Truck Co. No. 55. (June 29, S.D.)

Capt. A. H. Ortman, Q.M.O.R.C., to duty at Yaphank, N.Y. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Resignation by Capt. S. B. Belden, Q.M.O.R.C., is accepted. (Aug. 1, War D.)

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Transport Service: C. H. Jabelonsky, J. F. Coggswell, C. F. McKay, C. E. Hooper, G. W. Knight, H. A. Manning and E. S. Westlake. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Capt. E. C. Kaefer, Q.M.O.R.C., to duty at Youngstown, Ohio, Base Hospital No. 31. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Capt. Clarence M. Brune, Q.M.O.R.C., to New York, N.Y., Base Hospital No. 1. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Capt. W. H. Noble, Q.M.C., to Ancon, C.Z., for duty. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Capt. Edward L. Edwards, jr., Q.M.C., New Jersey N.G., is called into the Federal service; proceed to Hartford, Conn., for duty with the N.G. of Connecticut, relieving 2d Lieut. Wilhelm P. A. T. Von Hartung, Q.M.C., who will proceed to Ayer, Mass., for duty. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Capt. John Bentler, Q.M.O.R.C., to duty at Minneapolis, Base Hospital No. 26. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Capt. Ellis R. Bowman and Charles Mayer, Q.M.O.R.C., to report by wire to the commanding general, Central Dept., for assignment to duty with one of bakery companies being organized. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Capt. G. B. Crommelin, Q.M.O.R.C., to duty at Ancon, C.Z., as assistant to commandant Q.M. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Capt. C. W. Halsey, Q.M.O.R.C., to duty at Boston. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Capt. A. F. Lopez, Q.M.O.R.C., to New York, N.Y., for duty. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Capt. D. Ogborn, Q.M.O.R.C., to report by wire to Comdg. Gen., Eastern Dept., for duty with bakery company. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Capt. J. W. O'Mahoney, Q.M.O.R.C., to Washington for duty. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Capt. H. L. Ward, Q.M.O.R.C., from further duty connection Base Hospitals Nos. 1, 3 and 16. (Aug. 2, War D.)

### MEDICAL RESERVE CORPS.

#### MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Major George C. Johnston to Pittsburgh about Sept. 1 as instructor in military roentgenology. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Major Henry S. Kiersted to duty at San Francisco. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Major Arial W. George to Boston as instructor of military roentgenology. (July 31, War D.)

Major James G. McKay to duty with 10th Engrs., American University, Washington. (July 30, War D.)

Major George F. Shiels to Presidio of S.F. for duty with Provisional Field Hospital Co. A, that post. (July 24, Western D.)

Following officers of M.R.C. to Allentown, Pa., for duty: Capt. Owen H. Kenan and 1st Lieut. Conde de Sales Pallen. (July 30, War D.)

Capt. Edward S. Blaine, M.R.C., to duty as instructor in military roentgenology at Chicago. (July 30, War D.)

Capt. Harry Greenberg, M.R.C., is honorably discharged. (July 31, War D.)

Resignation of Capt. William C. P. O'Driscoll, M.R.C., is accepted. (July 31, War D.)

Capt. William H. Lawrence, jr., M.R.C., to active duty at Butler, N.J., for enlisting personnel of Red Cross Ambulance Co. No. 33. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Capt. Morton R. Gibbons, M.R.C., to duty at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of S.F., for duty. (July 31, War D.)

Capt. Gilbert M. Barrett, M.R.C., having reported, to Presidio of S.F. for duty with Field Hospital Co. No. 2. (July 24, Western D.)

Capt. William H. Walsh, M.R.C., to duty at Washington. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Capt. Erskine P. Odeneal, M.R.C., to duty at Fort Sam Houston. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Capt. Alvin Powell, M.R.C., to duty at Allentown, Pa., with Ambulance Co. No. 2. (Aug. 2, War D.)

First Lieut. William L. Moore, M.O.R.C., San Francisco, to Presidio of S.F. for duty with Field Hospital Co. No. 2. (July 20, Western D.)

First lieutenants, M.R.C., to duty as indicated: Sidney J. Reppier to Fort Bayard, N.M., A. and N. Hospital; Renato J. Azari to E.D. Transport Service; Kenneth A. Crisman to Fort Douglas, Utah; Little B. Neal to Fort Sam Houston; Robert B. Grimes, jr., to Allentown, Pa.; Martin G. Barrett and Walter A. Blair with 10th Engrs., American University, Washington. (July 30, War D.)

Officers, M.R.C., to duty at Fort Des Moines, Iowa: First Lieuts. Clarence S. Janifer, Douglas B. Johnson and Romeo A. Johnson. (July 30, War D.)

First lieutenants, M.R.C., to duty as indicated: Hugh K. Berkley to Comdg. Gen., Western Dept.; John DeW. Riddell to Fort Leavenworth; Llewellyn H. Ledbetter to Fort Sam Houston. (July 31, War D.)

First Lieuts. Robert F. Godard, Hugh F. McGaughey and Austin F. Riggs, M.R.C., honorably discharged. (July 31, War D.)

First lieutenants, M.R.C., to duty examining N.Y.N.G. for tuberculosis and cardio-vascular disease: Thomas F. Ellis, Geza Kremer, Frank McLean, Thayer A. Smith and Henry C. Thacher. (Aug. 1, War D.)

First lieutenants, M.R.C., to duty as indicated: Harry S.

Gradle to Fort Sheridan; Sydney E. Bateman to Allentown, Pa.; Frank N. Stiles to San Francisco; Frank H. Clay to Little Rock; Eugene Hall to Fort Leavenworth; Raymond B. Ramage to Fort Sam Houston; Hans Zinsser to Washington in office of Surgeon General; Hudson J. Oliver to Fort Des Moines; Charles P. Major and James K. Miller to Fort Ogletorpe. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Resignation of 1st Lieut. Fred E. Hickson, M.R.C., is accepted. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Resignation by 1st Lieut. Thomas H. Snowwhite, M.R.C., is accepted. (Aug. 2, War D.)

So much of Par. 53, S.O. 162, July 14, 1917, War D., as relates to 1st Lieut. Charles H. Haralson, M.R.C., is revoked. (Aug. 2, War D.)

First lieutenants, M.R.C., to duty as indicated: Francis B. Dwire to San Francisco; Alfred L. Phillips to Washington with 10th Engrs., American University; Antonio Mayoral to Canal Zone; Henry S. Keller report by telegraph to commanding general, S.D., for duty. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Capt. James F. Taylor, M.R.C., to New York for duty. (July 31, War D.)

#### DENTAL OFFICERS.

First Lieut. Robert L. Eller, D.R.C., to duty with 10th Engrs., American University, Washington. (July 30, War D.)

First Lieut. George J. Sibley, D.R.C., to duty in Washington. (July 30, War D.)

First Lieut. H. M. Nolan, D.R.C., Fort Sam Houston, to Camp Funston, Leon Springs, Texas, for duty. (July 17, S.D.)

First Lieut. Gerald F. Stoddy, D.R.C., to School of Military Aeronautics, Berkeley, Cal., for duty. (July 27, Western D.)

First Lieuts. John E. O'Flynn and Joseph L. Brown, D.R.C., Fort Sam Houston, to Camp Kelly, South San Antonio, Texas, for duty. (July 17, S.D.)

#### VETERINARY OFFICERS.

Second Lieut. Ora L. Campbell, V.R.C., to Fort Jay, N.Y., for temporary duty. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Second Lieut. Roy C. Smith, V.R.C., to Marfa, Texas, for duty with 6th Cavalry. (July 2, S.D.)

Second Lieut. John William Steinbrook, V.R.C., to duty at Presidio of S.F. for duty. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Second Lieut. Richard E. Butler, V.R.C., to duty at Camp Robinson, Sparta, Wis. (July 30, War D.)

Second Lieut. Thomas W. Churchill, V.R.C., to duty at West Point, N.Y. (July 30, War D.)

Second Lieut. Frank W. Taylor to duty with 10th Engrs., American University, Washington. (July 30, War D.)

Second Lieut. Leland Adelbrecht Browne, V.R.C., to duty at St. Louis, Mo. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Second Lieut. George Henry Seaver, V.R.C., to duty at San Francisco. (Aug. 1, War D.)

#### ENGINEERS.

Major Austin C. Harper, E.O.R.C., to duty at Hoboken, N.J., at Engineer depot. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Major Archibald O. Powell, E.O.R.C., to duty at New York, N.Y. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Major Evarts Tracy and Capt. Gerald W. Knight, E.O.R.C., to duty at Washington. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Officers of E.O.R.C. to duty at camps named below: At Vancouver Barracks, Wash.—First Lieut. Ross L. Mahon, in the vicinity of Washington, D.C.—Capt. Gerald W. Knight, At Fort Leavenworth, Kas.—Major Edgar A. Kingsley; 1st Lieuts. Francis B. Grevenberg, jr., Hiram J. Carson and Arthur C. Hansen; 2d Lieuts. James R. Hood, William Robinson, Thomas L. Croswell, Thomas F. Ellerbe, Howard S. Warner and Thomas H. Kernan. (July 30, War D.)

Capt. Arthur Knapp, E.O.R.C., from further active duty. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Capt. Clarence E. Whitney, E.O.R.C., assigned to 6th Engrs., Washington, for duty. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Capt. Officers of E.O.R.C. to duty at camps: In the vicinity of Washington, D.C.—Capt. H. L. LaFetra; 1st Lieuts. W. J. Shea, D. T. Jerman, C. T. King, jr., C. E. Sauls, T. T. Newbold and 2d Lieut. A. P. Kivlin. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Following officers of E.O.R.C. to duty at camps: In the vicinity of Washington, D.C.—Capts. H. B. Brewer, F. C. Anderson, M. N. Miller and D. W. Wilber; 1st Lieuts. H. C. Molisbury, J. T. Thompson, B. M. Hall, jr., M. L. Davis and C. E. Craddock; 2d Lieuts. G. Farris, J. N. Peebles, R. J. Mann, R. P. Thompson, C. Buechner, W. B. Wilson and H. M. White. At Fort Leavenworth, Kas.—Capts. A. L. Reed and C. H. Rankin; 1st Lieuts. A. R. Garnock and W. H. Lilly; 2d Lieuts. C. M. McKenzie and H. S. Mahood. At Vancouver Barracks, Wash.—Capt. S. M. Kerns and 2d Lieut. W. Tomkins. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Resignation by Capt. Paul M. Lincoln, E.O.R.C., of his commission as an officer in that corps is accepted. (July 30, War D.)

Capt. Vivian R. Irvine, E.O.R.C., is relieved from assignment to 17th Engrs. (Railway). (July 31, War D.)

Officers of E.O.R.C. to duty at camps named below: In the vicinity of Washington, D.C.—Capts. P. L. Stacker and H. J. McNeely; 1st Lieuts. E. S. McKissick and H. C. McGowan. At Fort Leavenworth, Kas.—First Lieut. E. H. Handy and 2d Lieut. J. H. Genung. (July 31, War D.)

First Lieut. Harley L. Swift, E.O.R.C., to duty with 16th Engrs. (Railway). (July 30, War D.)

First Lieut. Clarence C. Brown, E.O.R.C., to duty with 12th Engrs. (Railway). (July 30, War D.)

First Lieut. John B. Norris, jr., E.O.R.C., to Washington for duty. (Aug. 1, War D.)

First Lieut. Leif L. Leitch, E.O.R.C., to Washington for duty. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Resignation by 1st Lieut. Russel B. Hurlburt, E.O.R.C., is accepted. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Officers of E.O.R.C. to duty at the camps as below given: In the vicinity of Washington, D.C.—First Lieuts. H. M. Whitney, W. F. Howe and 2d Lieut. E. T. Jones. At Fort Leavenworth, Kas.—First Lieut. C. E. DeLeuw; 2d Lieuts. D. P. Pike and E. L. Jarrett. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Officers of E.O.R.C. assigned to 6th Engrs. for duty: First Lieuts. G. B. DuBois, W. V. Hill and F. Winslow; 2d Lieuts. C. S. Allen, C. E. Dedicke and H. M. Simons. (Aug. 2, War D.)

First Lieut. Albert D. Stoddard, E.O.R.C., from further active duty. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Second Lieut. Harry B. Collins, E.O.R.C., from further active duty. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Second Lieut. Charles N. Bell, E.O.R.C., from further active duty. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Resignation of Capt. Walter C. Allen, E.O.R.C., accepted. (July 27, War D.)

Capt. H. W. Lockett, E.O.R.C., to duty at Washington. (July 27, War D.)

#### ORDNANCE OFFICERS.

Major I. McKay, O.O.R.C., to duty at Washington. (July 30, War D.)

Major Amasa Trowbridge, O.O.R.C., to duty at Watervliet, N.Y. (July 31, War D.)

Major Harry A. Gillis, O.O.R.C., to report in person to C. O. for duty. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Major Chilton D. Hudgens, O.O.R.C., to duty at Washington. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Major Patrick J. O'Shaughnessy, O.O.R.C., to duty at Bridesburg, Pa. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Major Nelson M. Oring, O.O.R.C., to duty at Watertown Arsenal, Mass. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Following captains, O.R.C., will proceed to place specified after their names for duty: Rupert LeRoy Penney to Washington; William S. Conant to Springfield, Mass.; Henry R. Lane to Washington. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Capt. William R. Ham, O.O.R.C., to duty at Washington. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Capt. Edward M. Chance and 1st Lieut. William C. Arkell, O.O.R.C., to duty at Washington. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Capt. Richard W. Peatross, O.O.R.C., to duty at Springfield Armory. (Aug. 1, War D.)

Capt. Edmund E. Chapman, O.O.R.C., to duty at Rock Island Arsenal, Ill. (July 30, War D.)

Capt. Mathew B. Morgan, O.O.R.C., to duty at Washington. (July 30, War D.)

Capt. William W. Newcomb, O.O.R.C., to duty at Frankford Arsenal, Pa. (July 30, War D.)

Resignation by Capt. Frederick C. Sutter, O.O.R.C., accepted. (July 30, War D.)

First lieutenants of O.O.R.C. to duty as follows: William J. Corbett to Washington; Albert Steves, jr., to San Antonio Arsenal; Elmer C. Goebert to Washington and George R. Foulke, jr., to Washington. (July 30, War D.)

First lieutenants, O.R.C., to duty examining N.Y.N.G. for tuberculosis and cardio-vascular disease: Thomas F. Ellis, Geza Kremer, Frank McLean, Thayer A. Smith and Henry C. Thacher. (Aug. 1, War D.)

First lieutenants, M.R.C., to duty as indicated: Harry S.

First lieutenants, M.R.C., to duty as indicated: Sidney J. Reppier to Fort Bayard, N.M., A. and N. Hospital; Renato J. Azari to E.D. Transport Service; Kenneth A. Crisman to Fort Douglas, Utah; Little B. Neal to Fort Sam Houston; Robert B. Grimes, jr., to Allentown, Pa.; Martin G. Barrett and Walter A. Blair with 10th Engrs., American University, Washington. (July 30, War D.)

First lieutenants, M.R.C., to duty as indicated: Hugh K. Berkley to Comdg. Gen., Western Dept.; John DeW. Riddell to Fort Leavenworth; Llewellyn H. Ledbetter to Fort Sam Houston. (July 31, War D.)

First lieutenants, M.R.C., to duty as indicated: Hugh F. McGaughey and Austin F. Riggs, M.R.C., honorably discharged. (July 31, War D.)

First lieutenants, M.R.C., to duty as indicated: Harry S.

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First Lieut. John E. Postlethwaite, O.O.R.C., to duty at Bridesburg, Pa. (Aug. 2, War D.)

First Lieut. Charles McC. Mathias, O.O.R.C., to Remington Arms Company of Delaware, Chester, Pa., for duty. (Aug. 2, War D.)

First Lieut. Johnson Morgan, O.O.R.C., to Remington Arms Union Metallic Cartridge Company, Ilion, N.Y., for duty. (Aug. 2, War D.)

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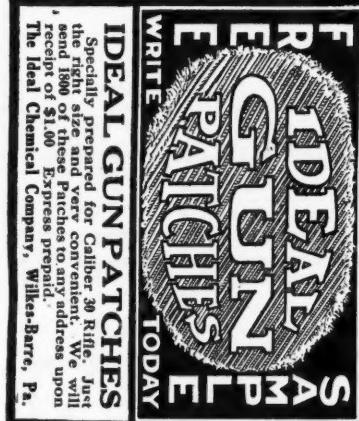
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July 31; John C. McGinnis, Aug. 1; Leslie E. Gebhart, Aug. 2; Carl D. Bagwell, Aug. 2; Mark Hopkins, Aug. 2.  
Resignation of 2d Lieut. Harold F. Bradley, I.O.R.C., is accepted. (Aug. 2, War D.)

Writing in *The Nation* of the arrival of the American troops in France, Stoddard Dewey quotes this story of Army engineer officers' efficiency from the Paris Journal, L'Heuse: "Our good friends of America wish to organize a railway station for their Army depot. So the Paris, Lyons and Mediterranean Company gave them available ground at—(some 150 miles south of Paris). When the Americans saw what had been turned over to them, they laughed."

"Is that all? Why, we need at least thirty miles of track."

"The French engineers were struck of a heap, but they gave the thirty good miles of track which were demanded. One of them remarked to the Americans: 'Well, you've got it; but it will take you six months to draw up your plans for such a depot.'

"Six months!" exclaimed the chief American engineer. "Why, we hope to have time to get our plans together in the train going up to Paris."

The French reporter adds, rubbing it in: "The next day laborers were on the spot, beginning the work."

"The totals of the British casualty lists of officers returned for May are undeniably high; but such is the inevitable result of extra activity on any front," says the United Service Gazette, of London, England. "The official figures show altogether 6,168 officers, of whom 177 were in the senior service, and 109,422 other ranks, 2,347 being naval. We are, of course, uninformed as to the real incident of the 'wounded' returns, for the total of 80,865 officers and men thus described, it is not publicly notified how many have been able to resume duty since they were hit. If the months of April and May be taken as a whole, we find the casualties' gross totals to be 10,372 officers and 138,694 other ranks. An approximate proportion, therefore, is obviously one officer to thirteen men. Regarded on this basis it is evident that the officer casualties are excessive, and it is to be presumed that inquiry is being made into the matter. In the Russo-Japanese War we believe we are correct in saying that the proportion of losses was one officer to thirty-six men, a very marked difference from that indicated in our own latest returns. The undue loss of officers is of grave importance, for as Major Redway says in an evening contemporary, 'in order to replace a thousand officers a thousand picked men have to be taken from various units and sent to the rear for a course of training, so that the army is depleted for the moment of 2,000 fighting men of the highest quality. This process long-continued must bring operations to a standstill.' There can be but little doubt that our enemy must experience a somewhat similar difficulty; but after all that is only the more reason why we should at once

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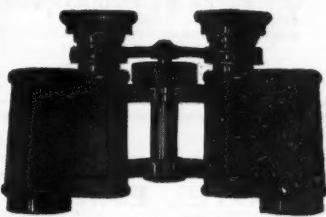
take measures to secure that, pitting one against the other, the advantage will lie with us."

In the course of an article in Collier's for July 28 on "We Must Kill the U-Boat Now!" Carl Snyder says: "But, in the belief of the writer, the real end of the submarines will come with the widespread introduction of the bombing plane, and for that matter, the end of the war as well. I believe that the airboat, converted into Admiral Bradley Fiske's torpedo-plane, will within fifteen months prove a far greater commerce destroyer than any submarine that could ever be built. These boats have ten times the speed of attack of any submarines, and with 500 miles effective range they would go twice as far as any submarine can now profitably operate. They can sight a vessel from five to ten times the distance that any submarine can. A fleet of a thousand of these monster destroyers could, I believe, absolutely isolate England and practically stop transatlantic commerce. Will Germany see this first?"

The Daily News of July 27, analyzing British shipping losses as a result of the submarine war, says: "Since Feb. 18, when weekly returns relating to the unlimited campaign began to be published, we have lost a total of 740 vessels, of which 143 were fishing craft, 162 under 1,600 tons and 435 of 1,600 tons or more. The absence of tonnage statistics renders these figures to a large extent meaningless, but taking the average of the larger classes, at about 4,500 tons, and also an average of 800 tons for those below 1,600, we get the following tonnage loss for the twenty-two weeks from Feb. 18 to July 22: 435 ships over 1,600 tons, 1,957,500 tons; 162 ships under 1,600 tons, 129,600 tons. Total, 2,087,100 tons. This represents an average of 94,868 tons a week and 4,933,136 tons for a year."

The American merchant steamer Saratoga, of the Ward line, with troops aboard while anchored off Clifton, Staten Island, N.Y., July 30, was accidentally rammed on the port quarter by the incoming American steamship Panama, Government owned, of the Panama Railroad Steamship Line. Those aboard the Saratoga were taken off in lighters and tugs, and the vessel was then towed to Brooklyn for repairs. She had a rent in her that extended below her water line. The Panama was uninjured, and kept her bow in the hole she made in the Saratoga, until the removal of all persons on board was finished.

Upon hearing the report recently that a local police judge allowed three men, charged with being drunk, to go unpunished provided they enlisted in the Marine Corps, Major Gen. Commandant George Barnett said:

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Drunkards will not be accepted for enlistment in the Marine Corps. We have been getting the highest class of recruits and the enlistment of those who daily too freely with the 'Demon Rum' would be a serious reflection upon the Service itself and upon the men who have already enlisted.

Three hundred British merchant vessels already have been armed, and a large number are being armed each week, said T. J. Macnamara, financial secretary of the Admiralty, in a reply to a question in the British House of Commons on July 27. He added that the Government was making great efforts to get a maximum number of merchantmen armed as soon as possible.

Exportation of designs, drawings, specifications, and other descriptions of airplanes or other aircraft or engines or accessories has been prohibited by Great Britain since July 21 according to the American Consul General in London.

In spite of the general belief in India that there was a strong desire on the part of the natives to join the Indian defense force, consisting of six battalions, only 300 recruits had volunteered within three months after the first announcement was made concerning this native force.

"Who are our rear guard?" asked the commanding general as the retreat was assuming the proportions of a rout.

"Those who have the worst horses, sir," replied the aid, without the slightest hesitation.—*The Lamb*.

Tommy Atkins had taken a German officer prisoner and demanded the latter's sword. The officer shook his head. "I have no sword to give up," he said; "but won't my vitriol spray, my flame projector or my gas cylinder do as well?"—*Boston Transcript*.

Now it is chewing gum that follows the Flag! The American consul general at London, England, has cabled: "A general license is given to import chewing gum into the United Kingdom."

First Mosquito Fleet Seaman—"What's that wriggling object off there near the horizon?"

Second Ditto—Guess it must be a nervous wreck.

—*Widow*.



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